

V1.3

Vigor2862 Series VDSL2 Security Firewall

User's Guide

Version: 1.3 Firmware Version: V3.8.8 (For future update, please visit DrayTek web site) Date: March 12, 2018

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Safety Instructions

- Read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.
- The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only be authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.
- Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.
- The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.
- Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not deploy the cable for LAN connection outdoor to prevent electronic shock hazards.
- Keep the package out of reach of children.
- When you want to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

Warranty

• We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the router will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary tore-store the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions. The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

Be a Registered Owner

• Web registration is preferred. You can register your Vigor router via http://www.DrayTek.com.

Firmware & Tools Updates

• Due to the continuous evolution of DrayTek technology, all routers will be regularly upgraded. Please consult the DrayTek web site for more information on newest firmware, tools and documents.

http://www.DrayTek.com

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Part I Installation



This part will introduce Vigor router and guide to install the device in hardware and software.

I-1 Introduction

This is a generic International version of the user guide. Specification, compatibility and features vary by region. For specific user guides suitable for your region or product, please contact local distributor.

Vigor2862 series is a VDSL2 router. It integrates IP layer QoS, NAT session/bandwidth management to help users control works well with large bandwidth.

By adopting hardware-based VPN platform and hardware encryption of AES/DES/3DES, the router increases the performance of VPN greatly, and offers several protocols (such as IPsec/PPTP/L2TP) with VPN tunnels.

The object-based design used in SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall allows users to set firewall policy with ease. CSM (Content Security Management) provides users control and management in IM (Instant Messenger) and P2P (Peer to Peer) more efficiency than before. By the way, DoS/DDoS prevention and URL/Web content filter strengthen the security outside and control inside. Object-based firewall is flexible and allows your network be safe.

User Management implemented on your router firmware can allow you to prevent any computer from accessing your Internet connection without a username or password. You can also allocate time budgets to your employees within office network.

With the 4-port Gigabit switch on the LAN side provides extremely high speed connectivity for the highest speed local data transfer of any server or local PCs. The tagged VLANs (IEEE802.1Q) can mark data with a VLAN identifier. This identifier can be carried through an onward Ethernet switch to specific ports. The specific VLAN clients can also pick up this identifier as it is just passed to the LAN. You can set the priorities for LAN-side QoS. You can assign each of VLANs to each of the different IP subnets that the router may also be operating, to provide even more isolation. The said functionality is tag-based Multi-subnet (Multiple-Private LAN Subnets).

On the Wireless-equipped models (Vigor2862n/ac) each of the wireless SSIDs can also be grouped within one of the VLANs.

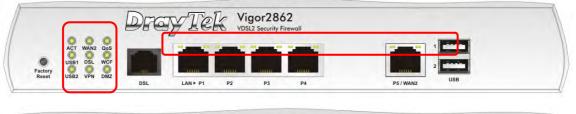
In addition, Vigor2862 series supports USB interface for connecting USB printer to share printing function or 3G USB modem for network connection.

Vigor2862 series provides two-level management to simplify the configuration of network connection. The user mode allows user accessing into WEB interface via simple configuration. However, if users want to have advanced configurations, they can access into WEB interface through admin mode.

I-1-1 Indicators and Connectors

Before you use the Vigor router, please get acquainted with the LED indicators and connectors first.

I-1-1-1 Vigor2862 / Vigor2862B / Vigor2862L







LED	Status	Explanation
ACT (Activity)	Off	The router is powered off.
	Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
WAN2	On	Internet connection is ready.
	Off	Internet connection is not ready.
	Blinking	The data is transmitting.
QoS	On	The QoS function is active.
	Off	The QoS function is inactive.
USB1~2 / USB	On	USB device is connected and ready for use.
	Off	No USB device is connected.
	Blinking	The data is transmitting.
DSL/DSL 1/2	On	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link.
	Blinking	Slowly: The DSL connection is ready.
		Quickly: The DSL connection is establishing.
WCF	On	The Web Content Filter is active. (It is enabled from
		Firewall >> General Setup).
	Off	WCF is disabled.
LTE	On	LTE device is connected and ready for use.
	Off	LTE device is not detected, or has serious problem
		(e.g., no SIM card, SIM pin error, SIM deactivated, and
		etc.).
	Blinking	Slowly: LTE device is in dialing up.
		Quickly: The data is transmitting.
VPN	On	The VPN tunnel is active.
	Off	VPN services are disabled
	Blinking	Traffic is passing through VPN tunnel.
DMZ	On	The DMZ function is enabled.

		Off	The DMZ function is disabled.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
LED on	Connecto	or	
	Left	On	The port is connected.
LAN	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
P1~P4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps
	Left	On	The port is connected.
P5 /	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
WAN2		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps











(Available for Vigor2862L)

Interface	Description		
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is		
	blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you		
	see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
DSL / DSL 1/2	Connecter for accessing the Internet.		
LAN P1~P4	Connecters for local network devices.		
P5 / WAN2	Connecter for local network devices or modem for accessing Internet.		
USB 1~2	Connecter for a USB device (for 3G/4G USB Modem or printer or		
	thermometer).		
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.		
ON/OFF	Power Switch.		

WIRFIESS LAL ONIOFF/WFB ACT WAN2 QoS USB DSL WCF Factory Reset WLAN VPN DMZ	DSL LAN+ P1	P2 P3 P4 P5/WAN2 USB
Wireless LAN ON/OFFWAS Factory Reset 2.4G 5G DMZ	DFGY TCI DSL LAN+ PI	Vigor2862ac VDSI2 Security Firewall P2 P3 P4 P5 / WANZ USB
Wiraless LAN ONOFFWYS ACT WARZ QQS G Factory Reset USB DEL1 WCF WLAN DSL2 DMZ	DFGYTER DFGYTER DSL12 LAN+ P1	Vigor2862Bn VDSL2 Bonding Security Firewall P2 P3 P4 P5 / WAN2 USB
Wirstess LA ON/OFF/WH Factory Reset USB WLAN DMZ	DECYTER DECYTER DEL LANP PI	Vigor2862Ln VDSI2 Security Firewall
WITHERS LA ONIOFFINE Pactory Reset	DECYTER DECYTER DEC LAN+ P1	Vigor2862Lac VDSI2 Security Firewall
LED ACT (Activity)	Status Off Blinking	Explanation The router is powered off. The router is powered on and running normally.
WAN2	On Off Blinking	Internet connection is not ready. The data is transmitting.
QoS	On Off	The QoS function is active. The QoS function is inactive.
USB	On Off Blinking	USB device is connected and ready for use. No USB device is connected. The data is transmitting.
DSL / DSL 1/2	On Blinking	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link. Slowly: The DSL connection is ready. Quickly: The DSL connection is establishing.
WCF	On	The Web Content Filter is active. (It is enabled from Firewall >> General Setup).
	Off	WCF is disabled.

I-1-1-2 Vigor2862n/Vigor2862ac/Vigor2862Bn/Vigor2862Ln/Vigor2862Lac

Vigor2862n VDSL2 Security Firewall

Drey

Wireless LA

LTE device is connected and ready for use.

LTE device is not detected, or has serious problem

(e.g., no SIM card, SIM pin error, SIM deactivated, and

LTE

On

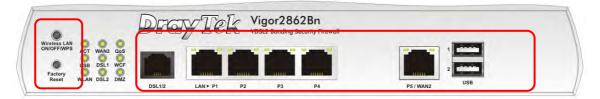
Off

etc.).

		Blinking	Slowly: LTE device is in dialing up.
		Ū.	Quickly: The data is transmitting.
2.4G/5	G/WLAN	On	2.4G/5G: Wireless access point with bandwidth of 2.4GHz/5GHz is ready. WLAN: Wireless access point is ready.
		Off	Wireless function is disabled.
		Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through. ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)
VPN		On	The VPN tunnel is active.
		Off	VPN services are disabled.
		Blinking	Traffic is passing through VPN tunnel.
DMZ		On	The DMZ function is enabled.
		Off	The DMZ function is disabled.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
LED on	Connecto	or	
	Left	On	The port is connected.
LAN	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
P1~P4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps
	Left	On	The port is connected.
P5 /	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
WAN2		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps









Vireles LAN ONOFFWPS Factory Reset SB 2.4G 3G ON PWR	Switch on Rear Side
	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interface Wireless LAN	Description For Vigor2862n/Vigor2862Bn :
ON/OFF/WPS	 Press the button and release it within 2 seconds. When the wireless function is ready, the green LED will be on.
	 Press the button and release it within 2 seconds to turn off the WLAN function. When the wireless function is not ready, the LED will be off. For Vigor2862ac/Vigor2862Ln/Vigor2862Lac:: Wireless band will be switched /changed according to the button proceed and released. For example
	pressed and released. For example, ● 2.4G (On) and 5G (On) - in default.
	 2.4G (Of) and 5G (Of) - In default. 2.4G (Off) and 5G (On) - pressed and released the button once.
	 2.4G (Or) and 5G (Off) - pressed and released the button once. 2.4G (On) and 5G (Off) - pressed and released the button twice.
	 2.4G (Off) and 5G (Off) - pressed and released the button three times. When WPS function is enabled by web user interface, press this
	button for more than 2 seconds to wait for client's device making network connection through WPS.
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
USB 1~2	Connecter for a USB device (for 3G/4G USB Modem or printer or thermometer).
DSL / DSL 1/2	Connecter for accessing the Internet.
LAN P1~P4	Connecters for local network devices.
P5 / WAN2	Connecter for local network devices or modem for accessing Internet.
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

I-1-1-3 Vigor2862Vac

		Dre	MTe	k vi	igor286 SL2 Security Fi	2Vac			
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	ACT WAN2 Line	-			-	-			-
Factory	USB DSL Phone1	um		-0000		- mm	- inne	2	Liniz - The
Reset	2.4G 5G Phone2	DSL	LAN + P1	P2	P3	P4	P5/WAN2	USB	Phone1/2 Line

LED		Status	Explanation
ACT (Ad	ctivity)	Off	The router is powered off.
		Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
USB		On	USB device is connected and ready for use.
		Off	No USB device is connected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
WAN2		On	Internet connection is ready.
		Off	Internet connection is not ready.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
DSL		On	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link.
		Blinking	Slowly: The DSL connection is ready. Quickly: The connection is training.
2.4G/	5G	On	2.4G/5G: Wireless access point with bandwidth of 2.4GHz/5GHz is ready.
			WLAN: Wireless access point is ready.
		Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through. ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)
Line		On	A PSTN phone call comes (in and out). However, when the phone call is disconnected, the LED will be off.
		Off	There is no PSTN phone call.
Phone	1/2	On	The phone connected to this port is off-hook.
		Off	The phone connected to this port is on-hook.
		Blinking	A phone call comes.
LED on	Connect	or	
	Left	On	The port is connected.
LAN	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
P1~P4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps
	Left	On	The port is connected.
P5 /	LED	Off	The port is disconnected.
WAN2		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	LED	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps

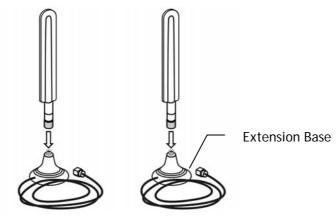
	Dre	yTe.	k vi	gor286	2Vac			
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS ACT WAN2 Line JSB DSL Phone1								
Factory Reset 2.4G 5G Phone2	am				-	- Annual -		Laire Laire
the second	DSL	LAN P1	P2	P3	P4	P5/WAN2	USB	Phone1/2 Line

and B.

PWR 0 OFF	
Interface	Description
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	 Wireless band will be switched /changed according to the button pressed and released. For example, 2.4G (On) and 5G (On) - in default.
	 2.4G (Off) and 5G (On) - pressed and released the button once. 2.4G (On) and 5G (Off) - pressed and released the button twice.
	 2.4G (Off) and 5G (Off) - pressed and released the button three times. When WPS function is enabled by web user interface, press this button for more than 2 seconds to wait for client's device making
Factory Reset	network connection through WPS.Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory
DSL	Connecter for accessing the Internet.
LAN P1~P4	Connecters for local network devices.
P5 / WAN2	Connecter for local network devices or modem for accessing Internet.
USB 1~2	Connecter for a USB device (for 3G/4G USB Modem or printer or thermometer).
Phone 1/2	Connecter for analog phone(s).
Line	Connector for PSTN life line.
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

I-1-2 Notes for Antenna Installation (for "L" model)

Magnetic antenna must be installed on the extension base before connecting to Vigor router.



There are two mounting holes for installing antennas with extension base on Vigor router. Please install them as shown below.

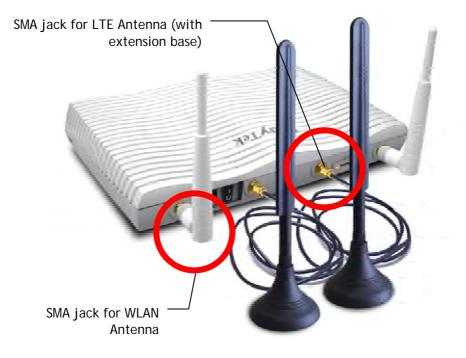


Note, if only one antenna shall be installed, please use the mounting hole (major signal transmitted hole) near to the SIM card slot.

While installing the SIM card into the card slot, note that back plate of the SIM card slot must be removed first and the direction of card notch must be on the left side.



There are two types of antennas provided for Vigor2862Ln/Vigor2862Lac, which must be installed in different locations carefully and correctly. Wrong installation might cause bad signal of wireless connection. Therefore, pay attention to the installation of antennas by referring to the following illustration.



I-2 Hardware Installation

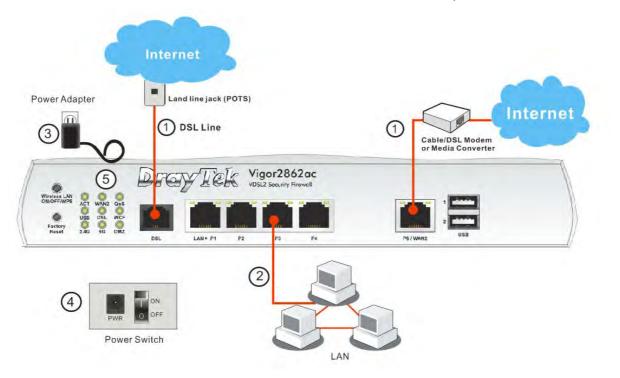
I-2-1 Installing Vigor Router

Before starting to configure the router, you have to connect your devices correctly.

1. Connect the DSL interface to the land line jack with a DSL line cable.

Connect the cable Modem/DSL Modem/Media Converter to the WAN port of router with Ethernet cable (RJ-45).

- 2. Connect one end of an Ethernet cable (RJ-45) to one of the LAN ports of the router and the other end of the cable (RJ-45) into the Ethernet port on your computer.
- 3. Connect one end of the power adapter to the router's power port on the rear panel, and the other side into a wall outlet.
- 4. Power on the device by pressing down the power switch on the rear panel.
- 5. The system starts to initiate. After completing the system test, the ACT LED will light up and start blinking.

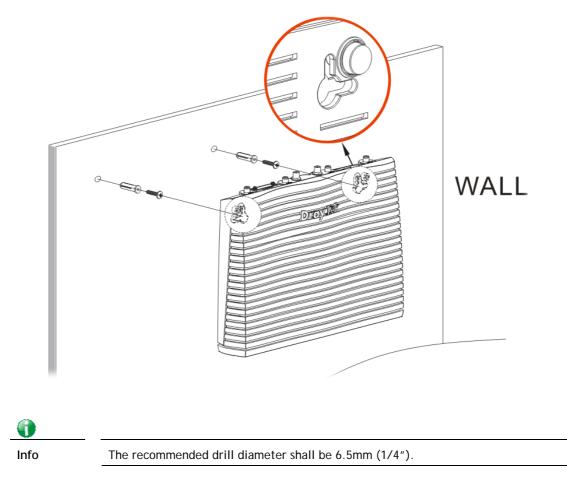


(For the hardware connection, we take "ac" model as an example.)

I-2-2 Wall-Mounted Installation

Vigor router has keyhole type mounting slots on the underside.

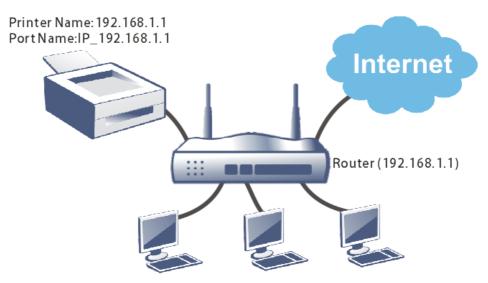
- 1. A template is provided on the Vigor router packaging box to enable you to space the screws correctly on the wall.
- 2. Place the template on the wall and drill the holes according to the recommended instruction.
- 3. Fit screws into the wall using the appropriate type of wall plug.



4. When you finished about procedure, the router has been mounted on the wall firmly.

I-2-3 Installing USB Printer to Vigor Router

You can install a printer onto the router for sharing printing. All the PCs connected this router can print documents via the router. The example provided here is made based on Windows 7. For other Windows system, please visit www.DrayTek.com.

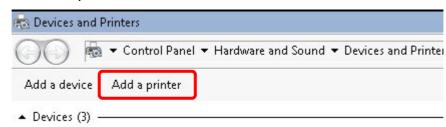


Before using it, please follow the steps below to configure settings for connected computers (or wireless clients).

- 1. Connect the printer with the router through USB/parallel port.
- 2. Open All Programs>>Getting Started>>Devices and Printers.

즜 Smart VPN Client	- IVIUSIC
Getting Started	Computer Control Panel
Privatefirewall 7.0	Devices and Printers
Connect to a Projector	Default Programs
Calculator	Help and Support
	Windows Security
All Programs	Log off

3. Click Add a printer.



4. A dialog will appear. Click Add a local printer and click Next.

🦟 A	Add Printer	×
0) 🖶 Add Printer	
	What type of printer do you want to install?	
	Add a local printer Use this option only if you don't have a USB printer. (Windows automatically installs when you plug them in.)	USB printers
	Add a network, wireless or Bluetooth printer Make sure that your computer is connected to the network, or that your Bluetooth or printer is turned on.	r wireless
	Next	Cancel

5. In this dialog, choose Create a new port. In the field of Type of port, use the drop down list to select Standard TCP/IP Port. Then, click Next.

ection that allows your computer to exchang	e information with a printer.
LPT1: (Printer Port)	
Standard TCP/IP Port	
	nection that allows your computer to exchang LPT1: (Printer Port) Standard TCP/JP Port

6. In the following dialog, type **192.168.1.1** (router's LAN IP) in the field of Hostname or IP Address and type **192.168.1.1** as the Port name. Then, click Next.

🖶 Add Printer		
Type a printer hostname or IF	address	
Device type:	TCP/IP Device	
Hostname or IP address:	192.168.1.1	
Port name:	192.168.1.1	
	omatically select the driver to use	

7. Click Standard and choose Generic Network Card.

🔒 Add Printer		
Additional port infor	mation required	
The device is not f	ound on the network. Be sure that:	
1. The device is tu	urned on.	
2. The network is	connected.	
	roperly configured.	
The address on	i the previous page is correct.	
If you think the ad-	dress is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then correct	t the
	dress is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then correc m another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	
	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	
address and perfor	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	
address and perfor device type below.	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	
address and perfor device type below.	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	elect the
address and perfor device type below.	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se	elect the
address and perfor device type below. Device Type © Standard	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se Generic Network Card	elect the
address and perfor device type below. Device Type © Standard	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se Generic Network Card	elect the
address and perfor device type below. Device Type © Standard	rm another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, se Generic Network Card	elect the

8. Now, your system will ask you to choose right name of the printer that you installed onto the router. Such step can make correct driver loaded onto your PC. When you finish the selection, click Next.

🔒 Add Printer		
Install the printer driver		
Choose your pri	nter from the list. Click Windows Update to see more mod	els.
To install the de	iver from an installation CD, click Have Disk.	
ro install the un	ver from an installation CD, click Have Disk.	
rother	Brother DCP-116C	
Canon	Brother DCP-117C	
	Brother DCP-128C	
DrayTek	Brother DCP-129C	
DrayTek Epson		
	Brother DCP-123C	•
Epson Fuii Xerox	Brother DCP-130C	💌 Have Disk
Epson Fuii Xerox 🙀 This driver is digitally	v signed.	_▼ Have Disk
Epson Fuii Xerox	v signed.	_ Have Disk

9. Type a name for the chosen printer. Click Next.

Add Printer	
🚽 👼 Add Printer	
Type a printer name	
Printer name: rother DCP-116C	
This printer will be installed with the Brother DCP-116C driver.	

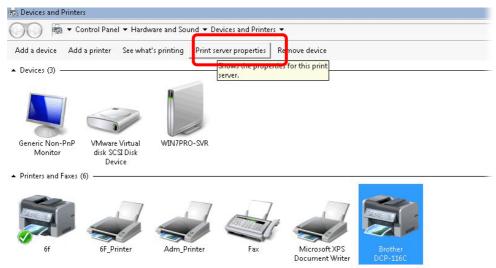
10. Choose Do not share this printer and click Next.

🖶 Add Printer	
Printer Sharing	
If you want to share this printer, you must provide a share type a new one. The share name will be visible to other net	
Do not share this printer	
C Share this printer so that others on your network can fir Share name:	nd and use it
Location:	
Comment:	

11. Then, in the following dialog, click Finish.

1	Add Printer	×
0	📾 Add Printer	
	You've successfully added Brother DCP-116C	
	☐ Set as the default printer	
	To check if your printer is working properly, or to see troubleshooting information for the printer, print a test page.	
	Print a test page	
	Finish Finish	1

12. The new printer has been added and displayed under **Printers and Faxes**. Click the new printer icon and click **Printer server properties**.



13. Edit the property of the new printer you have added by clicking Configure Port.

Ports on this	4	
Port TS002 TS001	Description Inactive TS Port Inactive TS Port	Printer
TPVM:	ThinPrint Print Port fo	
LPR_local	Standard TCP/IP Port Standard TCP/IP Port Standard TCP/IP Port	6f Adm_Printer 65 Drivter
192.168.1.1		6E_Drinter Brother DCP-116C
XPSPort:	Local Port	Microsoft XPS Document Writer
Add	Port Delet	e Port Configure Port

14. Select "LPR" on Protocol, type p1 (number 1) as Queue Name. Then click OK. Next please refer to the red rectangle for choosing the correct protocol and LPR name.

	-			
C	Configure Standard TCP/IP Port	Monitor		
F	Port Settings			
Ē	Port Name:	192.	168.1.1	
	Printer Name or IP Address:	192.	168.1.1	
	Protocol C Raw	,	ſ	
	Raw Settings Port Number:	9100		
	LPR Settings Queue Name:	рป]	
	LPR Byte Counting Ena	bled		
	SNMP Status Enabled	-		
	Community Name:	public		
_	SNMP Device Index:	1		

The printer can be used for printing now. Most of the printers with different manufacturers are compatible with vigor router.



Some printers with the fax/scanning or other additional functions are not supported.

Vigor router supports printing request from computers via LAN ports but not WAN port.

I-3 Accessing Web Page

1. Make sure your PC connects to the router correctly.

You may either simply set up your computer to get IP dynamically from the router or set up the IP address of the computer to be the same subnet as the default IP address of Vigor router 192.168.1.1. For the detailed information, please refer to the later section - Trouble Shooting of the guide.

2. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. The following window will be open to ask for username and password.

Dray Tek	Vigor2862 Series
Login	
Username	admin
Password	•••••
	Login
Copyright © 200	00- 2016 DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.

3. Please type "admin/admin" as the Username/Password and click Login.



If you fail to access to the web configuration, please go to "Trouble Shooting" for detecting and solving your problem.

4. Now, the Main Screen will appear. Take Vigor2862ac as an example.

to Logout 🕙 🛛 IRÓ	Dashboard									
chboard earde, line Stotus M N M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	Reserves LAA Countervales	USB D	ANZ QoS			or2862a I Security Forward P3	C.			B
dware Acceleration wall	System Inf				1		a. 65. 60			Quick Access
n Management	Nodel Name Router Name		Vigor2862ac DrayTek		System U Current Ti		0:05:30 Thu Feb 01 201	0 07.2	7. 63	System Status Dynamic DNS
ects Settion	Firmware Ve		3.8.8_RC9a_STD		Build Date		Jan 16 2010 19		r:de	TR 069
M ndwidth Management	DSL Version		776D07_A/B/C H		LAN MAC		00-1D-AA-5D-(User Management
dications	Lacon For anali		Trians, Multer	11.12	and more					IM/P2P Block
N and Remote Access	IPv4 LAN I	Informa	tion	-					×	Schedule
ificate Management			IP Address	DHCP	_		IP Address	_	DHCP	Syst.og / Mail
tess LAN (2.4 GH/) tess LAN (2.4 GH/)	LANI	_	192.168.1.3/24	V	LAN2		192.108.2		V	Alert
VPN	LAN3	_	192.160.3:1/24	V.	LANA		192,160,4		V	LDAP
Application	LANS	_	199.169 5.1/24	V	LANG		192.169.6	1/24	V	BADIUS
m Maintenance	LAN/		192.168.7.1/24	V.	LANS		192,168 8	1/24	V	Firewall Object Setting
	DMZ PORT		198,168,17,1/24	V.	IP Routed !	Subnet	192.168.0.	1/24	v	Data Flow Monitor
ostics	DM2 PORT						_			Cara crow months
nosaires	C BOOD AND A CO	-								
osaics of Management	IPv4 Intern									
	IPv4 Intern	Line / I	Made	IP Addres		MAC Add			Time	
al Management	IPv4 Intern WAN1	Line / I	Mode PPPoE	Disconne	cted	00-1D-A	4-SD-C9-E1	0:00	0:00	
i Management	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2	Line / I ADSL / Ethem	Ande PPPaE et / Static IP	Disconne 172.15.3	cted 130	00-10-A	4-SD-C9-E1 4-SD+C9-E2	0.0	4:40	
l Management	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2 WAN3	Line / I ADSL / Ethern USB /	Node PPPoE et / Static IP	Disconne 172,16,3 Discorine	cted 130 ctett	00-10-A	A-SD-C9-E1 A-SD-C9-E2 A-SD-C9-E3	010	0:00 4:40 0:00	
il Management al Devices	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2	Line / I ADSL / Ethem	Node PPPoE et / Static IP	Disconne 172.15.3	cted 130 ctett	00-10-A	4-SD-C9-E1 4-SD+C9-E2	0.0	0:00 4:40 0:00	
il Management nal Devices nf Aixa	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4	Line / I ADSL / Ethern USB /	Node PPPoE et / Static IP	Disconne 172,16,3 Discorine	cted 130 ctett	00-10-A	A-SD-C9-E1 A-SD-C9-E2 A-SD-C9-E3	010	0:00 4:40 0:00	
al Management al Devices et Ronistration	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4 Interface	Line / I ADSL / Ethern USB / USB /	Mode PPPoE et / Static IP	Disconne 172163 Disconne Disconne	cted 130 cted cted	00-10-A 00-10-A 00-10-A 00-10-A	A-SD-C9-E1 A-SD-C9-E2 A-SD-C9-E3	010	0:00 4:40 0:00	
	IPv4 Intern WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4	Line / I ADSL / Ethern USB / USB /	Node PPPoE et / Static IP cted : Down Stream	Disconne 172:16:3 Disconne Disconne m : OKbps	cted 130 cted cted	00-10-A 00-10-A 00-10-A 00-10-A	A-80-04-61 A-50-09-62 A-50-09-63 A-50-09-64	010	0:00 4:40 0:00	

router you have. The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting

5. The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting is **Auto Logout**, which means the web configuration system will logout after 5 minutes without any operation. Change the setting for your necessity.

Auto Logout 💌	
Auto Logout	
Off	
1 min	
3 min	an
5 min	01
10 min	

I-4 Changing Password

User Name:

Please change the password for the original security of the router.

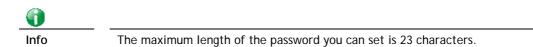
- 1. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. A pop-up window will open to ask for username and password.
- 2. Please type "admin/admin" as Username/Password for accessing into the web user interface with admin mode.
- 3. Go to System Maintenance page and choose Administrator Password.

```
System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup
```

Old Password	
New Password	(Max. 83 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	(Max. 83 characters allowed)
issword can contain only a-z A-Z O-9 , ; Iministrator Local User	
ocal User List	
Index User Name	

Password:		Confirm Password:	
(Max.15 cha	racters for User Nar	me and Password)	
		Add Edit	Delete
🗹 Enable 'a	dmin' account login	to Web UI from the Inte	ernet

4. Enter the login password (the default is "admin") on the field of Old Password. Type New Password and Confirm Password. Then click OK to continue.



5. Now, the password has been changed. Next time, use the new password to access the Web user interface for this router.

Dray Tek	Vigor2862 Series
Login	
Username	admin
Password	••••
	Login
Copyright © 200	00- 2016 DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.



Even the password is changed, the Username for logging onto the web user interface is still "admin".

I-5 Dashboard

Dashboard shows the connection status including System Information, IPv4 Internet Access, IPv6 Internet Access, Interface (physical connection), Security and Quick Access.

Click Dashboard from the main menu on the left side of the main page.

	Auto Logout 💌 🛛 📭 🖉	
\bigcap	Dashboard	
	Wizards Quick Start Wizard Service Activation Wizard	

A web page with default selections will be displayed on the screen. Refer to the following figure:

ashboar	ď										
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	ACT USB	WAN2 QoS	Dre	ay Ta		or28620 Security Firewo	ac 。II	1	ſ	1	
Reset	2.4G	5G DMZ	DSL	LAN + P	1 P2	P3	P4		P5/	WAN2	USB
System li	nforma	tion									Quick Access
vodel Nan		Vigor2862	ac		System Up	Time	0:05	:30			System Status
Router Nar		DrayTek			Current Tin			Feb 01 2018	3 07:27:	52	Dynamic DNS
irmware '		3.8.8_RC9	a_STD		Build Date		-	16 2018 19:			TR-069
OSL Versio	n	776D07_A		A	LAN MAC A	Address	00-1	LD-AA-5D-CS	9-E0		User Management
											IM/P2P Block
Pv4 LAN	Inform	nation								×	Schedule
		IP Address		DHCP				IP Address		DHCP	<u>SysLog / Mail</u>
<u>AN1</u>		192.168.1	.3/24	v	LAN2			192.168.2.1	./24	v	Alert LDAP
. <u>AN3</u>		192.168.3	.1/24	V	LAN4			192.168.4.1	./24	V	RADIUS
. <u>AN5</u>		192.168.5	.1/24	V	LAN6			192.168.6.1	/24	V	Firewall Object
AN7		100 100 7	1/24	V	LAN8				1		
		192.168.7	1/27	<u></u>				192,168,8,1	./24	V	
MZ PORT		192.168.7		v	IP Routed S	<u>Subnet</u>		192.168.8.1 192.168.0.1		V	Setting Data Flow Monitor
MZ PORT		192.168.1				<u>Subnet</u>					Setting Data Flow Monitor
MZ PORT	rnet Ac	192.168.1 cess				<u>Subnet</u>					
	rnet Ac	192.168.1 cess / Mode	7.1/24			Subnet	dress			v	
MZ PORT	rnet Ac	192.168.1 cess	7.1/24	v	IP Routed S			192.168.0.1	./24	v ime	
<u>Pv4 Inter</u> WAN1 <u>WAN1</u>	rnet Ac Line ADSL Ether	192.168.1 cess / Mode . / PPPoE met / Static :	7.1/24 II D	v P Address	IP Routed S	MAC Ad	4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 -C9-E1 -C9-E2	/24 /24 Up T 00:00:1 0:04:-	v ime 00 40	
DMZ PORT Pv4 Inter <u>WAN1</u> <u>WAN2</u> <u>WAN3</u>	rnet Ac Line ADSL Ether USB ,	192.168.1 cess / Mode . / PPPoE net / Static : /	7.1/24 II IP 1 D	V P Address Disconnecter 72.16.3.130 Disconnecter	d d	MAC Ad 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/	4A-5D 4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 	/24 Up T 00:00: 0:04: 00:00:	v ime 00 40	
<u>Pv4 Inter</u> WAN1 <u>WAN1</u>	rnet Ac Line ADSL Ether	192.168.1 cess / Mode . / PPPoE net / Static : /	7.1/24 II IP 1 D	V P Address Disconnecte 72.16.3.130	d d	MAC Ad	4A-5D 4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 	/24 /24 Up T 00:00:1 0:04:-	v ime 00 40	
DMZ PORT Pv4 Inter WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4	rnet Ac Line ADSL Ether USB ,	192.168.1 cess / Mode . / PPPoE net / Static : /	7.1/24 II IP 1 D	V P Address Disconnecter 72.16.3.130 Disconnecter	d d	MAC Ad 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/	4A-5D 4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 	/24 Up T 00:00: 0:04: 00:00:	v ime 00 40	
DMZ PORT Pv4 Inter <u>WAN1</u> <u>WAN2</u> <u>WAN3</u>	Line ADSL Ether USB ,	192.168.1 CeSS / Mode / PPPoE met / Static : /	7.1/24 D IP 1 D	V P Address Disconnecter 72.16.3.130 Disconnecter Disconnecter	d d d	MAC Ad 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/	4A-5D 4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 	/24 Up T 00:00: 0:04: 00:00:	v ime 00 40	
DMZ PORT Pv4 Inter WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4	Line ADSL Ether USB ,	192.168.1 cess / Mode . / PPPoE net / Static : /	7.1/24 D IP 1 D	V P Address Disconnecter 72.16.3.130 Disconnecter Disconnecter	d d d	MAC Ad 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/ 00-1D-/	4A-5D 4A-5D 4A-5D	192.168.0.1 	/24 Up T 00:00: 0:04: 00:00:	v ime 00 40	

I-5-1 Virtual Panel

On the top of the Dashboard, a virtual panel (simulating the physical panel of the router) displays the physical interface connection. It will be refreshed every five seconds. When you move and click the mouse cursor on LEDs (except ACT), USB ports, VDSL/ADSL, WAN2, or LAN1 - LAN6, related web setting page will be open for you to configure if required.

Dashboard



Port	Color	Description		
USB	Black	No USB device is connected.		
	Green	A USB device is connected.		
VDSL/ADSL	Black	No VDSL/ADSL connection.		
	Green	ADSL connection is ready.		
	Orange	VDSL connection is ready.		
WAN2(Giga)	Black	WAN2 port is disconnected.		
	Green	WAN2 port is connected at 10/100 Mbps.		
	Orange	WAN2 port is connected at 1 Gbps.		
LAN	Black	LAN port is disconnected.		
1 ~ 4	Green	LAN port is connected at 10/100 Mbps.		
	Orange	LAN port is connected at 1 Gbps.		

For detailed information about the LED display, refer to I-1-1 LED Indicators and Connectors.

I-5-2 Name with a Link

A name with a link (e.g., <u>Router Name</u>, <u>Current Time</u>, <u>WAN1~4</u> and etc.) below means you can click it to open the configuration page for modification.

	System Information								
<i>c</i>	Medel Name	Vigor2862ac	System Up Time	0:05:30					
L	Router Name	DrayTek	<u>Current Time</u>	Thu Feb 01 2018 07:27:52					
	Firmware Version	3.8.8_RC9a_STD	Build Date/Time	Jan 16 2018 19:35:14					
	DSL Version	776D07_A/B/C HW: A	LAN MAC Address	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0					

	IPv4 LAN Information									
			IP Address	DHCP		IP Address	DHCP			
ſ	LAN1		192.168.1.3/24	V	LAN2	192.168.2.1/24	V			
	LAN3		192.168.3.1/24	V	LAN4	192.168.4.1/24	V			
	LAN5		192.168.5.1/24	V	LAN6	192.168.6.1/24	V			
L	LAN7		192.168.7.1/24	V	LAN8	192.168.8.1/24	V			
	DMZ PORT		192.168.17.1/24	V	IP Routed Subnet	192.168.0.1/24	V			

IPv4 Internet Access

-										
	Line / Mode		IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time					
	WAN1	ADSL / PPPoE	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E1	00:00:00					
	WAN2	Ethernet / Static IP	172.16.3.130	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E2	0:04:40					
	WAN3	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E3	00:00:00					
	WAN4	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E4	00:00:00					

I-5-3 Quick Access for Common Used Menu

All the menu items can be accessed and arranged orderly on the left side of the main page for your request. However, some **important** and **common** used menu items which can be accessed in a quick way just for convenience.

Look at the right side of the Dashboard. You will find a group of common used functions grouped under **Quick Access**.

Quick Access
System Status
Dynamic DNS
<u>TR-069</u>
User Management
IM/P2P Block
Schedule
SysLog / Mail Alert
LDAP
RADIUS
Firewall Object Setting
Data Flow Monitor

The function links of System Status, Dynamic DDNS, TR-069, User Management, IM/P2P Block, Schedule, Syslog/Mail Alert, LDAP, RADIUS, Firewall Object Setting and Data Flow Monitor are displayed here. Move your mouse cursor on any one of the links and click on it. The corresponding setting page will be open immediately.

In addition, quick access for VPN security settings such as **Remote Dial-in User** and **LAN to LAN** are located on the bottom of this page. Scroll down the page to find them and use them if required.

DMZ PORT	192.168.17.1/2	4 V IP Routed	Subnet 192.168.0.1/	24 V
Pv4 Interi	net Access			
	Line / Mode	IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time
WAN1	ADSL /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-F7-C0-F1	00:00:00
WAN2	Ethernet / DHCP Client	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-F7-C0-F2	00:00:00
WAN3	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-F7-C0-F3	00:00:00
WAN4	USB /	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-F7-C0-F4	00:00:00
nterface				
DSL	Connected : Down Stre	am : OKbps / Up Strear	m : OKbps	
WAN	Connected : 0, @WA			
L AN	Connected : 0, @Por	t1 @Port2 @Por	t3	
VLAN	Connected : 0			
VLAN5G				
USB	Connected : 0, OUS			
	0, OUS	82		
ecurity				_
	Connected - 0		Demote Dial in Use	- / LON4-LO
V PN	Connected : 0 Activate : 0		Remote Dial-in Use	<u>r</u> / <u>LAN to LA</u>
NyVigor DoS	Attack Detected :			
1005	Actack Detected :			
iystem Re	source			
	CPU Usage:			01%
Current Sta	atus Memory 🗍 👕			E 4 9/
	Usage: 🔍 📕			54%

Note that there is a plus () icon located on the left side of VPN/LAN. Click it to review the VPN connection(s) used presently.

Interface									
DSL	Connected : Dov	Connected : Down Stream : OKbps / Up Stream : OKbps							
WAN	Connected : 0,	WAN1	OWAN2	OWAN3	O WANA				
LAN	Connected : 0,	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4				
WLAN	Connected . O								
📳 WLAN5G	Connected : 0								
USB	Connected : 0,	OUSB 1							
036	0,	OUSB 2							

Host connected physically to the router via LAN port(s) will be displayed with green circles in the field of Connected.

All of the hosts (including wireless clients) displayed with Host ID, IP Address and MAC address indicates that the traffic would be transmitted through LAN port(s) and then the WAN port. The purpose is to perform the traffic monitor of the host(s).

I-5-4 GUI Map



All the functions the router supports are listed with table clearly in this page. Users can click the function link to access into the setting page of the function for detailed configuration. Click the icon on the top of the main screen to display all the functions.

GUI Map

<u>Dashboard</u>		Certificate Management	
Wizards			<u>Local Certificate</u>
	<u>Quick Start Wizard</u>		Trusted CA Certificate
	Service Activation Wizard		<u>Certificate Backup</u>
	<u>VPN Client Wizard</u>	Wireless LAN(2.4GHz)	
	<u>VPN Server Wizard</u>		<u>General Setup</u>
	<u>Wireless Wizard</u>		<u>Security</u>
Online Status			Access Control
	Physical Connection		<u>WPS</u>
	Virtual WAN		<u>WDS</u>
WAN			Advanced Setting
	<u>General Setup</u>		Station Control
	Internet Access		<u>Bandwidth Management</u>
	Multi-PVC/VLAN		AP Discovery
	WAN Budget		Airtime Fairness
LAN	-		<u>Band Steering</u>
	<u>General Setup</u>		<u>Roaming</u>
	VLAN		<u>Station List</u>
	Bind IP to MAC	Wireless LAN(5GHz)	
	LAN Port Mirror		<u>General Setup</u>
	Wired 802.1X		Security
Hotspot Web Portal			Access Control
-	Profile Setup		WPS
	Users Information		WDS
Routing			Advanced Setting
-	<u>Static Route</u>		Station Control
	Load-Balance/Route Policy		Bandwidth Management
	RAP		AP Discovery

I-5-5 Web Console



It is not necessary to use the telnet command via DOS prompt. The changes made by using web console have the same effects as modified through web user interface. The functions/settings modified under Web Console also can be reviewed on the web user interface.

Click the Web Console icon on the top of the main screen to open the following screen.

💾 192.168.1.3/doc	/console.htm				0 +
Type ? for c > ? % Valid comm ads1 exit ldap portmaptime smb upnp wan appgos swm >	ommand help	bpa ip mngt prn switch vigbrg radius apm	csm ip6 msubnet qos sys fullbrg local_8021x sfp	ddns ipf object quit testmail vlan wol ethoam	dos log port show fs vpn user ha
0					

I-5-6 Config Backup



There is one way to store current used settings quickly by clicking the **Config Backup** icon. It allows you to backup current settings as a file. Such configuration file can be restored by using **System Maintenance**>>**Configuration Backup**.

Simply click the icon on the top of the main screen and a pop up dialog will appear.

下載工作	乍確認		×
儲存至	V2862_20180201_DrayTek_388, 13.9 KB 下載	_RC9a_STD.cfg	•
下載	发開啓	儲存	取消

Click Save to store the setting.

I-5-7 Logout



Click this icon to exit the web user interface.

I-5-8 Online Status

Online Status
Physical Connection
Virtual WAN
Virtual WAN

I-5-8-1 Physical Connection

Such page displays the physical connection status such as LAN connection status, WAN connection status, ADSL information, and so on.

Physical Connection for IPv4 Protocol

Online Status

Physical Con					•	System Uptime: Oday 0:9:2
	IPv4			IPv6		
LAN Status IP Address		TX Packets	RX P	ackets	Router Primary DNS:	Router Secondary DNS:
192.168.1.	1	1,554	1,092	2	8.8.8.8	8.8.4.4
WAN 1 Statu	s					>> Dial PPPoE
Enable	Li	ne	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	VI	DSL2		PPPoE	00:00:00	
IP	G	W IP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(bps)
		-	0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0
WAN 2 Statu	S					>> <u>Renew</u>
Enable	Li	ne	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	Et	hernet		DHCP Client	00:00:00	
IP	G	WIP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(bps)
		-	0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0
WAN 3 Statu	5					
Enable	Li	ne	Name	Mode	Up Time	Signal
Yes	US	SB			00:00:00	-
IP	G	WIP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(bps)
		-	0 (B)	0	0 (B)	0
WAN 4 Statu	s					
Enable	Li	ne	Name	Mode	Up Time	Signal
Yes	US	зв			00:00:00	-
IP	G	WIP	TX Bytes	TX Rate(bps)	RX Bytes	RX Rate(bps)
		-	0	0	0	0
Line 1 Inform	ation (VD	SL2 Firmware Versio	n: 776D07_A	/B/C)		
Profile	State	UP Speed	Dov	wn Speed	SNR Upstream	SNR Downstream
	TRAINING	0 (Kbps)	0 (Kbps)	0 (dB)	0 (dB)

Physical Connection for IPv6 Protocol

Physical Connecti	on		System	Uptime: 0day 20:58:19
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
FE80::21D:AAF	FF:FEF7:COF0/64 (Link)			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
332	0	25,904	0	
WAN1 IPv6 Status	3			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
No	Offline			
IP			Gateway IP	
WAN2 IPv6 Status	\$			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
No	Offline			
IP			Gateway IP	
WAN3 IPv6 Status	\$			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
No	Offline			
IP			Gateway IP	
WAN4 IPv6 Status	\$			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
No	Offline			
IP			Gateway IP	

Detailed explanation (for IPv4) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	Primary DNS -Displays the primary DNS server address for WAN interface.
	Secondary DNS -Displays the secondary DNS server address for WAN interface.
	IP Address-Displays the IP address of the LAN interface.
	TX Packets-Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.
	RX Packets -Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.
WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 /WAN4 Status	Enable - Yes in red means such interface is available but not enabled. Yes in green means such interface is enabled
	Line - Displays the physical connection (VDSL, ADSL, Ethernet, or USB) of this interface.
	Name - Display the name of the router.
	Mode - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., PPPoE).
	Up Time - Displays the total uptime of the interface.
	IP - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.
	GW IP - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.
	TX Packets - Displays the total transmitted packets at the WAN interface.
	TX Rate - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the WAN interface.
	RX Packets - Displays the total number of received packets at the WAN interface.
	RX Rate - Displays the speed of received octets at the WAN

Item	Description
	interface.

Detailed explanation (for IPv6) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	IP Address- Displays the IPv6 address of the LAN interface
	TX Packets -Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.
	RX Packets -Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.
	TX Bytes - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the LAN interface.
	RX Bytes - Displays the speed of received octets at the LAN interface.
WAN IPv6 Status	Enable - No in red means such interface is available but not enabled. Yes in green means such interface is enabled. No in red means such interface is not available.
	Mode - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., TSPC).
	Up Time - Displays the total uptime of the interface.
	IP - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.
	Gateway IP - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.

1

Info

The words in green mean that the WAN connection of that interface is ready for accessing Internet; the words in red mean that the WAN connection of that interface is not ready for accessing Internet.

I-5-8-2 Virtual WAN

Such page displays the virtual WAN connection information.

Virtual WAN are used by TR-069 management, VoIP service and so on.

The field of Application will list the purpose of such WAN connection.

I-6 Quick Start Wizard

Quick Start Wizard can help you to deploy and use the router easily and quickly. Go to Wizards>>Quick Start Wizard. The first screen of Quick Start Wizard is entering login password. After typing the password, please click Next.

Quick Start Wizard

Enter login password		
Please enter an alpha-numeric	string as your Password .	
Old Password]
New Password	Max 23 characters]
Confirm Password]
Hint: If you want to keep the p "Next" button to skip this proce	password unchanged, leave the ess.	password blank and press
	< Back	Vext > Finish Cancel

On the next page as shown below, please select the WAN interface that you use. If DSL interface is used, please choose WAN1; if Ethernet interface is used, please choose WAN2; if 3G USB modem is used, please choose WAN3 or WAN4. Then click Next for next step.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN Interface:	WAN1 💌
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	ADSL / VDSL2
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation 🖂
VLAN Tag insertion (ADSL):	Disable 💌
VLAN Tag insertion (VDSL2):	Enable 💌
Tag value	0 (0~4095)
Priority	0 (0~7)

WAN1, WAN2, WAN3 and WAN4 will bring up different configuration page. Refer to the following for detailed information.

I-6-1 For WAN1 (ADSL/VDSL2)

WAN1 is specified for ADSL or VDSL2 connection.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN Interface:	WAN1 🐱
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	ADSL / VDSL2
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation 🛛 😪
VLAN Tag insertion (ADSL):	Disable 🐱
VLAN Tag insertion (VDSL2):	Enable 💌
Tag value	0 (0~4095)
Priority	0 (0~7)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Display Name	Type a name to identify such WAN.
VLAN Tag insertion (VDSL2)/(ADSL)	The settings configured in this field are available for WAN1 and WAN2.
	Enable - Enable the function of VLAN with tag.
	The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out.
	Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1.
	Disable - Disable the function of VLAN with tag.
	Tag value - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is from 0 to 4095.
	Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.

You have to select the appropriate Internet access type **according to the information from your ISP**. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface. In addition, the field of **For ADSL Only** will be available only when ADSL is detected. Then click **Next** for next step.

PPPoE/PPPoA

1. Choose WAN1 as WAN Interface and click the Next button; you will get the following page.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 1	
Protocol	PPPoE / PPPoA
For ADSL Only:	
Encapsulation	PPPoe LLC/SNAP 💌
VPI	8 Auto detect
VCI	35
Fixed IP	○Yes ④No(Dynamic IP)
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	
Default Gateway	
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8
Second DNS	8.8.4.4

Item	Description	
Protocol	There are two modes offered for you to choose for WAN1 interface. PPPoE / PPPoA PPPoE / PPPoA MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP Choose PPPoE/PPPoA as the protocol.	
For ADSL Only	Such field is provided for ADSL only. You have to choose encapsulation and type the values for VPI and VCI. Or, click Auto detect to find out the best values. PPPoE LLC/SNAP PPPoE LLC/SNAP PPPoE VC MUX PPPoA LLC/SNAP PPPoA VC MUX	
Fixed IP	Click Yes to enable Fixed IP feature.	
IP Address	Type the IP address if Fixed IP is enabled.	
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.	
Default Gateway	Type the IP address as the default gateway.	
Primary DNS	Type in the primary IP address for the router.	
Secondary DNS	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.	

Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

2. After finished the above settings, simply click Next. Manually enter the Username/Password provided by your ISP

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 1		
Service Name (Optional)	СНТ	
Username	84005755@hinet.net	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password	•••••	

Item	Description
Service Name (Optional)	Enter the description of the specific network service.
Username	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.
Confirm Password	Retype the password.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finished the above settings, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN1 ADSL
8 35 PPPoE / LLC No 8.8.8.8 8.8.4.4
_

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP

1. Choose WAN1 as WAN Interface and click the Next button; you will get the following page.

ct to Internet	
WAN 1	
Protocol	MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP 💌
For ADSL Only:	
Encapsulation	1483 Bridged IP LLC
VPI	0 Auto detect
VCI	88
Fixed IP	Yes ○ No(Dynamic IP)
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	
Default Gateway	
Primary DNS	
Second DNS	

Item	Description
Protocol	There are two modes offered for you to choose for WAN1 interface. MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP V PPPoE / PPPoA MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP Choose MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP as the protocol.
For ADSL Only	Such field is provided for ADSL only. You have to choose encapsulation and type the values for VPI and VCI. Or, click Auto detect to find out the best values. 1483 Bridged IP LLC 1483 Bridged IP LLC 1483 Routed IP LLC 1483 Bridged IP VC-Mux 1483 Routed IP VC-Mux (IPoA) 1483 Bridged IP (IPoE) Ves No(Dynamic IP)
Fixed IP	Click Yes to enable Fixed IP feature.
IP Address	Type the IP address if Fixed IP is enabled.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.
Default Gateway	Type the IP address as the default gateway.
Primary DNS	Type in the primary IP address for the router.

Secondary DNS	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

2. Please type in the IP address/mask/gateway information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface: Physical Mode: VPI: VCI: Protocol / Encapsulation: Fixed IP: Primary DNS: Secondary DNS:	WAN1 ADSL 8 35 1483 Bridge LLC No 8.8.8.8 8.8.4.4
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

3. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

4. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

I-6-2 For WAN2 (Ethernet)/(Wireless 2.4G)

WAN2 can be configured for physical mode of Ethernet or Wireless 2.4G. If you choose Ethernet WAN2, please specify a physical type. Then, click **Next**.

Quick	Start	Wizard
Quich		

l Interface	
WAN Interface:	WAN2 T
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	Ethernet 🔻
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation 🔻
VLAN Tag insertion	Disable 🔻
	< Back Next > Finish Can

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Display Name	Type a name for the router.	
Physical Mode	Choose Ethernet or Wireless based on the physical connection. Choose Wireless 2.4G if you want to use wireless station mode to access Internet. Otherwise, choose Ethernet to access Internet through WAN2 Ethernet Port.	
Physical Type	This setting is available when Ethernet is selected as Physical Mode. In general, Auto negotiation is suggested.	
VLAN Tag insertion	 The settings configured in this field are available when Ethernet is selected as Physical Mode. Disable - Disable the function of VLAN with tag. Enable - Enable the function of VLAN with tag. The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out. Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN2. Tag value - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095. Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7. 	

On the next page as shown below, please select the appropriate Internet access type according to the information from your ISP. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface. Then click **Next** for next step.

Ethernet WAN2 - PPPoE

Quick Start Wizard

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Ethernet as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

WAN 2	
Select one of the	following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.
	PPPoE
	О РРТР
	O L2TP
	Static IP
	O DHCP

2. Click **PPPoE** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2			
Enter the user name and passv	vord provided by your ISP.		
Service Name (Optional)	СНТ		
Username	84005657@hinet.net		
Password	•••••		
Confirm Password			

Item	Description
Service Name (Optional)	Enter the description of the specific network service.
Username	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.

Item	Description
Confirm Password	Retype the password.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please manually enter the Username/Password provided by your ISP. Click Next for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard	Quick	Start	Wizard
--------------------	-------	-------	--------

ase confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	PPPoE
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Canc</pre>

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Ethernet WAN2 - PPTP/L2TP

Quick Start Wizard

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Ethernet as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

WAN 2				
Select one of the	following Internet Acc	cess types provi	ded by your ISP.	
	O PPPoE			
	💽 РРТР			
	O L2TP			
	🔘 Static IP			
	O DHCP			

2. Click PPTP/L2TP as the Internet Access Type. Then click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2 Enter the user name, passy your ISP.	vord, WAN IP configuration and PPTP server I	P provided by
User Name	5477aec	
Password	••••	
Confirm Password	••••	
WAN IP Configuration		
🔘 Obtain an IP address	automatically	
Specify an IP address		
IP Address	192.168.3.100	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.3.1	
Primary DNS		
Second DNS		
PPTP Server		

Item	Description
Username	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. Note: The maximum length of the password you can set is 62

	characters.
Confirm Password	Retype the password.
WAN IP Configuration	Obtain an IP address automatically - The router will get an IP address automatically from DHCP server.
	Specify an IP address - You have to type relational settings manually.
	IP Address - Type the IP address.
	Subnet Mask - Type the subnet mask.
	Gateway - Type the IP address of the gateway.
	Primary DNS - Type in the primary IP address for the router.
	Second DNS - Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
PPTP Server / L2TP Server	Type the IP address of the server.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please type in the IP address/mask/gateway information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	РРТР
	nges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current
Click Back to modify chan settings and restart the V	

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Ethernet WAN2 - Static IP

Quick Start Wizard

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Ethernet as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

WAN 2	
Select one of the	following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.
	O PPPoE
	О РРТР
	O L2TP
	Static IP
	O DHCP

2. Click Static IP as the Internet Access type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

ration provided by your ISP.		
192.168.3.100		
255.255.255.0		
192.168.3.1		
	(optional)	
	192.168.3.100 255.255.255.0	192.168.3.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.3.1

Item	Description
WAN IP	Type the IP address.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.
Gateway	Type the IP address of gateway.
Primary DNS	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
Secondary DNS	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.

Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.
--------	---

3. Please type in the IP address information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for next step.

Quick	Start	Wizard	
-------	-------	--------	--

e confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	Static IP
settings and restart the V	rigor router.

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Ethernet WAN2 - DHCP

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Ethernet as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2		
Select one of the	following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.	
	O PPPoE	
	О РРТР	
	O L2TP	
	O Static IP	
	• DHCP	

2. Click DHCP as the Internet Access type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2	
If your ISP req enter it in.	uires you to enter a specific host name or specific MAC address, please
circor re ini	
Host Name	(optional)
MAC	00 - 1D - AA - A8 - B7 - 6A (optional)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Host Name	Type the name of the host. Note: The maximum length of the host name you can set is 39 characters.
MAC	Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to enter the MAC address.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

e confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	DHCP
settings and restart the V	ʻigor router.

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Wireless (2.4G) WAN2 - Static IP

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Wireless (2.4G) as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet				
WAN 2				
Select one of the following Internet Access	types.			
Static IP				
OHCP				
	< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

2. Click Static IP as the Internet Access Type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2		
Enter the Static IP conf	iguration.	
WAN IP	192.168.3.100	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.3.1	

Item	Description
WAN IP	Type the IP address.

Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.
Gateway	Type the IP address of gateway.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please type in the IP address information according to the settings of your Wireless AP. Then click **Next** for next step.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2	
Enter the AP configuration	that router wants to connect.
SSID MAC Address (Optional) Channel :	AP Discovery
Security Mode	Disable •
	<pre>< Back Next > Finish Ca</pre>

Item	Description	
SSID	The identification of the Wireless AP.	
MAC Address (Optional)	The MAC Address of the Wireless AP.	
Channel	The channel of frequency of the Wireless AP. Please notice that, if this setting is modified, the channel of Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) would be also modified.	
Security Mode	The mode to connect to the Wireless AP.	
	 Disable - The Router connects to the wireless AP without any encryption mechanism. WEP - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WEP client and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key. WPA/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA client and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. WPA2/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA2 client and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. 	
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.	
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.	
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.	

4. Click the AP Discovery button to choose your Wireless AP. You can also set the Wireless AP information directly and skip the next 2 steps.

Access Point List

 Index
 BSSID
 Channel
 RSSI
 SSID
 Authentication

 Image: Scan
 Image:

Note:

1. During the scanning process (\sim 5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router. 2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

5. Click the Scan button of the popup window and wait for a few seconds.

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Index	BSSID	Channel	RSSI	SSID	Authentication
7	00:50:7F:19:38:80	11	47%	DrayTek-LAN-A	Mixed(WPA+WPAZ)/PSK
8	02:50:7F:22:33:88	11	31%	AP900_110_Bandstee	WPA2/PSK
9	00:50:7F:22:33:88	11	31%	AP900_110_2.4G-1	WPA2/PSK
10	00:1D:AA:BE:93:00	6	47%	DrayTek	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
11	00:50:7F:62:98:E8	6	31%	DrayTek	NONE
12	02:1D:AA:7E:41:7C	3	7∜	ap900_AT_2	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
13	00:1D:AA:7E:41:7C	3	7*	ap900_AT_1	WPA2/PSK
14	02:1D:AA:7C:84:38	1	52%	AP810_111_2.4G-2	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
15	00:1D:AA:7E:84:38	1	63%	AP810_111_2.4G-1	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK 🔻
				Scan	
	AP's MAC address		00 : 1	D : AA : BE : 93 : 00	
	Add to		Univ	versal Repeater	

Note:

1. During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

6. Select your Wireless AP and click the Add to button.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to	nternet
------------	---------

SSID	DrayTek	AP Discovery
MAC Address (Optional)	00 :1D :AA :BE :93 :00	
Channel :	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🔻	
Security Mode	WPA2/PSK ·	
Encryption Mode	AES V	
Pass Phrase	12345678	

7. All settings except the encryption key will be filled automatically. If the Security Mode is WEP, type in the WEP Keys. If the Security Mode is WPA/PSK or WPA2/PSK, type in the Pass Phrase. Then click Next for next step.

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Wireless
Internet Access:	Static IP
Click Back to modify char settings and restart the V	ges if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the curre igor router.

8. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

9. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

Wireless (2.4G) WAN2 - DHCP

Quick Start Wizard

1. Choose WAN2 as the WAN Interface and choose Wireless (2.4G) as the Physical Mode. Click the Next button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

WAN 2					
	the following Inte	ernet Acces	s types.		
Static IP					
OHCP					

2. Click DHCP as the Internet Access type. Simply click Next to continue.

Quick Start Wizard

Enter the AP configuration that router wants to connect. SSID MAC Address (Optional) Channel : Channel 11, 2462MHz Security Mode Disable
MAC Address (Optional)
Channel : Channel 11, 2462MHz

Item	Description
SSID	The identification of the Wireless AP.
MAC Address (Optional)	The MAC Address of the Wireless AP.
Channel	The channel of frequency of the Wireless AP. Please notice that, if this setting is modified, the channel of Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) would be also modified.
Security Mode	The mode to connect to the Wireless AP.Disable - The Router connects to the wireless AP

	 without any encryption mechanism. WEP - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WEP client and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key. WPA/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA client and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. WPA2/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA2 client and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
Back	in PSK. Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Click the **AP Discovery** button to choose your Wireless AP. You can also set the Wireless AP information directly and skip the next 2 steps.

Ac	cess Poi	int List					
	Index	BSSID	Channel	RSSI	SSID	Authentication	
							*
							*
					Scan		
		AP's MAC address Add to		Univ	versal Repeater		

Note:

1. During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

4. Click the Scan button of the popup window and wait for a few seconds.

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Index	BSSID	Channel	RSSI	SSID	Authentication	
11	UU:50:7F:19:38:80	11	26%	900_ntp	NONE	
12	06:1D:AA:9F:E9:48	11	78%	DrayTek-LAN-3	WPA2/PSK	
13	00:50:7F:62:98:E8	6	23%	DrayTek	NONE	
14	00:1D:AA:B9:66:70	6	68%	DrayTek	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
15	00:1D:AA:BE:93:00	6	57%	DrayTek	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
16	02:1D:AA:7E:41:7C	3	23%	ap900_AT_2	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
17	00:1D:AA:7E:41:7C	3	18%	ap900_AT_1	WPA2/PSK	
18	00:1D:AA:7E:84:38	1	57%	AP810_111_2.4G-1	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
19	02:1D:AA:7C:84:38	1	68%	AP810_111_2.4G-2	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK	¥
				Scan		
	AP's MAC address		00 : 5	50 : 7F : 62 : 98 : E8		
	Add to		Univ	versal Repeater		

Note:

1. During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

5. Select your Wireless AP and click the Add to button.

Quick Start Wizard

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 2		
Enter the AP configuration	that router wants to connect.	
SSID	DrayTek	AP Discovery
MAC Address (Optional)	00 :50 :7F :62 :98 :E8	
Channel :	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🔹	
Security Mode	Disable 🔻	

6. All settings except the encryption key will be filled automatically. If the Security Mode is WEP, type in the WEP Keys. If the Security Mode is WPA/PSK or WPA2/PSK, type in the Pass Phrase. Then click Next for next step.

Physical Mode:	Wireless 2.4G
Internet Access:	DHCP

7. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

I-6-3 For WAN3/WAN4 (USB)

WAN3/WAN4 is dedicated to physical mode in USB.

1. Choose WAN3/WAN4 as WAN Interface.

Quick Start Wizard

Interface	
WAN Interface:	WAN4 T
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	USB
	< Back Next > Finish Ca

2. Then, click Next for getting the following page.

Quick Start Wizard

WAN 4	
Internet Access :	3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode) 🔹
	3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)
3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)
SIM PIN code	
Modem Initial String	AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0
	(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)
APN Name	Apply

Item	Description
Internet Access	Choose one of the selections as the protocol of accessing the internet.
3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)	SIM Pin code -Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the pin code you can set is 15 characters.
	Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of

	the string you can set is 47 characters. APN Name - APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply .
3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)	SIM Pin code - Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.
	Network Mode - Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.
	APN Name - APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs.

3. Then, click Next for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

e confirm your settings:	
WAN Interface:	WAN4
Physical Mode:	USB
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	PPP
	< Back Next > Finish

4. Click Finish. A page of Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!! will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!

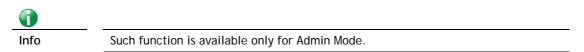
5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

I-7 Service Activation Wizard

Service Activation Wizard can guide you to activate WCF service (Web Content Filter) with a quick and easy way. For the Service Activation Wizard is only available for admin operation, therefore, please type "admin/admin" on Username/Password while Logging into the web user interface.

Service Activation Wizard is a tool which allows you to use trial version of WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com. For using Web Content Filter Profile, please refer to later section Web Content Filter Profile for detailed information.

Now, follow the steps listed below to activate WCF feature for your router.



1. Open Wizards>>Service Activation Wizard.

Dashboard	
Wizards	
Quick Start Wizard	
Service Activation Wizard	
VPN Client Wizard	
VPN Server Wizard	
Wireless Wizard	
VolP Wizard	

2. The screen of Service Activation Wizard will be shown as follows. You can activate the Web content filter services and/or APPE enforcement service and / or DDNS service at the same time or individually. When you finish the selection, please click Next.

Service	Activation	Wizard

	Activation Date : 2017-10-12
/eb Content Filter(WCF) Service :	
🗹 врјм	License Agreement
	rided by the German government. It is a free service without any guarantee and will hay re-activate the service after expiry.
PP Enforcement(APPE) Service :	
✓ □T-APPE	License Agreement
Upgrade APPE Signature automatically	N
ynamic DNS(DDNS) Service :	
	License Agreement
This is a Dynamic Domain Name Servic activation.	e that is provided by DrayTek company. It is a free service will expire 1 year after
You may re-active the service after ex	siry.
Domain Name : 2017101210301001	.drayddns.com
▼ I have read	and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).

Info	BPjM is web content filter (WCF) for German Speaking users. It is ideal for your family to provide more Internet security for youngsters.
	DT-APPE, developed by DrayTek, offers a mechanism to upgrade APPE signature automatically.
	DT-DDNS, developed by DrayTek, offers one year free charge service of dynamic DNS service for internal use.

3. Setting confirmation page will be displayed as follows, please click Activate.

Service Activation Wizard

Please c	onfirm your settings
	Sevice Type : Trial version Sevice Activated : Web Content Filter (BPjM) APP Enforcement (DT-APPE) Dynamic DNS (2017101210301001.drayddns.com)
	Please click Back to re-select service type you to activate.
8	< Back Activate Cancel

- Info The service will be activated and applied as the default rule configured in Firewall>>General Setup.
- 4. Now, the web page will display the service that you have activated according to your selection(s).

DrayTek Service Activation

Service Name	Start Date	Expire Date	Status
Web Content filter	2017-10-12	2018-10-12	BPjM
APP Enforcement	2017-10-12	2018-10-12	DT-APPE
DDNS	2017-10-12	2018-10-12	DT-DDNS

Please check if the license fits with the service provider of your signature. To ensure normal operation for your router, update your signature again is recommended.

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I-8 Registering Vigor Router

You have finished the configuration of Quick Start Wizard and you can surf the Internet at any time. Now it is the time to register your Vigor router to MyVigor website for getting more service. Please follow the steps below to finish the router registration.

1 Please login the web configuration interface of Vigor router by typing "admin/admin" as User Name / Password.

Dray Tek	Vigor2862 Series
Login	
Username	admin
Password	•••••
	Login
Copyright © 200	00- 2016 DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.

2 Click Support Area>>Production Registration from the home page.



3 A Login page will be shown on the screen. Please type the account and password that you created previously. And click Login.

yVigor rror Message : AuthCode is wr	Dray Tek
	ong, piease uy agam.
English 💌	MAAABE TOILETS
🎍 yfntsui	
<u> </u>	Login
Forgotten password?	Create an account now
Customer Service : (886) 3 597	2727 or email to : support@draytek.com
 If you haven	t an accessing account, please refer

Account for MyVigor to create your own one. Please read the articles on the Agreement regarding user rights carefully while creating a user account.

4 The following page will be displayed after you logging in MyVigor. When the following page appears, please type in Nickname (for the router) and choose the right registration date from the popup calendar (it appears when you click on the box of Registration Date). Click Add.

About MyVigor	My Information - My Products			
ety information Becurity Information Product Registration functorer Survey	Registration Devicets	* Nickname : Vigor2062 gistation Date : 10-12-2017 Serial number : 2017101210301001	Idd	Last login time : 2017-06-29 16:24:01 Last login from : 220.128:230.121
	Serial Womber (Hastil)	Device Name	Madel	Rows: 10 • Page: 1 •
	2017062914095401	Mgsr2852	Vigor2952	Hate
	LULDING (PROJECTION)	19012552	Allor2012	

5 When the following page appears, your router information has been added to the database.

Your device has been successfully added to the database.

UK

6 After clicking **OK**, you will see the following page. Your router has been registered to *myvigor* website successfully.

Dray Tek			3 L	njin Vacı ti yin	luui [Logout]		MyVig
P About MyVigor	My Information - My P	roducts					
Security Information Product Registration Contonner Survey	Device Information Device Name : Vigor 2 Sorial Number : 20171 Model : Vigor 2 Device/e 55	01210301001 862 Series	Jogňar			T	Rename Transfer Back
	Service	Franklaci	Action	Biston	Sharl Dote F	pired Date	Note
	II TRWCF	ВР јМ	Renew	On On	2017-10-12 2	010-10-12	
	и Жилере	DT-APPE	Renew	😑 On	2017-10-12 2	018-19-12	-
	INDONS	DT-DONS	Renew	👩 Ön	2017-10-12 2	018-10-12	Edit DDNS settings
	After the trial period, co		lealer/distributor for purchasi	ng the formal c			
	After the trial period, co Type [blockfist/whiteliat]	Blacklist	lealer/distributor for purchasi r (: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Blacklist	linged fine website will be blocked. Others	Whitelist (only some preci- be blocked.)	arson then define website pass, others will
	Туре	Blacklist	n (Constituteda)	Olacklist (some prede will be pass	linged fine website will be blocked. Others	jonly some pres	define website pass, others will

This page is left blank.

Part II Connectivity



It means wide area network. Public IP will be used in WAN.

It means local area network. Private IP will be used in LAN. Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network.

DNS, LAN DNS, IGMP, LDAP, UpnP, IGMP, WOL, RADIUS, SMS, Bonjour

Static Route, Load-Balance/Route Policy

II-1 WAN

It allows users to access Internet.

Basics of Internet Protocol (IP) Network

IP means Internet Protocol. Every device in an IP-based Network including routers, print server, and host PCs, needs an IP address to identify its location on the network. To avoid address conflicts, IP addresses are publicly registered with the Network Information Centre (NIC). Having a unique IP address is mandatory for those devices participated in the public network but not in the private TCP/IP local area networks (LANs), such as host PCs under the management of a router since they do not need to be accessed by the public. Hence, the NIC has reserved certain addresses that will never be registered publicly. These are known as *private* IP addresses, and are listed in the following ranges:

From 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255 From 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255 From 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

What are Public IP Address and Private IP Address

As the router plays a role to manage and further protect its LAN, it interconnects groups of host PCs. Each of them has a private IP address assigned by the built-in DHCP server of the Vigor router. The router itself will also use the default **private IP** address: 192.168.1.1 to communicate with the local hosts. Meanwhile, Vigor router will communicate with other network devices through a **public IP** address. When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network. Thus, all the host PCs can share a common Internet connection.

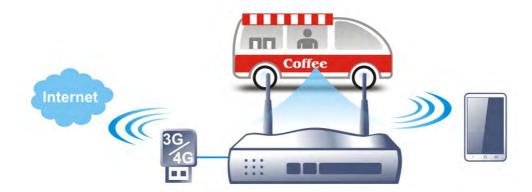
Get Your Public IP Address from ISP

In ADSL deployment, the PPP (Point to Point)-style authentication and authorization is required for bridging customer premises equipment (CPE). Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connects a network of hosts via an access device to a remote access concentrator or aggregation concentrator. This implementation provides users with significant ease of use. Meanwhile it provides access control, billing, and type of service according to user requirement.

When a router begins to connect to your ISP, a serial of discovery process will occur to ask for a connection. Then a session will be created. Your user ID and password is authenticated via PAP or CHAP with RADIUS authentication system. And your IP address, DNS server, and other related information will usually be assigned by your ISP.

Network Connection by 3G/4G USB Modem

For 3G/4G mobile communication through Access Point is popular more and more, Vigor2862 adds the function of 3G/4G network connection for such purpose. By connecting 3G/4G USB Modem to the USB port of Vigor2862, it can support LTE/HSDPA/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS/GSM and the future 3G/4G standard (HSUPA, etc). Vigor2862n with 3G/4G USB Modem allows you to receive 3G/4G signals at any place such as your car or certain location holding outdoor activity and share the bandwidth for using by more people. Users can use LAN ports on the router to access Internet. Also, they can access Internet via 802.11(a/b/g/n/ac) wireless standard, and enjoy the powerful firewall, bandwidth management, and VPN features of Vigor2862n series.



After connecting into the router, 3G/4G USB Modem will be regarded as the WAN3/WAN4 port. However, the original WAN1 and WAN2 still can be used and Load-Balance can be done in the router. Besides, 3G/4G USB Modem in WAN3/WAN4 also can be used as backup device. Therefore, when WAN1 and WAN2 are not available, the router will use 3.5G for supporting automatically. The supported 3G/4G USB Modem will be listed on DrayTek web site. Please visit www.draytek.com for more detailed information.

Web User Interface

WAN	
General Setup	
Internet Access	
Multi-PVC/VLAN	
WAN Budget	
Internet Access Multi-PVC/VLAN	

II-1-1 General Setup

This section will introduce some general settings of Internet and explain the connection modes for WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3/WAN4 in details.

This router supports multiple-WAN function. It allows users to access Internet and combine the bandwidth of the multiple WANs to speed up the transmission through the network. Each WAN port can connect to different ISPs, even if the ISPs use different technology to provide telecommunication service (such as DSL, Cable modem, etc.). If any connection problem occurred on one of the ISP connections, all the traffic will be guided and switched to the normal communication port for proper operation. Please configure WAN1, WAN2, WAN3 and WAN4 settings.

This webpage allows you to set general setup for WAN1, WAN2, WAN3 and WAN4 respectively. In default, WAN2 is disabled. If you want to enable it, simply click the WAN2 link and select Yes in the field of Enable.

Load Balar	nce Mode:	Auto Weight • IP Based	T	
Setup				
Index	Enable	Physical Mode/Type	Line Speed(Kbps) DownLink/UpLink	Active Mode
WAN1	V	ADSL/-	0/0	Always On
WAN2	V	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0/0	Always On
WAN3	V	USB/-	0/0	Always On
WAN4	V	USB/-	0/0	Always On

WAN >> General Setup

Note:

The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item

Description

Load Balance Mode	This option is available for multiple-WAN for getting enough bandwidth for each WAN port. If you know the practical bandwidth for your WAN interface, please choose the setting of According to Line Speed. Otherwise, please choose Auto Weight to let the router reach the best load balance.
	IP Based - The same source / destination IP pair will select the same WAN interface as policy. It is the default setting.
	Sesseion Based- All of the WAN interfaces will be used (as out-going WAN) for passing through new sessions to get better transmission speed. Though good speed test result for throughput might be reached; however, some web site may not open smoothly, especially the site need authentication, e.g., FTP.
	If you have no strong demand about speed test result, keep default settings as IP based.
Index	Click the WAN interface link under Index to access into the WAN configuration page.
Enable	V means such WAN interface is enabled and ready to be used.
Physical Mode / Type	Display the physical mode and physical type of such WAN interface.
Line Speed(Kbps) DownLink/UpLink	Display the downstream and upstream rate of such WAN interface.
Active Mode	Display whether such WAN interface is Active device or backup device.
	Backup (WAN#) - Display the backup WAN interface for such WAN when it is disabled.



In default, each WAN port is enabled.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-1-1-1 WAN1(ADSL/VDSL2)

Vigor router will detect the physical line is connected by ADSL or VDSL2 automatically. Therefore, this page allows you to configure settings for ADSL and VDSL2 at one time. That is, it is not necessary for you to configure different profile settings for ADSL and VDSL2 respectively.

WAN >> General Setup

WAN 1		
Enable:	Yes 🔻	
Display Name:		
Physical Mode:	ADSL	
DSL Mode:	Auto 🔹	
DSL Modem Code:	Default •	
Line Speed(Kbps):		
DownLink	0	
UpLink	0	
Active Mode:	Always On 🔻 Load Balance: 🗹	
VLAN Tag insertion	Service	Customer
ADSL		Disable 🔻
		Tag value Priority
		0 0
		(0~4095) (0~7)
VDSL2	Disable 🔻	Disable 🔻
	Tag value Priority	Tag value Priority
	0 0	0 0
	(0~4095) (0~7)	(0~4095) (0~7)

Note:

 The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

2.Service and customer tag settings are depending on network environment.

OK Cancel

Item	Description		
Enable	Choose Yes to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose No to disable the settings for this WAN interface.		
Display Name	Type the description for such interface.		
Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such interface. If VDSL2 is detected, this field will display "VDSL2"; if ADSL is detected, it will display "ADSL".		
DSL Mode	Specify the physical mode (VDSL or ADSL) for such router manually.		
DSL Modem Code	Choose the correct DSL modem code for ensuring the network connection. Default Default AnnexA_776d07_772801 AnnexA_774307_771801 If you have no idea about the selection, simply choose Default or contact the dealer for assistance.		
Line Speed (Kpbs)	If your choose According to Line Speed as the Load Balance Mode in previous page, please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.		

Active Mode	Choose Always On to make the WAN1 connection being activated always. Failover Always On Failover Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface. When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status. Failover - Choose it to make the WAN connection as a backup connection. WAN Failure - When the active WAN failed, such WAN will be activated as the main network connection.
	 Traffic Threshold - When the data traffic of active WAN reaches the traffic threshold (specified here), the failover WAN will be enabled automatically to share the overloaded data traffic.
Active When	If you choose Failover as the Active Mode, Active When will appear. Please specify which WAN will be the Backup interface. Active Mode: Failover Load Balance: WAN Failure WAN Failure WAN Failure WAN Failure Wan of the selected WAN disconnect Active When: Active When: Activ
VLAN Tag insertion (ADSL/VDSL)	Such feature is offered to the user with the environment supporting IEEE_802.1ad. In which, service is used for outer tag; customer is used for inner tag. Enable - Enable the function of VLAN with tag. The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out. Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1. Disable - Disable the function of VLAN with tag. Tag value - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095. Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-1-2 WAN2 (Ethernet)/(Wireless 2.4G/5G)

WAN2 can be configured for physical mode of Ethernet or Wireless 2.4/5G.

WAN >> General Setup

WAN 2	
Enable:	Yes 🔻
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	Ethernet 🔹
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	0
UpLink	0
Active Mode:	Failover 🔻 Load Balance: 🗹
	WAN Failure
	Traffic Threshold
	Upload User defined 🔻 DK bps (Default unit: K)
	Download User defined 🔹 DK bps (Default unit: K)
Active When:	• Any of the selected WAN disconnect
	All of the selected WAN disconnect
	🔲 WAN 1 🗌 WAN 2 🔲 WAN 3 🔲 WAN 4
VLAN Tag insertion	Service Customer
	Disable • Disable •
	Tag value Priority Tag value Priority
	(0~4095) (0~7) (0~4095) (0~7)

Note:

1. The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

2.Service and customer tag settings are depending on network environment.



Or,

WAN >> General Setup

WAN 2						
Enable:	Yes 🔻					
Display Namo:						
Physical Mode:	Wireless 2.4G V					
Line Speed(Kbps).						
DownLink	0					
UpLink	0					
Active Mode:	Failover 🔻 Load Balance: 🗹					
	WAN Failure					
	Traffic Threshold					
	Upload User defined 🔻 OK bps (Default unit: K)					
	Download User defined 🔻 DK bps (Default unit: K)					
Active When:	Any of the selected WAN disconnect					
	All of the selected WAN disconnect					
	WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4					

Note:

The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.



Available settings are e	explained as follows:
--------------------------	-----------------------

Item	Description			
Enable	Choose Yes to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose No to disable the settings for this WAN interface.			
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.			
Physical Mode	Choose Wireless 2.4G if you want to use wireless station mode to access Internet. Otherwise, choose Ethernet to access Internet through WAN2 Ethernet Port.			
Line Speed (Kbps)	If your choose According to Line Speed as the Load Balance Mode, please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.			
Active Mode	Choose Always On to make the WAN2 connection being activated always.			
	Failover 🕑 Always On Failover			
	Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface.			
	When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.			
	Failover - Choose it to make the WAN connection as a backup connection.			
	 WAN Failure - When the active WAN failed, such WAN will be activated as the main network connection. 			
	• Traffic Threshold - When the data traffic of active WAN reaches the traffic threshold (specified here), the failover WAN will be enabled automatically to share the overloaded data traffic.			
Active When	If you choose Failover as the Active Mode, Active When will appear. Please specify which WAN will be the Backup interface.			
	Active Mode: Failover V Load Balance: V WAN Failure Traffic Threshold Upload User defined V DK bps (Default unit: K)			
	Active When: O Any of the selected WAN disconnect All of the selected WAN disconnect WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4			
	Any of the selected WAN disconnect - Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.			
	All of the selected WAN disconnect - Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.			
	Check boxes for WAN1 to WAN4 - Specify the WAN interface by checking the WAN box.			
VLAN Tag insertion	Such feature is offered to the user with the environment supporting IEEE_802.1ad. In which, service is used for oute tag; customer is used for inner tag.			
	It is available only when Ethernet is selected as Physical Mode.			

Enable - Enable the function of VLAN with tag.
The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out.
Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1.
Disable - Disable the function of VLAN with tag.
Tag value - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.
Priority - Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-1-3 WAN3/WAN4 (USB)

To use 3G/4G network connection through 3G/4G USB Modem, please configure WAN3 or WAN4 interface.

WAN >> General Setup

Enable:	Yes 🔻
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	USB
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	0
UpLink	0
Active Mode:	Failover 🔹 Load Balance: 🖉
	WAN Failure
	Traffic Threshold
	Upload User defined 🔹 0K bps (Default unit: K)
	Download User defined 🔹 0K bps (Default unit: K)
Active When:	Any of the selected WAN disconnect
	All of the selected WAN disconnect
	🗆 WAN 1 🗆 WAN 2 🗆 WAN 3 🗆 WAN 4

The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.



Item	Description	
Enable	Choose Yes to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose No to disable the settings for this WAN interface.	
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.	
Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.	
Line Speed (Kbps)	If your choose According to Line Speed as the Load Balance Mode, please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.	
Active Mode	Choose Always On to make the WAN2 connection being activated always. Failover Always On Failover Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface.	

	function enabled will automatically among status. Failover - Choose it connection. • WAN Failure -	ic is large, the WAN interface with the Il balance the data transmission g all of the WAN interfaces in connection to make the WAN connection as a backup When the active WAN failed, such WAN ed as the main network connection.			
	 Traffic Threshold - When the data traffic of active WAN reaches the traffic threshold (specified here), t failover WAN will be enabled automatically to share to overloaded data traffic. 				
Active When	appear. Please speci interface. Active Mode: Active When: Any of the selected be activated when a All of the selected M	er as the Active Mode, Active When will ify which WAN will be the Backup Failower Load Balance: • WAN Failure • Traffic Threshold · Upload User defined bps (Default unit: K) • Any of the selected WAN disconnect bps (Default unit: K) • Any of the selected WAN disconnect • WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3 WAN 4 WAN disconnect - Such backup WAN will ny master WAN interface disconnects.			
	be activated only whe disconnect.	nen all master WAN interfaces			

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-2 Internet Access

For the router supports multi-WAN function, the users can set different WAN settings (for WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 or WAN4) for Internet Access. Due to different Physical Mode for WAN interface, the Access Mode for these connections also varies. Refer to the following figures for examples.

Access Mode for ADSL/VDSL2,

WAN >> Internet Access

Infornat Accase

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode			
WAN1		ADSL / VDSL2	None	•	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	None	-	Details Page	IPv6
WANЗ		USB	PPPoE / PPPoA MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP	-	Details Page	IPv6
WAN4		USB	None	•	Details Page	IPv6

Note: 1.Device on USB port 1 applies WAN3 configuration. 2.Device on USB port 2 applies WAN4 configuration.

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

Access Mode for Etherenet / USB,

Ethernet	None 🔽			_
	None	USB	None	~
USB	PPPoE	1 applies WAN2 o	None	
USB	Static or Dynamic IP PPTP/L2TP	2 applies WAN4 c	None 3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode) 3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)	

Item	Description		
Index	Display the WAN interface.		
Display Name	It shows the name of the WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 that entered in general setup.		
Physical Mode	It shows the physical connection for WAN1(ADSL/VDSL2)/WAN2 (Ethernet/Wireless 2.4G)/WAN3 /WAN4 (3G/4G USB Modem) accroding to the real network connection.		
Access Mode	Use the drop down list to choose a proper access mode. The details page of that mode will be popped up. If not, click Details Page for accessing the page to configure the settings.		
Details Page	This button will open different web page (based on IPv4) according to the access mode that you choose in WAN interface.		
	Note that Details Page will be changed slightly based on ADSL/VDSL2 physical mode specified on WAN>>General Setup.		
IPv6	This button will open different web page (based on Physical Mode) to setup IPv6 Internet Access Mode for WAN interface.		
Advanced	This button allows you to configure DHCP client options. DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number		

and data information when such function is enabled and configured.		
WAN>> Internet Access		
DHCP Client Options Status		
Options List		
Enable Interface Option Type Data		
Enable: 🖉		
Interface: All WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN4 WAN5 WAN6 WAN7 Option Number: DataType: DataType: ASCI1 Character (EX: Option:18, Data:/path) Hexadecimal Digit (EX: Option:18, Data:/P10617468) Add Update Delete Reset Note: 1.Option 12 is reserved. You cannot configure it here, but you can configure it in "Router Name" field of "WAN >> Internet Access >> Details Page". 2.Option 55 is reserved and configured with value 1, 3, 6, 15 and 212, also 33 and 121 for some models.		
3.Configuring option 61 here will override the setting in "WAN >> Internet Access" page's DHCP Client Identifier field.		
ok		
Enable/Disable - Enable/Disable the function of DHCP Option. Each DHCP option is composed by an option number with data. For example,		
Option number:100		
Data: abcd		
When such function is enabled, the specified values for DHCP option will be seen in DHCP reply packets.		
Interface - Specify the WAN interface(s) that will be overwritten by such function. WAN5 ~ WAN7 can be located under WAN>>Multi-PVC/VLAN.		
Option Number - Type a number for such function.		
DataType - Choose the type (ASCII or Hex) for the data to be stored.		
Data - Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.		

() Info

If you choose to configure option 61 here, the detailed settings in WAN>>Interface Access will be overwritten.

II-1-2-1 Details Page for PPPoE in WAN1 (Physical Mode: VDSL2)

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the Internet, please select **PPPoE** from the WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1 page. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or	Dynamic IP	IPv6	
💿 Enable 🔘 Disable		ISP Access Setup		
Modem Settings (for ADSL Multi-PVC channel VPI VCI Encapsulating Type Protocol Modulation	only) Channel 1 O 33 LLC/SNAP PPPoE Multimode	Service Name ¹ Username Password Separate Account fo PPP Authentication IP Address From ISP W// Fixed IP O Yes O I Fixed IP Address	PAP or CHAP 💌	
PPPoE Pass-through For Wired LAN ² For Wireless LAN		 Default MAC Addres Specify a MAC Addre MAC Address: 00 (10) 		
WAN Connection Detection Mode MTU	ARP Detect 💌	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedula</u> =>,,	2 Setup: ,	
Path MTU Discovery	Detect			

Item	Description		
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.		
Modem Setting (for ADSL only)	It is not necessary to configure settings in these fields for modem settings are prepared for ADSL only.		
PPPoE Pass-through	The router offers PPPoE dial-up connection. Besides, you also can establish the PPPoE connection directly from local clients to your ISP via the Vigor router. When PPPoA protocol is selected, the PPPoE package transmitted by PC will be transformed into PPPoA package and sent to WAN server. Thus, the PC can access Internet through such direction.		
	For Wired LAN - If you check this box, PCs on the same network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.		
	For Wireless LAN - It is available for <i>n</i> model. If you check this box, PCs on the same wireless network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.		
	Note: To have PPPoA Pass-through, please choose PPPoA protocol and check the box(es) here. The router will behave like a modem which only serves the PPPoE client on the LAN. That's, the router will offer PPPoA dial-up connection.		
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.		
	 Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as 		

	 detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path. Click Detect to open the following dialog.
	N2Choose IP - Google Chrome
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host • MTU size start from 1500 (1000~1500) MTU reduce size by 8 (1~100) Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times.
	Accept Cancel
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path. MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet.
	 MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically.
	• Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value
	• Accept- After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU.
ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.
	Username - Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.
	Password - Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.
	Separate Account for ADSL - In default, WAN1 supports VDSL2/ADSL and uses the same PPPoE account and password for connection. If required, you can configure another account and password for ADSL connection by checking this box. If it is checked, the system will ask you to type another group of account and password additionally.
	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for

	PPP.				
IP Address From ISP	you connec provides se whenever y address in t you want to WAN IP Alia than the cu	t to it and r rvice to alw you request. the Fixed IP to use this fu as - If you h to utilize th as. You can s urrent one you s- Google Chrome 1.1/doc/wipalia	ave multiple public IP addro em on the WAN interface, p set up to 8 public IP addres ou are using.	ISP address this IP ISP before esses and please use	
		lias (Multi-NAT			
	Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP		
	1.	e			
	2.		0.0.0.0		
	3.		0.0.0.0		
	4.		0.0.0.0		
	5.		0.0.0		
	6.		0.0.00		
	7.		0.0.0.0		
	8.		0.0.00		
	Fixed IP - C address in t Default MA specify ano Address for Specify a M manually. Index (1-15 time schedu previously i	the box of F C Address - ther MAC ac the router. IAC Address 5) in Schedu ule for your in Applicatio	32 >> Clear All Close use this function and type in ixed IP Address. You can use Default MAC A dress by typing on the boxe - Type the MAC address for alle Setup - You can type in f request. All the schedules ons >> Schedule web page at you have set in that web	Address or es of MAC the router four sets of can be set and you	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-1-2-2 Details Page for MPoA/Static or Dynamic IP in WAN1 (Physical Mode: VDSL2)

MPoA is a specification that enables ATM services to be integrated with existing LANs, which use either Ethernet, token-ring or TCP/IP protocols. The goal of MPoA is to allow different LANs to send packets to each other via an ATM backbone.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the Internet, select **Static or Dynamic IP** from the WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1 page. The following web page will appear.

WAN >> Internet Access

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or	Dynamic IP	IPv6		
🔘 Enable 🛛 💿 Disa	able	WAN IP Network Settings	WAN IP Alias		
Modem Settings (for ADSL only)		○ Obtain an IP address automatically			
Multi-PVC channel	Channel 2	Router Name	drayrouter *		
Encapsulation		Domain Name	*		
	Bridged IP LLC 🛛 🗸	DHCP Client Identifier *			
VPI	0	Username			
VCI	88	Password			
Modulation	Multimode 🗸	Specify an IP address			
		IP Address			
WAN Connection Detection	L	Subnet Mask			
Mode	ARP Detect 💌	Gateway IP Address			
MTU	1492 (Max:1500)	O Default MAC Address	;		
Path MTU Discovery	Detect	O Specify a MAC Address			
		MAC Address: 00 1D AA BC 4D C1			
RIP Protocol		DNS Server IP Address			
Enable RIP		Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8		
Bridge Mode					
Enable Bridge Mode		Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4		
Bridge Subnet	LAN 1 💌				

*: Required for some ISPs

Item	Description		
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.		
Modem Setting (for ADSL only)	It is not necessary to configure settings in these fields for modem settings are prepared for ADSL only.		
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose ARP Detect, Ping Detect or Always On for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. 		

	• Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.			
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path. Click Detect to open the following dialog. AN2Choose IP - Google Chrome 92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm			
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host • MTU size start from 1500 (1000~1500) MTU reduce size by 8 (1~100) Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times. Accept Cancel			
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path. MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500. MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically. 			
	 Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value Accept- After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU. 			
RIP Protocol	Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click Enable RIP for activating this function.			
Bridge Mode	 Click Enable RIP for activating this function. Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem. Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated. Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface. 			
WAN IP Network Settings	This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually. WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Notice that this setting is available for WAN1 only. Type the additional WAN IP address and check the Enable box. Then click OK to exit the dialog.			

	ias - Google Chrome	
192.168	.1.1/doc/wipalia	s.htm 🖣
_	A	
WAN1 IP /	Alias (Multi-NAT)
Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP
1.		
2.		0.0.0.0
з.		0.0.0.0
4.		0.0.0.0
5.		0.0.0.0
6.		0.0.0.0
7.		0.0.0.0
8.		0.0.0.0
<< <u>1-8 9</u>	<u>-16 17-24 25</u>	<u>.32</u> >> <u>Next</u> >>
	OK	Clear All Close
	by ISP.	e - Type in the router name provide
DHCP Clie	Domain Nar have assigne nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP.
● DHCP Clie ●	Domain Nar have assignent nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF Username:	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is
DHCP Clie	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: 1	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is
•	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCP Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the password IP address	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng
• • Specify an	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the password IP address	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng yord you can set is 62 characters.
• • Specify an	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCP Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the passw IP address	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng yord you can set is 62 characters. - Click this radio button to specify • Type in the private IP address.
• • Specify an	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the passv IP address UP Address	ne - Type in the domain name that yeed. ** ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng yord you can set is 62 characters. - Click this radio button to specify • Type in the private IP address. k - Type in the subnet mask.
• Specify an some data • • • • Default M You can us address fo	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCP Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the passv IP address IP Address Gateway IP AC Address ie Default M r your neces	ne - Type in the domain name that yeed. ** ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng yord you can set is 62 characters. - Click this radio button to specify • Type in the private IP address. k - Type in the subnet mask. Address - Type in gateway IP address • Type in MAC address for the router AC Address or specify another MAC sity.
• Specify an some data • • • • Default M You can us address fo	Domain Nar have assigned nt Identifier Check the b as the DHCF Username: maximum le 63 characte Password: T of the passw IP address UP Address Gateway IP AC Address E Default M r your neces MAC Address	ne - Type in the domain name that yo ed. * ox to specify username and password client identifier for some ISP. Type a name as username. The ength of the user name you can set is rs. Type a password. The maximum leng yord you can set is 62 characters. - Click this radio button to specify • Type in the private IP address. k - Type in the subnet mask. Address - Type in gateway IP address • Type in MAC address for the router AC Address or specify another MAC

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-3 Details Page for PPPoE/PPPoA in WAN1 (Physical Mode: ADSL)

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA MPoA / Static or		Dynamic IP	IPv6	
🔍 Enable 💿 Disable		ISP Access Setup		
Modern Settings (for ADSL only) Multi-PVC channel Channel 1 VPI 8 VCI 35 Encapsulating Type VC MUX • Protocol PPPoA • Modulation Multimode •		Service Name ¹ Username Password Separate Account for ADSL PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP IP Address From ISP WAN IP Alias Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP) Fixed IP Address		
PPPoE Pass-through For Wired LAN ² For Wireless LAN		 Default MAC Addres Specify a MAC Addr MAC Address: 00 ·1 	ess	
WAN Connection Detection Mode	ARP Detect •	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedul</u> =>,,	l <u>e</u> Setup: ,,	
MTU Path MTU Discovery	1500 (Max:1500) Detect			

Note:

(Optional) Required for some ISPs. Leave blank if in doubt because the connection request might be denied if "Service Name" is incorrect.
 If this box is checked while using the PPPoA protocol, the router will behave like a modem which only serves the PPPoE client on the LAN.



Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
Modem Settings (for ADSL only)	Set up the DSL parameters required by your ISP. These settings configured here are specified for ADSL only.
	Multi-PVC channel - The selections displayed here are determined by the page of Internet Access >> Multi PVCs. Select M-PVCs Channel means no selection will be chosen.
	VPI - Type in the value provided by ISP.
	VCI - Type in the value provided by ISP.
	Encapsulating Type - Drop down the list to choose the type provided by ISP.
	Protocol - Drop down the list to choose the one (PPPoE or PPPoA) provided by ISP.
	If you have already used Quick Start Wizard to set the protocol, then it is not necessary for you to change any settings in this group.
	Modulation -Default setting is Multimode. Choose the one that fits the requirement of your router.

	Modulation	Multimode T1.413 G.Lite G.DMT ADSL2(G.992.3) ADSL2 annex M ADSL2+(G.992.5) ADSL2+ annex M Multimode
PPPoE Pass-through	also can establish the PPPol clients to your ISP via the V is selected, the PPPoE pack transformed into PPPoA pac Thus, the PC can access Inte For Wired LAN - If you cheen network can use another se the Host PC) to access into For Wireless LAN - It is avai this box, PCs on the same w set of PPPoE session (different into Internet.	II-up connection. Besides, you E connection directly from local igor router. When PPPoA protocol age transmitted by PC will be ckage and sent to WAN server. ernet through such direction. ck this box, PCs on the same t of PPPoE session (different with Internet. hilable for <i>n</i> model. If you check vireless network can use another ent with the Host PC) to access
	protocol and check the box	through, please choose PPPoA (es) here. The router will behave rves the PPPoE client on the LAN. r PPPoA dial-up connection.
WAN Connection Detection	 Mode - Choose ARP Detect execute for WAN detection detection mode, you have to following items. Primary/Secondary Ping detection mode, you have address in this field for p Ping Gateway IP - If you mode, you also can enab gateway IP address for p With the IP address for p With the IP address (es) p the WAN connection is o TTL (Time to Live) - Set Ping Interval - Type the execute the PING operat Ping Retry - Type the nut 	arough ARP Detect or Ping Detect. or Ping Detect for the system to . If you choose Ping Detect as the to type required settings for the g IP - If you choose Ping Detect as ye to type Primary or Secondary IP pinging. I choose Ping Detect as detection le this setting to use current WAN pinging. pinging, Vigor router can check if on or off. t TTL value of PING operation. interval for the system to tion. umber of times that the system is PING operation before WAN
MTU		used to detect the maximum MTU egmented in specific transmit

	AN2Choose IP - Google Chrome
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host MTU size start from 1500 (1000~1500) MTU reduce size by 8 (1~100) Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times. Accept Cancel
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path. MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500.
	 MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically.
	 Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value Accept- After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU.
ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP. Username - Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.
	Password - Type in the password provided by ISP in this field. Separate Account for ADSL - In default, WAN1 supports VDSL2/ADSL and uses the same PPPoE account and password for connection. If required, you can configure another account and password for ADSL connection by checking this box. If it is checked, the system will ask you to type another group of account and password additionally. PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for
	PPP. Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.
IP Address From ISP	Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.

🕖 WAN1IP Alia:	s - Google Chrom	e	
🗋 192.168.1	.1/doc/wipali	as.htm	
	ias (Multi-NA		
Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	
1.	1		
2.		0.0.0	
З.		0.0.0	
4.		0.0.0	
5.		0.0.0	
6.		0.0.0.0	
7.		0.0.0	
8.		0.0.00	
<< <u>1-8 9-1</u>	<u> 6 17-24 2</u>	<u>5-32</u> >>	<u>Next</u> >>
	OK	Clear All Close	
Fixed IP - C	lick Yes to	use this function and type	e in a fixed IP
address in t	he box of I	Fixed IP Address.	
		- You can use Default MAG	
specify anot Address for		ddress by typing on the bo	oxes of MAC
			or the restor
manually.	at Addres	s - Type the MAC address f	or the router
time schedu previously i	ile for you n Applicat	ule Setup - You can type in r request. All the schedule ions >> Schedule web page nat you have set in that we	es can be set ge and you

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-4 Details Page for MPoA/Static or Dynamic IP in WAN1 (Physical Mode: ADSL)

MPoA is a specification that enables ATM services to be integrated with existing LANs, which use either Ethernet, token-ring or TCP/IP protocols. The goal of MPoA is to allow different LANs to send packets to each other via an ATM backbone.

To use MPoA/Static or Dynamic IP as the accessing protocol of the Internet, select MPoA /Static or Dynamic IP from the WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1 page. The following web page will appear.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1				
PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or	Dynamic IP	IPv6	
🔍 Enable 🛛 🖲 Disa	ble	WAN IP Network Settings	WAN IP Alias	
		🔍 Obtain an IP address a	utomatically	
Modem Settings (for ADSL		Router Name	Vigor	*
Multi-PVC channel	Channel 2 🔹	Domain Name		*
Encapsulation		_		1
1483	Bridged IP LLC 🔹	🔲 DHCP Client Identifier	*	
VPI	0	Username		
VCI	88	Password		
Modulation	Multimode 🔹	Specify an IP address		
		IP Address		
WAN Connection Detection	n	Subnet Mask		
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻	Gateway IP Address		
		,		
MTU	1492 (Max: 1500)	Default MAC Address		
Path MTU Discovery	Detect	Specify a MAC Addre		
			· AA :5D · C9 · E1	
RIP Protocol		MAC AUGress: 00 110		
Enable RIP		DNS Server IP Address		
Bridge Mode		Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8	
Enable Bridge Mode		Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4	
Enable Full Bridge Mode	do			
2				
Bridge Subnet	LAN 1 🔻			

*: Required for some ISPs

Note:

If enable firewall in bridge mode, IPv6 connection type would be change to DHCPv6 mode.
 Bridge Subnet cannot be selected by Multi-WAN Interface at the same time.
 If both Bridge Mode and Firewall are enabled, the settings under User Management will be ignored.

4. Full Bridge Mode supports forwarding packets with VLAN tags.

5. Full Bridge Mode doesn't support wireless LAN.

OK Cancel

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
Modem Settings (for ADSL only)	Set up the DSL parameters required by your ISP. These settings configured here are specified for ADSL only.
	Multi-PVC channel - The selections displayed here are determined by the page of Internet Access >>Multi PVCs. Select M-PVCs Channel means no selection will be chosen.
	Encapsulation - Drop down the list to choose the type provided by ISP.
	VPI - Type in the value provided by ISP.
	VCI - Type in the value provided by ISP.
	Modulation -Default setting is Multimode. Choose the one that fits the requirement of your router.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always on, ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required

	 settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
	 Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path. Click Detect to open the following dialog.
	AN2Choose IP - Google Chrome
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host ▼ MTU size start from 1500 MTU reduce size by 8 Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times.
	Accept Cancel
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path.
	 MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500.
	 MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically.
	 Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value Accept - After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU.
RIP Protocol	Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click Enable RIP for activating this function.
Bridge Mode	Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem. Yet, the incoming packets with VLAN tags will be discarded. Enable Full Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem which is able to forward incoming packets with VLAN tags.
	Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes

		11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	User Manage	ement will be	configured (user profiles) un ignored. And all of the filter irewall menu will be activate	rules
		net - Make a b such WAN inte	ridge between the selected L erface.	_AN
WAN IP Network Settings	and allows y WAN IP Alia would like to WAN IP Alias than the cur available for	you type in IP as - If you have o utilize them s. You can set rrent one you r WAN1 only.	obtain an IP address automat address manually. e multiple public IP addresses n on the WAN interface, pleas t up to 32 public IP addresses are using. Notice that this set Type the additional WAN IP a k. Then click OK to exit the d	s and se use other tting is oddress
	🕖 WAN1IP Alias	- Google Chrome		X
	192.168.1	.1/doc/wipalias.h	tm	×.
	WAN1 IP Ali	ias (Multi-NAT)		
	Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	
	1.			
	2.		0.0.0.0	
	з.		0.0.0	
	4.		0.0.0.0	
	5.		0.0.0	
	6.		0.0.0	
	7.		0.0.0	
	8.		0.0.0.0	
		6 17-24 25-32	Clear All Close	
	obtain the II R b D	P address aut couter Name y ISP.	omatically - Click this buttor omatically. - Type in the router name pro - Type in the domain name th	ovided
	DHCP Client	t Identifier -		
	р		the box to specify username e DHCP client identifier for s	
	m		pe a name as username. The th of the user name you can a	set is
	0	f the passwor	e a password. The maximum d you can set is 62 characters	S.
	Specify an I some data.	P address - C	lick this radio button to spec	ify
	● IF	P Address - T	ype in the private IP address.	
	• S	ubnet Mask -	Type in the subnet mask.	

	 Gateway IP Address - Type in gateway IP address. Default MAC Address - Type in MAC address for the router. You can use Default MAC Address or specify another MAC address for your necessity. Specify a MAC Address - Type in the MAC address for the
	router manually.
DNS Server IP Address	Type in the primary IP address for the router. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to activate them.

II-1-2-5 Details Page for PPPoE in WAN2 (Physical Mode: Ethernet)

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the Internet, please select **PPPoE** from the WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN2 page. The following web page will be shown.

PPPoE Static or Dynamic IP PPTP/L2TP IPv6 Enable Disable PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP • ISP Access Setup Idle Timeout -1 second(s) Service Name (Optional) Idle Timeout -1 second(s) Username Password -1 second(s) Password Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: - - => , , , - - WAN Connection Detection Mode ARP Detect • MAC Address Specify a MAC Address MTU 1500 (Max:1500) Path MTU Discovery Detect - - TIL Change the TTL value Enable • - - - -	WAN 2					
ISP Access Setup Service Name (Optional) Username Password Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: => , , , WAN Connection Detection Mode ARP Detect • MTU 1500 Path MTU Discovery Detect TTL	PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP		IPv6
ISP Access Setup Service Name (Optional) Username Password Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: => , , , WAN Connection Detection Mode ARP Detect • MTU 1500 Path MTU Discovery Detect TTL	🔍 Enable 🔍 Disa	able		•	PAP or C	
WAN Connection Detection Mode ARP Detect • MTU 1500 Path MTU Discovery Detect TTL • Default MAC Address	Service Name (Optional Username Password Index(1-15) in <u>Schedul</u> e		Idle T IP Add WAN Fixed	'imeout I ress Assignment Me IP Alias IP: ○ Yes ● No	-1 thod (IPCF	second(s))
Path MTU Discovery Detect TTL			● S	pecify a MAC Addres	ss	·C0 ·F2
		Enable 🔻				

WAN >> Internet Access

(Optional) Required for some ISPs. Leave blank if in doubt because the connection request might be denied if "Service Name" is incorrect.

OK	Cancel
----	--------

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.
	Service Name (Optional) - Enter the description of the specific network service.
	Username - Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.
	The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63

	abaraatara	
	characters. Password - Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.	
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 62	
	characters. Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.	
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. 	
	• Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.	
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path. Click Detect to open the following dialog.	
	AN2Choose IP - Google Chrome	
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm	
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host MTU size start from 1500 (1000~1500) MTU reduce size by 8 (1~100) Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times.	
	Accept Cancel	
	• Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path.	
	 MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500. 	
	 MTU reduce size by - It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically. 	
	• Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value	
	 Accept - After clicking it, the detected value will be 	

	displayed in the field of MTU.	
TTL	Change the TTL value - Enable or disable the TTL (Time Live) for a packet transmitted through Vigor router.	
	Enable - TTL value will be reduced (-1) when it passess through Vigor router. It will cause the client, accessing Internet through Vigor router, be blocked by certain ISP when TTL value becomes "0".	
	Disable - TTL value will not be reduced. Then, when a packet passes through Vigor router, it will not be cancelled. That is, the client who sends out the packet will not be blocked by ISP.	
PPP/MP Setup	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.	
	Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.	
IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)	Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.	
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Type the additional WAN IP address and check the Enable box. Then click OK to exit the dialog.	
	Fixed IP - Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of Fixed IP Address .	
	Default MAC Address - You can use Default MAC Address or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.	
	Specify a MAC Address - Type the MAC address for the router manually.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to activate them.

II-1-2-6 Details Page for Static or Dynamic IP in WAN2 (Physical Mode:

Ethernet)

For static IP mode, you usually receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet, namely multiple public IP addresses from your DSL or Cable ISP service providers. In most cases, a Cable service provider will offer a fixed public IP, while a DSL service provider will offer a public subnet. If you have a public subnet, you could assign an IP address or many IP address to the WAN interface.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the **Static or Dynamic IP** tab. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 2

PPPoE		Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6	
Enable	🔍 Disab	ble	WAN	IP Network Settings	WAN IP Alias	
Keep WAN Conr	naction		🔍 o	btain an IP address a	utomatically	
Enable PING		livo	Rout	ter Name	*	
PING to the IP	з со кеер а		Dom	ain Name	*	
PING Interval		n minute(s)	🗆 DI	HCP Client Identifier	*	
PING Interval		0 minute(s)	User	mame		
WAN Connection	n Detection		Pass	sword		
Mode		ARP Detect 🔻	🖲 S	pecify an IP address		
			IP A	ddress	172.16.3.130	
MTU		1500 (Max: 1500)	Sub	net Mask	255.255.255.0	
Path MTU Disc	covery	Detect	Gate	eway IP Address	172.16.3.1	
RIP Protocol				efault MAC Address		-
🔲 Enable RIP						
			I '	pecify a MAC Addres		
Bridge Mode				Address: 00 ·1D	·AA:5D ·C9 ·E2	
🔲 Enable Bridg	ge Mode			Server IP Address		-
🔲 Enable Full	Bridge Mod	e				
Bridge Subnet		LAN 1 🔻	Prima	ry IP Address	8.8.8.8	
			Secor	ndary IP Address	8.8.4.4	
TTL						
Change the TTI	L value	Enable 🔻				

*: Required for some ISPs

Note:

1. If enable firewall in bridge mode, IPv6 connection type would be change to DHCPv6 mode.

Bridge Subnet cannot be selected by Multi-WAN Interface at the same time.
 If both Bridge Mode and Firewall are enabled, the settings under User Management will be ignored.

- 4. Full Bridge Mode supports forwarding packets with VLAN tags.
- 5. Full Bridge Mode doesn't support wireless LAN.

OK	Cancel
UN I	Cancer

Item	Description
Enable / Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
Keep WAN Connection	Normally, this function is designed for Dynamic IP environments because some ISPs will drop connections if there is no traffic within certain periods of time. Check Enable PING to keep alive box to activate this function.
	PING to the IP - If you enable the PING function, please specify the IP address for the system to PING it for keeping alive.
	PING Interval - Enter the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose ARP Detect, Ping Detect or Always On for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required

	settings for the following items.
	 Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address (es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
	 Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery – It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path. Click Detect to open the following dialog.
	N2Choose IP - Google Chrome
	9 2.168.1.1 /doc/pathmtu.htm
	Path MTU to:IPv4 Host •MTU size start from1500MTU reduce size by800DetectNote: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times.
	Accept Cancel
	• Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path.
	• MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500.
	 MTU reduce size by - It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically. Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value Accept - After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU.
RIP Protocol	Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click Enable RIP for activating this function.
Bridge Mode	 Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem. Yet, the incoming packets with VLAN tags will be discarded. Enable Full Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem which is able to forward
	incoming packets with VLAN tags. Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes

	are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated. Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN
	subnet and such WAN interface.
TTL	Change the TTL value - Enable or disable the TTL (Time to Live) for a packet transmitted through Vigor router. Enable - TTL value will be reduced (-1) when it passess through Vigor router. It will cause the client, accessing Internet through Vigor router, be blocked by certain ISP when TTL value becomes "0".
	Disable - TTL value will not be reduced. Then, when a packet passes through Vigor router, it will not be cancelled. That is, the client who sends out the packet will not be blocked by ISP.
WAN IP Network Settings	This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.
	Obtain an IP address automatically - Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use Dynamic IP mode.
	• Router Name : Type in the router name provided by ISP.
	• Domain Name : Type in the domain name that you have assigned.
	DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP
	• Enable: Check the box to specify username and password as the DHCP client identifier for some ISP.
	 Username: Type a name as username. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
	• Password: Type a password. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.
	Specify an IP address - Click this radio button to specify some data if you want to use Static IP mode.
	• IP Address: Type the IP address.
	• Subnet Mask: Type the subnet mask.
	 Gateway IP Address: Type the gateway IP address.
	Default MAC Address : Click this radio button to use default MAC address for the router.
	Specify a MAC Address : Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the Specify a MAC Address and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address field.
DNS Server IP Address	Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use Static IP mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

II-1-2-7 Details Page for PPTP/L2TP in WAN2 (Physical Mode: Ethernet)

To use **PPTP/L2TP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the **PPTP/L2TP** tab. The following web page will be shown.

WAN	>>	Internet	Access
-----	----	----------	--------

PPPoE		Static or D	ynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP		IPv6
◯Enable (РТР 🔘 Er	nable L2TP	💿 Disable	PPP S	etup		
Server Address	5			PPP A	uthentication	PAP or	CHAP 🔽
Specify Gatew	ay IP Addre	ess		Idle T	imeout	-1	second(s)
					Iress Assignment Met I IP Alias	hod (IPC	(P)
ISP Access Set	սթ			Fixed	IP: 🔘 Yes 💽 No	(Dynan	nic IP)
Username				Fixed	IP Address		
Password				WAN I	P Network Settings		
Index(1-15) in	<u>Schedule</u>	Setup:		🔘 O 0	btain an IP address a	automat	tically
=> ,	,	,		💿 Sp	oecify an IP address		
				IP A	ddress		
MTU		1460 (Max:1460)	Subr	net Mask		
Path MTU Dis	covery	Detect					
			ОК	Car	ncel		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
PPTP/L2TP	Enable PPTP- Click this radio button to enable a PPTP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.	
	Enable L2TP - Click this radio button to enable a L2TP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.	
	Disable - Click this radio button to close the connection through PPTP or L2TP.	
	Server Address - Specify the IP address of the PPTP/L2TP server if you enable PPTP/L2TP client mode.	
	Specify Gateway IP Address - Specify the gateway IP address for DHCP server.	
ISP Access Setup	Username -Type in the username provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.	
	Password -Type in the password provided by ISP in this field. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.	
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.	
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet.	
	Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit path.	
	Click Detect to open the following dialog.	

	N2Choose IP - Google Chrome		
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm		
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host MTU size start from 1500 (1000~1500) MTU reduce size by 8 (1~100) Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times. Accept Cancel		
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path. MTU size start from - Determine the starting point 		
	 value of the packet. Default setting is 1500. MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically. 		
	 Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value Accept - After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU. 		
PPP Setup	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.		
	Idle Timeout - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.		
IP Address Assignment Method(IPCP)	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 32 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.		
	Fixed IP - Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box.		
	Fixed IP Address - Type a fixed IP address.		
WAN IP Network Settings	Obtain an IP address automatically - Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.		
	Specify an IP address - Click this radio button to specify some data.		
	• IP Address - Type the IP address.		
	 Subnet Mask - Type the subnet mask. 		

II-1-2-8 Details Page for Static or Dynamic IP in WAN2 (Physical Mode: Wireless 2.4G)

When Wireless 2.4G is selected as Physical Mode, WAN2 uses wireless station mode to access Internet. The Router acts as a 2.4GHz wireless station and connects to the specific Wireless AP.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please select **Static or Dynamic IP** from the WAN>>Internet Access>>WAN2 page. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

Static or Dynamic IP	
🖲 Enable 🔍 Disable	
Obtain an IP address automatically	
Specify an IP address	
IP Address	192.168.3.100
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address	192.168.3.1
WAN Connection Detection	
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻
МТU	1500 (Max: 1500)
Universal Repeater Parameters	
SSID	DrayTek AP Discovery
MAC Address (Optional)	00 :50 :7F :62 :98 :E8
Channel :	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🔹
Security Mode	Disable 🔻

OK

Cancel

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
Obtain an IP address automatically	Click this radio button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use Dynamic IP mode.
Specify an IP address	Click this radio button to specify dome data if you want to use Static IP mode.
	IP address - Type the IP address.
	Subnet Mask - Type the subnet mask.
	Gateway IP Address - Type the gateway IP address.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose ARP Detect, Ping Detect or Always On for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items.
	 Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging.
	 Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN

	 gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is 				
	allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.				
MTU AP Discovery	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Click this button to open the Access Point Discovery window. Let wireless 2.4GHz do AP discovery and choose the Wireless AP you wan to connect to. Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery				
	Access Point List Index BSSID Channel RSSI SSID Authentication 1 02:1D:AA:97:E9:48 11 78% DrayTek-LAN-B Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK 2 00:1D:AA:97:E9:48 11 78% AP900-airtim WPA2/PSK 3 02:1D:AA:90:20:80 11 26% ap902_Vifi_114_1 WPA2/PSK 4 00:1D:AA:90:20:80 11 26% ap902_0110_Eantee WPA2/PSK 5 02:50:7F:22:33:88 11 23% AP900_110_2.40-1 WPA2/PSK 6 00:50:7F:22:33:88 11 23% AP900_110_2.40-1 WPA2/PSK 7 02:1D:AA:7E:41:80 11 13% TestRoaming2.40-8 Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK 9 00:1D:AA:7E:41:80 11 13% VERKoming2.40-8 Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK 9 00:1D:AA:7E:41:80 11 13% TestRoaming2.40-8 Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK 9 00:1D:AA:DD:75:00 11 6% upwersal Repeater Note: 1. 00 Universal Repeater Note:<				
SSID MAC Address (Optional)	The identification of the Wireless AP. The MAC Address of the Wireless AP.				
Channel	The channel of frequency of the Wireless AP. Please notice that, if this setting is modified, the channel of Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) would be also modified.				
Security Mode	 The mode to connect to the Wireless AP. Disable - The Router connects to the wireless AP without any encryption mechanism. WEP - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WEP client and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key. 64-Bit - For 64 bits WEP key, either 5 ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digitals leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.) 128-Bit - For 128 bits WEP key, either 13 ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D). WEP keys - Four keys can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use. WPA/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA client and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. 				
	 WPA2/PSK uses TKIP as Encryption Mode. WPA2/PSK uses AES as Encryption Mode. WPA2/PSK - The Router connects to the wireless AP as a WPA2 client and the encryption key should be entered in 				

PSK.
Pass Phrase - The PSK. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678 (or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").

II-1-2-9 Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode) in WAN3/WAN4

To use **3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from WAN menu. Then, select **3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)** for WAN3. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	3G/4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)	IPv6
		Modem Support L
3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable	
SIM PIN code		
Modem Initial String	AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0	
Modelin Initial String	(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=	0)
APN Name		Apply
Modem Initial String2	AT	
Modem Dial String	ATDT*99#	
	(Default:ATDT*99#, CDMA:ATDT SCDMA:ATDT*98*1#)	#777, TD-
Service Name		(Optional)
PPP Username		(Optional)
PPP Password		(Optional)
PPP Authentication	PAP or CHAP	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		
=>,,,		
WAN Connection Detection		
Mode	ARP Detect 💌	

Item	Description
Modem Support List	It lists all of the modems supported by such router.

	i8.1.1/doc/pppsuptlst.htm				
	3G/4G Modern Suppor	t List(PPP mode)			
	The following compatibility test lists 3.5G/LTE modems supported by Vigor router under certain environment or countries. If the LTE modem you have is on the list but cannot work properly, ple write an e-mail to support@draytek.com or consult your dealer for further information.				
	Brand	Model	LTE	Status	
	Aiko	Aiko 83D		Y	
	Alcatel	Alcatel L100V Alcatel W100	<u></u>	Y	
	BandRich	Bandluxe C170		Y	
	BandRich BandRich	Bandluxe C270 Bandluxe C321		Y	
	BandRich	Bandluxe C330		Y	
	BandRich BandRich	Bandluxe C331 Bandluxe C502		Y	
	D-Link	D_LINK DWM221 B1	9	Y	
	Huawei Huawei	Huawei E169u Huawei E220		Y Y	
	Huawei	Huawei E303D		Y	
3G /4G USB Modem (PPP mode)	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.				
SIM PIN code	Internet.	e of the SIM card tha			
	The maximum length of the PIN code you can set is 15 characters.				
Modem Initial String	Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.				
	The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters.				
APN Name	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply .				
	The maximum length of the name you can set is 43 characters.				
Modem Initial String2	The initial st	ring 1 is shared with	APN.		
In some cases, user may need another i restrict 3G band or do any special setti				ings.	
	The maximur characters.	n length of the string	you can set is	s 47	
Modem Dial String	Modem Dial String Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Ple default value. If you have any question, please c your ISP.				
	The maximum length of the string you can set is 31 characters.				
Service Name	Enter the des	scription of the speci	fic network se	rvice.	
PPP Username	Type the PPP username (optional). The maximum length of the name you can set is 63 characters.				
PPP Password	Type the PPP password (optional). The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.				
PPP Authentication	Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.				
Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup	You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page				
WAN Connection	Such function allows you to verify whether network				

Detection	connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items.
	• Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging.
	• Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging.
	With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off.
	• TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation.
	• Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.
	• Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.

II-1-2-10 Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode) in WAN3/WAN4

To use **3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from **WAN** menu. Then, select **3G/4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)** for WAN3/WAN4. The following web page will be shown.

3G/4G USB Modem(PPP	mode) 3G/4	G USB Modem(DHCP mod	e) IPvi	6
				Modern Support I
🖲 Enable 🛛 🔘 Disable		Authentication	PAP or CHAP 🔻]
		Username		(Optional)
SIM PIN code Network Mode 4G/3G/20	€ • (Default:4G/3G/	2G) Password		(Optional)
APN Name LTE hardware version	-			
WAN Connection Detection Mode	ARP Detect •			
MTU Path MTU Discovery	1500 (Default: 1 Choose IP	500)		

Please note that in some case USB port connection will be terminated temporarily to activate the new configuration.

0K	Cancel
ON	Cancer

Available settings are explained as follows:

WAN >> Internet Access

Item	Description
Modem Support List	It lists all of the modems supported by such router.

	3G/4G Modern Suppo	rt List(DHCP mode)		
	environment or coun	patibility test lists 3.5G/LTE modems su tries. If the LTE modem you have is on support@draytek.com or consult your o	the list but cannot wor	< properly, please
	Brand	Model	LTE	Status
	Alcatel	Alcatel L100V	٢	Y
	Alcatel	Alcatel L800	<u></u>	Y
	Alcatel	Alcatel W100 Alcatel W800	<u></u>	Y
	Alcatel	Alcatel Y855	 	Y
	D-Link	D_LINK DWM156 A8		M
	Huawei	Huawei E303		Y
	Huawei Huawei	Huawei E3131 Huawei E3272		Y Y
	Huawei	Huawei E3276	<u> </u>	Y
	Huawei	Huawei E3372h-607	S	Y
	Huawei	Huawei E3531		Y
Enable / Disable	this function	Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.		
SIM PIN code	Internet.	The maximum length of the PIN code you can set is 19		
Network Mode	specified here the router w	Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.		
APN Name	required by	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click Apply . The maximum length of the name you can set is 47 characters.		
WAN Connection Detection	 connection is Mode - Choose execute for a detection model following ite Primary/a detection address in Ping Gate model, yo gateway With the the WAN 	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as th detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect a detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary I address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WA gateway IP address for pinging. With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check it the WAN connection is on or off. TTL (Time to Live) - Set TTL value of PING operation. 		
	 execute t Ping Retrailowed t 	rval - Type the interva he PING operation. ry - Type the number of o execute the PING op vien is judged	of times that	the system is
MTU	It means Max Path MTU Di size of a pac path.	disconnection is judged. It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. Path MTU Discovery - It is used to detect the maximum MTU size of a packet not to be segmented in specific transmit		

	AN2Choose IP - Google Chrome	
	92.168.1.1/doc/pathmtu.htm	
	Path MTU to: IPv4 Host • MTU size start from 1500 MTU reduce size by 8 Detect Note: Path MTU discovery will reduce the MTU size for 3 times. Accept Cancel	
	 Path MTU to - Type the IP address as the specific transmit path. MTU size start from - Determine the starting point value of the packet. Default setting is 1500. MTU reduce size by- It determines the decreasing size of MTU value. For example, the number specified in this field is "8". The maximum MTU size is "1500". After clicking the "detect" button, the system will calculate and get the suitable MTU value such as 1500, 1492, 1484 and etc., automatically. Detect - Click it to detect a suitable MTU value 	
	 Accept - After clicking it, the detected value will be displayed in the field of MTU. 	
Authentication	Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP authentication.	
	Username - Type the username for authentication (optional).	
	Password - Type the password for authentication (optional).	

II-1-2-11 Details Page for IPv6 – Offline in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4

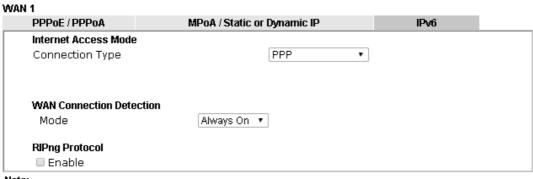
When Offline is selected, the IPv6 connection will be disabled.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1		DDTD	
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP	IPv6
Internet Access I	Node		
Connection Typ	e Offline 🕚	*	
	OK Cancel		

II-1-2-12 Details Page for IPv6 – PPP in WAN1/WAN2

WAN >> Internet Access



Note:

IPv4 WAN setting should be **PPPoE / PPPoA** client.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	• Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.
RIPng Protocol	RIPng (RIP next generation) offers the same functions and benefits as IPv4 RIP v2.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on PPP mode.

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion		System Uptime: 0:2:32
	IPv4		Pv6
LAN Status			
IP Address			
	00:201:21D:AAFF:F FF:FEA6:2568/64 (L	EA6:2568/64 (Global) .ink)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes
7	4	690	328
WAN2 IPv6 Status	3		>> Drop PPP
Enable	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	PPP	0:02:08	
IP			Gateway IP
	00:201:21D:AAFF:F F:FEA6:256A/128 (L		FE80(:90)1A00(242)AD52
DNS IP			
2001:B000:16 2001:B000:16			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes
7	9	544	1126

?



WAN >> Internet Access

At present, the IPv6 prefix can be acquired via the PPPoE mode connection which is available for the areas such as Taiwan (hinet), the Netherlands, Australia and UK.

II-1-2-13 Details Page for IPv6 – TSPC in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4

Tunnel setup protocol client (TSPC) is an application which could help you to connect to IPv6 network easily.

Please make sure your IPv4 WAN connection is OK and apply one free account from hexago (http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account) before you try to use TSPC for network connection. TSPC would connect to tunnel broker and requests a tunnel according to the specifications inside the configuration file. It gets a public IPv6 IP address and an IPv6 prefix from the tunnel broker and then monitors the state of the tunnel in background.

After getting the IPv6 prefix and starting router advertisement daemon (RADVD), the PC behind this router can directly connect to IPv6 the Internet.

PPOE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP	IPv6
nternet Access Mode		
Connection Type	TSPC •]
TSPC Configuration		
Username		
Password		
Tunnel Broker		
NAN C		
WAN Connection Detection Mode	Ping Detect •	
Moue	Fing Detect *	
Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto)		

Item	Description
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker. It is suggested for you to apply another username and password for http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account. The maximum length of the name you can set is 63 characters.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name. The maximum length of the name you can set is 19 characters.
Tunnel Broker	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.

WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	• Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

WAN >> Internet Access

II-1-2-14 Details Page for IPv6 – AICCU in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA /	Static or Dynamic II	Р	IPv6
Internet Access Mode	•			
Connection Type		AICCU	*	
AICCU Configuration				
🔲 Always On				
Username				
Password				
Tunnel Broker	tic.sixxs.net			
Tunnel ID				
Subnet Prefix			/	
WAN Connection Det	ection			
Mode		iys On 💌		

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Always On	Check this box to keep the network connection always.
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker. Please apply new account at http://www.sixxs.net/. It is suggested for you to apply another username and password.
	The maximum length of the name you can set is 19 characters.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name. The maximum length of the password you can set is 19 characters.
Tunnel Broker	It means a server of AICCU. The server can provide IPv6 tunnels to sites or end users over IPv4. Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an

Cancel

2

	optional port number.
Tunnel ID	One user account may have several tunnels. And, each tunnel shall have one specified tunnel ID (e.g., T115394).
	Type the ID offered by Tunnel Broker.
Subnet Prefix	Type the subnet prefix address obtained from service provider.
	The maximum length of the prefix you can set is 128 characters.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.
	 Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

II-1-2-15 Details Page for IPv6 – DHCPv6 Client in WAN1/WAN2

DHCPv6 client mode would use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP	IPv6
Internet Access Mode		
Connection Type	DHCPv6 Client •	
DHCPv6 Client Configuration		
IAID (Identity Association	ID) 44180515	
DUID (DHCP Unique ID)	00030001001daaf7c0f1	
Authentication Protocol	None 🔹	
WAN Connection Detection		
Mode	Ping Detect •	
Ping IP/Hostname		
TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	0	
RIPng Protocol		
🔲 Enable		
Bridge Mode		
🔲 Enable Bridge Mode		
Bridge Subnet	LAN 1 T	

Item	Description
DHCPv6 Client Configuration	IAID - Type a number as IAID. DUID - Display the DHCP unique ID used by such WAN interface.
	Authentication Protocol - Such protocol will be used for the client to be authenticated by DHCPv6 server before

	accessing into Internet. There are three types can be specified, Reconfigure Key , Delayed and None . In general, the default setting is None.
	 Reconfigure Key - During the connection process, DHCPv6 server will authenticate the client automatically.
	• Delayed - During the connection process, DHCPv6 server will authenticate and identify the client based on the key ID, realm and secret information specified in these fields.
	Key ID - Type a value (range from 1 to 65535) which will be used to generate HMAC-MD5 value.
	Realm - The name (1 to 31 characters) typed here will identify the key which generates HMAC-MD5 value.
	Secret - Type a text (1 to 31 characters) as s a unique identifier for each client on each DHCP server.
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through NS Detect or Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On, Ping Detect or NS Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. With NS Detect mode, the system will check if network connection is established or not, like IPv4 ARP Detect. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always. Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.
RIPng Protocol	RIPng (RIP next generation) offers the same functions and benefits as IPv4 RIP v2.
Bridge Mode	 Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem. Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated. Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface.

II-1-2-16 Details Page for IPv6 – Static IPv6 in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup static IPv6 address for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access

N 1			
PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or Dy	ynamic IP	IPv6
nternet Access Mode	_		
Connection Type	5	Static IPv6 🔹	
Static IPv6 Address Confi	iguration		
IPv6 Address	-	fix Length	
	,		
	/	Add Updat	e Delete
Current IPv6 Address Ta	able		
Index IPv6 Address	/Prefix Length	Scope	
Static IPv6 Gateway conf IPv6 Gateway Address			v
IPv6 Gateway Address	5		•
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname	on Ping Detect V		•
IPv6 Gateway Address	5 		•
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname	on Ping Detect V		•
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	on Ping Detect V		•
IPv6 Gateway Address VAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto) RIPng Protocol	on Ping Detect V		
IPv6 Gateway Address WAN Connection Detection Mode Ping IP/Hostname TTL(1-255,0:Auto) UPng Protocol Enable	on Ping Detect V 0		

Item	Description
Static IPv6 Address configuration	 IPv6 Address - Type the IPv6 Static IP Address. Prefix Length - Type the fixed value for prefix length. Add - Click it to add a new entry. Update - Click it to modify an existed entry. Delete - Click it to remove an existed entry.
Current IPv6 Address Table	Display current interface IPv6 address.
Static IPv6 Gateway Configuration	IPv6 Gateway Address - Type your IPv6 gateway address here.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.

	 Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging. TTL (Time to Live). If you choose Ping Detect as
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.
RIPng Protocol	RIPng (RIP next generation) offers the same functions and benefits as IPv4 RIP v2.
Bridge Mode	Enable Bridge Mode - If the function is enabled, the router will work as a bridge modem.
	Enable Firewall - It is available when Bridge Mode is enabled. When both Bridge Mode and Firewall check boxes are enabled, the settings configured (user profiles) under User Management will be ignored. And all of the filter rules defined and enabled in Firewall menu will be activated.
	Bridge Subnet - Make a bridge between the selected LAN subnet and such WAN interface.

II-1-2-17 Details Page for IPv6 – 6in4 Static Tunnel in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup 6in4 Static Tunnel for WAN interface.

Such mode allows the router to access IPv6 network through IPv4 network.

However, 6in4 offers a prefix outside of 2002::0/16. So, you can use a fixed endpoint rather than anycast endpoint. The mode has more reliability.

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP IPv6
Internet Access Mode	
Connection Type	6in4 Static Tunnel 💌
6in4 Static Tunnel	
Remote Endpoint IP	4 Address
6in4 IPv6 Address	/ 64 (default:64)
LAN Routed Prefix	/ 64 (default:64)
Tunnel TTL	255 (default:255)
WAN Connection Dete	tion
Mode	Ping Detect 💌
Ping IP/Hostname	
TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	0

Available settings are explained as follows:

WAN >> Internet Access

Item	Description
Remote Endpoint IPv4	Type the static IPv4 address for the remote server.

2

Address	
6in4 IPv6 Address	Type the static IPv6 address for IPv4 tunnel with the value for prefix length.
LAN Routed Prefix	Type the static IPv6 address for LAN routing with the value for prefix length.
Tunnel TTL	Type the number for the data lifetime in tunnel.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect.
	Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always.
	• Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	 TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6in4 Static Tunnel mode.

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:4:10
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	F00:83E4:21D:AAFF:FE FF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link		Global)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
14	80	1244	6815	
WAN1 IPv6 Status	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6in4 Static Tunnel	0:04:07		
IP			Gateway IP	
	-10:83E4::2131/64 (G 51D/128 (Link)	ilobal)		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
3	26	211	2302	

II-1-2-18 Details Page for IPv6 – 6rd in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup 6rd for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA / Static or Dynamic IP	IPv6
Internet Access Mode		
Connection Type	6rd 💌	
6rd Settings		
6rd Mode	🔘 Auto 6rd 🛛 💿 Static 6rd	
Static 6rd Settings		
IPv4 Border Relay:]
IPv4 Mask Length:	0]
6rd Prefix:]
6rd Prefix Length:	0]
WAN Connection Detection		
Mode	Ping Detect 💌	
Ping IP/Hostname		
TTL(1-255,0:Auto)	0	
	OK Cancel	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
6rd Mode	Auto 6rd - Retrieve 6rd prefix automatically from 6rd service provider. The IPv4 WAN must be set as "DHCP". Static 6rd - Set 6rd options manually.	
IPv4 Border Relay	Type the IPv4 addresses of the 6rd Border Relay for a given 6rd domain.	
IPv4 Mask Length	Type a number of high-order bits that are identical across all CE IPv4 addresses within a given 6rd domain. It may be any value between 0 and 32.	
6rd Prefix	Type the 6rd IPv6 address.	
6rd Prefix Length	Type the IPv6 prefix length for the 6rd IPv6 prefix in number of bits.	
WAN Connection Detection	 Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through Ping Detect. Mode - Choose Always On or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. Always On means no detection will be executed. The network connection will be on always. Ping IP/Hostname - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for ninging. 	
	 for pinging. TTL (Time to Live) -If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type TTL value. 	

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6rd mode.

Online Status

Physical Connect	ion			System Uptime: 0day 0:9:15
IPv4			IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	5:1D00:21D:AAFF: FF:FE83:11B4/64 (obal)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
15	113	1354	18040	
WAN1 IPv6 Statu	5			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	6rd	0:09:06		
IP			Gateway IP	
(Global)	5:1D01:21D:AAFF:	FE83:11B5/128		
TX Packets	51D/128 (Link) RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
13	29	967	2620	

II-1-3 Multi-PVC/VLAN

Multi-PVC/VLAN lets you configure multiple permanent virtual circuits (PVCs) and ATM QoS for channels using ADSL.

Channel 1 to 4 have the following fixed assignments and cannot be altered.

- Channel 1: ADSL on WAN1.
- Channel 2: Ethernet on WAN2.
- Channel 3: USB1 (WAN3).

Channels 5 through 10 can be bridged to one or more of the 3 LAN ports P2 through P4. In addition, Channels 5 through 7 can be configured as virtual WANs (WAN5 through WAN7).

General

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN

Multi-PVC/VLAN

General	Adv	anced			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VPI/VCI	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	ADSL	8/35	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)		None	
<u>5.</u> WAN5	No	ADSL	1/45	None	🗆 Enable 🔲 P1 🗆 P2 💷 P3 💷 P4
<u>6.</u> WAN6	No	ADSL	1/46	None	🗌 Enable 🔲 P1 🗌 P2 🔲 P3 🔲 P4
7. WAN7	No	ADSL	1/47	None	🗆 Enable 🔲 P1 🗆 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>8.</u>	No	ADSL	1/48	None	🗌 Enable 🔲 P1 🗌 P2 🔲 P3 🔲 P4
<u>9.</u>	No	ADSL	1/49	None	🗆 Enable 🔲 P1 🗆 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>10.</u>	No	ADSL	1/50	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4

Note:

Channel 3 and channel 4 are reserved for USB WAN.

ок	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Channel	Display the number of each channel. Channels 5 ~ 10 are configurable.
Enable	Display whether the settings in this channel are enabled (Yes) or not (No).

To configure a PVC channel, click its channel number.

WAN links for Channel 5, 6 and 7 are provided for router-borne application such as **TR-069**. The settings must be applied and obtained from your ISP. For your special request, please contact with your ISP and then click WAN link of Channel 5, 6 or 7 to configure your router.

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN >> Channel 5

	5: Crable Oisable		
General Settings		ATM QoS	
VPI	1	QoS Type	UBR 🔻
VCI	45	PCR	0
Protocol	PPPoA 🔻	SCR	0
Encapsulation	VC MUX .	MBS	0
🔲 Add VLAN Header			
VLAN Tag	0		
Priority	0		
Open Port-based Bridg Physical Members P1 P2 Open WAN Interface for WAN Application: WAN Connection Detect	or this Channel Management IPTV etion	nel	
Mode	ARP Detect 🔻	1	
PPPoE/PPPoA Client		MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	
ISP Access Setup		Obtain an IP address	_
		Router Name	∨igor *
Username		Domain Name	*
Password		*: Required for some	
PPP Authentication	PAP or CHAP 🔻	Specify an IP address IP Address	5
Always On		Subnet Mask	
Idle Timeout IP Address From ISP	-1 second(s)		
Fixed IP Ves • 1	No (Dynamic IP)	Gateway IP Address DNS Server IP Address	
Fixed IP Address		Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8
		Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4
		Cocondary IF Address	0.0.4.4
	OK	Cancel	

Item	Description	
Multi-VLAN Channel 5/6/7	Enable - Select to enable this channel. Disable - Select to disable this channel.	
WAN Type	Specify a WAN type of the PVC Channel/VLAN.	

	ADSL- A PVC Channel will be created using an ADSL		
	connection on WAN1. VDSL- A VLAN will be created using a VDSL connection on		
	WAN1. Ethernet (WAN2) - A VLAN will be created on WAN2.		
General Settings	VPI - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Virtual Path Identifier. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate value.		
	VCI - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Virtual Channel Identifier. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate value.		
	Protocol - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Access protocol used for the ADSL connection. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate setting.		
	PPPoA: Point-to-Point over ATM.		
	 PPPoE: Point-to-Point over Ethernet. 		
	 MPoA: Multiprotocol over ATM. 		
	Encapsulation - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Encapsulation mode used for the ASDL connection. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate setting.		
	• VC MUX: Virtual Circuit Multiplexing.		
	 LLC/SNAP: Logical Link Control/Subnetwork Access Protocol. 		
	Add VLAN Header - (Available when WAN type is ADSL) If selected, enable VLAN tagging on this PVC.		
	• VLAN Tag - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. Valid settings are in the range from 1 to 4095. The network traffic flowing on each channel will be identified by the system via their VLAN Tags. Channels using the same WAN type may not configure the same VLAN tag value.		
	• Priority - Choose the number to determine the packet priority for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.		
ATM OoS	QoS Type - Select a proper QoS type for the channel.		
	Type the values for PCR, SCR and MBS respectively.		
Open Port-based Bridge Connection for this Channel	The settings here will create a bridge between the LAN ports selected and the WAN. The WAN interface of the bridge connection will be built upon the WAN type selected using the VLAN tag configured.		
	Physical Members - Group the physical ports by checking the corresponding check box(es) for applying the port-based bridge connection.		
	Note: LAN port P1 is reserved for NAT use and cannot be selected for bridging.		
Open WAN Interface for	Check the box to enable relating function.		
this Channel	WAN Application -		
	 Management - It can be specified for general management (Web configuration/telnet/TR069). If you choose Management, the configuration for this VLAN will be effective for Web configuration/telnet/TR069. 		
	• IPTV - The IPTV configuration will allow the WAN interface to send IGMP packets to IPTV servers.		

WAN Connection Detection	It is available when Open WAN Interface for this Channel is enabled.		
	It allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.		
	 Mode - Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection. If you choose Ping Detect as the detection mode, you have to type required settings for the following items. ARP Detect - The router broadcasts an ARP request every 5 seconds. If no response is received within 30 seconds, the WAN connection is deemed to have failed. Ping Detect - The router sends an ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request every second to the host, whose address is specified in the Ping IP field, to verify the WAN connection. If the remote host does not respond within 30 seconds, the WAN connection is deemed to have failed. Primary/Secondary Ping IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type Primary or Secondary IP address in this field for pinging. Ping Gateway IP - If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you also can enable this setting to use current WAN gateway IP address for pinging. 		
	 With the IP address(es) pinging, Vigor router can check if the WAN connection is on or off. TTL - Time To Live, the maximum allowed number of hops to the ping destination. Valid values range from 1 to 255. Ping Interval - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. 		
	Ping Retry - Type the number of times that the system is allowed to execute the PING operation before WAN disconnection is judged.		
PPPoE/PPPoA Client ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.		
	ISP Name - PPP Service Name. Enter if your ISP requires this setting; otherwise leave blank.		
	Username - Name provided by the ISP for PPPoE/PPPoA authentication. Maximum length is 62 characters.		
	Password - Password provided by the ISP for PPPoE/PPPoA authentication. Maximum length is 62 characters.		
	PPP Authentication -The protocol used for PPP authentication.		
	 PAP only- Only PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) is used. 		
	 PAP or CHAP- Both PAP and CHAP (Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol) can be used for PPP authentication. Router negotiates with the PPTP or L2TP server to determine which protocol to use. 		
	Always On - If selected, the router will maintain the PPPoE/PPPoA connection.		
	Idle Timeout - Maximum length of time, in seconds, of idling		

allowed (no traffic) before the connection is dropped.	
ISP Address from ISP - Specifies how the WAN IP address of the channel configured.	
• Fixed IP	
Yes - IP address entered in the Fixed IP Address field will be used as the IP address of the virtual WAN.	
No - Virtual WAN IP address will be assigned by the ISP's PPPoE/PPPoA server.	
Obtain an IP address automatically - Select this option if the router is to receive IP configuration information from a DHCP server.	
• Router Name - Sets the value of DHCP Option 12, which is used by some ISPs.	
 Domain Name - Sets the value of DHCP Option 15, which is used by some ISPs. 	
Specify an IP address - Select this option to manually enter the IP address.	
• IP Address - Type in the IP address.	
• Subnet Mask - Type in the subnet mask.	
• Gateway IP Address - Type in gateway IP address.	
DNS Server IP Address - Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use Static IP mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings and return to previous page.

Click any index (8~10) to get the following web page:

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN >> Channel 8

WAN Type : ADSL	T	
General SettingsVPI1VCI48ProtocolPPPoA •EncapsulationVC MUXAdd VLAN HeaderVLAN TagVLAN Tag0Priority0	ATM QoS QoS Type PCR SCR Y MBS	UBR • 0 0
Bridge mode Enable Physical Members P1 P2 P3 P4		

Item	Description	
Multi-VLAN Channel 8/9/10	Enable - Click it to enable the configuration of this channel. Disable -Click it to disable the configuration of this channel.	
WAN Type	The connections and interfaces created in every channel may select a specific WAN type to be built upon. In the Multi-PVC application, only the Ethernet WAN type is available. The user will be able to select the physical WAN interface the channel shall use here.	
General Settings	 VPI - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Virtual Path Identifier. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate value. VCI - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Virtual Channel Identifier. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate value. Protocol - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Access protocol used for the ADSL connection. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate setting. PPPoA: Point-to-Point over ATM. PPPoE: Point-to-Point over ATM. MPoA: Multiprotocol over ATM. Encapsulation - (Available when WAN Type is ADSL) Encapsulation mode used for the ASDL connection. Contact your ISP or carrier for the appropriate setting. VC MUX: Virtual Circuit Multiplexing. 	

	 LLC/SNAP: Logical Link Control/Subnetwork Access Protocol.
	Add VLAN Header - (Available when WAN type is ADSL) If selected, enable VLAN tagging on this PVC.
	• VLAN Tag - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. Valid settings are in the range from 1 to 4095. The network traffic flowing on each channel will be identified by the system via their VLAN Tags. Channels using the same WAN type may not configure the same VLAN tag value.
	• Priority - Choose the number to determine the packet priority for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.
ATM OoS	Configures the Quality of Service (QoS) of the ATM circuit. QoS Type - Select a proper QoS type for the channel. Type the values for PCR (Peak Cell Rate), SCR (Sustainable Cell Rate) and MBS (Maximum Burt Size) respectively.
Bridge mode	If selected, bridge this channel to one or more LAN ports.
	Physical Members- Group the physical ports by checking the corresponding check box(es) for applying the bridge connection.
	Note: LAN port P1 is reserved for NAT use and cannot be selected for bridging.

Advanced

Such configuration is applied to upstream packets. Such information will be provided by ISP. Please contact with your ISP for detailed information.

General	A	lvanc	ed			
				ATM QoS		_
Channel	QoS T	ype	PCR	SCR	MBS	PVC to PVC Binding
1.	UBR	۲	0	0	0	Disable 💌
2.	UBR	۳	0	0	0	Disable 💌
5.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻
6.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻
7.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻
8.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻
9.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻
10.	UBR	Ŧ	0	0	0	Disable 🔻

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN

Note:

1. If the parameters in the ATM QoS settings are set to zero, then their default settings will be used. Also, PCR(max)=ADSL Up Speed /53/8.

2. Multiple channels may use the same ADSL channel link through the PVC Binding configuration. The PVC Binding configuration is only supported for channels using ADSL, please make sure the channel that you are binding to is using ADSL as its WAN type. The binding will work only under PPPoE and MPoA 1483 Bridge mode.

3. Channel 3 and channel 4 are reserved for USB WAN.



Available settings are explained as follows:
--

Item	Description
Channel	The channel number. Channels 3 is reserved for the WAN 3 (USB), and is not configurable.
QoS Type	Select a proper QoS type for the channel according to the information that your ISP provides.
	UBR- Unspecified Bit Rate.
	CBR- Constant Bit Rate.
	ABR- Available Bit Rate.
	nrtVBR-Non-real-time Variable Bit Rate.
	rtVBR- Real-time Variable Bit Rate.
PCR	It represents Peak Cell Rate. The default setting is "0".
SCR	It represents Sustainable Cell Rate. The value of SCR must be smaller than PCR.
MBS	It represents Maximum Burst Size. The range of the value is 10 to 50.
PVC to PVC Binding	If you wish to have this PVC channel use the same ADSL connection settings of another PVC channel, select that channel from the dropdown box.

After finished the above settings, click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save the settings.

II-1-4 WAN Budget

This function is used to determine the data *traffic volume* for each WAN interface respectively to prevent from overcharges for data transmission by the ISP. Please note that the Quota Limit and Billing cycle day of month settings will need to be configured correctly first in order for some period calculations to be performed correctly.

II-1-4-1 General Setup

WAN >> WAN Budget

G	General S	etup	Monitor Page		
Index	Enable	Quota	When quota exceeded	Time cycle	Duration
WAN1	v	0GB/100GB		Monthly	2015/06/01 07:00~2015/07/01 07:00
WAN2	v	0.1GB/100GB	Shutdown/Mail Alert/SMS	User Defined	2015/06/02 13:00~2015/06/17 13:00
WAN3	x	OMB/OMB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00
WAN4	x	0MB/0MB			0/00/00 00:00~0/00/00 00:00

Note: 1. The budget traffic information provided here is for reference only, please consult your ISP for the actual traffic usage and charges.

^{2.} When hardware acceleration function is used, the monitored WAN traffic of Ethernet WAN interfaces may be slightly inaccurate.

Item	Description
Index	The WAN port. Click to configure WAN Budget for a particular WAN.
Enable	v - WAN Budget is enabled on this WAN.
	x - WAN Budget is disabled on this WAN.
Quota	The current cycle's Internet usage is expressed as x/y where x is the cumulative usage and y is the upper limit. For example, 100MB/200MB means the usage thus far in this cycle is 100MB, and the upper limit is 200MB.
When quota exceeded	Actions to be taken once the quota is reached.
	Shutdown - WAN will be disabled.
	Mail Alert - Email will be sent to the administrator.
Time cycle	Reset frequency of the usage data.
	Monthly - The Monthly option in the Criterion and Action tab was used to set up the usage quota.
	User Defined: The User Defined option in the Criterion and Action tab was used to set up the usage qota.
Duration	Start and end timestamps of the current cycle.

Click WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 link to open the following web page.

WAN >> WAN Budget

Enable Criterion and Action		
Quota Limit: When quota exceeded :	Using <u>Notif</u> i	MB v vn WAN interface <u>cation Object</u> 1-WAN_Notify v rt or <u>SMS message</u> .
Monthly	Custom	
Select the day of a mont Data quota resets on da		data resets.

- Please make sure the <u>Time and Date</u> of the router is configured.
 SMS message and mail will be sent when the usage reaches 95% and 100% of quota.

OK Cancel

Item	Description		
Enable	Check the box to enable such function.		
Quota Limit	Type the data traffic quota allowed for such WAN interface. There are two unit (MB and GB) offered for you to specify.		
When quota exceeded	Check the box(es) as the condition(s) for the system to perform when the traffic has exceeded the budget limit.		
	Shutdown WAN interface - All the outgoing traffic through such WAN interface will be terminated.		
	• Using Notification Object - The system will send out a notification based on the content of the notification object.		
	• Set Mail Alert - The system will send out a warning message to the administrator when the quota is running out. However, the connection charges will be calculated continuously.		
	• Set SMS message - The system will send out SMS message to the administrator when the quota is running out.		
Monthly	Some ISP might apply for the network limitation based on the traffic limit per month. This setting is to offer a mechanism of resetting the traffic record every month.		
	Monthly Custom		
	Select the day of a month when your (cellular) data resets. Data quota resets on day 1 👽 at 00:00 💌		
	Data quota resets on day You can determine the starting day in one month.		
Custom	This setting allows the user to define the billing cycle according to his request.		
	The WAN budget will be reset with an interval of billing cycle.		
	Custom – Monthly is default setting. If long period or a short period is required, use Custom . The period of cycle duration		

is between 1 day and 60 days. You can determine the cycle duration by specifying the days and the hours. In addition, you can specify which day of today is in a cycle.
Monthly Custom
Usage counter resets at the beginning of each cycle.
Cycle duration : 1 v days and 0 hours
Today is day 1 v in the cycle.
Cycle duration: Specify the days to reset the traffic record. For example, 7 means the whole cycle is 7 days; 20 means the whole cycle is 20 days. When the time is up, the router will reset the traffic record automatically.
Today is day - Specify the day in the cycle as the starting point which Vigor router will reset the traffic record. For example, "3" means the third day of the cycle duration.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the settings.

II-1-4-2 Status

The status page displays the status WAN budget, including the duration and the usage.

WAN >> WAN Budget

WAN >> WAN Budget

General Setup	Status	
		Refresh Min(s) : 1 💌 🔰 Refresh
Interface: WAN2	Duration: 2014/07/19	11:00~2014/08/07 11:00
0%		
		1000MB

If the WAN budget is exhausted, a lock will be displayed on the page if Shutdown WAN interface is selected. Which means no data transmission will be carried out. Moreover, the system will send out a warning message to the administrator if Mail Alert is selected. Or, the system will send out SMS message to the administrator if SMS message is selected.

General Setup	Status		
		Refresh Min(s) : 1 💌	<u>Refresh</u>
Interface: WAN2	Duration: 2014/07/19	9 11:00~2014/08/07 11:00	
		2500MB	
		5MB 250%	
	Ô		
	1000	MB	

Application Notes

A-1 How to set up Multi-PVC for triple play deployment?

By adding VLAN tags to differentiate the traffic, the service provider is able to deliver video, voice, and data to the subscribers over a single connection, which is also known as the triple play service. This document is going to demonstrate how to configure the Multi-PVC feature for triple play deployment. There are two types of setup, one is doing port-based bridge that will connect the media, such as the set-top box (STB), directly to the service provider via a specific LAN port; the other is opening a virtual WAN interface and doing NAT for the application.

Bridge the Virtual WAN to a LAN port



1. Go to WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN, click on a channel to configure.

General	Adv	anced			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VPI/VCI	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
I	Yes	ADSL	0/33	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)		None	
<u>5.</u> WAN5	No	ADSL	1/45	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>5.</u> WAN6	No	ADSL	1/46	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4
. WAN7	No	ADSL	1/47	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>}.</u>	No	ADSL	1/48	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4
<u>9.</u>	No	ADSL	1/49	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>10.</u>	No	ADSL	1/50	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN

Note:

Channel 3 and channel 4 are reserved for USB WAN.

OK Cancel

2. Configure the channel as follows,

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN >> Channel 8

Multi-PVC/VLAN Channe WAN Type :	el 8: Enable Disa ADSL	ble	
General Settings		ATM QoS	
VPI	1	QoS Type	UBR 🔻
VCI	48	PCR	0
Protocol	PPPoA 🔻	SCR	0
Encapsulation	VC MUX 🔻	MBS	0
✓ Add VLAN Header VLAN Tag Priority	835 0		
Bridge mode			
🗹 Enable			
Physical Members			
🗆 P1 🔲 P2 🔲 P3	🕑 P4		

- (a) enable this channel
- (b) set WAN Type to the WAN interface that the service provider is on.
- (c) set up VPI and VCI if the WAN is an ADSL line.
- (d) enable Add VLAN Header and enter the VLAN Tag and Priority as the service provider requires.
- (e) check Enable for Bridge Mode, and select the physical port member to which you're going to connect the STB.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the configuration, the configuration will be displayed on the main page. And now you may connect the STB to the Bridged port to use the IPTV service.

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN

General	Adv	anced			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VPI/VCI	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	ADSL	0/33	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)		None	
<u>5.</u> WAN5	No	ADSL	1/45	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>6.</u> WAN6	No	ADSL	1/46	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4
<u>7.</u> WAN7	No	ADSL	1/47	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>8.</u>	Yes	ADSL	1/48	835	🗹 Enable 📃 P1 🔲 P2 🔲 P3 🗹 P4
<u>9.</u>	No	ADSL	1/49	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>10.</u>	No	ADSL	1/50	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4

Note:

Channel 3 and channel 4 are reserved for USB WAN.

OK Cancel

Open a Virtual WAN Interface



1. Go to WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN, click on channel 5, 6 or 7 to configure.

WAN	>>	Multi-PVC/VLAN

General	Adv	anced			
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VPI/VCI	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	ADSL	0/33	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)		None	
<u>5.</u> WAN5	No	ADSL	1/45	None	🗆 Enable 🛑 P1 🔲 P2 💭 P3 🔲 P4
<u>6.</u> WAN6	No	ADSL	1/46	None	🗖 Enable 🛑 P1 🗖 P2 🗖 P3 🗖 P4
<u>7.</u> WAN7	No	ADSL	1/47	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>8.</u>	No	ADSL	1/48	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4
<u>9.</u>	No	ADSL	1/49	None	🗆 Enable 🔍 P1 🔍 P2 🔍 P3 🔍 P4
<u>10.</u>	No	ADSL	1/50	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4

Note: Channel 3 and channel 4 are reserved for USB WAN.

Cancel

ОK

2. Configure the channel as follows,

WAN >> Multi-PVC/VLAN >> Channel 5

Multi-PVC/VLAN Channel 5: Enable Disable WAN Type : Ethemet(WAN2)	le		
General Settings VLAN Header VLAN Tag: 836 Service Priority: 0 ▼	Tag Value: Disable Modi	fy	
Note: Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and un Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0)			
Open Port-based Bridge Connection for this Cha Physical Members P1 P2 P3 P4 Note: P1 is reserved for NAT use, and cannot be config			
✓ Open WAN Interface for this Channel WAN Application: ■ Management ✓ IPTY			
WAN Application: CManagement IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP •			
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP • ISP Access Setup	WAN IP Network Settings		
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP V ISP Access Setup ISP Name	Obtain an IP address	automatically	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP SP Access Setup ISP Name Username	Obtain an IP address Router Name		*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP SP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password	Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name	automatically Vigor	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP T SP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password PAP or CHAP T	Obtain an IP address Router Name	automatically Vigor SPs	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP • ISP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP • ISP Always On	Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name *: Required for some I	automatically Vigor SPs	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP • ISP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password PAP or CHAP • Always On Idle Timeout -1 second(s)	 Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name *: Required for some I Specify an IP address 	automatically Vigor SPs	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP SP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password PAP Authentication Idle Timeout PAddress From ISP	 Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name *: Required for some I Specify an IP address IP Address 	automatically Vigor SPs	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP ISP Name Username Password PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP Always On Idle Timeout PAddress From ISP Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP)	 Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name *: Required for some I Specify an IP address IP Address Subnet Mask 	automatically Vigor SPs	*
WAN Application: Management IPTV WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP • ISP Access Setup ISP Name Username Password PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP • ISP Always On	Obtain an IP address Router Name Domain Name *: Required for some I Specify an IP address IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway IP Address	automatically Vigor SPs	*

- (a) enable this channel
- (b) set WAN Type to the WAN interface that the service provider is on.
- (c) enter the VLAN Tag and Priority as the service provider requires.
- (d) enable "Open WAN Interface for this Channel", and select the kind of Application will be used on this channel. (Note: this option is only available on channel 5-7)
- (e) set up the Internet Access type as the ISP requires.
- 3. Click OK to save the profile and reboot the router to apply the settings. After the router restart, go to Online Status >> Virtual WAN to make sure the WAN interface is up and has obtained an IP address.

Online Status

WAN 5 Status					>> Releas
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application
Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)		DHCP Client	0:00:10	IPTV
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
10.15.15.20	10.15.15.1	0	0	2	27
WAN 6 Status		(20)	221 2	2525 a.c.m	
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application
No	ADSL			00:00:00	Management
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
		0	0	0	0
WAN 7 Status					
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application
No	ADSL			00:00:00	Management
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
		0	0	0	0

4. Now, you may use the virtual WAN interface for applications such as IGMP Proxy, this can be done by selecting the WAN interface as "PVC/VLAN".

Applications >> IGMP

General setting	Working groups	
✓ IGMP Proxy		
	ulticast proxy for hosts on th es <u>no effect when Bridge Mod</u>e	e LAN side. Enable IGMP proxy to access any multicast is enabled .
Interface	PVC/VLAN 🔻	
IGMP version	Auto 🔻)
General Query Interval	125 (second)
Add PPP header		
(Encapsulate IGMP in F	PPPoE)	
	t traffic only to ports that ar traffic the same as broadcas!	
	rding multicast traffic to a L4 ould have no more than one 3	N port as soon as it receives a leave message from that GMP host connected.
·'		



A-2 Load Balancing and Failover for multi-WAN Vigor Routers

Network Administrator may set up multiple Internet connection to share the traffic load, or add a redundant Internet connection to the router and gives a higher reliability to the network connection.

Load Balancing

WAN >> General Setup

By default, all the active WAN interfaces will join the load balance pool when they are connected, and the outgoing traffic will take either of the active WAN as their path, therefore the traffic load is shared across the WAN interfaces. For newer models which support "Session-based" Load Balance, the router can also do WAN aggregation, which means the speed that LAN clients could experience will be the combination of all the active WAN's bandwidth (click here to learn more).



To ensure that a WAN interface is in the load balance pool, go to WAN >> General Setup, click on the index, set Active Mode to "Always On" and make sure Load Balance is enabled.

WAN 1		
Enable:	Yes 💌	
Display Name:		
Physical Mode:	ADSL	
DSL Mode:	Auto 💌	
DSL Modem Code:	Default 💌	
Line Speed(Kbps):		
DownLink	0	
UpLink	0	_
Active Mode:	Always On 💌 🛛 Load Balance: 🗹	
VLAN Tag insertion	Service	Customer
ADSL		Disable 💌
		Tag value Priority
		0
		(0~4095) (0~7)
VDSL2	Disable 💌	Disable 💌
	Tag value Priority	Tag value Priority
	0 0	0
	(0~4095) (0~7)	(0~4095) (0~7)

Note:

1. The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

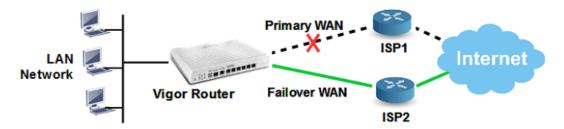
2. Service and customer tag settings are depending on network environment.

The default load balance weight is determined based on the peak bandwidth detected on each WAN interface, but Network Administrator may also use "According to Line Speed Mode" to define the maximum bandwidth which will affect the weight (click here to learn more). Furthermore, Network Administrator would like to specify an outgoing path for some traffic while there are multiple WAN interfaces, Route Policy will be the solution, click here for an instruction of how to designate a WAN interface for LAN clients by Route Policy.

Failover

WAN >> General Setup

When configured in Failover mode, the WAN interface will only be active when the primary WAN disconnects, and will be down again when the primary WAN resume its service.



To configure a WAN interface in Failover mode, go to WAN >> General Setup, click on the index which you would like to configure to Failover Mode, set Active Mode to "Failover", and for Active When, choose the conditions about when should this interface be activated.

WAN 2		
Enable:	Yes 💌	
Display Name:		
Physical Mode:	Ethernet 👻	
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation 💌	
Line Speed(Kbps):		
DownLink	0	
UpLink	0	
Active Mode:	Failover 💌 Load Balance: 🗹	
	💿 WAN Failure	
	🔘 Traffic Threshold	
	Upload User defined 🗹 OK	bps (Default unit: K)
	Download 🛛 User defined 🗹 🛛 🛛 🛛 🗠	bps (Default unit: K)
Active When:	Any of the selected WAN discontraction	nect
	◯ All of the selected WAN disconne	ect
	🗹 WAN 1 🗌 WAN 2 🗹 WAN 3 🗹 WAI	N 4
VLAN Tag insertion	Service	Customer
	Disable 💌	Disable 💌
	Tag value Priority	Taq value Priority
	-	
	(0~4095) (0~7)	(0~4095) (0~7)

Note:

1. The line speed setting of WAN interface is available only when According to Line Speed is selected as the Load Balance Mode.

2. Service and customer tag settings are depending on network environment.



Router determines if a WAN is disconnected or not according to "WAN Connection Detection" settings in WAN >> Internet Access.

A-3 How to configure IPv6 on WAN interface?

This document is going to demonstrate how to implement an IPv6 address on Vigor Router's WAN.

1. Before configuring IPv6 on WAN, please make sure the router is connected to the IPv4 Internet.

Physical Connection				System	Uptime: 0day 0:3:25
li	₽v4		IPv6		
LAN Status	Prima	ry DNS: 168.9	5.1.1	Secondary D	NS: 168.95.192.1
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Pac	kets		
192.168.86.1	643	793			
WAN 1 Status					>> Dial PPPoA
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	ADSL		PPPoA	00:00:00	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
		0	0	0	0
WAN 2 Status					>> Drop PPPoE
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	Ethernet		PPPoE	0:03:20	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
118,166,103,153	161045-981254	79	3	81	9

2. Go to WAN >> Internet Access, click on IPv6 of the WAN interface that you would like to configure an IPv6 address.

	Access Dicplay Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode			
	Display Name		PPPoE / PPPoA	•	Datals Data	10.7
WAN1		ADSL / VDSL2	PPPOE / PPPOA	•	Details Page	IPve
WAN2		Ethernet	PPPoE	٠	Details Page	IPve
WAN3		USB	None	•	Details Page	Lin. d

3. Select a Connection Type from the drop-down list, enter the required parameters. Then click OK and reboot the router to apply the settings.

N >> Internet Acc	*55		
N 2			
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Acces	s Mode		
Connection Ty	pe Off	ine N*	
	Off		
	PP		
	TS	CU	
	DH	CPv6 Client	
		tic IPv6	
	6in	4 Static Tunnel	
	6rd		

4. After accomplishing the configurations, Network Administrator may check the status from the IPv6 tab on Online Status >> Physical Connection page.

Physical Connect	ion		System	Uptime: 0day 0:57:4
	IPv4		IPv6	
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	::5641/123 (Global) T:FE01:47/0/64 (Link)			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
1277	3060	182180	450067	
WAN1 IPv6 Statu	s			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
No	Offline			
IP			Gateway IP	
WAN2 IPv6 Statu	s			
Enable	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Static IPv6	0:57:43		
IP			Gateway IP	
2406:8100 F1	(CM1/123 (Global)		2406: D400: F 1:: 6641	
	:0644/123 (Global)			
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
5180	2612	445044	224316	

5. Furthermore, Network Administrator may test the connectivity of IPv6 from the router by going to Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis and selecting "IPv6".

iagnosis		
◎ IPV4 (● IPV	6	
	nt to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify lease select "Unspecified".	which WAN to
Ping through:	Unspecified •	
Ping IPv6 Addre	255:	
	Run	
Result		Clear
	oogle.com with 64 bytes of Data:	
	from 2404:6800:4008:C04::66, time==400ms from 2404:6800:4008:C04::66, time==400ms	
	from 2404:6800:4008:C04::66, time==400ms	
	from 2404:6800:4008:C04::66, time==400ms	
	from 2404:6800:4008:C04::66, time==400ms	
	= 5, Received = 5, Lost = 0 (0% loss)	

Below we will provide some examples of configuring IPv6 with different connection types.

PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol)

This applies if the IPv4 access mode is PPPoE, and the IPv4 ISP also provides an IPv6 address. To use IPv6 PPP, you just need to choose the **Connection Type** to "PPP", no other setting is required.

2			
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Access Mod	le		
Connection Type	PP	P 🔽	
WAN Connection Det Mode	Always On 💌		
RIPng Protocol			
Enable			

TSPC (Tunnel Setup Protocol Client)

In this mode, the IPv6 connectivity is provided by a tunnel broker on the IPv4 Internet through a tunnel set up by Tunnel Setup Protocol (TSP). To use TSPC, you'll need to sign up for a tunnel broker service and get a username and password first, then, configure the router as follows:

Cancel

0K

1. Set Connection Type to TSPC.

WAN >> Internet Access

- 2. Enter the Username and Password registered at the TSP server.
- 3. Enter the IP or Domain Name of the TSPC server for Tunnel Broker.

S	itatic or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
cess Mode			
n Type	TSPO	> 💌	
guration			
e	mamie pv9		
t	·····		
roker	broker.aarnet.net.au		
ection Detecti	ion		
	Always On 🔽		
	cess Mode n Type guration e d toker	n Type TSPC guration e manuep# d roker broker.aarnet.net.au	cess Mode n Type guration e memep#3 d roker broker.aarnet.net.au

Static IPv6

If your ISP provides a static IPv6 address for you, you may configure that IPv6 address for WAN by doing the following steps:

- 1. Set Connection Type to Static IPv6.
- 2. Enter the IPv6 address and Prefix Length which provided by the ISP, and click Add.

2 PPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
Internet Acces	s Mode			
Connection T	ype	Static IPv6	•	
IPv6 Addres	-		fix Length	Delete
2406;5400/1	s :3ea3	/ Pre		Delete
2406:5400/FI Current IPv6	s :3ea3 Address Table		Add	Delete
2406:5400/FI Current IPv6	s :3ea3			Delete

3. You should see the IPv6 address in Current IPv6 Address Table. Then, specify the IP address of IPv6 Gateway.

PPoE	Static or Dynamic I	P		PPTP/L	2TP	IPv6
Internet Acce	ess Mode					
Connection	Туре	Static	IPv6			
	ddress Configuration					
IPv6 Addre	ISS		/ Pre	fix Leng		
			/		Add	Delete
	6 Address Table					
and the second secon	v6 Address/Prefix Lengt	th			ope	
1 240	06:7410:771::770/123					
	80::21D:RAFF:FECE:2DD2/	64			obal nk	
2 FE		61				v
2 FE	80::21D:AAFF:FECE:2DD2/	61				×
2 FE	ateway configuration vay Address	64				÷
2 FE	ateway configuration vay Address	64				¥
2 PE	ateway configuration vay Address 1201401 ction Detection					¥
2 FE	ateway configuration vay Address 1201401 ction Detection	'64 ; On ▼				*
2 FE	ateway configuration vay Address 11:31A1 ction Detection					*
2 FE	ateway configuration vay Address 11:31.01 ction Detection					*

6in4 Static Tunnel

In this mode, the IPv6 connectivity is provided by a tunnel broker on the IPv4 Internet through a tunnel configured manually. To use 6in4 Static Tunnel, you need sign up for a tunnel broker service and get an IPv6 address and routed IPv6 prefixes first. Then, configure the router as follows:

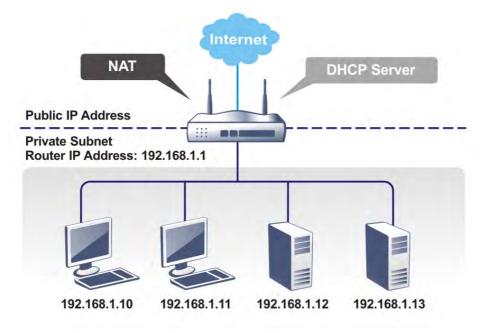
- 1. Set Connection Type to 6in4 Static Tunnel.
- 2. Enter the tunnel server's IPv4 address in Remote Endpoint IPv4 Address.
- 3. Enter the router's IPv6 address in 6in4 IPv6 Address.
- 4. Enter the routed IPv6 prefix in LAN Routed Prefix.

PPoE	Static or Dynar	nic IP	р	PTP/L2TP	IPvt
Internet Access Mode	-				
Connection Type		[6in4 Static Tunr	nel 🗸	
6in4 Static Tunnel					
Remote Endpoint	IPv4 Address	216.7 M 2*1 K	f.		
6in4 IPv6 Address		2001/1/02 15:83	36::2	/ 64	(default:64)
LAN Routed Prefix		2001:1.1 19 83	36::	/ 64	(default:64)
Tunnel TTL		255 (0	default:255)		
WAN Connection Dete	ection				
Mode		ways On 🔽	ī		

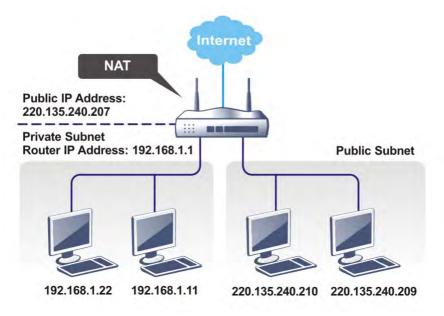
II-2 LAN

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

The most generic function of Vigor router is NAT. It creates a private subnet of your own. As mentioned previously, the router will talk to other public hosts on the Internet by using public IP address and talking to local hosts by using its private IP address. What NAT does is to translate the packets from public IP address to private IP address to forward the right packets to the right host and vice versa. Besides, Vigor router has a built-in DHCP server that assigns private IP address to each local host. See the following diagram for a briefly understanding.



In some special case, you may have a public IP subnet from your ISP such as 220.135.240.0/24. This means that you can set up a public subnet or call second subnet that each host is equipped with a public IP address. As a part of the public subnet, the Vigor router will serve for IP routing to help hosts in the public subnet to communicate with other public hosts or servers outside. Therefore, the router should be set as the gateway for public hosts.



What is Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

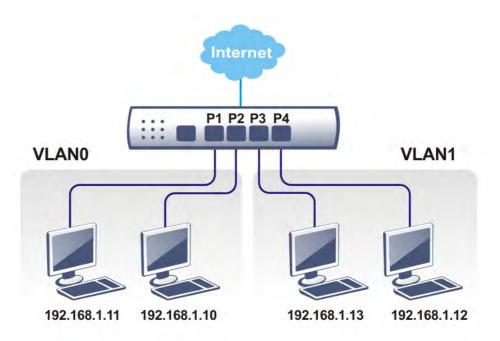
Vigor router will exchange routing information with neighboring routers using the RIP to accomplish IP routing. This allows users to change the information of the router such as IP address and the routers will automatically inform for each other.

What is Static Route

When you have several subnets in your LAN, sometimes a more effective and quicker way for connection is the **Static routes** function rather than other method. You may simply set rules to forward data from one specified subnet to another specified subnet without the presence of RIP.

What are Virtual LANs and Rate Control

You can group local hosts by physical ports and create up to 8 virtual LANs. To manage the communication between different groups, please set up rules in Virtual LAN (VLAN) function and the rate of each.



Web User Interface

A LAN comprises a collection of LAN clients, which are networked devices on your premises. A LAN client can be a computer, a printer, a Voice-over-IP (VoIP) phone, a mobile phone, a gaming console, an Internet Protocol Television (IPTV), etc, and can have either a wired (using Ethernet cabling) or wireless (using Wi-Fi) network connection.

LAN clients within the same LAN are normally able to communicate with one another directly, as they are peers to one another, unless measures, such as firewalls or VLANs, have been put in place to restrict such access. Nowadays the most common LAN firewalls are implemented on the LAN client itself. For example, Microsoft Windows since Windows XP and Apple OS X have built-in firewalls that can be configured to restrict traffic coming in and going out of the computer. VLANs, on the other hand, are usually set up using network switches or routers, such as the Vigor2862.

To communicate with the hosts outside of the LAN, LAN clients have to go through a network gateway, which in most cases is a router (such as the Vigor 2862) that sits between the LAN and the ISP network, which is the WAN. The router acts as a director to ensure traffic between the LAN and the WAN reach their intended destinations.



II-2-1 General Setup

This page provides you the general settings for LAN. Click LAN to open the LAN settings page and choose General Setup.

There are eight subnets provided by the router which allow users to divide groups into different subnets (LAN1 - LAN8). In addition, different subnets can link for each other by configuring Inter-LAN Routing. At present, LAN1 setting is fixed with NAT mode only. LAN2 - LAN8 can be operated under NAT or Route mode. IP Routed Subnet can be operated under Route mode.

LAN >> General Setup

General Setup						
Index	Status	DHCP	DHCPv6	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.2.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 3		V		192.168.3.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 4		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.4.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 5		V		192.168.5.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 6		\checkmark	V	192.168.6.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 7		V		192.168.7.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 8		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.8.1	Details Page	IPv6
DMZ Port		~	✓	192.168.17.1	Details Page	IPV6
IP Routed Subnet		V		192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP server options here.

Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings specified in LAN1 Inter-LAN Routing

ILCI-LAN NUU	ing								
Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	LAN 5	LAN 6	LAN 7	LAN 8	DMZ Port
LAN 1	V								
LAN 2		\checkmark							
LAN 3			V						
LAN 4				\checkmark					
LAN 5					V				
LAN 6						\checkmark			
LAN 7							V		
LAN 8								V	
DMZ Port									V

Note:

LAN2/3/4/5/6/7/8 are available when VLAN is enabled. DMZ subnet is default bound to P4, and will overwrite the settings of P4 at LAN>>VLAN page.

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Item	Description
General Setup	Allow to configure settings for each subnet respectively.
	Index - Display all of the LAN items.
	Status- Basically, LAN1 status is enabled in default. LAN2 -LAN6 and IP Routed Subnet can be observed by checking the box of Status.
	DHCP/DHCPv6- LAN1 is configured with DHCP/DHCPv6 in default. If required, please check the DHCP box for each LAN.
	IP Address - Display the IP address for each LAN item. Such information is set in default and you can not modify it.
	Details Page - Click it to access into the setting page. Each LAN will have different LAN configuration page. Each LAN must be configured in different subnet.
	IPv6 - Click it to access into the settings page of IPv6.
Advanced	DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number and data information when such function is enabled.
	For detailed information, refer to later section.
Force router to use "DNS server IP address"	Force Vigor router to use DNS servers configured in LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4/LAN5/LAN6/LAN7/LAN8/DMZ Port instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server

	(PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).
Inter-LAN Routing	Check the box to link two or more different subnets (LAN and LAN).
	Inter-LAN Routing allows different LAN subnets to be interconnected or isolated.
	It is only available when the VLAN functionality is enabled. Refer to section II-2-2 VLAN on how to set up VLANs.
	In the Inter-LAN Routing matrix, a selected checkbox means that the 2 intersecting LANs can communicate with each other.

When you finish the configuration, please click OK to save and exit this page.

(1) Info

To configure a subnet, select its Detials Page button to bring up the LAN Details Page.

II-2-1-1 Details Page for LAN1 – Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information.

LAN >> General Setup

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP a	nd DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup			
Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration	n		
For NAT Usage		🔍 Disable 💽 Enable Ser	ver 🔍 B	Enable Relay A	gent
IP Address	192.168.1.1	Start IP Address	192.168.	.1.10	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	IP Pool Counts	200	(max. 1021)	
	Disable T	Gateway IP Address	192.168.	.1.1	
RIP Protocol Control	Disable •	Lease Time	86400		(s)
		Clear DHCP lease for periodically	inactive	e clients	
		DNS Server IP Address			
		Primary IP Address			
		Secondary IP Address			

Note: Change IP Address or Subnet Mask in Network Configuration will also change <u>HA</u> LAN1 Virtual IP to the same domain IP.

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Item	Description
Network Configuration	For NAT Usage,
	IP Address - This is the IP address of the router. (Default: 192.168.1.1).
	Subnet Mask - The subnet mask, together with the IP Address field, indicates the maximum number of clients allowed on the subnet. (Default: 255.255.255.0/24).
	RIP Protocol Control,
	Enable - When Enabled, the router will attempt to exchange

	routing information with neighbouring routers using the
DHCP Server Configuration	Routing Information Protocol. DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatches related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.
	Disable Server - Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	Enable Server - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	• Start IP Address - The beginning LAN IP address that is given out to LAN DHCP clients.
	• IP Pool Counts - The maximum number of IP addresses to be handed out by DHCP. The default value is 200. Valid range is between 1 and 1021. The actual number of IP addresses available for assignment is the IP Pool Counts, or 1021 minus the last octet of the Start IP Address, whichever is smaller.
	• Gateway IP Address - The IP address of the gateway, which is the host on the LAN that relays all traffic coming into and going out of the LAN. The gateway is normally the router, and therefore the Gateway IP Address should be identical to the IP Address in the Network Configuration section above.
	• Lease Time - The maximum duration DHCP-issued IP addresses can be used before they have to be renewed.
	• Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically - If selected, the router sends ARP requests recycles IP addresses previously assigned to inactive DHCP clients to prevent exhaustion of the IP address pool.
	Note: When Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically is enabled, router will do the following:
	 Check activities of DHCP clients by ARP requests every minute when the available DHCP IP addresses are less than 30
	 Clear DHCP lease when the client is not responding ARP replies.
	Enable Relay Agent - When selected, all DHCP requests are forwarded to a DHCP server outside of the LAN subnet, and whose address is specified in the DHCP Server IP Address field.
	• DHCP Server IP Address - It is available when Enable Relay Agent is checked. Set the IP address of the DHCF server you are going to use so the Relay Agent can help to forward the DHCP request to the DHCP server.
DNS Server IP Address	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.
	Primary IP Address - You must specify a DNS server IP address

here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. Secondary IP Address - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status: Online Status Physical Connection System Uptime: 22:22:45 IPv4 IPv6 LAN Status Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8 Secondary DNS: 8.8.4.4 IP Address TX Packets RX Packets 192.168.1.1 41533 0 If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server and maintain a DNS cache. If the IP address of a domain name is already in the DNS cache, the router will resolve the domain name immediately. Otherwise, the router forwards the DNS query packet to the external DNS server by establishing a WAN (e.g. DSL/Cable) connection.

When you finish the configuration, please click OK to save and exit this page.

Private IP addresses can be assigned automatically to LAN clients using Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), or manually assigned. The DHCP server can either be the router (the most common case), or a separate server, that hands out IP addresses to DHCP clients.

Alternatively, static IP addresses can be manually configured on LAN clients as part of their network settings. No matter how IP addresses are configured, it is important that no two devices get the same IP address. If both DHCP and static assignment are used on a network, it is important to exclude the static IP addresses from the DHCP IP pool. For example, if your LAN uses the 192.168.1.x subnet and you have 20 DHCP clients and 20 static IP clients, you could configure 192.168.1.10 as the Start IP Address, 50 as the IP Pool Counts (enough for the current number of DHCP clients, plus room for future expansion), and use addresses greater than 192.168.1.100 for static assignment.

II-2-1-2 Details Page for LAN2 ~ LAN8 and DMZ

LAN >> General Setup

DMZ Ethernet TCP / IP an	nd DHCP Setup	DMZ IPv6 Setup			
Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration			
🔘 Enable 💿 Disable		ODisable 💿 Enable Se	rver 🔘 Enable Relay Agent		
⊙ For NAT Usage	○ For Routing Usage	Start IP Address	192.168.17.10		
IP Address	192.168.17.1	IP Pool Counts	100 (max. 253)		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Gateway IP Address	192.168.17.1		
		Lease Time	259200 (s)		
		Clear DHCP lease for periodically.	r inactive clients		
		DNS Server IP Address			
		Primary IP Address			
		Secondary IP Address			

Note: Change IP Address or Subnet Mask in Network Configuration will also change <u>HA</u> DMZ Virtual IP to the same domain IP.

OK	
----	--

Item	Description
Network Configuration	Enable/Disable - Click Enable to enable such configuration; click Disable to disable such configuration.
	For NAT Usage - Click this radio button to invoke NAT function.
	For Routing Usage - Click this radio button to invoke this function.
	IP Address - This is the IP address of the router. (Default: 192.168.1.1).
	Subnet Mask - The subnet mask, together with the IP Address field, indicates the maximum number of clients allowed on the subnet. (Default: 255.255.25.0/24).
DHCP Server Configuration	Disable Server - Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	Enable Server - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	• Start IP Address - The beginning LAN IP address that is given out to LAN DHCP clients.
	• IP Pool Counts - The maximum number of IP addresses to be handed out by DHCP. The default value is 100. Valid range is between 1 and 1021. The actual number of IP addresses available for assignment is the IP Pool Counts, or 1021 minus the last octet of the Start IP Address, whichever is smaller.
	• Gateway IP Address - The IP address of the gateway, which is the host on the LAN that relays all traffic coming into and going out of the LAN. The gateway is normally the router, and therefore the Gateway IP Address should be identical to the IP Address in the

	Notwork Configuration social above
	 Network Configuration section above. Lease Time - The maximum duration DHCP-issued IP
	addresses can be used before they have to be renewed.
	• Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically - If selected, the router sends ARP requests recycles IP addresses previously assigned to inactive DHCP clients to prevent exhaustion of the IP address pool.
	Note: When Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically is enabled, router will do the following:
	 Check activities of DHCP clients by ARP requests every minute when the available DHCP IP addresses are less than 30
	 Clear DHCP lease when the client is not responding ARP replies.
	Enable Relay Agent - When selected, all DHCP requests are forwarded to a DHCP server outside of the LAN subnet, and whose address is specified in the DHCP Server IP Address field.
	• DHCP Server IP Address - It is available when Enable Relay Agent is checked. Set the IP address of the DHCP server you are going to use so the Relay Agent can help to forward the DHCP request to the DHCP server.
DNS Server IP Address	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.
	Primary IP Address -You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server.
	Secondary IP Address - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server.
	The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:
	Online Status
	Physical Connection System Uptime: 22:22:45 IPv4 IPv6
	LAN Status Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8 Secondary DNS: 8.8.4.4 IP Address TX Packets RX Packets 192.168.1.1 0 41533
	If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server and maintain a DNS cache.
	If the IP address of a domain name is already in the DNS cache, the router will resolve the domain name immediately. Otherwise, the router forwards the DNS query packet to the external DNS server by establishing a WAN (e.g. DSL/Cable) connection.

When you finish the configuration, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-3 Details Page for IP Routed Subnet

LAN >> General Setup

TCP/IP and DHCP Setup for	IP Routed Subnet			
Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration		
 ○ Enable	192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0 Disable 💌	Start IP Address IP Pool Counts Lease Time Use LAN Port Vse MAC Address Index Matched MAC	0 (max. 32) 259200 (s) V P1 V P2 S C Address given IP Address	

Item	Description
Network Configuration	Enable/Disable - Click Enable to enable such configuration; click Disable to disable such configuration.
	For Routing Usage,
	IP Address - This is the IP address of the router. (Default: 192.168.1.1).
	Subnet Mask - The subnet mask, together with the IP Address field, indicates the maximum number of clients allowed on the subnet. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24).
	RIP Protocol Control,
	Enable - When Enabled, the router will attempt to exchange routing information with neighbouring routers using the Routing Information Protocol.
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	Start IP Address - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
	IP Pool Counts - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.
	Lease Time - Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.

Use LAN Port - Specify an IP for IP Route Subnet. If it is enabled, DHCP server will assign IP address automatically for the clients coming from P1 and/or P2. Please check the box of P1 and P2.
Use MAC Address - Check such box to specify MAC address.
MAC Address: Enter the MAC Address of the host one by one and click Add to create a list of hosts which can be assigned, deleted or edited from above pool. Set a list of MAC Address for 2^{nd} DHCP server will help router to assign the correct IP address of the correct subnet to the correct host. So those hosts in 2^{nd} subnet won't get an IP address belonging to 1^{st} subnet.
Add - Type the MAC address in the boxes and click this button to add.
Delete - Click it to delete the selected MAC address.
Edit - Click it to edit the selected MAC address.
Cancel - Click it to cancel the job of adding, deleting and editing.

When you finish the configuration, please click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ to save and exit this page.

II-2-1-4 Details Page for LAN IPv6 Setup

Below shows the settings page for IPv6.

Static IPv6 Address IPv6 Address	5	/ Prefix Length	
IPV0 Address		/ Add Delet	P
Unique Local Add	ress(ULA) con	figuration	
Off	-	/ 64	
Current IPv6 Add Index IPv6 Ad		ix Length Scope	
		:AAF:AAFF:AAFF:AAFF/64 Global	
	AF:AAFF:AA		
		-	
		Ψ.	
DNS Server IPv6 A	ddress	*	
DNS Server IPv6 A Primary DNS Ser		2001:4860::8888	
	rver	2001:4860:4860::8888 2001:4860:4860::8844	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS	ver Server	2001:4860:4860::8844	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS	Server SLA4	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless)	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS	Server SLA4	2001:4860:4860::8844	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS	Server SLA4	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless)	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS Ianagement DHCPv6 Server © Enable Server	Server SLAA O O Disat	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless)	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS lanagement DHCPv6 Server	Server SLAA O O Disat	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless) ▼ ther Option(O-bit)	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS Ianagement DHCPv6 Server © Enable Server	Server SLAA O O Disal ge	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless) ▼ ther Option(O-bit)	
Primary DNS Ser Secondary DNS Management DHCPv6 Server Enable Server Auto IPv6 ram	Server SLAA O O Disat ge ess	2001:4860:4860::8844 C(stateless) ther Option(O-bit) le Server	

It provides 2 daemons for LAN side IPv6 address configuration. One is **SLAAC**(stateless) and the other is **DHCPv6** (Stateful) server.

Item	Description					
Enable	Check the box to enable the configuration of LAN 1 IPv6 Setup.					
WAN Primary Interface	Use the drop down list to specify a WAN interface for IPv6.					
Static IPv6 Address	IPv6 Address - Type static IPv6 address for LAN.					

configuration	Prefix Length - Type the fixed value for prefix length.
	Add - Click it to add a new entry.
	Delete - Click it to remove an existed entry.
Unique Local Address (ULA) configuration	Unique Local Addresses (ULAs) are private IPv6 addresses assigned to LAN clients.
	Off - ULA is disabled.
	Manually ULA Prefix - LAN clients will be assigned ULAs generated based on the prefix manually entered.
	Auto ULA Prefix - LAN clients will be assigned ULAs using ar automatically-determined prefix.
	Off Off Auto ULA Prefix Manually ULA Prefix
Current IPv6 Address Table	Display current used IPv6 addresses.
DNS Server IPv6 Address	Deploy when WAN is up - The RA (router advertisement) packets will be sent to LAN PC with DNS server information only when network connection by any one of WAN interfaces is up.
	Enable - The RA (router advertisement) packets will be sent to LAN PC with DNS server information no matter WAN connection is up or not.
	 Primary DNS Sever - Type the IPv6 address for Primary DNS server.
	 Secondary DNS Server -Type another IPv6 address for DNS server if required.
	Disable - DNS server will not be used.
Management	Configures the Managed Address Configuration flag (M-bit) in Route Advertisements.
	• Off - No configuration information is sent using Route Advertisements.
	• SLAAC(stateless) - M-bit is unset.
	 DHCPv6(stateful) - M-bit is set, which indicates to LAN clients that they should acquire all IPv6 configuration information from a DHCPv6 server. The DHCPv6 server can either be the one built into the Vigor2860, or a separate DHCPv6 server.
	SLAAC(stateless) SLAAC(stateless) DHCPv6(stateful) Off
Other Option(O-bit)	When selected, the Other Configuration flag is set, which indicates to LAN clients that IPv6 configuration information besides LAN IPv6 addresses is available from a DHCPv6 server.
	Setting the M-bit (see Management above) has the same effect as implicitly setting the O-bit, as DHCPv6 supplies all IPv6 configuration information, including what is indicated a available when the O-bit is set.
DHCPv6 Server	Enable Server -Click it to enable DHCPv6 server. DHCPv6

	Server could assign IPv6 address to PC according to the						
	Start/End IPv6 address configuration. Disable Server -Click it to disable DHCPv6 server.						
	Auto IPv6 range - After check the box, Vigor router will						
	assign the IPv6 range automatically.						
	Start IPv6 Address / End IPv6 Address -Type the start and end address for IPv6 server.						
	Advance setting - Click the Edit button to configure						
	advanced IPv6 settings for DHCPv6 server.						
	LAN >> General Setup						
	DHCPv6 Server Authentication Protocol Prefix Delegation Prefix / DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation						
	New Prefix :						
	Add Prefix Prefix Length Link Local DUID						
	OK Cancel						
Advance setting	The Advanced Settings page has additional settings for Router Advertisement and enabling multiple WANs for IPv6 traffic.						
	Enable Disable						
	Hop Limit 64 Min Interval Time(sec) 200 Max Interval Time(sec) 600 Default Lifetime(sec) 1800 (High Availability secondary is 0) Default Preference Medium ▼ MTU ■ 0						
	RIPng Protocol						
	erable Extension WAN						
	Available WAN Selected WAN						
	WAN2 WAN2 WAN4						
	OK Close						
	Router Advertisement Configuration - Click Enable to enable router advertisement server. The router advertisement daemon sends Router Advertisement messages, specified by RFC 2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a Router Solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6 stateless auto-configuration.						
	Disable - Click it to disable router advertisement server.						
	Hop Limt - The value is required for the device behind the router when IPv6 is in use.						
	Min/Max Interval Time (sec) - It defines the interval (between minimum time and maximum time) for sending RA						

(Router Advertisement) packets.
Default Lifetime (sec) -Within such period of time, Vigor router can be treated as the default gateway.
Default Preference - It determines the priority of the host behind the router when RA (Router Advertisement) packets are transmitted.
MTU - It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. If Auto is selected, the router will determine the MTU value for LAN.
RIPng Protocol - RIPng (RIP next generation) offers the same functions and benefits as IPv4 RIP v2.
Extension WAN - In addition to the default WAN used for IPv6 traffic specified in the WAN Primary Interface in the LAN IPv6 Setup page, additional WANs can be selected to carry IPv6 traffic by enabling them in the Extension WAN section.
Available WAN - Additional WANs available but not currently selected to carry IPv6 traffic.
Selected WAN - Additional WANs selected to carry IPv6 traffic.

After making changes on the Advance setting page, click the **OK** button to retain the changes and return to the LAN IPv6 Setup page. Be sure to click OK on the LAN IPv6 Setup page or else changes made on the Advance setting page will not be saved.

II-2-1-5 Advanced DHCP Options

DHCP Options can be configured by clicking the Advanced button on the LAN General Setup screen.

LAN >> General Setup

ustomized		0		D - + -	
Enable	Interface	Option	Туре	Data	
Enable: 🖪	2				
Interface:	All LAN1 LAN2 LAN	N3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN	NG LAN7 LAN	8 DMZ IP Routed Su	Ibnet
Next Serve	er IP Address/SIAddr :]		
Option Nur	mber:				
DataType:	⊙ASCII Character (EX :Option:18, Data:	/path)		
	🔘 Hexadecimal Digit	(EX: Option:18, Dat	a:2f70617468)	
	○Address List (EX :	Option:44, Data:172	2.16.2.10,172.3	16.2.20)	
Data:					
		Add Update D	elete Reset]	
:				-	

Configuring option 3 here will overwrite the setting in "LAN >> General Setup" Details Page's "Gateway IP Address" field.

 Configuring option 15 here will overwrite the setting in "WAN >> Internet Access >> Static or Dynamic IP" Detail Page's "Domain Name" field.

OK

Item	Description					
Customized List	Shows all the DHCP options that have been configured in the system.					
Enable	If selected, DHCP option entry is enabled. If unselected, DHCP option entry is disabled.					
Interface	LAN interface(s) to which this entry is applicable.					
Next Server IP Address/SIAddr	Overrides the DHCP Next Server IP address (DHCP Option 66) supplied by the DHCP server.					
Option Number	DHCP option number (e.g., 100).					
DataType	Type of data in the Data field: ASCII Character - A text string. Example: /path. Hexadecimal Digit - A hexadecimal string. Valid characters are from 0 to 9 and from a to f. Example: 2f70617468. Address List - One or more IPv4 addresses, delimited by commas.					
Data	Data of this DHCP option.					

To add a DHCP option entry from scratch, clear the data entry fields (Enable, Interface, Option Number, DataType and Data) by clicking Reset. After filling in the values, click Add to create the new entry.

To add a DHCP option entry modeled after an existing entry, click the model entry in **Customized List**. The data entry fields will be populated with values from the model entry. After making all necessary changes for the new entry, click **Add** to create it.

To modify an existing DHCP option entry, click on it in **Customized List**. The data entry fields will be populated with the current values from the entry. After making all necessary changes, click **Update** to save the changes.

To delete a DHCP option entry, click on it in Customized List, and then click Delete.

II-2-2 VLAN

Virtual Local Area Networks (VLANs) allow you to subdivide your LAN to facilitate management or to improve network security.

Select LAN>>VLAN from the menu bar of the Web UI to bring up the VLAN Configuration page.

Tagged VLAN

The tagged VLANs (802.1q) can mark data with a VLAN identifier. This identifier can be carried through an onward Ethernet switch to specific ports. The specific VLAN clients can also pick up this identifier as it is just passed to the LAN. You can set the priorities for LAN-side QoS. You can assign each of VLANs to each of the different IP subnets that the router may also be operating, to provide even more isolation. The said functionality is tag-based multi-subnet.

Port-Based VLAN

Relative to tag-based VLAN which groups clients with an identifier, port-based VLAN uses physical ports (P1 ~ P4) to separate the clients into different VLAN group.

Virtual LAN function provides you a very convenient way to manage hosts by grouping them based on the physical port. The multi-subnet can let a small businesses have much better isolation for multi-occupancy applications. Go to LAN page and select VLAN. The following page will appear. Click Enable to invoke VLAN function.

Below is an example page in Vigor2862ac:

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Co	nfigu	ırati	on													
Enable LAN Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) Wireless LAN(5GHz) VLAN Tag																
		U	٩N		Wire	eless L	AN(2.4	GHz)	Wir	eless	LAN(50	GHz)			VLAN Ta	ag
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLANO	~												LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN1													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN2													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸
VLAN3													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸
VLAN4													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN5													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸
VLAN6													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN7													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN8													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸
VLAN9													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸
VLAN10													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN11													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN12													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN13													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN14													LAN 1 🔽		0	0 🗸
VLAN15													LAN 1 💌		0	0 🗸

Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

Note:

1.For each VLAN row, selecting Enable VLAN Tag will apply the associated VID to the selected wired LAN

port. 2.Wireless LAN traffic is always untagged, but the SSID is still a member of the selected VLAN (group). 3.Each VID must be unique.

ach vid masc de anique.

OK Clear Cancel

Settings in this page only applied to LAN port but not WAN port.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Info

Item	Description							
Enable	Click it to enable VLAN configuration.							
LAN	P1 - P4 - Check the LAN port(s) to group them under the selected VLAN.							
Wireless LAN (2.4GHz)	SSID1 - SSID4 - Check the SSID boxes to group them under the selected VLAN.							
Wireless LAN (5GHz)	SSID1 - SSID4 - Check the SSID boxes to group them under the selected VLAN.							
Subnet	Choose one of them to make the selected VLAN mapping to the specified subnet only. For example, LAN1 is specified for VLAN0. It means that PCs grouped under VLAN0 can get the IP address(es) that specified by the subnet.							
	4 Subnet LAN 1 ▼ LAN 2 LAN 3 LAN 4 LAN 5 LAN 6 LAN 7 LAN 8							
VLAN Tag	Enable - Check the box to enable the function of VLAN with tag.							
	The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the LAN while sending them out.							
	Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by LAN.							
	VID - Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095. VIDs must be unique.							
	Priority - Valid values are from 0 to 7, where 1 has the lowest priority, followed by 0, and finally from 2 to 7 in increasing order of priority.							
Permit untagged device in P1 to access router	Select to allow untagged hosts connected to LAN port P1 to access the router. In case you have incorrectly configured VLAN functionality, you will still be able to access the router via the Web UI, and telnet and SSH shells to adjust the configuration.							

0

Info

Leave one VLAN untagged at least to prevent from not connecting to Vigor router due to unexpected error.

The Vigor router supports up to 15 VLANs. Each VLAN can be set up to use one or more of the Ethernet ports and wireless LAN Service Set Identifiers (SSIDs). Within the grid of VLANs (horizontal rows) and LAN interfaces (vertical columns),

- all hosts within the same VLAN (horizontal row) are visible to one another
- all hosts connected to the same LAN or WLAN interface (vertical column) are visible to one another if
 - they belong to the same VLAN, or

- they belong to different VLANs, and inter-LAN routing (LAN>>General Setup) between them is enabled (see below).

Inter-LAN Routing

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	LAN 5	LAN 6	LAN 7	LAN 8	DMZ Port
LAN 1	✓								
LAN 2		\checkmark							
LAN 3			V						
LAN 4				\checkmark					
LAN 5					V				
LAN 6						\checkmark			
LAN 7							V		
LAN 8								\checkmark	
DMZ Port									

Inter-LAN Routing allows different LAN subnets to be interconnected or isolated. It is only available when the VLAN functionality is enabled. In the Inter-LAN Routing matrix, a selected checkbox means that the 2 intersecting LANs can communicate with each other.

Vigor2862 series features a hugely flexible VLAN system. In its simplest form, each of the Gigabit LAN ports can be isolated from each other, for example to feed different companies or departments but keeping their local traffic completely separated.

Configuring port-based VLAN for wireless and non-wireless clients

- 1. All the wire network clients are categorized to group VLAN0 in subnet 192.168.1.0/24 (LAN1).
- 2. All the wireless network clients are categorized to group VLAN1 in subnet 192.168.2.0/24 (LAN2).
- 3. Open LAN>>VLAN Configuration. Check the boxes according to the statement in step 1 and Step 2.

🗹 Enał	ole															
		L	۹N		Wire	eless L	AN(2.4	GHz)	Wi	reless	LAN(50	GHz)			/LAN Ta	g
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLANO	~	~	✓	✓									LAN 1 💌			0 🗸
VLAN1					~	LAN 2 🔽			0 🗸							
VLAN2													LAN 3 🔽			0 🛩
VLAN3													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸
VLAN4													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸
VLAN5													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸
VLAN6													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸
VLAN7													LAN 1 💌			0 🗸
VLAN8													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸
VLAN9													LAN 1 🔽			0 🗸

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

- Click OK. 4.
- 5. Open LAN>>General Setup. If you want to let the clients in both groups communicate with each other, simply activate Inter-LAN Routing by checking the box between LAN1 and LAN2.

LAN >> General Setup	> General Setup
----------------------	-----------------

General Setup						
Index	Status	DHCP	DHCPv6	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2		~	✓	192.168.2.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 3		V		192.168.3.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 4		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.4.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 5				192.168.5.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 6		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.6.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 7		V	V	192.168.7.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 8		\checkmark	\checkmark	192.168.8.1	Details Page	IPv6
DMZ Port		V	V	192.168.17.1	Details Page	IPv6
IP Routed Subnet		\checkmark		192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP server options here.

Force router to use	"DNS server IP address	" settings specified in	LAN1	\sim
Inter-LAN Routing				

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4	LAN 5	LAN 6	LAN 7	LAN 8	DMZ Port
LAN 1	\checkmark								
LAN 2		\checkmark							
LAN 3			V						
LAN 4				\checkmark					
LAN 5					V				
LAN 6						V			
LAN 7							V		
LAN 8								V	
DMZ Port									V

Note:

LAN2/3/4/5/6/7/8 are available when VLAN is enabled. DMZ subnet is default bound to P4, and will overwrite the settings of P4 at LAN>>VLAN page.

OK]

Vigor router supports up to six private IP subnets on LAN. Each can be independent (isolated) or common (able to communicate with each other). This is ideal for departmental or multi-occupancy applications.



As for the VLAN applications, refer to "Appendix I: VLAN Application on Vigor Router" for more detailed information.

II-2-3 Bind IP to MAC

This function is used to bind the IP and MAC address in LAN to have a strengthening control in network. With the Bind IP to MAC feature you can reserve LAN IP addresses for LAN clients. Each reserved IP address is associated with a Media Access Control (MAC) address.

Click LAN and click Bind IP to MAC to open the setup page.

LAN >> Bind IP to MAC

Bind IP to MAC				
🔘 Enable 💿 Disable				
Strict Bind				
Apply Strict Bind to Subnet			Edit	
ARP Table		ect All <u>Sort</u> <u>Refresh</u>	Add/Update to IP Bind List	
	ddress -5D-E4-D8-EE	HOST ID	IP Address	
192.166.1.10 00-03	-30-64-00-66	A1000331	Mac Address	:
			Comment	
			Add Update	Delete
		~	1	
IP Bind List (Limit: 1024 ent	ries)		Select #	All Sort
Index IP Address	Mac Address	Host ID	Comment	~
Backup IP Bind List : Bac	kup Upload	From File: 選擇檔案 5	未選擇檔案	Restore
	.kup Opioau	FIUILFIIE, 送倖催余 7	不进痒催余	Restore

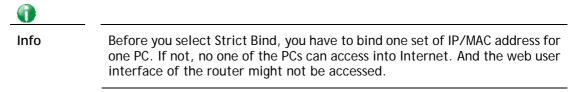
Note:

1. IP-MAC binding presets DHCP Allocations.

2. If you select Strict Bind, unspecified LAN clients cannot access the Internet.

Item	Description
Enable	Click this radio button to invoke this function. However, IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List also can connect to Internet.
Disable	Click this radio button to disable this function. All the settings on this page will be invalid.
Strict Bind	Check the box to block the connection of the IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List. LAN clients will be assigned IP addresses according to the MAC-to-IP address associations on this page. LAN client
	whose MAC address has not been bound to an IP address will be denied network access.

	 Note: Before selecting Strict Bind, make sure at least one valid MAC address has been bound to an IP address. Otherwise no LAN clients will have network access, and it will not be possible to connect to the router to make changes to its configuration. Apply Strict Bind to Subnet – Choose the subnet(s) for 				
	applying the rules of Bind IP to MAC.				
	2.168.1.1/doc/lansubedt.htm				
	Apply Strict Bind to Subnet: Select All Clear All				
	Subnet IP Address LAN1 192.168.1.1 LAN2 192.168.2.1 LAN3 192.168.3.1 LAN4 192.168.4.1 LAN5 192.168.5.1 LAN6 192.168.6.1 LAN7 192.168.7.1 LAN8 192.168.8.1 DMZ Port 192.168.17.1 IP Routed Subnet 192.168.0.1				
	OK Close				
ARP Table	This table is the LAN ARP table of this router. The information for IP and MAC will be displayed in this field. Each pair of IP and MAC address listed in ARP table can be selected and added to IP Bind List by clicking Add below.				
Select All	Select all entries in the ARP Table for manipulation.				
Sort	Reorder the entry based on the IP address.				
Refresh	Refresh the ARP table listed below to obtain the newest ARP table information.				
Add or Update to IP Bind List	IP Address – Type the IP address to be associated with a MAC address. Mac Address – Type the MAC address of the LAN client's network interface.				
	Comment – Type a brief description for the entry.				
Add	It allows you to add the one you choose from the ARP table or the IP/MAC address typed in Add and Edit to the table of IP Bind List.				
Update	It allows you to edit and modify the selected IP address and MAC address that you create before.				
Delete	You can remove any item listed in IP Bind List. Simply click and select the one, and click Delete. The selected item will be removed from the IP Bind List.				
IP Bind List	It displays a list for the IP bind to MAC information.				
Backup IP Bind List	Click Backup and enter a filename to back up IP Bind List to a file.				
Upload From File	Click Browse to select an IP Bind List backup file. Click Restore to restore the backup and overwrite the existing list.				



When you finish the configuration, click **OK** to save the settings.

II-2-4 LAN Port Mirror

The LAN Port Mirror function allows network traffic of select LAN ports to be forwarded to another LAN port for analysis. This is useful for enforcing policies, detecting unauthorized access, monitoring network performance, etc.

Select LAN>>LAN Port Mirror from the menu bar of the Web UI to bring up the LAN Port Mirror configuration page.

LAN >> LAN Port Mirror

LAN Port Mirror						
Port Mirror:						
⊙Enable ○Disable						
	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	WAN1	WAN2
Mirror Port		0	0	0		
Mirrored Tx Port						
Mirrored Rx Port						

Note: The mirrored WAN1 is a software mirror, it will lead to a substantial decline in performance.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Port Mirror	Enables or disables LAN Port Mirroring.
Mirror Port	One and only one port is selected as the mirror port, to which traffic is to be forwarded.
Mirrored Tx Port	Port(s) whose outbound traffic will be forwarded to the mirror port.
Mirrored Rx Port	Port(s) whose inbound traffic will be forwarded to the mirror port.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-2-5 Wired 802.1x

Wired 802.1X provides authentication for clients wishing to connect to the LAN by Ethernet. Only one client can be authenticated on each LAN port.

Select LAN>>Wired 802.1X from the menu bar of the Web UI to bring up the Wired 802.1X configuration page.

LAN >> Wired 802.1X

Wired 802.1X				
LAN 802.1X:				
🗹 Enable				
Authentication Type:	External RADIUS 💌			
802.1X ports:				
□P1	P 2	🗖 РЗ	P 4	

Note:

1. 802.1X enabled LAN ports only support a single attached device using EAPOL authentication. To authenticate multiple devices through a LAN port you need an 802.1X-capable switch. Then configure 802.1X on the attached switch instead.

- 2. Please configure External RADIUS or Local 802.1X for authentication.
- 3. Authentication by External RADIUS supports PEAP and EAP-TLS.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable LAN 802.1x function.
Authentication Type	External RADIUS - An external RADIUS server is to be used for 802.1X authentication. Go to Applications >> RADIUS / TACACS+>>External RADIUS to specify the RADIUS server.
	Local 802.1X - Use the user database on the router to authenticate clients. Go to User Management >> User Profile to set up users by entering user names, passwords and ensure that Local 802.1X service is enabled for the profiles.
802.1X ports	802.1X authentication will be available for the selected LAN ports.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

II-3 Hardware Acceleration

Hardware Acceleration is also called PPA in DrayTek for it is based on Protocol Processing Engine (PPE) of Infineon. It can only support 128 sessions for network traffic (IN & OUT) with implementing three kinds of modes - Disable, Auto and Manual.

0	
Info	Such feature is only supported by certain firmware version.

II-3-1 Setup

When the data traffic is heavy and data transmission is getting slowly and slowly, you can configure this page to accelerate the data streaming by hardware itself. Open Hardware Acceleration to access into the following page:

Hardware Acceleration >> Setup

Mode:	Manual						
Mode:	Manual	*					
Protocol:	🗹 ТСР	UDP					
Option:	💿 Accel	O Accelerate heaviest traffic sessions					
	🔘 Apply	the <u>Class F</u>	<u>Rule</u> in Quali	ty of Service			
	🔘 Speci	fic Hosts:					
	Index	Enable	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Private IP		
	1.		0	0		Choose PC	
	2.		0	0		Choose PC	
	з.		0	0		Choose PC	
	4.		0	0		Choose PC	
	5.		0	0		Choose PC	
WAN Infor	mation:						
				Status	ΤX	RX	
	WAN			Enable			

	Status	ТХ	RX	
WAN1-ADSL	Enable			
WAN2-Ethernet	Enable	V		
	Status	ТΧ	RX	
WAN1-ADSL	Disable			
WAN2-Ethernet	Enable	V	V	

Note:

If Hardware Acceleration is enabled, then individual sessions processed by the accelerator will by-pass the following features: Data Flow Monitor, Traffic Graph, WAN Budget.



Item	Description
Mode	Disable - The default setting.
	Auto - When the hardware acceleration is configured with the Auto mode, the sessions with the heaviest loading and the lower latency traffic will be added into PPA. However,

	the Auto mode does not support UDP protocol by designed. Manual - The Manual mode implements three sub-items Accelerate most heavy traffic sessions, Apply the Class Rule in Quality of Service, and Specific Hosts. Each of these sub-items can support TCP and UDP protocol. Auto Disabled Auto Manual At		
Protocol	There are two types supported by this function, TCP and UDP.		
Option	Accelerate heaviest traffic sessions - Such option is available in Auto Mode, too. But the UDP protocol is only supported in this sub-item. Apply the Class Rule in Quality of Service - Users can apply		
	the information provided by QoS in this sub-item. Please visit our website for referring the detailed configuration of QoS. Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service		
	Rule Edit Image: ACT Image: Hardware Acceleration Ethernet Type IPv4 IPv6 Local Address Any Remote Address Any Specific Hosts - This sub-item provides 5 hosts for adding NAT sessions into the PPA. For the PPA only supports 128 sessions, these hosts will share these sessions. Therefore, the performance will be lower than only one host.		
	 Choose this option to specify certain PCs on LAN to apply the hardware acceleration. Enable - Check the box to make PC(s) specified in the selected index entry to be applied. Dest Port Start - Type the starting port for the PC(s) in LAN. Dest Port End - Type the ending port for the PC(s) in LAN. Private IP/Choose PC - Type the IP address as the selected host. Or click the Choose PC button to specify one IP address from the pop-up window. 		

Checking the PPA status

For checking whether the rule of PPA is working or not, a user can login to Vigor2862 series by using telnet. User can view how many sessions are transferring in each direction of PPA table after entering "ppa -v".

II-4 NAT

Usually, the router serves as an NAT (Network Address Translation) router. NAT is a mechanism that one or more private IP addresses can be mapped into a single public one. Public IP address is usually assigned by your ISP, for which you may get charged. Private IP addresses are recognized only among internal hosts.

When the outgoing packets destined to some public server on the Internet reach the NAT router, the router will change its source address into the public IP address of the router, select the available public port, and then forward it. At the same time, the router shall list an entry in a table to memorize this address/port-mapping relationship. When the public server response, the incoming traffic, of course, is destined to the router's public IP address and the router will do the inversion based on its table. Therefore, the internal host can communicate with external host smoothly.

The benefit of the NAT includes:

- Save cost on applying public IP address and apply efficient usage of IP address. NAT allows the internal IP addresses of local hosts to be translated into one public IP address, thus you can have only one IP address on behalf of the entire internal hosts.
- Enhance security of the internal network by obscuring the IP address. There are many attacks aiming victims based on the IP address. Since the attacker cannot be aware of any private IP addresses, the NAT function can protect the internal network.



Info

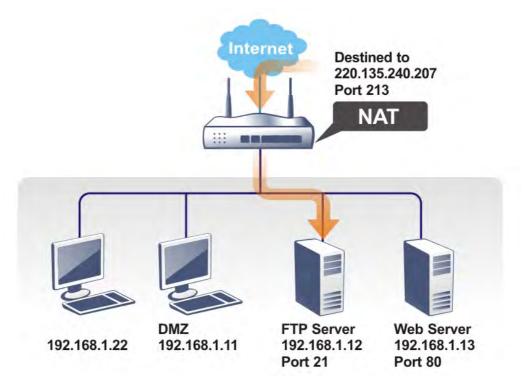
On NAT page, you will see the private IP address defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router. As stated before, the NAT facility can map one or more IP addresses and/or service ports into different specified services. In other words, the NAT function can be achieved by using port mapping methods.

Web User Interface

Rouung
NAT
Port Redirection
DMZ Host
Open Ports
Port Triggering
ALG

II-4-1 Port Redirection

Port Redirection is usually set up for server related service inside the local network (LAN), such as web servers, FTP servers, E-mail servers etc. Most of the case, you need a public IP address for each server and this public IP address/domain name are recognized by all users. Since the server is actually located inside the LAN, the network well protected by NAT of the router, and identified by its private IP address/port, the goal of Port Redirection function is to forward all access request with public IP address from external users to the mapping private IP address/port of the server.



The port redirection can only apply to incoming traffic.

To use this function, please go to NAT page and choose Port Redirection web page. The Port Redirection Table provides 40 port-mapping entries for the internal hosts.

NAT >> Port Redirection

Port Red	lirection					Set to Factor	y Default
Index	Service Name	WAN Interface	Protocol	Public Port	Source IP	Private IP	Status
<u>1.</u>		All			Any		×
<u>2.</u>		All			Any		х
<u>3.</u>		All			Any		х
<u>4.</u>		All			Any		х
<u>5.</u>		All			Any		×
<u>6.</u>		All			Any		×
<u>7.</u>		All			Any		х
<u>8.</u>		All			Any		×
<u>9.</u>		All			Any		×
<u>10.</u>		All			Any		×
<< <u>1-10</u>	<u>11-20</u> <u>21-30</u> 3	<u>3140</u> >>					<u>Next</u> >>

Note:

The port number values set in this page might be invalid due to the same values configured for Management Port Setup in <u>System Maintenance>>Management</u> and <u>SSL VPN</u>.

Each iter	n is exp	lained as	follows:
-----------	----------	-----------	----------

Item	Description	
Index	Display the number of the profile.	
Service Name	Display the description of the specific network service.	
WAN Interface	Display the WAN IP address used by the profile.	
Protocol	Display the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).	
Public Port	Display the port number which will be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host.	
Private IP	Display the IP address of the internal host providing the service.	
Status	Display if the profile is enabled (v) or not (x).	

Press any number under Index to access into next page for configuring port redirection.

NAT >> Port Redirection

Range 💌
TCP 💌
ALL 💌
0 -
Any VIP Object
-
0

Note:

In "Range" Mode the End IP will be calculated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have been entered.



Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such port redirection setting.
Mode	Two options (Single and Range) are provided here for you to choose. To set a range for the specific service, select Range . In Range mode, if the public port (start port and end port) and the starting IP of private IP had been entered, the system will calculate and display the ending IP of private IP automatically.
Service Name	Enter the description of the specific network service.
Protocol	Select the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).
WAN Interface	Select the WAN interface used for port redirection. There are eight WAN IP alias that can be selected and used for port redirection. The default setting is AII which means all the incoming data from any port will be redirected to specified range of IP address and port.
Public Port	Specify which port can be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type the required number on the first box (as the starting port) and the second box (as the ending port).
Source IP	Use the drop down list to specify an IP object. Or click IP Object link to create a new one for applying.
Private IP	Specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type a complete IP address in the first box (as the starting point). The second one will be assigned automatically later.
Private Port	Specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

Note that the router has its own built-in services (servers) such as Telnet, HTTP and FTP etc. Since the common port numbers of these services (servers) are all the same, you may need to reset the router in order to avoid confliction.

For example, the built-in web user interface in the router is with default port 80, which may conflict with the web server in the local network, http://192.168.1.13:80. Therefore, you need to change the router's http port to any one other than the default port 80 to avoid conflict, such as 8080. This can be set in the System Maintenance >>Management Setup. You then will access the admin screen of by suffixing the IP address with 8080, e.g., http://192.168.1.1:8080 instead of port 80.

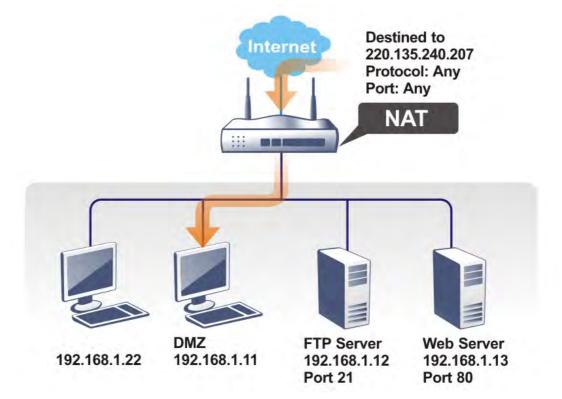
System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup IPv6 Ma		ement Setup	LAN A	ccess Setup
Router Name DrayTek				
Default:Disable Auto-Logout	Mai	nagement Port Setup		
🔲 Enable Validation Code in Interne	t/LAN Access 📀	User DefinePorts (Default Ports	
	Tel	net Port	23	(Default: 23)
Internet Access Control Allow management from the Inte	rnet HT	TP Port	80	(Default: 80)
Domain name allowed	НТ.	TPS Port	443	(Default: 443)
FTP Server	FTF	P Port	21	(Default: 21)
HTTP Server	TRO	069 Port	8069	(Default: 8069)
✓ HTTPS Server ☐ Telnet Server	SSI	H Port	22	(Default: 22)
TR069 Server	Bru	te Force Protection		
□ SSH Server ■ Disable PING from the Internet		Enable brute force I	ogin protection	
		FTP Server		
Access List from the Internet		HTTP Server		
List ID OLIGIT IP / Ma	<k< td=""><td>HTTPS Server</td><td></td><td></td></k<>	HTTPS Server		
IP Object IP / Ma	5N	📃 Telnet Server		

2

II-4-2 DMZ Host

As mentioned above, **Port Redirection** can redirect incoming TCP/UDP or other traffic on particular ports to the specific private IP address/port of host in the LAN. However, other IP protocols, for example Protocols 50 (ESP) and 51 (AH), do not travel on a fixed port. Vigor router provides a facility DMZ Host that maps ALL unsolicited data on any protocol to a single host in the LAN. Regular web surfing and other such Internet activities from other clients will continue to work without inappropriate interruption. DMZ Host allows a defined internal user to be totally exposed to the Internet, which usually helps some special applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.



The security properties of NAT are somewhat bypassed if you set up DMZ host. We suggest you to add additional filter rules or a secondary firewall.

Click **DMZ Host** to open the following page. You can set different DMZ host for each WAN interface. Click the WAN tab to switch into the configuration page for that WAN.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4
WAN 1			
None 💌			
Private IP		Cł	ioose IP

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
WAN 1	Choose Private IP or None first.
Private IP	Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.
Choose IP	Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host. Imputibility: Imput: Imput: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu: Impu:

DMZ Host for WAN2, WAN3, LTE or WAN4 is slightly different with WAN1. Active True IP selection is available for WAN1 only.

See the following figure.

NAT	>>	DMZ	Host	Setup	
			11030	Soup	

DMZ Host Setup			
WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4
WAN 2			
Enable		Private IP	
	0.0.).0	Choose IP
	0	<	

If you previously have set up WAN Alias for PPPoE or Static or Dynamic IP mode in WAN2 interface, you will find them in Aux. WAN IP for your selection.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

WAN1		WAN2	WAN3	WAN4
VAN 2 Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	Private IP	
1.		10.39.0.10	0.0.0.0	Choose IP
2.		10.39.0.150	0.0.0.0	Choose IP

Available settings are explained as follows:

Enable Private IP	Check to enable the DMZ Host function.Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.
Private IP	•
Choose IP	Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.
	When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the screen. Click OK to save the setting.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-4-3 Open Ports

Open Ports allows you to open a range of ports for the traffic of special applications.

Common application of Open Ports includes P2P application (e.g., BT, KaZaA, Gnutella, WinMX, eMule and others), Internet Camera etc. Ensure that you keep the application involved up-to-date to avoid falling victim to any security exploits.

Click Open Ports to open the following page:

NAT >> Open Ports

Open Ports	Setup			Set to Facto	r <u>y Default</u>
Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Source IP	Local IP Address	Status
<u>1.</u>			Any		×
<u>2.</u>			Any		×
<u>3.</u>			Any		х
<u>4.</u>			Any		х
<u>5.</u>			Any		×
<u>6.</u>			Any		×
<u>7.</u>			Any		×
<u>8.</u>			Any		×
<u>9.</u>			Any		х
<u>10.</u>			Any		×
< 1-10 11	1-20 21-30 31-4	0 >>			Next >:

Note:

The port number values set in this page might be invalid due to the same values configured for Management Port Setup in **System Maintenance>>Management** and **SSL VPN**.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to offer service in a local host. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry.
Comment	Specify the name for the defined network service.
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface used by such index.
Aux. WAN IP	Display the IP alias setting used by such index. If no IP alias setting exists, such field will not appear.
Source IP	Display the name of the IP object.
Local IP Address	Display the private IP address of the local host offering the service.
Status	Display the state for the corresponding entry. X or V is to represent the Inactive or Active state.

To add or edit port settings, click one index number on the page. The index entry setup page will pop up. In each index entry, you can specify **10** port ranges for diverse services.

NAT >> Open Ports >> Edit Open Ports

Index	No.	1
-------	-----	---

	Enable Open Ports	:					
Comment							
WAN Interface		WAN	J1 💌				
	Source	e IP	Any	<u>v IP 0</u>	bject		
Private IP					Choose	IP	
	Protocol	Start Port	End Port		Protocol	Start Port	End Port
1.	TCP/UDP 🔽	0	0	2.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0
з.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0	4.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0
5.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0	6.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0
7.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0	8.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0
9.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0	10.	TCP/UDP 💌	0	0
			OK	Clear	Cancel		

Item	Description
Enable Open Ports	Check to enable this entry.
Comment	Make a name for the defined network application/service.
WAN Interface	Specify the WAN interface that will be used for this entry.
Source IP	Use the drop down list to specify an IP object. Or click IP Object link to create a new one for applying.
WAN IP	Specify the WAN IP address that will be used for this entry. This setting is available when WAN IP Alias is configured.
Private IP	Enter the private IP address of the local host or click Choose PC to select one.
	Choose IP - Click this button and, subsequently, a window having a list of private IP addresses of local hosts will automatically pop up. Select the appropriate IP address of the local host in the list.
Protocol	Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be TCP, UDP, or (none) for selection.
Start Port	Specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host.
End Port	Specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

NAT >> Open Ports

Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Local IP Address	Status
<u>1.</u>	P2261	WAN1	192.168.1.49	v
<u>2.</u>				х
<u>3.</u>				х
<u>4.</u>				х
<u>5.</u>				х
<u>6.</u>				х
7.				х

II-4-4 Port Triggering

Port Triggering is a variation of open ports function.

The key difference between "open port" and "port triggering" is:

- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "open port" keeps the ports opened forever.
- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "port triggering" will only attempt to open the ports once the triggering conditions are met.
- The duration that these ports are opened depends on the type of protocol used. The "default" durations are shown below and these duration values can be modified via telnet commands.

TCP: 86400 sec.

UDP: 180 sec.

IGMP: 10 sec.

TCP WWW: 60 sec.

TCP SYN: 60 sec.

NAT >> Port Triggering

Port Triggering					Set to Factory	<u>/ Default</u>
Index Comment	Triggering Protocol	Source IP	Triggering Port	Incoming Protocol	Incoming Port	Status
<u>1.</u>						х
<u>2.</u>						х
<u>3.</u>						х
4.						х
<u>5.</u>						х
<u>6.</u>						x
<u>7.</u>						х
<u>8.</u>						х
<u>9.</u>						х
<u>10.</u>						х
<< <u>1-10 11-20 >></u>						<u>Next</u> >>

Item	Description
Comment	Display the text which memorizes the application of this

	rule.
Triggering Protocol	Display the protocol of the triggering packets.
Triggering Port	Display the port of the triggering packets.
Source IP	Display the name of the IP object.
Incoming Protocol	Display the protocol for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
Incoming Port	Display the port for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
Status	Display if the rule is active or de-active.

Click the index number link to open the configuration page.

NAT >> Port Triggering

Enable	
Service	User Defined 💌
Comment	
Source IP	Any 💙 IP Object
Triggering Protocol	TCP
Triggering Port	80
Incoming Protocol	TCP/UDP 💌
Incoming Port	1024
Note: The Triggering Port and Incomin 123-456,777-789 (legal),123-45	g Port should be input like this : 56,789 (legal), but 123-456-789 (illegal).

Clear

Cancel

OK

ſ

Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable this entry.	
Service	Choose the predefined service to apply for such trigger profile. User Defined Ver Defined Real Player QuickTime WMP IRC AIM Talk ICQ PalTalk BitTorrent	
Comment	Type the text to memorize the application of this rule.	
Source IP	Use the drop down list to specify an IP object. Or click IP Object link to create a new one for applying.	
Triggering Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for such triggering profile.	

Triggering Port	Type the port or port range for such triggering profile.
Incoming Protocol	When the triggering packets received, it is expected the incoming packets will use the selected protocol. Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
Incoming Port	Type the port or port range for the incoming packets.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-4-5 ALG

ALG means **Application Layer Gateway**. There are two methods provided by Vigor router, RTSP (Real Time Streaming Protocol) ALG and SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) ALG, for processing the packets of voice and video.

RTSP ALG makes RTSP message, RTCP message, and RTP packets of voice and video be transmitted and received correctly via NAT by Vigor router.

However, SIP ALG makes SIP message and RTP packets of voice be transmitted and received correctly via NAT by Vigor router.

MAT 22 ALG	NAT	>>	ALG
------------	-----	----	-----

(Application Layer Gate	eway)			Set to	Factory Defa
🗌 Enable	Protocal	Listen Port		тср	UDP
	SIP	5060	(1~65535)	~	V
	RTSP	554	(1~65535)		

OK	
----	--

Item	Description
Enable ALG	Check to enable such function.
Listen Port	Type a port number for SIP or RTSP protocol.
ТСР	Check the box to make correspond protocol message packet from TCP transmit and receive via NAT.
UDP	Check the box to make correspond protocol message packet from UDP transmit and receive via NAT.

II-5 Applications

Dynamic DNS

The ISP often provides you with a dynamic IP address when you connect to the Internet via your ISP. It means that the public IP address assigned to your router changes each time you access the Internet. The Dynamic DNS feature lets you assign a domain name to a dynamic WAN IP address. It allows the router to update its online WAN IP address mappings on the specified Dynamic DNS server. Once the router is online, you will be able to use the registered domain name to access the router or internal virtual servers from the Internet. It is particularly helpful if you host a web server, FTP server, or other server behind the router.

Before you use the Dynamic DNS feature, you have to apply for free DDNS service to the DDNS service providers. The router provides up to three accounts from three different DDNS service providers. Basically, Vigor routers are compatible with the DDNS services supplied by most popular DDNS service providers such as www.dyndns.org, www.no-ip.com, www.dtdns.com, www.changeip.com, www.dynamic- nameserver.com. You should visit their websites to register your own domain name for the router.

LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor2862 series will respond the specified private IP address.

Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

RADIUS/TACACS+

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

LDAP /Active Directory Setup

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform, inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router.

Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of Wake on LAN (WOL) of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as "Enable" on the BIOS setting.

Web User Interface

Applications Dynamic DNS LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding DNS Security Schedule RADIUS/TACACS+ Active Directory /LDAP UPnP IGMP Wake on LAN SMS/Mail Alert Service Bonjour High Availability Local 802.1X General Setup VPN and Remote Access

II-5-1 Dynamic DNS

Enable the Function and Add a Dynamic DNS Account

- 1. Assume you have a registered domain name from the DDNS provider, say *hostname.dyndns.org*, and an account with username: *test* and password: *test*.
- 2. Open Applications>>Dynamic DNS.
- 3. In the DDNS setup menu, check Enable Dynamic DNS Setup.

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup

Dynamic DNS	Setup	Set to	Factory Default
🗹 Enable I	Dynamic DNS Setup	View Log	Force Update
Auto-Updat	te interval 14400 Min(:	s)(1~14400)	
Accounts:			
Index	WAN Interface	Domain Name	Active
<u>1.</u>	WAN1 First	vigor2925.ubddns.org	٧
<u>2.</u>	WAN1 First		×
<u>3.</u>	WAN1 First		×
<u>4.</u>	WAN1 First		×
<u>5.</u>	WAN1 First		×
<u>6.</u>	WAN1 First		×

OK Clear All

Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Setup	Check this box to enable DDNS function.
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
View Log	Display DDNS log status.

Force Update	Force the router updates its information to DDNS server.
Auto-Update interval	Set the time for the router to perform auto update for DDNS service.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of DDNS setup to set account(s).
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface used.
Domain Name	Display the domain name that you set on the setting page of DDNS setup.
Active	Display if this account is active or inactive.

4. Select Index number 1 to add an account for the router. Check Enable Dynamic DNS Account, and choose correct Service Provider: dyndns.org, type the registered hostname: *hostname* and domain name suffix: dyndns.org in the Domain Name block. The following two blocks should be typed your account Login Name: *test* and Password: *test*.

Index : 1		
🗹 Enable Dynamic DNS	Account	
WAN Interface	WAN1 First 💌	
Service Provider	dyn.com (www.dyn.com)	
Service Type	Dynamic 💌	
Domain Name	chronic6653 . dyndns.org	dyndns.org 💌
Login Name	chronic6653	(max. 64 characters)
Password	•••••	(max. 64 characters)
🔲 Wildcards		
🔲 Backup MX		
Mail Extender		
Determine WAN IP	Internet IP 💌	
	OK Clear	Cancel

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup

If **Customized** is specified as the service provider, the web page will be changed slightly as follows:

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup

Enable Dynamic DNS	Account	
WAN Interface	WAN1 First 💌	
Service Provider	Customized	¥
Provider Host	changeip.org	
Service API	/dynamic/dns/update.asp? u=jos fp=jos shostna md=update&offline=0	ame=jest.changeip.org&ip=###IP###\$s
Auth Type	basic 🔻	
Connection Type	Http 🔻	
Server Response		
Login Name	chronic6653	(max. 64 characters)
Password		(max. 23 characters)
Wildcards		
🔲 Backup MX		
Mail Extender		

Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Account	Check this box to enable the current account. If you did check the box, you will see a check mark appeared on the Active column of the previous web page in step 2).
WAN Interface	WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 First - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the first channel for such account. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 /WAN4 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead. WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 Only - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the only channel for such account.
Service Provider	Select the service provider for the DDNS account.
Service Type	Select a service type (Dynamic, Custom or Static). If you choose Custom, you can modify the domain that is chosen in the Domain Name field. Note that such option is not available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Domain Name	Type in one domain name that you applied previously. Use the drop down list to choose the desired domain. Note that such option is not available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Provider Host	Type the IP address or the domain name of the host which provides related service. Note that such option is available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Service API	Type the API information obtained from DDNS server. Note that such option is available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.

	(e.g: /dynamic/dns/update.asp?u=jo***&p=jo******&hostname=j* ***.changeip.org&ip=###IP### &cmd=update&offline=0)
Auth Type	Two types can be used for authentication. Basic - Username and password defined later can be shown from the packets captured.
	URL - Username and password defined later can be shown in URL.
	(e.g., http://ns1.vigorddns.com/ddns.php?username=xxxx& password=xxxx&domain=xxxx.vigorddns.com)
	Note that such option is available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Connection Type	There are two connection types (HTTP and HTTPs) to be specified. Note that such option is available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Server Response	Type any text that you want to receive from the DDNS server.
	Note that such option is available when Customized is selected as Service Provider.
Login Name	Type in the login name that you set for applying domain.
Password	Type in the password that you set for applying domain.
Wildcard and Backup MX	The Wildcard and Backup MX (Mail Exchange) features are not supported for all Dynamic DNS providers. You could get more detailed information from their websites.
Mail Extender	If the mail server is defined with another name, please type the name in this area. Such mail server will be used as backup mail exchange.
Determine WAN IP	If a Vigor router is installed behind any NAT router, you can enable such function to locate the real WAN IP.
	When the WAN IP used by Vigor router is private IP, this function can detect the public IP used by the NAT router and use the detected IP address for DDNS update.
	 There are two methods offered for you to choose: WAN IP - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, DDNS update will take place right away.
	 Internet IP - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, it will be converted to public IP before DDNS update takes place.

5. Click **OK** button to activate the settings. You will see your setting has been saved.

Disable the Function and Clear all Dynamic DNS Accounts

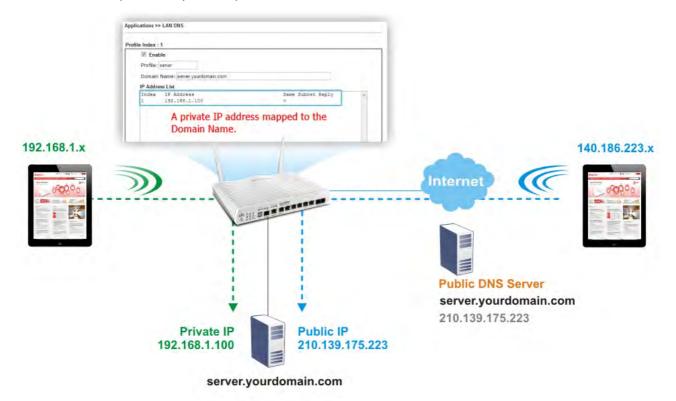
Uncheck Enable Dynamic DNS Setup, and click Clear All button to disable the function and clear all accounts from the router.

Delete a Dynamic DNS Account

Click the Index number you want to delete and then click Clear All button to delete the account.

II-5-2 LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor2862 series will respond the specified private IP address.



Simply click Application>>LAN DNS /DNS Forwarding to open the following page.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

LAN DNS Re	esolution / C	Conditional DNS Forwarding			Set to Factory Default
Enable	Index	Profile	Domain Name	Forwarding	DNS Server
	<u>1.</u>			-	
	<u>2.</u>			-	
	<u>3.</u>			-	
	<u>4.</u>			-	
	<u>5.</u>			-	
	<u>6.</u>			-	
	<u>7.</u>			-	
	<u>8.</u>			-	
	<u>9.</u>			-	
	<u>10.</u>			-	

<< 1.10 | 11.20 | 21.30 | 31.40 | 41.50 | 51.60 | 61.70 | 71.80 | 81.90 | 91.100 | 101.110 | 111.120 >>

OK

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
Enable	Check the box to enable the selected profile.

Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page.
Profile	Display the name of the LAN DNS profile.
Domain Name	Display the domain name of the LAN DNS profile.
Forwarding	Display that such profile is conditional DNS forwarding or not.
DNS Server	Display the IP addres of the DNS Server.

To create a LAN DNS profile:

- 1. Click any index, say Index No. 1.
- 2. The detailed settings with index 1 are shown below.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

LAN DNS Conditi	onal DNS Forwarding		
Profile Index : 1			
🗖 Enable			
Profile:			
Domain Name:			
Note:			
		ple.com or www.example.*	
2. One domain Name	has only one IPv4 add	ress and IPv6 address in the	same subnet.
CNAME(Alias Domain	Name): Add		
IP Address List			
Index IP Addres	15	Same Subnet	Reply
			~
Add Delete			

OK Clear

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.
Profile	Type a name for such profile. Note: If you type a name here for LAN DNS and click OK to save the configuration, the name also will be applied to conditional DNS forwarding automatically.
Domain Name	Type the domain name for such profile.
IP Address List	The IP address listed here will be used for mapping with the domain name specified above. In general, one domain name maps with one IP address. If required, you can configure two IP addresses mapping with the same domain name. Add - Click it to open a dialog to type the host's IP address.

of Host's IP Address - 揭荷潮覽器	
172.16.3.133:2860/doc/landnshost.htm	Q 🚺 🕂
Host's IP Address 172.16.3.8 Only responds to the DNS request when the sende subnet. OK Close	r is in the same
• Only responds to the DNS Diffe	
share the same domain name. Howe check this box to make the router in the IP address for the DNS query co LAN PC.	dentify & respond

- 3. Click **OK** button to save the settings.
- 4. If you need to configure LAN DNS settings, click index 1 to edit the LAN DNS profile just created. Or, you can click index 2 to use this profile as conditional DNS forwarding.

Applications >> LAN DNS / DNS Forwarding

LAN DNS	Conditional DNS Forwarding		
Profile Index : 1			
🗹 Enable			
Profile: LA	N_D1		
Domain N	ame:		
Note: Supp	oort wildcard subdomain, ex: *.	example.com	
DNS Serv	er IP Address:		

OK	Clear
	oroar

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.
Profile	Type a name for such profile. Note: If you type a name here for conditional DNS forwarding and click OK to save the configuration, the name also will be applied to LAN DNS automatically.
Domain Name	Type the domain name for such profile.
DNS Server IP Address	Type the IP address of the DNS server you want to use for DNS forwarding.

5. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

6. A new LAN DNS profile has been created.

II-5-3 DNS Security

DNS security is able to ensure that the incoming data is not falsified and the source of the data is secure and correct to prevent from DNS attack by someone.

II-5-3-1 General Setup

All of WAN interfaces of Vigor router can be configured with DNS Security enabled respectively.

Application >> DNS Security

DNS Security

Gener	al Setup	Domain Diagnos	6e	Refresh
Enable	Interface	Primary DNS	Secondary DNS	Bogus DNS Reply
	WAN1			Pass 🔻
	WAN2			Pass 🔻
	WAN3			Pass 🔻
	WAN4			Pass 🔻

Note:

The DNS server supports DNSSEC

🍌 The DNS server does not support DNSSEC, function may not work as expected even if it is enabled

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable the DNS security management.
Interface	There are four WAN interfaces allowed to be set with DNS security enabled.
Primary DNS	Display the IP address of primary DNS obtained from DHCP server or specified by Static WAN.
Secondary DNS	Display the IP address of secondary DNS obtained from DHCP server or specified by Static WAN.
Bogus DNS Reply	Sometime, Vigor router might encounter packets from bogus DNS inquiry. There are two ways to reply such DNS inquiry. Drop - Discard the packets. Pass - Accept the packets and let them pass through Vigor router.

2

II-5-3-2 Domain Diagnose

This page is used to configure settings for manually detecting if the domain is secure not.

S Security			
General Setup	Domain Diagnose		DNS C
Domain:		🖲 IPv4 🔘 IPv6	
Interface:	WAN1 •		
DNS Server:			
Diagnose			
Note:			
110101			
	been queried before, it wi	ll take a few seconds to proc	ess.
If the domain has not	been queried before, it wil	ll take a few seconds to proc	
	been queried before, it wi		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result	· · · ·		
If the domain has not Result	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result Domain Name	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result Domain Name	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result Domain Name	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result Domain Name	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>
If the domain has not Result Domain Name	· · · ·		<u>Clear</u>

Item	Description
Domain	Type the domain name or IP address (IPv4/IPv6) that you want to query.
Interface	Specify the interface required for executing diagnose.
DNS Server	Type the IP address of the DNS Server which will diagnose the domain specified above.
Diagnose	Click it to perform the diagnosis for the domain.
Result	The diagnosed information will be displayed on such field.

II-5-4 Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

You have to set your time before set schedule. In **System Maintenance>> Time and Date** menu, press **Inquire Time** button to set the Vigor router's clock to current time of your PC. The clock will reset once if you power down or reset the router. There is another way to set up time. You can inquiry an NTP server (a time server) on the Internet to synchronize the router's clock. This method can only be applied when the WAN connection has been built up.

Schedule	: Curre	nt System Time 2017 Oc	t 16 Mon 2 : 38 : 48 System tim	ie set Set to Factory Default
Enable	Index	Comment	Time	Frequency
	1			Sun.
	2			Sun.
	<u>3</u>			Sun.
	<u>4</u>			Sun.
	<u>5</u>			Sun.
	<u>6</u>			Sun.
	1			Sun.
	<u>8</u>			Sun.
	<u>9</u>			Sun.
	<u>10</u>			Sun.
	<u>11</u>			Sun.
	<u>12</u>			Sun.
	<u>13</u>			Sun.
	<u>14</u>			Sun.
	<u>15</u>			Sun.

Applications >> Schedule

🛛 Force on 📰 Force down

OK

Item	Description
Current System Time	Display the time Vigor router used.
System time set	Click it to acess into the time setup page (System Maintenance>>Time and Date).
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
Enable	Click the box to enable such schedule profile.
Index	Click the index number link to access into the setting page of schedule.

Comment	Display the name of the time schedule.	
Time	Display the valid time period by time bar.	
Frequency	Display which day(s) will be always on and which day(s) will be always off of the schedule profile by color boxes. If it lights in green, it means such schedule is active.	

You can set up to 15 schedules. Then you can apply them to your Internet Access or VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN settings.

To add a schedule:

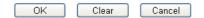
- 1. Click any index, say Index No. 1.
- 2. The detailed settings of the schedule with index 1 will be shown below.

Applications >> Schedule

Index No. 1 Current System Time 2017 Oct	16 Mon 2 : 41 : 7	System time set
🗹 Enable Schedule Setup		
Comment	Ready for RD	
Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	2016 💌 - 1 💌 - 1 💌	
Start Time (hh:mm)	1 🕶 : 1 💌	
Duration Time (hh:mm)	22 💌 : 0 💌	
End Time (hh:mm)	23 : 01	
Action	Force On 🛛 👻	
How Often		
Once		
💿 Weekdays		
🗖 Sun 🗹 Mon 🔽	Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹	🛛 Fri 🔲 Sat
O Monthly, on date 1 💌		
Ocycle duration: 1 💌 d	lays (Cycle will start on the Sta	art Date.)

Note:

Comment can only contain A-Z a-z O-9 , . { } -_ () ^ \$! ~ ` |



Item	Description	
Enable Schedule Setup	Check to enable the schedule.	
Comment	Type a short description for such schedule.	
Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Specify the starting date of the schedule.	
Start Time (hh:mm)	Specify the starting time of the schedule.	
Duration Time (hh:mm)	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.	
End Time (hh:mm)	It will be calculated automatically when Start Time and Duration Time are configured well.	
Action	Specify which action Call Schedule should apply during the period of the schedule. Force On -Force the connection to be always on.	

	Force Down -Force the connection to be always down.		
How Often	Specify how often the schedule will be applied.		
	• Once -The schedule will be applied just once		
	 Weekdays -Specify which days in one week should perform the schedule. 		
	 Monthly, on date - The router will only execute the action applied such schedule on the date (1 to 28) of a month. 		
	• Cycle duration - Type a number as cycle duration. Then, any action applied such schedule will be executed per several days. For example, "3" is selected as cycle duration. That means, the action applied such schedule will be executed every three days since the date defined on the Start Date.		

3. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Example

Suppose you want to control the PPPoE Internet access connection to be always on (Force On) from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week. Other time the Internet access connection should be disconnected (Force Down).



- 1. Make sure the PPPoE connection and Time Setup is working properly.
- 2. Configure the PPPoE always on from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week.
- 3. Configure the Force Down from 18:00 to next day 9:00 for whole week.
- 4. Assign these two profiles to the PPPoE Internet access profile. Now, the PPPoE Internet connection will follow the schedule order to perform Force On or Force Down action according to the time plan that has been pre-defined in the schedule profiles.

II-5-5 RADIUS/TACACS+

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

II-5-5-1 External RADIUS

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

Vigor router can be operated as a RADIUS client. Therefore, this page is used to configure settings for external RADIUS server. Then LAN user of Vigor router will be authenticated by such server for network application.

Applications >> RADIUS/TACACS+

External RADIUS	Internal RADIUS	External TACACS+
	Enable	
	Server IP Address	
	Destination Port	1812
	Shared Secret	
	Confirm Shared Secr	ret
Note: If your radius	server does not suppo	ort MS-CHAP / MS-CHAPv2, please go to VPN and Remote

Note: If your radius server does not support MS-CHAP / MS-CHAPv2, please go to **VPN and Remote** Access >> <u>PPP General Setup</u>, and select 'PAP Only' for 'Dial-In PPP Authentication'.

OK	Clear	Cancel
UN	Clear	Cancer

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable RADIUS client feature.
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of RADIUS server
Destination Port	The UDP port number that the RADIUS server is using. The default value is 1812, based on RFC 2138.
Shared Secret	The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret. The maximum length of the shared secret you can set is 36 characters.
Confirm Shared Secret	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.

After finished the above settings, click OK button to save the settings.

II-5-5-2 Internal RADIUS

Except for being a built-in RADIUS client, Vigor router also can be operated as a RADIUS server which performs security authentication by itself. This page is used to configure settings for internal RADIUS server. Then LAN user of Vigor router will be authenticated by Vigor router directly.

Applications >> RADIUS/TACACS+

Enable	Internal RAD	US Exte	rnal TACACS+		
Authentication					
RADIUS Client					
Index Enable	Shared Secret	IP Address	IP Mask 0.0.0.0	IPv6 Address	IPv6 Length
2		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		
3		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
4		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
5		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
6		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0		0
7 🗖		0.0.0	0.0.0	::	0
8 🗖		0.0.0.0	0.0.0	::	0
9 🗖		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	::	0
10 🔲		0.0.0	0.0.0.0	::	0
802.1X Meti	t 802.1X Method	1			
Discrete Suppor Phase 1: P Phase 2: M	t 802.1X Method EAP	1			
Suppor Phase 1: P Phase 2: M User Profile	t 802.1X Method EAP IS-CHAPv2 Clear All	1			
Duppor Phase 1: P Phase 2: M User Profile	t 802.1X Method EAP IS-CHAPv2 Clear All		Authentica	ation List	~
Suppor Phase 1: P Phase 2: M User Profile	t 802.1X Method EAP IS-CHAPv2 Clear All		Authentica	ation List	<
Suppor Phase 1: P Phase 2: M User Profile	t 802.1X Method EAP 1S-CHAPV2 Clear All	×	»		X

[OK]	[Clear]	Cancel

Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable internal RADIUS client feature.	
Authentication Port	Set a port number for internal RADIUS server.	
RADIUS Client Access List	Allow to configure that clients under specified domain (IPv4 and IPv6) must be authenticated with the specified shared secret. Enable - Check to enable RADIUS client feature.	
	Shared Secret - The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret. The maximum length of the shared secret you can set is 36 characters.	

	IP Address - Type the IP addres of the wired/wireless client.
	IP Mask - Type the subnet mask required for the IP address.
	IPv6 Address - Type the IPv6 address of the wired/wireless client.IPv6 Length - Type the prefix length required for the IPv6
	address.
Authentication	Specify the way to authenticate the wireless client. PAP Only / PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 - Choose PAP Only. Or choose the one which supports PAP, CHAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2.
	Support 802.1X Method - The built in RADIUS server offered by Vigor router can act as the AAA server. Check the box to enable the function of authentication mechanism.
User Profile	During the process of security authentication, user account and user password will be required for identity authentication. Before configuring such page, create at least one user profile in User Management>>User Profile first.
	Select All - Click it to select all of the user profiles in Available List.
	Clear All- Click to remove all of the user profiles in Available List.
	Available List - The user profiles without RADIUS server enabled in User Management >> User Profile will be listed in this field.
	Authentication List -The user profiles with RADIUS server enabled in User Management >> User Profile will be listed in this field.
Synchronize Internal RADIUS user list to Local 802.1X user list	Users can be authenticated by RADIUS server and local 802.1X to get certain network service. It is not necessary to create new user profiles (containing user accounts and user passwords) for RADIUS and local 802.1X respectively.
	Simply check this box; all of the user profiles (prepared for RADIUS server authentication) listed in Authentication List will be synchronized for local 802.1X user authentication.

After finished the above settings, click $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$ button to save the settings.

II-5-5-3 External TACACS+

It means Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus. It works like RADIUS does. Click the External TACACS+ to open the following page:

Applications >> RADIUS/TACACS+

External RADIUS	Internal RADIUS	External TACACS+
[Enable	
	Server IP Address	
	Destination Port	49
	Туре	ASCII 👻
	Shared Secret	
	Confirm Shared Sec	ret
	OK	Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Enable	Check to enable TACACS+ feature.		
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of TACACS+ server.		
Destination Port	The UDP port number that the TACACS+ server is using.		
Shared Secret	The TACACS+ server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret.		
Confirm Shared Secret	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.		

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

II-5-6 Active Directory/LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform, inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

II-5-6-1 General Setup

This page allows you to enable the function and specify general settings for LDAP server.

General Setup	Active Directory / LDAP Profiles	
Enable Bind Type Server Add Destination	Port	Simple Mode 👻
Regular DN Regular Pas		OK Cancel
ote Access >> <u>PPP</u>	General Setup. If you	AP profiles, they will be listed in the page of VPN and want to use the profiles for VPN authentication, che N and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup first.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP

Item	Description		
Enable	Check to enable such function.		
Bind Type	There are three types of bind type supported.		
	• Simple Mode - Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.		
	• Anonymous - Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.		
	• Regular Mode - Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority.		
	For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the Regular DN and Regular Password .		

Server Address	Enter the IP address of LDAP server.	
Destination Port	Type a port number as the destination port for LDAP server.	
Use SSL	Check the box to use the port number specified for SSL.	
Regular DN	Type this setting if Regular Mode is selected as Bind Type.	
Regular Password	Specify a password if Regular Mode is selected as Bind Type.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

II-5-6-2 Profiles

You can configure eight AD/LDAP profiles. These profiles would be used with User Management for different purposes in management.



Act	ive Directory /LDA	AP	Set to Factory Default
	General Setup	Active Directory / LDAP Profiles	
	Index	Name	Distinguished Name
	<u>1.</u>		
	<u>2.</u>		
	<u>3.</u>		
	<u>4.</u>		
	<u>5.</u>		
	<u>6.</u>		
	<u>7.</u>		
	<u>8.</u>		
No	te:		
Ac	cess >> <u>PPP Gene</u>	<u>eral Šetup</u> . If you want	AP profiles, they will be listed in the page of VPN and Remote : to use the profiles for VPN authentication, check the boxes ote Access >> PPP General Setup first.

Click any index number link to open the following page.

Applications >>	Active	Directory	/I DAP>>	Server	Profiles
Applications **	ACUVE	Directory	LDAL	Server	FIOINES

Index No. 1		
Name	RD1	
Common Name Identifier	UID	
Base Distinguished Name		
Additional Filter		
Note: Please type in your additional filter for Ba For example, 1. For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2. For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)	seDN search request.	
Group Distinguished Name		
[C	OK Cancel	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the user name is limited to 19 characters.		
Common Name Identifier	Type or edit the common name identifier for the LDAP server. The common name identifier for most LDAP server is "cn".		
Additional Filter	Type the condition for additional filter.		
Base Distinguished Name / Group Distinguished Name	Type or edit the distinguished name used to look up entries on the LDAP server. Sometimes, you may forget the Distinguished Name since it's too long. Then you may click the source button to list all the account information on the AD/LDAP Server to assist you finish the setup.		

After finished the above settings, click $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$ to save and exit this page. A new profile has been created.

II-5-7 UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router.

	App	lications	>>	UPnP
--	-----	-----------	----	------

UPnP

Info

🗹 Enable UPnP Service	Default WAN 💌
Enable Connection Control Service Enable Connection Status Service	Default WAN WAN1 WAN2
Nata	WAN3 WAN4

Note:

To allow NAT pass-through to a UPnP enabled client the connection control service must also be enabled.

014		
OK	Clear	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable UPNP Service	Accordingly, you can enable either the Connection Control Service or Connection Status Service.
Default WAN	It is used to specify the WAN interface for applying such function.

The reminder as regards concern about Firewall and UPnP:

Can't work with Firewall Software

Enabling firewall applications on your PC may cause the UPnP function not working properly. This is because these applications will block the accessing ability of some network ports.

Security Considerations

Activating the UPnP function on your network may incur some security threats. You should consider carefully these risks before activating the UPnP function.

- Some Microsoft operating systems have found out the UPnP weaknesses and hence you
 need to ensure that you have applied the latest service packs and patches.
- Non-privileged users can control some router functions, including removing and adding port mappings.

The UPnP function dynamically adds port mappings on behalf of some UPnP-aware applications. When the applications terminate abnormally, these mappings may not be removed.

II-5-8 IGMP

IGMP is the abbreviation of *Internet Group Management Protocol*. It is a communication protocol which is mainly used for managing the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups.

II-5-8-1 General Setting

Applications >> IGMP

General setting	Working groups			
IGMP Proxy				
IGMP Proxy acts as a multicast proxy for hosts on the LAN side. Enable IGMP proxy to access any multicast group. This function takes no effect when Bridge Mode is enabled .				
Interface	WAN1 T			
IGMP version	Auto 🔻			
General Query Interva	l 125 (seconds)			
Add PPP header				
(Encapsulate IGMP in	PPPoE)			
	st traffic only to ports that are members of that group. traffic the same as broadcast traffic.			
IGMP Fast Leave The router stops forwarding multicast traffic to a LAN port as soon as it receives a leave message from that port. Each LAN port should have no more than one IGMP host connected.				

OK Cancel

Item	Description	
IGMP Proxy	Check this box to enable this function. The application of multicast will be executed through WAN /PVC/VLAN port. In addition, such function is available in NAT mode.	
	Interface - Specify an interface for packets passing through.	
	IGMP version - At present, two versions (v2 and v3) are supported by Vigor router. Choose the correct version based on the IPTV service you subscribe.	
	General Query Interval - Vigor router will periodically check which IP obtaining IPTV service by sending query. It might cause inconvenience for client. Therefore, set a suitable time (unit: second) as the query interval to limit the frequency of query sent by Vigor router.	
	Add PPP header - Check this box if the interface type for IGMP is PPPoE. It depends on the specifications regulated by each ISP. If you have no idea to enable or disable, simply contact your ISP providers.	
IGMP Snooping	Check this box to enable this function. Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disabling IGMP snooping will make multicast traffic treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.	

IGMP Fast Leave	Check this box to make the router stop forwarding multicast traffic to a LAN port as soon as it receives a leave message from that port. Each LAN port should have one IGMP host connected.
-----------------	--

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-5-8-2 Working Group

Applications >> IGMP

General se	etting Working grou	ıps			
					<u>Refresh</u>
Working Multica:	st Groups				
Index	Group ID	P1	P2	P3	P4

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this link to renew the working multicast group status.
Group ID	This field displays the ID port for the multicast group. The available range for IGMP starts from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.254.
P1 to P4	It indicates the LAN port used for the multicast group.

II-5-9 Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of Wake on LAN (WOL) of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as "Enable" on the BIOS setting.

Applications >> Wake on LAN

Wake by:	MAC Address 🔽	
IP Address:	😒	
MAC Address:	Wake Up!	
Result		

Note:

Wake on LAN integrates with Bind IP to MAC function, only binded PCs can wake up through IP.

Item	Description
Wake by	Two types provide for you to wake up the binded IP.
	• If you choose Wake by MAC Address, you have to type the correct MAC address of the host in MAC Address boxes.
	• If you choose Wake by IP Address, you have to choose the correct IP address.
IP Address	The IP addresses that have been configured in Firewall>>Bind IP to MAC will be shown in this drop down list. Choose the IP address from the drop down list that you want to wake up.
MAC Address	Type any one of the MAC address of the bound PCs.
Wake Up	Click this button to wake up the selected IP. See the following figure. The result will be shown on the box.

II-5-10 SMS / Mail Alert Service

The function of SMS (Short Message Service)/Mail Alert is that Vigor router sends a message to user's mobile or e-mail box through specified service provider to assist the user knowing the real-time abnormal situations.

Vigor router allows you to set up to 10 SMS profiles which will be sent out according to different conditions.

II-5-10-1 SMS Alert

This page allows you to specify SMS provider, who will get the SMS, what the content is and when the SMS will be sent.

SMS Alert	Mail Alert			Set to Factory Default
Index	SMS Provider	Recipient	<u>Notify Profile</u>	<u>Schedule(1-15)</u>
1 🗹	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
2 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
3 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
4 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
5 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
6 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
7 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
8 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
9 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	
10 🗖	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	

Applications >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

Note: All the SMS Alert profiles share the same "Sending Interval" setting if they use the same SMS Provider.

OK	Cancel
----	--------

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.
SMS Provider	Use the drop down list to choose SMS service provider. You can click SMS Provider link to define the SMS server.
Recipient	Type the phone number of the one who will receive the SMS.
Notify Profile	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the Notify Profile link to define the content of the SMS.
Schedule (1-15)	Type the schedule number that the SMS will be sent out. You can click the Schedule(1-15) link to define the schedule.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-5-10-2 Mail Alert

This page allows you to specify Mail Server profile, who will get the notification e-mail, what the content is and when the message will be sent.

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Se	ervice
------------------------------------	--------

SMS Alert	Mail Alert			Set to Factory Default
Index	Mail Service	Mail Address	<u>Notify Profile</u>	<u>Schedule(1-15)</u>
1 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 😒	
2 🗆	1 - ??? 🛛 👻		1 - ??? 💌	
3 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
4 🗆	1 - ??? 🛛 👻		1 - ??? 💌	
5 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
6 🗆	1 - ??? 🛛 😽		1 - ??? 💌	
7 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
8 🗖	1 - ??? 🛛 👻		1 - ??? 💌	
9 🗆	1 - ??? 💉		1 - ??? 💌	
10 🗆	1 - ??? 💌		1 - ??? 💌	

Note:

All the Mail Alert profiles share the same "Sending Interval" setting if they use the same Mail Server.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.
Mail Service	Use the drop down list to choose mail service object. All of the available objects are created in Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Service Object. If there is no object listed, click Mail Service link to define a new one with specified service provider.
Mail Address	Type the e-mail address of the one who will receive the notification message.
Notify Profile	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the Notify Profile link to define the content of the mail message.
Schedule (1-15)	Type the schedule number that the notification will be sent out. You can click the Schedule(1-15) link to define the schedule.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

II-5-11 Bonjour

Bonjour is a service discovery protocol which is a built-in service in Mac OS X; for Windows or Linux platform, there is correspondent software to enable this function for free.

Usually, users have to configure the router or personal computers to use above services. Sometimes, the configuration (e.g., IP settings, port number) is complicated and not easy to complete. The purpose of Bonjour is to decrease the settings configuration (e.g., IP setting). If the host and user's computer have the plug-in bonjour driver install, they can utilize the service offered by the router by clicking the router name icon. In short, what the Clients/users need to know is the name of the router only.

To enable the Bonjour service, click **Application**>>**Bonjour** to open the following page. Check the box(es) of the server service(s) that you want to share to the LAN clients.

Applications >> Bonjour	
Bonjour Setup	
Enable Bonjour Service	
HTTP Server	
Telnet Server	
FTP Server	
SSH Server	
LPR Printer Server	
	OK Cancel

Below shows an example for applying the bonjour feature that Vigor router can be used as the FTP server.

1. Here, we use Firefox and DNSSD to discover the service in such case. Therefore, just ensure the Bonjour client program and DNSSD for Firefox have been installed on the computer.

🕹 Browser - Mozilla Firefox					
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					
🥹 Mozilla Firefox Start Page 🛛 🖂 Browser	× 🖾 Browser	× 🖸 Browser			
🔸 🔶 🛃 💿 chrome://dnssd/content/browser.html		☆ ▽			

2. Open the web browse, Firefox. If Bonjour and DNSSD have been installed, you can open the web page (DNSSD) and see the following results.

ONSSD	for Firefox			
Browser Co	nfiguration Options Diagnostic Information			
Interface	Name	Туре	Domain	Service Info
2	DS1010Plus	_httptcp.	local.	Select a service on the left to view further details.
2	DS1010Plus(WebDAV)	_httptcp.	local.	luttrer details.
2	HP LaserJet 1300	_ipptcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine	Judisks-sshtcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine [00:0c:29:78:bc:24]	_workstationtcp.	local.	
2	tomkao-desktop [00:0c:29:26:09:5d]	_workstationtcp.	local.	

3. Open System Maintenance>>Management. Type a name as the Router Name and click OK.

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup	IPv6	Managem	ent Setup
Router Name DrayTek			
 Default: Disable Auto-Logout Enable Validation Code in Internet/LAN Access Note: IE8 and below version does NOT support DrayOS CAPTCHA auth code. Internet Access Control Allow management from the Internet Domain name allowed 	Management Port Setup Suser Define Ports Telnet Port HTTP Port HTTPS Port FTP Port TR069 Port SSH Port	_	Ports (Default: 23) (Default: 80) (Default: 443) (Default: 21) (Default: 8069) (Default: 22)
 FTP Server HTTP Server HTTPS Server Telnet Server TR069 Server 	TLS/SSL Encryption Sett Enable SSL 3.0 CVM Access Control	up 8000	(Default: 8000)

4. Next, open Applications>>Bonjour. Check the service that you want to use via Bonjour.

Applications >> Bonjour		
Bonjour Setup		
Enable Bonjour Service		
HTTP Server		
Telnet Server		
FTP Server		
SSH Server		
LPR Printer Server		
	OK Cancel	

5. Open the DNSSD page again. The available items will be changed as the follows. It means the Vigor router (based on Bonjour protocol) is ready to be used as a printer server, FTP server, SSH Server, Telnet Server, and HTTP Server.

2

chrome://dnssd/content/browser.ht	m1
• Chronic a dhaad Content or owaer in	,1111

☆ マ C 🔠 - Google

DNSSD for Firefox

Interface	Name	Туре	Domain	Service Info
2	DS1010Plus	_httptcp.	local.	Select a service on the left to view further details.
2	DS1010Plus(WebDAV)	_httptcp.	local.	luriner details.
2	HP LaserJet 1300	_ipptcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_ftptcp.	local.	
2	∕igor Router	_httptcp.	local.	
2	∕igor Router	_printertcp.	local.	
2	√igor Router	_sshtcp.	local.	
2	∕igor Router	_telnettcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine	_udisks-sshtcp.	local.	
2	tctseng-virtual-machine [00:0c:29:78:bc:24]	_workstationtcp.	local.	

6. Now, any page or document can be printed out through Vigor router (installed with a printer).

Print	
Printer <u>N</u> ame Status	Microsoft XPS Document Writer Properties Auto HP LaserJet 1200 Series PCL on RD-KC Auto Microsoft XPS Document Writer on RD-KC
Type Location Comment Print to file	Auto Microsoft XPS Document Writer on TIM-PC Vigor Router
Print range	Copies
 All pages 	Number of copies 1
O Pag <u>e</u> s	1 123 123 ✓ Collate
Options	OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp

II-5-12 High Availability

The High Availability (HA) feature of the router provides redundancy of network resources, and reduces downtime in case of component failure. The level of sophistication of HA is determined by availability requirements and tolerance of system interruptions. Systems that provide near full-time availability typically have redundant hardware and software.

The HA of the Vigor2925 Series is designed to avoid single points-of-failure. When failures occur, the failover process transfers the network load handled by the failed component (the primary router) to the backup component (the secondary router), and the availability of network resources are preserved and partially failed transactions are recovered. In a matter of seconds the system returns to normal operation.

In order to set up High Availability, at least 2 DrayTek routers have to be configured in the following manner:

- Enable High Availability on both the primary and secondary routers.
- Set a high priority ID on the primary router, and a lower priority ID on the secondary router.
- Configure identical redundancy methods, group IDs, and authentication keys on both routers.
- Set the management interface of both routers to the same subnet.
- Enable virtual IP on both routers for each subnet in use. Make sure the virtual IPs are identical on both routers.

II-5-12-1 General Setup

Open **Applications**>>**High Availability** to bring up the configuration page to configure High Availability.

Applications >> High Availability

Enable High Availability

Redundancy Method 🛛 Active-Standby 💌

eneral Setup	Config Sync	Status Set to Factory Defa
Group ID	1	(1-255)
Priority ID	10	(1-30, 30 is highest priority)
Authentication Key	dra	aytek (Max. 31 characters allowed)
Protocol	IPv	v4 💌
Management Interfa	ace LA	AN1 💌
<u>Update DDNS</u>		Enable
Syslog		Enable
IPv4	IPv6	
Index	Enable	Virtual IP
LAN1		192.168.1.2
LAN2		192.168.2.2
LAN3		192.168.3.2
LAN4		192.168.4.2
LAN5		192.168.5.2
LAN6		192.168.6.2
LAN7		192.168.7.2
LAN8		192.168.8.2
DMZ		192.168.17.2

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Enable High Abailablity	Check this box to enable HA function.		
Redundancy Method	Select the redundancy method for high availability.		
	Redundancy Method Active-Standby V Hot-Standby Active-Standby		
	Hot-Standby -		
	Such method is suitable when there is only one ISP account. When this method is selected,		
	• During normal operation the secondary router will be idling. When the primary router fails to operate normally, the secondary router(s) will take over.		
	 WAN settings of the primary and secondary routers are identical. 		
	Note: When Hot-Standby is used, the wireless LAN function on secondary router will be "disabled"		

	directly. Clients can not connect to the secondary
	router any more.
	Active-Standby -
	This method is suitable when there are multiple simultaneously active ISP connections. When this method is selected,
	• All WANs on the secondary routers can be up at the same time. LANs that are not configured under high availability can be routed to secondary routers.
	 WAN settings of primary and secondary routers are independently configured.
	 Config Sync may be enabled to synchronize most configuration settings between the primary and secondary routers.
	 All routers must be set to the same redundancy method.
Group ID	Type a value (1~255).
	In LAN environment, multiple routers can be devided into several groups. Each router must be specified with one group ID. Different routers with the same ID value will be categoried into the same group.
	Only one of the routers in the same group will be selected as the primary router.
Priority ID	Type a value (1~30).
	Different routers must be configured with different IDs.
	All routers within a group must be assigned a priority ID. Within a group, the router with the largest priority ID (i.e., the highest priority) will be the primary router. When multiple routers in a group are assigned the same priority ID, routers with lower LAN IP addresses (configured on the LAN >> General Setup page) have higher priority.
Authentication Key	Enter an authentication key up to 31 characters long. This is used to encrypt the DARP (DrayTek Address Redundancy Protocol) traffic to guard against malicious attacks.
Protocol	Select the IP protocol to be used for DARP.
Management Interface	Select the interface to be used for DARP negotiation between routers. Only interfaces which are enabled in LAN>>General Setup are available for selection.
	However, LAN1 is always enabled.
Update DDNS	Enable - Check the box to update the DDNS server for the secondary device when the primary router fails.
	If the primary device fails, and the secondary device must take over the job of data transmitting and receiving. Then the system will update the DDNS server to make the user connect to the specified domain name.
Syslog	Enable - Check the box to record required information on Syslog.
LAN1 ~ LAN8, DMZ	Enable - Check the box to enable the interface.
	Virtual IP - Type the IP address of the router plays the role of Primary device.

When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

II-5-12-2 Config Sync

This page is used to specify the synchronization time for such Vigor router.

General Setup	Config Sync		I.	<u>Status</u>	I	Set to Factory Default
📃 Enable Cont	fig Sync (Max. Sy	nc to 10 routers)				
Config Sync	: Interval:					
Day Hou Min						
	following settings WAN Settings	; from config sync:				

Note:

This feature requires that both routers are the same series, and the High Availability must be enabled for Config Sync to operate.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Config Sync (Max. Sync to 10 routers)	Check this box to enable configuration synchronization. To sync configuration from primary to secondary router, both primary and seconday routers need to enable "config sync". Note that config sync can be enabled by Hot-Standby redundancy method only.
Config Sync Interval	Day / Hour / Minute - The primary router will synchronize its configuration with secondary routers at every specified time interval.
Exclude the following settings from config sync	Settings selected in this field will be excluded when executing configuration synchronization. This setting is available when the Redundancy Method is set to "Hot Standby".

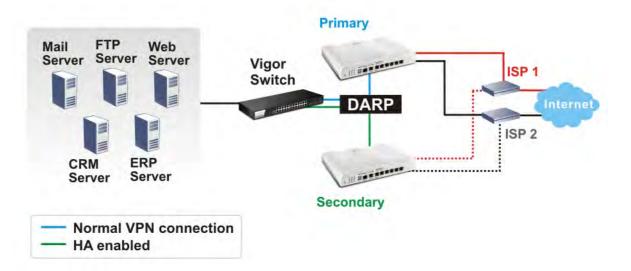
When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

When the configuration method is set to "Hot Standby", the following settings will not be synchronized:

- WAN (user selectable)
- LAN
- LAN IPv6
- router name
- admin and user passwords.

Example:

In the following example, the first Vigor2862 is configured as the primary device, and the other Vigor2862 is the secondary device. When the primary Vigor2862 breaks down, the secondary device assumes the role of the primary device by taking over all responsibilities as soon as possible. However, when the primary device recovers, the secondary device will once again be the standby device.



II-5-13 Local 802.1X General Setup

Applications >> Local 802.1X General Setup

Such page allows you to configure general settings for Local 802.1X server built in Vigor router. The local 802.X server can be used to authenticate wired and wireless LAN clients.

🔲 Enable		
Phase 1 Method: PEAP		
Phase 2 Method: MS-CHAPv2		
Jser Profile		
Select All Clear All		
Available List	Authentication List	
	A	▲
	>>	
	·	*

Note:

- Only the user profiles which is enabled in <u>User Management >> User Profile</u> will be listed here.
 <u>Wireless LAN(2.4G)</u>, <u>Wireless LAN(5G)</u> and <u>Wired 802.1X</u> used the same <u>User Profile</u> as its identify and
- <u>Wireless LAN(2.4G)</u>, <u>Wireless LAN(5G)</u> and <u>Wired 802.1X</u> used the same <u>User Profile</u> as its identify and password.

OK	Clear	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable the built-in 802.1X server. At present, such feature can be used for wireless and wired 802.1x authentication.
User Profile	Select All - Click to add all User Profiles to the 802.1X server. All profiles will appear under the Authentication List. Clear All - Remove all user profiles from the 802.1X server. All profiles will appear under Available List.
Sync User Profile	Make the enabling/disabling setting for both Internal RADIUS and Local 802.1X synchronize for all of the user profiles (User Management>>User Profile). For example, if Local 802.1x is configured as Enabled (checked), the Internal RADIUS will be configured as Enabled too. 3. Internal Services Internal RADIUS Local 802.1X Note: Internal Services means the account and password of this user profile can be used by other application. If Local 802.1X is configured as Disabled (unchecked), the Internal RADIUS will be changed as Disabled too, even if it is enabled previously.

	3. Internal Services
	Internal RADIUS Local 802.1X
	Note: Internal Services means the account and password of this user profile can be used by other application.
	OK Refresh Clear Cancel
ОК	Click it to save the settings.
Clear	Click it to remove previous setting configuration.
Cancel	Click it to give up all settings configuration.

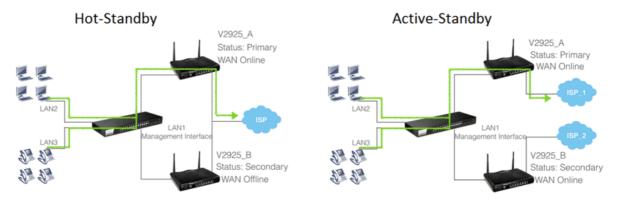
When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

Application Notes

A-1 How to use High Availability?

Applications >> High Availability

High Availability provides hardware redundancy to the LAN clients. DrayTek Router has two modes for High Availability feature: Hot-Standby and Active-Standby.



In Hot-Standby Mode, Primary and Secondary router share the same WAN source. Usually, only the Primary is online. When Primary goes down, Secondary comes up and use the same WAN line to dial up, and continue to provide Internet service to LAN clients.

Active-Standby mode is almost same as Hot-Standby mode, only that in the Active-Standby mode, the Primary and Secondary connect to the different WAN sources; also, the Secondary will always be online.

1. On the primary router, choose Redundancy Method you would like to use, then set the following configurations:

dunda	ncy Method Hot-Sta	ndby ᅌ	
Gene	ral Setup Cont	fig Sync	Status Set to Factory Def
. Gro	up ID	1 (1-255)
D. Priority ID C. Authentication Key		15	(1-30)
		draytek	(Max. 31 characters allowed)
. Mar	nagement Interface	LAN1 ᅌ	
). <u>Upc</u>	ate DDNS	🛃 Enable	
Sys	log	C Enable	
J.	Index	Enable	Virtual IP
	LAN1	2	192.168.1.1
	LAN2		192.168.2.1
	LAN3		192.168.3.1
	LAN4		192.168.4.1
			192.168.5.1
	LAN5	-	

- (a) Group ID is used to identify who are the group members, enter the same ID on all the members. The default value is 1, we may leave it as default here.
- (b) Priority ID is used to decide which router should be the primary one, and 30 is the highest. If 2 or more routers are having the same Priority ID, their LAN IP addresses

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(for management Interface) will be considered, e.g., 192.168.1.2 has higher priority than 192.168.1.3..., etc.

- (c) Authentication Key: enter the same authentication key on all the members.
- (d) Management Interface: the packets for communication (including deciding the primary, configuration sync, and some maintenance...,etc) between members will be sent in the management interface, in other word, clients in other LAN subnet won't be able to see these packets. In order to have best communication and for security purpose, we recommend to choose an interface that is less possible to have interruption for the communication (loop/broadcast storm from other LAN clients...). In our scenario, we reserve LAN 1 for High Availability only, and put all other LAN clients in LAN2~LAN5.
- (e) Update DDNS: for dynamic WAN IP users, enable this function so once the secondary router becomes primary and dials up the WAN, it will also update its new WAN IP address to the same DDNS profile, so your network will be accessible with the same DDNS domain.
- (f) Syslog: enable to show all the High Availability related logs in syslog.
- (g) Enable the LAN Subnet to join High Availability. Any existing LAN without joining High Availability will not be served with hardware redundancy.

Virtual IP: name the virtual IP here, please note that the virtual IP can NOT be the same with any member LAN IP.

Applications >> High Availability

dunda	ncy Method Hot-Sta	andby ᅌ			
Gene	ral Setup Con	fig Sync	Status Set to Factory De		
Gro	oup ID	1 (1-255))		
D. Priority ID		15	(1-30)		
C. Authentication Key		draytek	(Max. 31 characters allowed)		
d . Management Interface		LAN1 ᅌ			
. <u>Upo</u>	date DDNS	🗹 Enable			
Sys	slog	Enable			
J.	Index	Enable	Virtual IP		
	LAN1		192.168.1.1		
	LAN2		192.168.2.1		
	LAN3		192.168.3.1		
LAN4			192.168.4.1		
	LAN5		192.168.5.1		

2. Enable Configuration Sync and set the Sync Interval. Default is every 15 minutes.

General Setup	Config Sync	5	Status Set to Factory Default
Enable Cont	fig Sync (Max. S	ync to 10 routers)	
Config Sync	: Interval:		
Day	v	٥	
Hou		0	
Min	nute 15	0	

3. Configure High Availability on the secondary router. Mind that the Priority should be lower than the primary router. Besides priority, all other settings should be the same.

Enable High Availability

Redundancy Method Hot-Standby

General Setup Confi	g Sync	Status Set to Factory Defa
Group ID	1 (1-255)	
Priority ID	10	(1-30)
Authentication Key	draytek	(Max. 31 characters allowed)
Management Interface	LAN1 ᅌ	
Update DDNS	Enable	
Syslog	🗹 Enable	
Index	Enable	Virtual IP
LAN1		192.168.1.1
LAN2		192.168.2.1
LAN3		192.168.3.1
LAN4		192.168.4.1
LAN5		192.168.5.1
DMZ	0	0.0.0.0

4. Configuring LAN on the primary router.

LAN >> General Setup

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP	and DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup	
Network Configuration For NAT Usage		DHCP Server Configuration	
IP Address	192.168.1.2 a .	Enable Relay Agent	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Start IP Address	192.168.1.10
		IP Pool Counts	200
RIP Protocol Control	Disable 📀	Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.2 b.
		(Replaced by HA Virtual	IP 192.168.1.1)
		Lease Time	86400 (s)
		Clear DHCP lease for i	nactive clients periodically
		DNS Server IP Address	
		Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8
		Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4

- (a) Set up the LAN IP address, it has to be different from the Virtual IP and the LAN IP of secondary router. Again, for any routers with the same Priority ID, their IP addresses will be compared, so we suggest to use a IP with lower number on the Primary one.
- (b) Gateway IP is the same with LAN IP, and the note in parentheses indicates that the gateway IP provided to LAN clients will be replaced by the Virtual IP.

5. Configure LAN on the secondary router. Mind that the IP should be different and larger than it on the primary router.

N-t		DUOD C C f t'	_	
Network Configuration For NAT Usage		DHCP Server Configuratio		
IP Address	192.168.1.3	Enable Relay Agent	ie Server	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Start IP Address	192.168.1.10	
		IP Pool Counts	200	
RIP Protocol Control	Disable 😒	Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.3	
		(Replaced by HA Virtua	IP 192.168.1.1)	
		Lease Time	86400	(s)
		Clear DHCP lease for it	inactive clients per	iodical
		DNS Server IP Address		
		Primary IP Address	8.8.8.8	
		Secondary IP Address	8.8.4.4	

LAN >> General Setup

Info	

If you have more than one LAN, you should set all the LAN IP of each LAN on Primary and Secondary routers to different IP addresses to avoid IP conflict. Here is the example, there are several LAN and all of them are under the protection of hardware redundancy:

	Subnet	Primary Router	Secondary Router	Virtual IP
LAN1	192.168.1.0	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.1
LAN2	192.168.2.0	192.168.2.2	192.168.2.3	192.168.2.1
LAN3	192.168.3.0	192.168.3.2	192.168.3.3	192.168.3.1
LANX	192.168.x.0	192.168.x.2	192.168.x.3	192.168.x.1

6. We have setup High Availability on both routers, and before we link up both routers, it's time to setup all other functions on the primary router so later we can see the configuration sync taking place. If your primary router is already settled please proceed to the next step. Here we configure the WAN as the representative example.

WAN 1						
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP		IPv6			
💿 Enable 🛛 Disa	ble	WAN II	P Network Settings	WAN IP Alias)	
Keep WAN Connection		Obtain an IP address automatically Router Name				
Enable PING to keep	alive			Vigor		
PING to the IP		Domain Name				
PING Interval	0 minute(s)		CP Client Identifier *	κ.		
		User	name			
WAN Connection Detecti	on	Pass	word			
Mode	ARP Detect ᅌ	 Specific 	ecify an IP address			
	(11. (500)	IP Ac	dress	100.100.100.1	00	
MTU	1492 (Max:1500)		net Mask	255.255.255.0		
Path MTU Discovery	Detect	Gate	way IP Address	100.100.100.1		

WAN >> Internet Access

Then confirm the WAN setup by seeing WAN online.

System Information								
Model Name	Vigor2862ac	System Up Time	100:23:32					
Router Name	DrayTek	<u>Current Time</u>	Wed Jan 05 2000 04:23:26					
Firmware Version	3.8.8_RC10_STD	Build Date/Time	Feb 6 2018 18:42:30					
DSL Version	772801 HW: A	LAN MAC Address	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0					

IPv4 LAN Information									
	IP Address	DHCP		IP Address	DHCP				
LAN1	192.168.1.3/24	V	LAN2	192.168.2.1/24	V				
LAN3	192.168.3.1/24	V	LAN4	192.168.4.1/24	V				
LAN5	192.168.5.1/24	V	LAN6	192.168.6.1/24	V				
LAN7	192.168.7.1/24	V	LAN8	192.168.8.1/24	V				
DMZ PORT	192.168.17.1/24	V	IP Routed Subnet	192.168.0.1/24	V				

7. After all the functions are set properly on the primary router, we link up the management interface LAN so both routers can start detecting each other, deciding which one should be the primary and syncing the configuration. Since the routers will communicate via the Management Interface, it's required to use the ports that belong to the Management Interface LAN (LAN1 in this scenario). We can check for this information in LAN >> VLAN. In this scenario we can use the port 5 on both routers, so we use an Ethernet cable to wire up LAN port 5 on both routers.

	ntigi	urat	ion										
🕑 Enabl	е												
			LAN	4			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Ta	g
	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0		•								LAN 1 📀		0	0 😒
VLAN1		<u>~</u>	v	v	\Box					LAN 2 ᅌ		200	0 ᅌ
VLAN2	\bigcirc				\bigcirc					LAN 3 ᅌ		300	0 ᅌ
VLAN3	\bigcirc				\Box					LAN 4 ᅌ		400	0 ᅌ
VLAN4										LAN 5 😒		500	0 😂
VLAN5	\Box		\bigcirc	\Box	\Box					LAN 1 📀		0	0 ᅌ
VLAN6	\bigcirc			0	\bigcirc					LAN 1 ᅌ		0	0 ᅌ
VLAN7	\cap					0		0	0	LAN 1		0	0 ᅌ

8. We may check the High Availability status by visiting the Status page.

Applications >> High Availability

Enable High Availabili Redundancy Method		0						
General Setup	Config Syr	nc			Status	Set to Factory Default		
Group ID		1	(1-255)			-		
Priority ID		15		(1-30	0)			
Authentication	Authentication Key		draytek		(Max. 31 characters allowed)			
Management In	terface	LAN1	0					
Update DDNS		🕑 Ena						
Syslog		🗹 Ena	ble					

For the first time the two routers link up, we can see they are syncing the configuration from the primary to the secondary (showing "Progressing" on the secondary router):

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status

					Det	ails HA Setup Rer	new Refresh
Status	Router Name	IPv4	State	Stable	WAN	Config Sync Status	Cached Time
0	<u>V2925_A</u>	<u>192.168.1.2</u>	Primary	Yes	At Least One Up - Eth	Ready Sync	-
0	<u>V2925_B</u>	<u>192.168.1.3</u>	Secondary	Yes	All WANs Down	Progressing	5 min up

Note: The "Cached Time" indicates the time that router has got the information from the other router ago. Click "Renew" to update the information of remote router, click "Refresh" to update the information of local router.

When a sync is finished or the routers are already having the same configuration, it will show the "Equal" result:

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status

					De	tails H	A Setup Ren	new Refresh
Status	Router Name	IPv4	State	Stable	WAN	Config	Sync Status	Cached Time
0	<u>V2925_A</u>	<u>192.168.1.2</u>	Primary	Yes	At Least One Up - Eth	Ready	Sync	-
0	<u>V2925_B</u>	<u>192.168.1.3</u>	Secondary	Yes	All WANs Down	Equal		3 min 6 sec

Note that the router will check if there's any un-synced modification when it reaches the time interval we set in step 2. We may force to sync by clicking the "Sync" button. The secondary router will reboot after the config sync.

9. Now we may inspect if the secondary router received the configuration from the primary router. In this scenario we check the secondary router online status.

System Informati	on		
Model Name	Vigor2925Vn	System Up Time	0:01:13
Router Name	V2925_B	Current Time	2015 Oct 19 Mon 11:40:29
Firmware Version	3.8.2	Build Date/Time	Oct 14 2015 21:25:18
LAN MAC Address	00-1D-AA-BE-92-60		

IPv4 Inter	rnet Access			
	Line / Mode	IP Address	MAC Address	Up Time
WAN1	Ethernet / Static IP	Disconnected-HA	00-1D-AA-BE-92-61	00:00:00
WAN2	Ethernet / Static IP	Disconnected-HA	00-1D-AA-BE-92-62	00:00:00
WAN3	USB /	Disconnected-HA	00-1D-AA-BE-92-63	00:00:00
WAN4	USB /	Disconnected-HA	00-1D-AA-BE-92-64	00:00:00

Before syncing we didn't configure the WAN, now seeing WAN1 and WAN2 having "Static IP" indicates it did receive the corresponding configurations. And the "Disconnected-HA" means this router is not dialing up the WAN due to the primary router in the High Availability group is working, so as a secondary router it doesn't need to be online now. You may also check other configurations on your secondary router.

10. We may also check the Details page.

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status >> Details

[Local Route	r]		Back H	A Setup Renew Refresh
V2925_A				192.168.1.2
State	Stable	WAN	Config Sync Status	Cached Time
Primary	Yes	At Least One Up - Eth	Ready Sync	-
3				
MAC		00:1d:aa:c6:4b:d8	HTTPs Port	4430
Model		Vigor2925Vn	Firmware Version	3.8.2
Enable High	Availability	On	Redundancy Method	Hot-Standby
Group ID		1	Priority ID	15
Authenticatio	n Key	draytek	Management Interface	LAN1
Update DDNS	3	On		
			LAN1	192.168.1.1
			LAN2	192.168.2.1
Virtual IP		On	LAN3	192.168.3.1
			LAN4	192.168.4.1
			LAN5	192.168.5.1
Enable Config	g Sync	On	Config Sync Interval	0 Day 0 Hour 15 Minute

[Other Router]

Secondary				
V2925_B				192.168.1.3
State	Stable	WAN	Config Sync Status	Cached Time
Secondary	Yes	All WANs Down	Progressing	5 min up
3				
MAC		00:1d:aa:be:92:60	HTTPs Port	4430
Model		Vigor2925Vn	Firmware Version	3.8.2
Enable High Av	ailability	On	Redundancy Method	Hot-Standby
Group ID		1	Priority ID	10
Authentication	Key	draytek	Management Interface	LAN1
Update DDNS		Off		
			LAN1	192.168.1.1
			LAN2	192.168.2.1
Virtual IP		On	LAN3	192.168.3.1
			LAN4	192.168.4.1
			LAN5	192.168.5.1
Enable Config \$	Sync	On	Config Sync Interval	0 Day 0 Hour 15 Minute

Sharing the WCF License

- 11. Now the routers are set, if you have WCF license, you may create a group on MyVigor so these routers can share the same license.
 - (a) First, login to myvigor.draytek.com, find High Availability Settings on left hand side and click Add New

D About Us	High Availability	Settings		
-				Add New
• My Information	Bulata	0	Developing the Developing ID	Oct III Devices
> My Product	Delete	Group Name	Router's HA Group ID	Set HA Device
> My Password				
> My Settings				
> High Availability Settings				
> Account Disabled / Deleted				
📮 Vigor Series				
Customer Survey				

(b) Give a Group Name, select an HA unused Group ID, and select the member routers in the HA Device drop-down menu:

Group Name :	High Availability Group 1	
Router's HA Group ID :	001 0	
HA Device 01 :	select	k
HA Device 02 :	select	
HA Device 03 :	select	
HA Device 04 :	select	
HA Device 05 :	select	
HA Device 06 :	select	
HA Device 07 :	select	
HA Device 08 :	select	

Note that the drop-down menu only lists out the devices that are registered under this MyVigor account. If you don't find the router you are using, please find out which account this device is registered under.

(c) Save the profile, and we can see the group entry:

D About Us	High Ava	ilability Settings		
My Information				Add New
> My Product	Delete	Group Name	Router's HA Group ID	Set HA Device
> My Password	ж	DrayTek Headquarters	001	A .
> My Settings				••••
> High Availability Settings				
> Account Disabled / Deleted				
Vigor Series				
Customer Survey				

Send the Notification to Network Administrator

We can set Vigor Router to notify the network administrator by sending email or SMS when the following events occur:

- 1. Failover Occurred: the WAN of the primary router goes down and the secondary router takes over,
- 2. Configuration Sync Failed: the configuration sync between primary and secondary router fails,
- 3. Router Unstable: one of the routers becomes unstable.

A-2 How to Implement the LDAP/AD Authentication for User Management?

For simplifying the configuration of LDAP authentication for User Access Management, we implement "Group" feature.

There is no need to pre-configure user profile for each user on Vigor router anymore. We only need to configure the Groups DN, then the Vigor router (e.g., Vigor 2860 series) can pass the authentication to LDAP server with the pre-defined Group path.

Below shows the configuration steps:

1. Access into the web user interface of the Vigor router.

2. Open Applications>>Active Directory /LDAP to get the following page for configuring LDAP related settings.

General Setup Active Directory / LDAP Profiles	
LDAP Profiles	
✓ Enable	
🗹 Enable	
Bind Type	Regular Mode 💌
Server IP Address	172.16.2.8
Destination Port	389
Regular DN	uid=vpntest,ou=vpnuser,dc=ms,dc=draytel
Regular Password	1234
	OK Cancel

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP

There are three types of bind type supported:

- Simple Mode Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.
- Anonymous Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.
- **Regular Mode** Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority. For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the **Regular DN** and **Regular Password**.
- 3. Create LDAP server profiles. Click the Active Directory /LDAP tab to open the profile web page and click any one of the index number link.

If we have two groups "RD1" and "SHRD" on LDAP server, we can configure two LDAP server profiles with different Group Distinguished Name.

Name	rd1
Common Name Identifier	uid
Base Distinguished Name	ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com
Group Distinguished Name	cn=rd1,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=c

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

and

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>> Server Profiles

lame	shrd
Common Name Identifier	uid
Base Distinguished Name	ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com
Group Distinguished Name	cn=shrd,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=

- 4. Click **OK** to save the settings above.
- 5. Open User Management>>General Setup. Select User-Based as the Mode option.

User Management >> General Setup

	Rule-Based is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	User-Based is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	 In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.
	 Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.

6. Then open VPN and Remote Access>>PPP General Setup to check the profile(s) that will be authenticated with LDAP server.

PPP General Setup PPP/MP Protocol PPP Authentication Methods Dial-In PPP 🗹 Remote Dial-in User PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 🔽 Authentication RADIUS Encryption(MPPE) Optional MPPE Dial-In PPP AD/LDAP ~ PPTP LDAP Profile 🔘 Yes 💿 No Mutual Authentication (PAP) Username 4 rd1 shrd Password IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set) Note: Please select 'PAP Only 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP or TACACS+ for PPP Authentication. Assigned IP start LAN 1 192.168.1.200 LAN 2 192.168.2.250 Note: Default priority is Remote Dial-in User -> RADIUS -> AD/LDAP -> TACACS+. LAN 3 192.168.3.200 LAN 4 192.168.4.200 While using Radius or LDAP Authentication: LAN 5 192.168.5.200 Assign IP from subnet: LAN1 🔽 LAN 6 192.168.6.200 ΟK

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

After above configurations, users belong to either "rd1" or "shrd" group can access Internet after inputting their credentials on LDAP server.

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A-3 How to Configure Customized DDNS?

This article describes how to configure customized DDNS on Vigor routers to update your IP to the DDNS server. We will take "Changeip.org" and "3322.net" as example. Before setting, please make sure that the WAN connection is up.

Part A : Changeip.org

Physical Connection	n			System I	Jptime: Oday 2:25:5	
	IPv4		IPv6			
LAN Status	Prima	ary DNS: 168.9	5.192.1	Secondary D	NS: 168.95.1.1	
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Packets				
10.1.7.1	2069	1036				
WAN 1 Status					>> Drop PPPoE	
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time		
Yes	Ethernet	iwiz	PPPoE	2:25:53		
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)	
1.169.185.242	168,95,98.254	14851	9506	11281	912	

Note that,

Username: jo*** Password: jo****** Host name: j*****.changeip.org WAN IP address: 1.169.185.242

Following is the screenshot of editing the HTML script on the browser to update your IP to the DDNS server.

← → C 🗋 www.changeip.com/dynamic/dns/update.asp?u=jo
灯 免費的 Hotmail 🚺 建溴的網站 🕒 Home Page 🗋 網頁快訊圖單 🦳 從 IE 匯入 🔊 G
200 Successful Update (Address Used: 1.169.185.242)
Updated target: j
For XML output add &xml=1 Use SSL for better security.

Now we have to configure the router so it can do the same job for us automatically.

1. Please go to Applications >> Dynamic DNS to create a profile for Customized DDNS client.

Enable Dynamic DNS	G Account	
WAN Interface	WAN1 First 💌	
Service Provider	Customized	T
Provider Host	changeip.org	
Service API	/dynamic/dns/update.asp? u=jos for sp=jos for the second shost md=update&offline=0	name=jent.changeip.org&ip=###IP###\$s
Auth Type	basic 🔻	
Connection Type	Http 🔻	
Server Response		
Login Name	chronic6653	(max. 64 characters)
Password	•••••	(max. 23 characters)
Wildcards		
🔲 Backup MX		
Mail Extender		
Determine Real WAN IP	Internet IP 🔻	

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup

- 2. Set the Service Provider as Customized.
- 3. Set the Service API as: /dynamic/dns/update.asp?u=jo***&p=jo*******&hostname=j****.changeip.org&ip=###IP ### &cmd=update&offline=0

In which, ###IP### is a value which will be replaced with the current interface IP address automatically when DDNS service is running. In this case the IP will be 1.169.185.242.

4. After setting, the Customized DDNS service will be up, and our IP will be updated to the DDNS server.

Part B : 3322.net

WAN 1			
Link Status	: Connected		
MAC Address	: 00-50-7F-C8-C6-A1		
Connection	: PPPoE		
IP Address	: 111.243.178.53		
Default Gateway	: 168.95.98.254		
Primary DNS	: 168.95.192.1		
Secondary DNS	: 168.95.1.1		

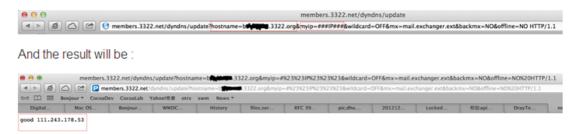
Username: bi******

```
Password: 88*******
```

```
Host name: bi******.3322.org
```

WAN IP address: 111.243.178.53

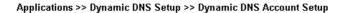
To update the IP to the DDNS server via editing the HTML script, we can type the following script on the browser:



"good 111.243.178.53" means our IP has been updated to the server successfully.

Now we have to configure the router so it can do the same job for us automatically.

1. Please go to Applications >> Dynamic DNS to create a profile for Customized DDNS client.



Enable Dynamic DNS	Account	
WAN Interface	WAN1 First 💌	
Service Provider	Customized	▼
Provider Host	members.3322.net	
Service API	/dyndns/update? hostname=b gggggggg .3322.org&m .exchanger.ext&backmx=NO&off1	yip=###IP###swildcard=OFFsmx=mail ine=NO
Auth Type	basic 🔻	
Connection Type	Http 🔻	
Server Response		
Login Name	chronic6653	(max. 64 characters)
Password		(max. 23 characters)
Wildcards		
🔲 Backup MX		
Mail Extender		

- 2. Set the Service Provider as Customized.
- 3. Set the Provider Host as member.3322.net.
- Set the Service API as: /dyndns/update?hostname=yourhost.3322.org&myip=###IP###&wildcard=OFF&mx=mail .exchanger.ext&backmx=NO&offline=NO
- 5. Enter your account and password.
- 6. After the setting, the Customized DDNS service will be up, and our IP will be updated to the DDNS server automatically.

Part C : Extend Note

The customized Service Provider is also eligible with the ClouDNS.net.

	aLab Yahool奇章 otrs swm News * 610000265 draytek.swm: DrayTek DrayTek Vigor2920
	analyse and see a subject starter subject see
pplications >> Dynamic	DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup
ndex : 1	
Enable Dynamic DNS	5 Account
WAN Interface	WAN1 First 💌
Service Provider	Customized •
Provider Host	members.3322.net
Service API	/dyndns/update?
	hostname=b oot/Inter .3322.org&myip=###IP###&wildcard=OFF&mx=mail
	.exchanger.ext&backmx=NO&offline=NO
	n d
Auth Type	basic 🔻
Connection Type	Http T
Server Response	ОК
Login Name	chronic6653 (max. 64 characters)
Password	······ (max. 23 characters)
Wildcards	
Backup MX	
Mail Extender	
Mail Exteriuer	
Determine Real	

II-6 Routing

Route Policy (also well known as PBR, policy-based routing) is a feature where you may need to get a strategy for routing. The packets will be directed to the specified interface if they match one of the policies. You can setup route policies in various reasons such as load balance, security, routing decision, and etc.

Through protocol, IP address, port number and interface configuration, Route Policy can be used to configure any routing rules to fit actual request. In general, Route Policy can easily reach the following purposes:

Load Balance

You may manually create policies to balance the traffic across network interface.

Specify Interface

Through dedicated interface (WAN/LAN/VPN), the data can be sent from the source IP to the destination IP.

Address Mapping

Allows you specify the outgoing WAN IP address (es) for an internal private IP address or a range of internal private IP addresses.

Priority

The router will determine which policy will be adopted for transmitting the packet according to the priority of Static Route and Route Policy.

Failover to/Failback

Packets will be sent through another Interface or follow another Policy when the original interface goes down (Failover to). Once the original interface resumes service (Failback), the packets will be returned to it immediately.

Other routing

Specify routing policy to determine the direction of the data transmission.



Info

For more detailed information about using policy route, refer to Support >>FAQ/Application Note on www.draytek.com.

Web User Interface



II-6-1 Static Route

Go to Routing >> Static Route. The router offers IPv4 and IPv6 for you to configure the static route. Both protocols bring different web pages.

Static Route for IPv4

IPv4		IPv6		Set	to Factory Default View Ro	uting Table
Index	Des	tination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
1.		???	?	<u>6.</u>	???	?
<u>2.</u>		???	?	<u>7.</u>	???	?
<u>3.</u>		???	?	<u>8.</u>	???	?
<u>4.</u>		???	?	<u>9.</u>	???	?
<u>5.</u>		???	?	<u>10.</u>	???	?
< <u>1-10 11-2</u>	<u>20 21-3</u>	<u>0 31.40</u> >>				<u>Next</u> >>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Available settings are explained as follows:

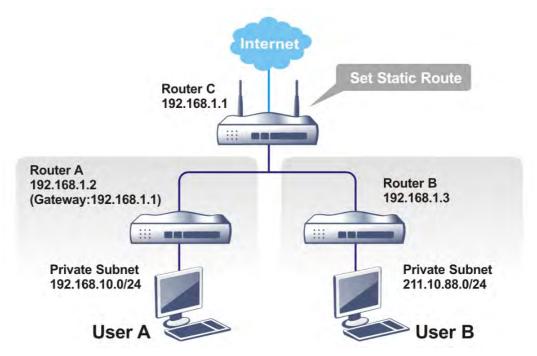
Item	Description				
Index	The number (1 to 30) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.				
Destination Address	Displays the destination address of the static route.				
Status	Displays the status of the static route.				
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.				
Viewing Routing Table	Displays the routing table for your reference. Diagnostics >> View Routing Table Current Running Routing Table IPv6 Routing Table Refresh Rey: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private ^ C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.0 directly connected LAN1				

Add Static Routes to Private and Public Networks

Here is an example (based on IPv4) of setting Static Route in Main Router so that user A and B locating in different subnet can talk to each other via the router. Assuming the Internet access has been configured and the router works properly:

- use the Main Router to surf the Internet.
- create a private subnet 192.168.10.0 using an internal Router A (192.168.1.2)
- create a public subnet 211.100.88.0 via an internal Router B (192.168.1.3).
- have set Main Router 192.168.1.1 as the default gateway for the Router A 192.168.1.2.

Before setting Static Route, user A cannot talk to user B for Router A can only forward recognized packets to its default gateway Main Router.



1. Go to LAN page and click General Setup, select 1st Subnet as the RIP Protocol Control. Then click the OK button.



There are two reasons that we have to apply RIP Protocol Control on 1st Subnet. The first is that the LAN interface can exchange RIP packets with the neighboring routers via the 1st subnet (192.168.1.0/24). The second is that those hosts on the internal private subnets (ex. 192.168.10.0/24) can access the Internet via the router, and continuously exchange of IP routing information with different subnets. 2. Click the LAN >> Static Route and click on the Index Number 1. Check the Enable box. Please add a static route as shown below, which regulates all packets destined to 192.168.10.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.2. Click OK.

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 1		
🔲 Enable		
	Destination IP Address	???
	Subnet Mask	
	Gateway IP Address	
	Network Interface	LAN1 💌
Note:		

WAN5, WAN6, WAN7 are PVCs or VLANs that can be configured on the $\underline{\textit{Multi-PVC/NLAN}}$ page.

OK]	Cancel	Delete
------	--------	--------

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable this profile.
Destination IP Address	Type an IP address as the destination of such static route.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask for such static route.
Network Interface	Use the drop down list to specify an interface for such static route.

3. Return to **Static Route Setup** page. Click on another **Index Number** to add another static route as show below, which regulates all packets destined to 211.100.88.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.3. Click **OK**.

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 1		
🔲 Enable		
	Destination IP Address	211.100.88.0
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.3
	Network Interface	LAN1 💌

4. Go to **Diagnostics** and choose **Routing Table** to verify current routing table.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

Current Running Routin	ng Table	IPv6 Routing Table	Refres	<u>h</u>
C~ 192.168.1.0/ 2	255.255.255.0 vi 255.255.255.0 di	a 192.168.1.2	LAN1 LAN1	
				~

Static Route for IPv6

You can set up to 40 profiles for IPv6 static route. Click the IPv6 tab to open the following page:

LAN >>	Static	Route	Setup
--------	--------	-------	-------

IPv4		IPv6		Set to Fa	ctory Default View IPv6 R	outing Table
Index	Destina	ation Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
<u>1.</u>		::/0	х	<u>11.</u>	::/0	х
<u>2.</u>		::/0	х	<u>12.</u>	::/0	х
<u>3.</u>		::/0	х	<u>13.</u>	::/0	х
<u>4.</u>		::/0	x	<u>14.</u>	::/0	х
<u>5.</u>		::/0	х	<u>15.</u>	::/0	х
<u>6.</u>		::/0	x	<u>16.</u>	::/0	x
<u>7.</u>		::/0	х	<u>17.</u>	::/0	х
<u>8.</u>		::/0	х	<u>18.</u>	::/0	x
<u>9.</u>		::/0	х	<u>19.</u>	::/0	х
<u>10.</u>		::/0	х	<u>20.</u>	::/0	х
- 1 20 21	1 40					Novt >

<< <u>1 - 20</u> | <u>21 - 40</u> >>

<u>Next</u> >>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	The number (1 to 40) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.
Destination Address	Displays the destination address of the static route.
Status	Displays the status of the static route.
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Viewing IPv6 Routing Table	Displays the routing table for your reference.

Click any underline of index number to get the following page.

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 1

Enable	
Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len	:: / 0
Gateway IPv6 Address	
Network Interface	LAN 👻
ОК	Cancel Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable this profile.
Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len	Type the IP address with the prefix length for this entry.
Gateway IPv6 Address	Type the gateway address for this entry.

Network Interface Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static route.	Network Interface	Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static route.
---	-------------------	---

When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

II-6-2 Load-Balance /Route Policy

It allows network administrator to manage the outbound traffic more specifically. The policy set in Load-Balance/Route Policy always has higher priority than Default Route and Auto Load Balance set in WAN >> Internet Access, and always has lower priority than the Firewall Rules. Administrator may also define a priority to this policy.

This page lists all the policies and shows whether the policy is enabled/disabled, what are the criteria to match, and through which the interface should the traffic to go if the criteria are matched, and also its priority.

oad-B	alance/R	oute Policy						10 🔽 rule	es per pa	ge <u>Se</u>	<u>et to Fa</u>	ctory D	efault
Index	Enable	Comment	Protocol	Interface	Priority	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Dowr
1			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any		<u>Down</u>
<u>2</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>3</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>4</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>5</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>6</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
Z			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>8</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>9</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>10</u>			Any	WAN1	200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	<u>UP</u>	Down

Load-Balance/Route Policy

O Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages

Advance Mode: all settings in one page

ОК

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Click the number of index to access into the configuration web page.
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.
Protocol	Display the protocol used for this policy.
Interface	Display the interface to send packets to once the policy is matched.
Priority	Display the priority value for such route policy profile.
Src IP Start	Display the IP address for the start of the source IP.
Src IP End	Display the IP address for the end of the source IP.
Dest IP Start	Display the IP address for the start of the destination IP.
Dest IP End	Display the IP address for the end of the destination IP.
Dest Port Start	Display the IP address for the start of the destination port.
Dest Port End	Display the IP address for the end of the destination port.
Move UP/Move Down	Use Up or Down link to move the order of the policy.
Wizard Mode	Allow to configure frequently used (simple and basic) settings of route policy via three setting pages.

2

Advance Mode	Allow to configure detailed settings of route policy.
--------------	---

To use Wizard Mode, simple do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Wizard Mode radio button.
- 2. Click Index 1. The setting page will appear as follows:

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Index: 1 Criteria

Source IP	💿 Any
	Src IP Start Src IP End
	~
Destination IP	🔿 Any
	Dest IP Start Dest IP End
	~
	Ountry Object
	None 💌

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Source IP	Any - Any IP can be treated as the source IP.
	Src IP Start - Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.
	Src IP End - Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.
Destination IP	Any - Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.
	Dest IP Start- Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.
	Dest IP End - Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.
	Country Object - Specify a country object. All the IPs coming from the country (countries) specified in the object will be passed through the WAN interface.

3. Click Next to get the following page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Index: 1 Interface		
Load-Balance/Rout	e Policy directs the	e packets to the interface below
Interface	WAN1	
	LAN1	<u> </u>
	LAN2	
	LAN3	Back Next > Finish Cancel
	LAN4	
	LAN5	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Interface	Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.

4. Specify an interface and click Next. The following page will appear only if you choose WAN1 ~WAN7 as Interface.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Based on	the settings in the previous pages, we guess you want to have: Force NAT	
The currer	nt setting is:	
۲	Force NAT	
ŏ	Force Routing	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
	It determines which mechanism that the router will use to forward the packet to WAN.

5. After choosing the mechanism, click Next to get the summary page for reference.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Criteria	
Source IP	Any
Destination IP	~
Interface	
WAN1	
More options	
Force NAT	
	< Back Next > Finish

6. If there is no error, click Finish to complete wizard setting.

To use Advance Mode, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Advance Mode radio button.
- 2. Click Index 1 to access into the following page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy

Enable		
Comment		Delete
Criteria		
Protocol	TCP/UDP 🔽	
Source	IP Subnet 💌	
	Network:	Mask: 255.255.0.0 / 16 🛛 💌
Destination	Domain Name 💌]
	-	Select Delete
	Add	
Destination Port	Dest Port Range	-
	Start:	End:
Send via if Criteria Matched		
Interface	⊙ WAN/LAN	WAN1
	O VPN	VPN 1.??? 💌
Gateway	💿 Default Gatev	/av
	🔵 Specific Gate	·
Packet Forwarding to WAN via	💿 Force NAT	
	O Force Routin	3
🔲 Failover to	⊙ WAN/LAN	Default WAN
	O ∨PN	VPN 1.???
	ORoute Policy	Index 1 💌
	Gateway	⊙ Default Gateway
		◯ Specific Gateway 0.0.0.0
Priority		

Note:

Force NAT(Routing): NAT(Routing) will be performed on outgoing packets, regardless of which type of subnet (NAT or IP Routing) they originate from.

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.
Comment	Type a brief explanation for such profile.
Protocol	Use the drop-down menu to choose a proper protocol for the WAN interface.
Source	Any - Any IP can be treated as the source IP. IP Range - Define a range of IP address as source IP addresses.
	 Start - Type an address as the starting IP for such

	profile.
	 End - Type an address as the ending IP for such profile.
	IP Subnet - Define a subnet containing IP address and mask address.
	• Network - Type an IP address here.
	• Mask - Use the drop down list to choose a suitable mask for the network.
	IP Object / IP Group- Use the drop down list to choose a preconfigured IP object/group.
Destination	Any - Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.
	IP Range - Define a range of IP address as destination IP addresses.
	 Start - Type an address as the starting IP for such profile.
	• End - Type an address as the ending IP for such profile.
	IP Subnet - Define a subnet containing IP address and mask address.
	Network - Type an IP address here.
	• Mask - Use the drop down list to choose a suitable mask for the network.
	Domain Name - Specify a domain name as the destination.
	 Select - Click it to choose an existing domain name defined in Objects Setting>>String Object.
	• Delete - Remove current used domain name.
	• Add - Create a new domain name as the destination.
	IP Object / IP Group- Use the drop down list to choose a preconfigured IP object/group.
	Country Object - Use the drop dwon list to choose a preconfigured object. Then all IPs within that country will be treated as the destination IP.
Destination Port	Any - Any port number can be treated as the destination port.
	Dest Port Range -
	 Start - Type the destination port start for the destination IP.
	• End - Type the destination port end for the destination IP. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination ports will be passed through the WAN interface.
Send to if criteria matched	Interface - Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.
	Gateway IP - Specific gateway is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway. Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.
	Packet Forwarding to WAN via - When you choose WAN (e.g., WAN1) as the Interface for packet transmission, you have to specify the way the packet forwarded to. Choose Force NAT or Force Routing.
	Failover to - Check this button to lead the data passing through specific interface (WAN/LAN/VPN/Route Policy) automatically when the selected interface (defined in Send

	via if criteria matched) is down.
	 WAN/LAN - Use the drop down list to choose an interface as an auto failover interface.
	• VPN - Use the drop down list to choose a VPN tunnel as a failover tunnel.
	 Route Policy - Use the drop down list to choose an existed route policy profile.
	 Gateway IP - Specific gateway is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway. Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.
Priority	Packets will be transmitted based on all routes or Route Policy. Vigor router will determine which rule will be adopted for transmitting the packet according to the priority of Static Route and Route Policy.
	The greater the value is, the lower the priority is. Default value for route policy is "200" which means it has higher priority than the default route.
	Failback- When Failover to option is enabled, Administrator could also enable Failback to clear the existing session on Failover interface and return to the original interface immediately once the original interface resume its service. When Failback is not enabled, the router will only stop sending packets via the Failover interface when the existing sessions are cleared, and this might take a long time because some application will keep sending packet once a while. Therefore, Failback option is recommended if Administrator wants the traffic to go via the primary interface as soon as possible.

3. When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

Diagnose for Route Policy

The button of **Diagnose** located below the Load-Balance /Route Policy profile is used to trace possible path of the packets sent out of the router.

📃 Failover to	⊙ WAN/LAN	Default WAN
	O VPN	VPN 1.??? 💌
	O Route Policy	Index 1 💌
	Gateway	⊙ Default Gateway
		◯ Specific Gateway 0.0.0.0
Priority		

Note:

Force NAT(Routing): NAT(Routing) will be performed on outgoing packets, regardless of which type of subnet (NAT or IP Routing) they originate from.

Click Diagnose to get the following page.

est how the pa	ckets will be routed					
Mode 💿 Anal	yze a single packet					
	yze multiple packets by	uploading an input f	file			
^o acket Informat	ion					
Protoc	UDP	*				
Src IP	Specify an IP	192.168.1.69				
Dst IP	Specify an IP	8.8.8.8				
Dst Po	t Any Port	~				
			Analyze			
Analysis						
the packet		Vigor2862				
		Vigor2862	matched poli			
the packet	Priority	Vigor2862	matched poli setting			
the packet Matched Route		Vigor2862	matched poli setting Matched Policy	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	as inactive and th	
the packet Matched Route Matched	Priority	Vigor2862	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	to interface of the here was no failov
the packet Matched Route Matched	Priority	Vigor2862	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched	Priority	Vigor2862	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched N/A	Priority		matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched N/A	Priority N/A		matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched N/A	Priority N/A	nose	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched N/A	Priority N/A	nose	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	
the packet Matched Route Matched N/A oad-Balance est how the p Mode O At	Priority N/A	nose	matched poli setting Matched Policy Matched Route Policy 1	cy " <u>policy 1</u> " wa	failovered	

Input File

選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案

(<u>download</u> an example input file)
Analyze

Item	Description
Mode	Analyze a single packet - Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how a single packet will be sent by a route policy.
	Analyze multiple packets Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how multiple packets in a specified file will be sent by a route policy.
Packet Information	Specify the nature of the packets to be analyzed by Vigor router.
	Protocol - Specify a protocol for diagnosis.
	Src IP - Type an IP address as the source IP.
	Dst IP - Type an IP address as the destination IP.

	Dst Port - Use the drop down list to specify the destination port.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The
	analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
nput File	Select - Click the download link to get a blank exampl
	file. Then, click such button to select that blank ".csv for saving the result of analysis.
	Mode
	 analyze how a packet will be sent and and a set of the sent
	「 T 載 工 作 確認
	Input File 選擇檔案 diagnose_example_input_file.csv
	▲102 B Analyze 協存至 下載 ▼ □
	下載後開啓は「「「載後開啓」は「「「「」」」を引いていた。「「」」では、「「」」では、「」」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」、」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」では、「」」、」」では、「」」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、」、
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required,
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file. Load BildanceRoute Policy>> Diagnose Mode
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file. Load BlanceRoute Policy>> Diagnase 2 Mode analyze how a packets will be sent analyze how a backets will be sent analyze how a backet will be sent analyze how a backet will be sent analyze how a backet will be sent (download an example input file)
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file. Lead BalanceRoute Policy>> Diagnose Mode analyze how a packets will be sent analyze how a packets will be sent analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent. Signific file Analyze Analyze to the file analyze the sent (download an example input file) Analyze Police File (download an example input file) Analyze Police File (download an example input file) Analyze (download an example input file) (download an example
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file.
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, export analysis to export the result as a file. Lead BalanceRoute Policy>> Diagnase Mote

II-6-3 BGP

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) is a standardized protocol designed to exchange routing and reachability information among autonomous systems (AS) on the Internet.

II-6-3-1 Basic Settings

Set general settings for for local router and neighboring routers.

Routing >> BGP

Basic	Settings	Sta	atic Network	<u>Refresh</u> <u>Vie</u> r	w Routing Ta
ocal					
Enable BGI	Р				
ocal AS Numl	ber		(1~4294967295)		
old Time	180	(10~	65535 Sec)		
onnect Retry	/ Time 120	(3~2	255 Sec)		
outer ID	192.16	68.1.1	(e.g. 1.2.3.4)		
leighbor					
Enable	Index	AS Number	Profile Name	IP Address	Status
	<u>1</u>				None
	2				None
	<u>3</u>				None
	<u>4</u>				None
	<u>5</u>				None
	<u>6</u>				None
					• •
	<u>7</u>				None

Г	OK	
	Un	

Item	Description
Local	
Enable BGP	Check the box to enable basic BGP function for local router.
Local AS Number	Set the AS number for local router.
Hold Time	Set the time interval (in seconds) to determine the peer is dead when the router is unable to receive any keepalive message from the peer within the time.
Connect Retry Time	If the router fails to connect to neighboring router, it requires a period of time to reconnect. Set the time interval to do reconnection.
Router ID	Specify the LAN subnet for the router.
Neighbor	
Enable	Check the box to enable the basic BGP function for neighboring router.
Index	Click the index number link to configure neighbor profile.

AS Number	Display the AS Number for neighboring router.
Profile Name	Display the name of the neighboring profile.
IP Address	Display the IP address specified for the neighboring profile.
Status	Display the connection status for local router and neighboring router.

II-6-3-1 Static Network

This page allows you to configure up to eight neighboring routers for exchanging the routing information with the local router.

Routing >> BGP

B	lasic Settings	Static Network	View Routing Table
Select	Index	IP Address	Subnet Mask
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		

Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Select	Check the box to enable the configuration for the selected index entry.
IP Address	Type the IP address for a router.
Subnet Mask	Type the mask value for the IP address.

OK

Application Notes

A-1 How to set up Address Mapping with Route Policy?

Address Mapping is used to map a specified private IP or a range of private IPs of NAT subnet into a specified WAN IP (or WAN IP alias IP). Refer to the following figure.

This document introduces how to set up address mapping with Route Policy. When a WAN interface has multiple public IP addresses, Administrator may specify the outgoing IP for certain internal IP address by a Route Policy.

1. Set up WAN IP Alias. Go to WAN >> Internet Access >> Details Page, and click on WAN IP Alias button.

) 192.168.1.1 /do	92.168.1.1/doc/wipalias.htm Q 🚱					
WAN1 IP AI	ias (Multi-NAT)	_			
Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP				
1.						
2.	 Image: A start of the start of	172.17.1.1				
з.		172.17.2.2				
4.		0.0.0.0				
5.		0.0.0.0				
6.		0.0.0.0				
7.		0.0.0.0				
8.		0.0.0.0				
<< <u>1-8 9-</u>	<u>16 17-24 2</u>	5-32 >> <u>Next</u> >>	>			
	ОК	Clear All Close				

- Check Enable.
- Enter the WAN IP address.
- Click OK to save.

After setting up the WAN IP Alias, the IP addresses will be shown in the drop-down list of Interface in Route Policy setting.

2. Go to Load Balance/Route policy. Create a Route Policy for specific IP address to send from specific WAN IP Address.

🗹 Enable			
Comment	Floor_1		Delete
Criteria			
Protocol	Any 🔽		
Source	IP Range 🐱		
	Start: 192.168.1.20) E	nd: 192.168.1.30
Destination	Any 🗸	1	
Destination Port	Any	~	
Send via if Criteria Matched			
Interface	⊙ WAN/LAN		WAN1
	- ,	ĺ	2-172.17.1.1 💌
	OVPN		VPN 1.test1 💌
Gateway	 Default Gateway Specific Gateway 		
Packet Forwarding to WAN via	 Force NAT Force Routing 	3	
🔽 Failover to	WAN/LAN	Default	WAN 🔽
	O VPN	VPN 1.te	est1 🔽
	O Route Policy	Index 1	*
	Gateway	💿 Defa	ult Gateway
		🔿 Spec	ific Gateway 0.0.0.0
Priority Failback			a primary interface once that interface

- Enable this policy.
- Enter Source IP as the range of private IP address.
- Leave the Destination IP and Port as Any.
- Select Interface as WAN, and then select Interface address from the drop-down list. (The List can be edited in WAN IP Alias setting.)
- Enable Failover to other WAN so the traffic will be sent via other Interface when the path fails. But do not enable this option if you want the traffic only to use a designated IP address.
- Click OK to save.
- 3. After the above configuration, packet source from the range between 192.168.1.20 and 192.168.1.30 sent to the Internet will use the public IP 172.17.1.1.

A-2 How to use destination domain name in a route policy?

Route Policy supports using a domain name as destination criteria. It provides a more direct way to set up route polices if the network administrator is trying to specify the gateway for the traffic that destined for a certain website.

To use a destination domain name as criteria, just select **Domain Name** as **Destination** in Criteria, and enter the domain name in the empty field.

Criteria			
Protocol	Any 💌		
Source	IP Range 💌		
	Start: 192.168.1.20	End: 192.168.1.3	30
Destination	Domain Name 💌		
	-server1.draytek.	com	Select Delete
	Add		•
Destination Port	Any 🗸		

Or you may click Select, and use a string that is pre-defined in Objects Settings >> String Object as the domain name.

2 Series		Dijects Setting >> String Object				
			Index	String		
ndex: 1		\circ	1	Floor_1		
🗹 Enable		\circ	32	Floor_2		
		\circ	33	sdapot		
Comment	Floor_1	۲	34	portal.draytek.com		
		0	65	Floor_3		
Criteria		\circ	66	Draytek Hotspot		
-		\circ	67	portal.draytek.com		
Protocol	Any	\circ	102	Floor_1		
Source	IP Range					
	Start: 192			OK Cancel		
Destination	Domain +					
	-	server1.dr	aytek.com	Select Delete		
	Add					
Destination Port	Any	*				
Send via if Criteria Matche	d		-			

Click Add too add more domain names, we can set up to 5 domain names in one route policy.

Destination Domain Name 💌	
34 - portal.draytek.com Select De	elete
- server2.draytek.com	elete
- server3.draytek.com Select De	elete
- server4.draytek.com Select De	elete
Add(up to 5)	
Destination Port 🛛 🖌 🔽	
Send via if Criteria Matched	

Auto-create String Objects

If you manually enter the domain name in a route policy, after clicking **OK** to apply the route policy, those domain names will be given a number.

	Start: 192.166.1.20 End: 192.166.1.30
Destination	Domain Name 💌
	34 - portal.draytek.com Select Delete
	103 - server2.draytek.com Select Delete
	104 - server3.draytek.com Select Delete
	105 - server4.draytek.com Select Delete
	Add(up to 5)
Destination Port	Any 💌
Send via if Criteria Matche	d

That means the router has automatically created string objects for those domain names, so that they can be used in other route policies or other functions.

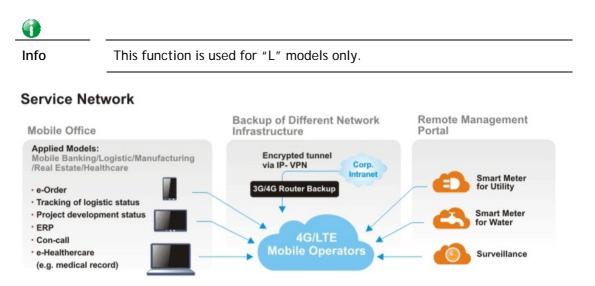
Objects Setting >> String Object

	10 💌 strings per page <u>Set to Fac</u>	tory Default
Index	String	Clear
<u>101</u>		
<u>102</u>	Floor_1	
<u>103</u>	server2.draytek.com	
<u>104</u>	server3.draytek.com	
<u>105</u>	server4.draytek.com	
	Add	
< 1-10 1	1.20 21.30 31.40 41.50 51.60 61.70 71.80 81.90 91.100 101.105 >>	<< Back

II-7 LTE

LTE WAN with SIM card can provide convinent Internet access for Vigor router. However, we can't stop thinking about what can Vigor router utilize this SIM card to provide more useful functions for user? Now, we have developed some useful functions for user, such as sending SMS from a router to report router status, rebooting router remotely via SMS with taking security into consideration, and so on.

This section can guide you to use the SIM card in LTE WAN to perform SMS related operations.



Web User Interface



II-7-1 General Settings

This page allows you to configure general settings for LTE. When SMS Quota Limit is enabled, you can specify the number of SMS quota, actions to perform when quota exceeded, and the period of resetting SMS quota used.

II-7-1-1 SMS Quota

LTE >> General Settings

uota Limit:	U	SMS (C	urrent number of SMS sent:
/hen quota exceeded :	Stop sending SMS	;	
	Send Mail Alert to	Administrato	or
Monthly	Custom		
elect the day of a mon	th when your SMS quota	resets.	
MS quota resets on day	/ 1 💌 at 00:00 💌		

Cancel

OK

3. After clicking OK, the counter used will be reset.

Item	Description
Enable SMS Quota Limit	Check the box to enable such feature.
Quota Limit	Specify the maximum number of sending SMS for LTE.
When quota exceeded	There are two actions to be performed when the quota limit is expired.
	Stop sending SMS - If it is checked, no SMS for LTE will be sent after the quota limit is expired.
	Send Mail Alert to Administrator - If it is checkd, a mail alert will be sent to the administrator when the quota limit is expired.
Monthly	This setting is to offer a mechanism of resetting the number of SMS sent record every month.
	SMS quota resets on day XX at XX You can determine the

	starting day in one month. The number of SMS sent will be reset.
Custom	This setting allows the user to define the billing cycle according to his request.
	The number of SMS sent will be reset with an interval of cycle duration.
	Custom - Monthly is default setting. If long period or a short period is required, use Custom . The period of reset is between 1 day and 60 days. You can determine the cycle duration by specifying the days and the hours.
	• Cycle duration: Specify the days to reset the number of SMS sent. For example, 7 means the whole cycle is 7 days; 20 means the whole cycle is 20 days. When the time is up, the router will reset the number of SMS sent automatically.
	• Today is day XX in the cycle -Specify the day in the cycle duration as the starting point which Vigor router will reset the number of SMS sent. For example, 3 means the third day of the duration cycle.

II-7-1-2 SMS Inbox/Outbox

Such page allows you to determine which policy shall be used for SMS inbox/outbox.

LTE >> General Settings

SMS Quota	SMS Inbox/Outbox Policy	
SMS Inbox Policy		
🔲 If SMS inbox is full, send	d e-mail alter to Administrator	
🔲 If SMS inbox is full, dele	te the oldest read SMS	
Forward new SMS with	e-mail to Administrator	
SMS Outbox Policy		

OK	Cancel
----	--------

II-7-2 SMS Inbox

This page will list the received SMS messages in the LTE SIM card. The SMS Inbox table shows the received date, the phone number or sendor ID where this message was from, and the begining of the message content.

Since the data size of one SMS is limited, a long message will be sent by multiple SMS. For the convenience of users, we provide two modes. <u>Simple Mode</u> lists SMS messages in order for received time. <u>Advanced Mode</u> lists SMS in order for real index in the SIM card. Different SIM cards have different capacities. In general, it's around 30 to 40 SMS. Please note that the SIM card can not receive new SMS when all SMS indexes are occupied.

Click the Simple Mode link or the Advanced Mode link below to switch between these two modes.

II-7-2-1 Simple Mode

LTE SMS	Inbox				
Details	Mark as Read	Delete	Date	From	Message
<u>View</u>			2015/10/21 12:03:29	886911520000	
<u>View</u>			2015/10/21 11:31:59	+886905269930	22 //
<u>View</u>			2015/10/21 11:31:51	+886905269930	11 /
<u>View</u>			2015/10/21 09:29:39	+886905269930	1 //
<u>View</u>			2015/10/20 10:15:44	+886988126053	remote reboot 000000 🏑
<u>View</u>			2015/10/20 10:14:18	+886988126053	remote reboot 000000 🏑
<u>View</u>			2015/10/20 10:06:49	+886988126053	remote reboot iyt 🏑
<u>View</u>			2015/10/20 10:01:01	+886905269930	41 //
<u>View</u>			2015/10/16 14:13:29	+886988126053	<u></u>
<u>View</u>			2015/10/16 14:12:46	+886988126053	

LTE >> SMS Inbox

Simple Mode: Show SMS messages in order of received dates. Advanced Mode: Show SMS in order of indexes in SIM card.

OK

Item	Description
Mark as Read	Those messages in "unread" state are showed in bold text. If you want to change messages into "read" state, select them and click the OK button. Checking the checkbox in title will select all "unread" messages in this page.
Delete	If you want to delete messages, select them and click the OK button. Checking the checkbox in title will select all messages in this page.
Details	If you want to read the full content of the message, click the <u>View</u> link of that message to open the following page. It will change the message into "read" state.

LTE >> SMS Inbox
Date: 2015/09/11 14:33:08 From: + Message Content:
123
OK Delete Next
 Message Content - Display the full content of the message.
• OK - Return to previous page.
 Delete - Click it to delete this message and return to previous page.
• Next - Click it to see the content of next message.

II-7-2-1 Advanced Mode

LTE >> SMS Inbox

LTE	SMS	Inbox	
-	1	201-215	1000

Index	Mark as Read	Delete	Date	From	Message
<u>1.</u>			2011/09/08 05:22:56	+	
<u>2.</u>			2015/09/10 13:54:33	+	
<u>3.</u>			2015/09/10 17:27:43	+	router status 123 🏑
<u>4.</u>			2015/09/10 17:28:37	+	
<u>5.</u>			2015/09/10 18:24:32	+	router status 123 /
<u>6.</u>			2015/09/10 18:25:39	+	
<u>7.</u>			2015/09/10 19:37:44	+	router status 123 /
<u>8.</u>			2015/09/10 19:39:09	+	1234567890 🥠
<u>9.</u>			2015/09/10 20:08:46	+	\$^@\$@\$%@\$%&^*&())#^! //
10			2015/00/10 20-10-22		12345678001234567800

Item	Description
Mark as Read	Those SMS in "unread" state are shown in bold text. If you want to change SMS into "read" state, select them and click the OK button. Checking the checkbox in title will select all "unread" SMS in this page.
Delete	If you want to delete SMS, select them and click the OK button. Checking the checkbox in title will select all SMS in this page.
Index	If you want to read the full content of the message of the SMS, click the index link of that SMS to open the following page. It will change all SMS of the message into "read" state.

LTE >> SMS Inbox Index No.17
Date: 2015/09/11 14:33:08 From: + Message Content: 123
OKDeleteNextMessage Content - Display the full content of the message.OK - Return to previous page.Delete - Click it to delete all SMS of this message and return to previous page.Next - Click it to see the content of next SMS index.

II-7-3 Send SMS

This page is used to send SMS messages by the LTE SIM card. It also displays the number of SMS required to send the message.

LI	ГΕ	>>	Send	SMS

end SMS Message		
Recipient Number		
Data Coding Scheme	English Only (GSM 7-bit) 🕑	
		0 / 160 characters (1 SMS)
Message		
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Send Message	
	-	
View <u>SMS Outbox Cac</u>	<u>he</u>	

Item	Descri	otion	Description				
Recipient Number	Type th	Type the phone number of the recipient.					
		The format can be an international phone number (+8869123455678) or a general phone number(0912345678).					
Data Coding Scheme	The router will automatically select a suitable Data Coding Scheme according to the current content in Message. GSM 7-bit and UCS-2 are supported.						
Message	Type ir	n the	message conte	ent to send.			
J.	The tot	Type in the message content to send. The total number of characters that you can type in this field is 1024.					
Send Message	Click it to send this SMS message to the recipient immediately.						
View SMS Outbox Cache	Display			messages sei	nt from the Router.		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	110 million (100 m	S Outbox	Cache	messages sei	nt from the Router.		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM	S Outbox	Cache	messages sei	nt from the Router. Message		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM	S Outbox Outbox Ca Delete	: Cache ache				
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM: LTE SMS C Details	S Outbox Outbox Ca Delete	Cache ache Date	То	Message		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM LTE SMS C Details <u>View</u>	S Outbox Outbox Ca Delete	Cache ache Date 2015/10/05 03:12:06	To 1234567890	Message		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM LTE SMS C Details <u>View</u>	S Outbox Ca Delete	Cache Date 2015/10/05 03:12:06 2015/10/05 03:12:01	To 1234567890 1234567890	Message		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM: LTE SMS C Details <u>View</u> <u>View</u>	S Outbox Delete	Cache	To 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890	Message		
View <u>SMS Outbox Cache</u>	LTE >> SM LTE SMS C Details <u>View</u> <u>View</u> <u>View</u>	S Outbox Dutbox Ca Delete	Cache	To 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890	Message		

# **II-7-4 Router Commands**

This page allows the user to set function to reboot Vigor router remotely and get the router status via SMS.

## Get Router Status or Reboot Router via SMS Message



Go to LTE>>Router Commands to get the following page.

LTE >> Router Commands

Enable with Password / PIN			
Access Control List	List	Phone Number	
	1		
	2		
	з		
<b>Note:</b> To reboot the router via SMS, so router's phone number, followed by t			

#### **Reply with Router Status Message**

Note: The phone number in Access Control List should be in international format. (Ex. +886123456789)



Item	Description
Reboot on SMS Message	
Enable with Password / PIN	To reboot Vigor router remotely via SMS, please check such box and type the password/PIN number (treated as

	authentication for any mobile phone).
	The password shall be composed by letters, numbers and baseline.
Access Control List	Check the box to type or modify (up to 3) phone numbers.
	The phone number specified here is capable of sending SMS to reboot such Vigor router remotely.
	Note: If such option is enabled, only mobile phones specified here are allowed to send SMS to reboot Vigor router if correct password is given. That is, if it is disabled (unchecked), any mobile phone can send SMS to reboot such Vigor router if correct password is given.
Reply with Router Status Me	essage
Enable with Password / PIN	Users can get the WAN data usage and basic information about Vigor router (e.g., IP address, MAC address) through the mobile phone by entering the password/PIN specified in this field.
	The password shall be composed by letters, numbers and baseline.
Access Control List	Check the box to type or modify (up to 3) phone numbers.
	The phone number specified here is capable of getting related information about Vigor router remotely.
	Note: If such option is enabled, only mobile phones specified here are allowed to obtaine related information about Vigor router if correct password is given. That is, if it is disabled (unchecked), any mobile phone can get the data of Vigor router if correct password is given.
Message Contents	There are several types of message contents for you to select. Choose and check the required item, then Vigor router will offer the status response about that item via SMS.
SMS messages per status response	Display the total number of the type for status response. Display the total number of SMS required to send the status message which contains the current selected Message Contents.

# II-7-5 Status

Vigor router with LTE function is capable of accessing into Internet and able to send SMS to specified mobile phone.

This page will display basic information about the embedded LTE module and the current LTE connection.

			<u>Refresh</u>
LTE Mode	em		
	Status:	Operational	
	IMEI:	356318040749422	
	IMSI:	466924200859808	
	Access Tech:	LTE	
	Band:	E-UTRA Op Band 3	
	Operator:	Chunghwa	
	Mobile Country Code:	466	
	Mobile Network Code:	92	
	Location Area Code:	65534	
	Cell ID:	81023501	
	Signal:	-61 dBm	
	Active Channel:	1725	
	Interference with 2.4GHz WLAN:	No	
	Max Channel TX Rate:	50 Mbps	
	Max Channel RX Rate:	100 Mbps	
LTE SMS			
	SMS Centre Number:	+886932400821	
	SMS Service Status:	Ready	
	SMS Loading:	Ready	
	New SMS:	4	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Status	LTE WAN status.
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity of the embedded LTE module.
IMSI	International Mobile Subscripber Identity of the LTE SIM card.
Access Tech	Type of LTE connection (CDMA/GSM/WCDMA/LTE/TD-SCDMA).
Band	Band of LTE connection.
Operator	ISP name of LTE connection.
Mobile Country Code / Mobile Network Code / Location Area Code / Cell ID :	Base station information.
Signal	Signal strength of LTE connection.
Active Channel	Frequency of LTE connection.
Interference with 2.4GHz	Whether the current LTE frequency causes interference with 2.4G wireless. If Yes, the interfered 2.4G wireless channels

WLAN	will be indicated.
Max Channel TX Rate / Max Channel RX Rate	Maximum TX/RX link rate of LTE connection.
SMS Centre Number	The phone number for SMS service of the LTE SIM card.
SMS Service status	Whether the SMS service of the LTE SIM card is ready.
SMS Loading	Whether the received SMS messages in the LTE SIM card have been loaded to the Router.
New SMS	The number of unread SMS in SMS Inbox.

# Part III Wireless LAN



Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

# III-1 Wireless LAN (2.4GHz/5GHz)

This function is used for "n" models only.

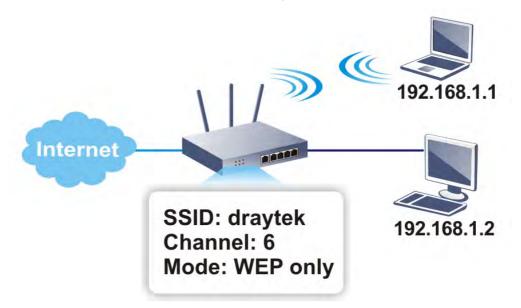
Over recent years, the market for wireless communications has enjoyed tremendous growth. Wireless technology now reaches or is capable of reaching virtually every location on the surface of the earth. Hundreds of millions of people exchange information every day via wireless communication products. The Vigor2862 wireless series router (with "n", "n-plus" or "ac" in model name) is designed for maximum flexibility and efficiency of a small office/home. Any authorized staff can bring a built-in WLAN client PDA or notebook into a meeting room for conference without laying a clot of LAN cable or drilling holes everywhere. Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

Vigor2862 wireless router is a highly integrated wireless local area network (WLAN) for 5 GHz 802.11ac or 2.4/5 GHz 802.11n WLAN applications. It supports channel operations of 20/40 MHz at 2.4 GHz and 20/40/80 MHz at 5 GHz. Vigor2862 "ac" series router can support data rates up to 1.3 Gbps in 802.11ac 80 MHz channels. Vigor2862 "n" series router supports 802.11n up to 300 Mbps for 40 MHz channel operations.

(1) Info

The actual data throughput will vary according to the network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, network overhead and building materials.

In an Infrastructure Mode of wireless network, Vigor wireless router plays a role as an Access Point (AP) connecting to lots of wireless clients or Stations (STA). All the STAs will share the same Internet connection via Vigor wireless router. The **General Settings** will set up the information of this wireless network, including its SSID as identification, located channel etc.



## **Multiple SSIDs**

Vigor router supports four SSID settings for wireless connections. Each SSID can be defined with different name and download/upload rate for selecting by stations connected to the router wirelessly.

## **Real-time Hardware Encryption**

Vigor Router is equipped with a hardware AES encryption engine so it can apply the highest protection to your data without influencing user experience.

## **Complete Security Standard Selection**

To ensure the security and privacy of your wireless communication, we provide several prevailing standards on market.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a legacy method to encrypt each frame transmitted via radio using either a 64-bit or 128-bit key. Usually access point will preset a set of four keys and it will communicate with each station using only one out of the four keys.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), the most dominating security mechanism in industry, is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x.

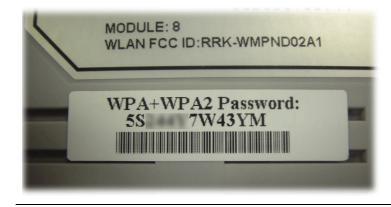
In WPA-Personal, a pre-defined key is used for encryption during data transmission. WPA applies Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption while WPA2 applies AES. The WPA-Enterprise combines not only encryption but also authentication.

Since WEP has been proved vulnerable, you may consider using WPA for the most secure connection. You should select the appropriate security mechanism according to your needs. No matter which security suite you select, they all will enhance the over-the-air data protection and /or privacy on your wireless network. The Vigor wireless router is very flexible and can support multiple secure connections with both WEP and WPA at the same time.



Info

The password (PSK) of default security mode is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



## Separate the Wireless and the Wired LAN- WLAN Isolation

It enables you to isolate your wireless LAN from wired LAN for either quarantine or limit access reasons. To isolate means neither of the parties can access each other. To elaborate an example for business use, you may set up a wireless LAN for visitors only so they can connect to Internet without hassle of the confidential information leakage. For a more flexible deployment, you may add filters of MAC addresses to isolate users' access from wired LAN.

## **Manage Wireless Stations - Station List**

It will display all the stations in your wireless network and the status of their connection.

## **DFS Restrictions**

Some of 5GHz channels are DFS channels which are governed radars. Without passing DFS certificate test, we can not open those DFS channels in Vigor router. We are working on DFS certification in Europe and open those channels by releasing new firmware once we receive DFS certification. According to DFS certificate in Europe, we will open channels 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136 and 140.

At present, we will not open DFS channels in the USA because we do not have plan for DFS certification in the USA. Channels 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136 and 140 will be restricted in the USA.

In some countries, there are restrictions on DFS channels as well. We will implement country code to restrict uncertified channels.

## WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.



# Web User Interface

Certificate Management	
Wireless LAN (2.4 GHz)	Wireless LAN (2.4 GHz)
General Setup	Wireless LAN (5 GHz)
Security	General Setup
Access Control	Security
WPS	Access Control
WDS	WPS
Advanced Setting	WDS
Station Control	Advanced Setting
Bandwidth Management	Station Control
AP Discovery	Bandwidth Management
Airtime Fairness	AP Discovery
Band Steering	Airtime Fairness
Roaming	Roaming
Station List	Station List

# III-1-1 Wireless Wizard

The wireless wizard allows you to configure settings specified for a host AP (for home use or internal use for a company) and specified for a guest AP (for any wireless clients accessing into Internet).

Follow the steps listed below:

1. Open Wizards>>Wireless Wizard.



2. The screen of wireless wizard will be shown as follows. This page will be used for internal users in a company or your home. Besides, the settings will change based on different model of Vigor2862 series. In this case, Vigor2862ac is used as an example.

#### Wireless Wizard

Host AP Configuration

Name:	2862-marketing
Mode:	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) 🔽
Channel:	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🛛 💌
Security Key:	*****
Use the same SS Name:	ID and Security Key as above DrayTek2862_5Gmarketing
Mode:	Mixed (11a+11n+11ac) 💌
Channel:	Channel 36, 5180MHz 🛛 😪
Security Key:	*****
Note:	
The host AP config	ured here will be used for home or internal company use.

Item	Description		
Wireless 2.4GHz Setti	Wireless 2.4GHz Settings		
Name	Type the SSID name of this router for wireless 2.4GHz. The default name is defined with DrayTek. Change the name if required.		
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11b Only, 11g Only, 11n Only (2.4GHz), Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mix (11b+11g+11n) w 11b Only 11g Only 11n Only (2.4 GHz) Mixed(11b+11g) Mixed(11b+11g) Mixed(11b+11g) Mixed(11b+11g+11n)		
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.		
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").		

Use the same SSID and Security Key as above	Check the box to use the same settings configured above.
Wireless 5GHz Settings	5
Name	Type the SSID name of this router for wireless 5GHz
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11a Only, 11n Only (5GHz), Mixed (11a+11n) and Mixed (11a+11n+11ac) stations simultaneously.
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 36. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as
Next	"0x321253abcde").
INEXL	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

3. After typing the required information, click Next. The settings in the page limit the wireless station (guest) accessing into Internet but not being allowed to share the LAN network and VPN connection.

Wireless 2.4GHz Se	ettings
💿 Enable 🛛 🔘 Dis	able
SSID:	DrayTek_Guest
Security Key:	*****
Bandwidth Limit:	Enable Total Upload 30000 kbps Total Download 30000 kbps
Wireless 5GHz Sett	•
● Enable ○ Dis	
Use the same 9	SSID and Security Key as above
SSID:	DrayTek_5G_Guest
Security Key:	********
Note:	
	iest AP will not be able to access the LAN network, VPN connections, or communicate ces connecting to the router's other APs. This AP interface shall be used for Internet

Item	Description		
Wireless 2.4GHz Settin	Wireless 2.4GHz Settings		
Enable/DisableClick it to enable or disable settings in this page.			

SSID	Type the SSID name of this router. (SSID1)
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Bandwidth Limit	<ul> <li>Enable - Check the box to set the bandwidth limit for data transmission in upload and download.</li> <li>It controls the data transmission rate through wireless connection.</li> <li>Total Upload - Check Enable and type the transmitting rate for data upload. Default value is 30,000 kbps.</li> <li>Total Download - Type the transmitting rate for data download. Default value is 30,000 kbps.</li> </ul>
Wireless 5GHz Settings	
Enable/Disable	Click it to enable or disable settings in this page.
Use the same SSID and Security Key as above	Check the box to use the same settings configured above.
SSID	Type the SSID name of this router. (SSID2)
Security Key	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

4. After typing the required information, click Next.

5. The following page will display the configuration summary for wireless setting.

Wireless Wizard

Wireless 2.4GHz Settings	Wireless 5GHz Settings
Mode:Mixed(11b+11g+11n)	Mode:Mixed (11a+11n+11ac)
Channel:Channel 6, 2437MHz	Channel:Channel 36, 5180MHz
Host AP	Host AP
SSID Name:2862-marketing	SSID Name:DrayTek2862_5Gmarke
Security Key:************	Security Key:*************
Guest AP Status:Enabled SSID Name:DrayTek_Guest Security Key:************* Bandwidth Limit:Disabled	Guest AP Status:Enabled SSID Name:DrayTek_5G_Guest Security Key:************

6. Click Finish to complete the wireless settings configuration.

# III-1-2 General Setup

By clicking the Wireless LAN>>General Setup, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the SSID and the wireless channel. Please refer to the following figure for more information.

	e wireie	ss LAN	_			
Mo	de :		l	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) ▼		
Ch	annel:		[	Channel 6, 2437MHz 🔹		
	Enable	Active H	Hide SSID	SSID Isola	ate Membe	r Isolate VPN
1		V		DrayTek		
2		×		DrayTek_Guest		
3		х				
4		×				
Tł th	ne isolat us, wire	e VPN c less clie	om connec onfiguratio nts will no	er configuration will forbid the wireless cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network	VPN conne under this	ections and setting.
Th th W Se	ne isolat us, wire hen <u>Hig</u> econdar	e VPN co eless clie <u>h <b>Availal</b></u> y State ⁻	om connec onfiguration nts will no <b>pility</b> is se	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Availa</u>	VPN conne under this Ind displaye	ections and setting. ed as
Tł th W Se wi	ne isolat us, wire hen <u>Hig</u> econdar reless f	e VPN ce eless clie h <b>Availal</b> y State unction	om connec onfiguration nts will no p <b>ility</b> is se with Stab	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Avails</u> abled.	VPN conne under this Ind displaye	ections and setting. ed as
Tł th Se wi As	ne isolat us, wire hen <u>Hig</u> condar reless f sociate	e VPN co eless clie h <b>Availal</b> y State f unction y d <u>Sched</u>	om conned onfiguration nts will no <u>pility</u> is se with Stab will be dis ull <u>be dis</u> ull <u>e</u> Profile	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Avails</u> abled.	VPN conne under this Ind displaye	ections and setting. ed as
Tł th Se wi As	ne isolat us, wire hen <u>Hig</u> condar reless f sociate	e VPN co eless clie h <b>Availal</b> y State f unction y d <u>Sched</u>	om conned onfiguration nts will no <u>pility</u> is se with Stab will be dis ull <u>be dis</u> ull <u>e</u> Profile	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Avails</u> abled.	VPN conne under this Ind displaye	ections and setting. ed as
Th th Se wi As <b>No</b>	he isolat us, wira econdar reless f sociate Enable (te: Only so	e VPN co eless clie h Availal y State o unction o d <u>Sched</u> e Special chedule p	om connect onfiguration onfiguration onfiguration onfilty is se with Stab with Stab with Stab with Stab with Stab onfiles th	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Avails</u> abled.	VPN conne under this ability Statu	ections and setting. ed as <u>s</u> , the ,
Th th Se wi As <b>No</b> 1.	he isolat us, wira econdar reless f sociate Enable te: Only so other a	e VPN co eless clie y State f unction d <u>Sched</u> Special chedule p actions a	om connect onfiguration onfiguration onfiguration onfilty is se with Stab will be dis will be dis will be dis onfiles th re ignored	cting to each other. on will isolate the wireless traffic from ot be able to access the VPN network at as Hot-Standby redundant method a le condition on the page of <u>High Avails</u> abled. es:, hedule Profiles at have the action "Force Down" are a	VPN conne under this and displaye ability Statu ,, ,, ,, applied to t 15.	ections and setting. ed as <b>s</b> , the , , he WLAN, all

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> General Setup

OK	Cancel

Item	Description
Enable Wireless LAN         Check the box to enable wireless function.	
Mode	For 2.4GHz: At present, the router can connect to 11b Only, 11g Only, 11n Only(2.4 GHz), Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mixed (11b+11g+11n) mode.
	For 5GHz: At present, the router can connect to 11a Only, 11n Only(5 GHz), Mixed (11a+11n), and Mixed (11a+11n+11ac) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mixed (11a+11n+11ac) mode.
	In which, 802.11b/g operates on 2.4G band, 802.11a operates on 5G band, 802.11n operates on either 2.4G or 5G band, and 802.11ac operates on 5G band only.
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6 (for 2.4GHz) / 36 (for 5GHz). You may

	switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you. For 2.4GHz: For 5 GHz: Channel 6, 2437MHz Auto Channel 1, 2412MHz Channel 2, 2417MHz Channel 3, 2422MHz Channel 4, 2427MHz Channel 4, 2427MHz Channel 5, 2432MHz Channel 5, 2432MHz Channel 6, 2437MHz Channel 6, 2437MHz Channel 6, 2437MHz Channel 6, 2437MHz Channel 7, 2442MHz Channel 7, 2442MHz Channel 8, 2447MHz Channel 9, 2452MHz Channel 10, 2457MHz Channel 10, 2457MHz Channel 11, 2462MHz Channel 11, 2462MHz Channel 16, 5825MHz		
Hide SSID	Check it to prevent from wireless sniffing and make it harder for unauthorized clients or STAs to join your wireless LAN. Depending on the wireless utility, the user may only see the information except SSID or just cannot see any thing about Vigor wireless router while site surveying. The system allows you to set four sets of SSID for different usage. In default, the first set of SSID will be enabled. You can hide it for your necessity.		
SSID	Means the identification of the wireless LAN. SSID can be any text numbers or various special characters.		
Isolate	Member -Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other. VPN - Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with different VPN not accessing for each other.		
Schedule	Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.		
Enable Special SSID Schedule Profiles	Selected SSID (2 /3 /4) will be forced up /down based on the schedule profile used.		
	Enable Special SSID Schedule Profiles   Schedule Profile   Schedule Profile   Schedule Profile   Schedule Profile   Schedule Profile   SsID2   SsID3   SsID4   Schedule Profile   SsID2   SsID3   SsID4   SsID4   SsID5   SsID4   SsID4   SsID5   SsID4   SsID4   SsID5   SsID4   SsID4   SsID5   SsID4		

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# III-1-3 Security

This page allows you to set security with different modes for SSID 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively. After configuring the correct settings, please click OK to save and invoke it.

The password (PSK) of default security mode is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



By clicking the Wireless LAN>>Security Settings, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the settings of WPA and WEP.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Security Settings

SID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4
Mode:			Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
WPA			
	Encryption Mod	e:	TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2
	Pre-Shared Key	(PSK):	*****
	Password Stre	ngth:	Weak Medium Strong
	2. Have at leas 3. Including no	t 7 characters, t one upper-ca: n-alphanumeric II character or	including numbers and letters. se letter and one lower-case letter. c characters is a plus. 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for
<u>WEP</u>			
	Encryption Mod	e:	64-Bit 🗸
	🖲 Key 1 :		******
	○ Key 2 :		******
	○ Key 3 :		*****
	○ Key 4 :		*****
Note:			
Hexad	lecimal digits lea 28 bit WEP key c	iding by "Ox". E	lease insert 5 ASCII characters or 10 Examples are "AB312" or "0x4142333132". please insert 13 ASCII characters or 26

Item	Description
Mode	There are several modes provided for you to choose.

	Disable 🗸
	Disable
	WEP WEP/802.1x Only WPA/802.1x Only WPA2/802.1x Only Mixed(WPA+WPA2/802.1x only) WPA/PSK WPA2/PSK Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	InfoYou should also set Wireless LAN(2.4GHz)802.1X Settingsimultaneously if 802.1x modeis selected.
	Disable - Turn off the encryption mechanism.
	WEP-Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key.
	WEP/802.1x Only - Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.
	WPA/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.
	WPA2/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.
	Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only) - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.
	WPA/PSK-Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
	WPA2/PSK-Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
	<b>Mixed (WPA+ WPA2)/PSK</b> - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
WPA	The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
	Pre-Shared Key (PSK) - Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678 (or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
	<b>Password Strength</b> - The system will display the password strength (represented with the word of weak, medium or strong) of the PSK specified above.
WEP	<b>64-Bit</b> - For 64 bits WEP key, either 5 ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digitals leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.)

<b>128-Bit</b> - For 128 bits WEP key, either <b>13</b> ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D).	
Encryption Mode:	64-Bit 64-Bit 128-Bit
All wireless devices must support the same WEP encryption bit size and have the same key. <b>Four keys</b> can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

# III-1-4 Access Control

In the Access Control, the router may restrict wireless access to certain wireless clients only by locking their MAC address into a black or white list. The user may block wireless clients by inserting their MAC addresses into a black list, or only let them be able to connect by inserting their MAC addresses into a white list.

In the Access Control web page, users may configure the white/black list modes used by each SSID and the MAC addresses applied to their lists.

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Access Control

Enable Mac Address Filter		dress Filter	SSID 1 White Lis	t 🔽 🛛 🔲 SSID 2 🚺	White List 💌
			SSID 3 White Lis	t 🔽 🛛 SSID 4	White List 💌
			MAC Address Filter( Lim	iit: 64 entries )	
	Index	Attribute	MAC Address	Apply SSID Commen	it
					~
					~
		Client's N	1AC Address : :	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
	Ann				
			Isolate the station from		
		omment :			
	0.				
		Ado	l Delete	Edit Cancel	
			OK C	ear All	
kun Ar	cess Cont	rol: Backup	Upload From File:	選擇檔案 未選擇檔案	Restore

Support AP ACL configuration file restoration.

Item	Description
Enable Mac Address Filter	Select to enable the MAC Address filter for wireless LAN

	identified with SSID 1 to 4 respectively. All the clients (expressed by MAC addresses) listed in the box can be grouped under different wireless LAN. For example, they can be grouped under SSID 1 and SSID 2 at the same time if you check SSID 1 and SSID 2.	
MAC Address Filter	Display all MAC addresses that are edited before.	
Client's MAC Address	Manually enter the MAC address of wireless client.	
Apply SSID	After entering the client's MAC address, check the box of the SSIDs desired to insert this MAC address into their access control list.	
Attribute	s: Isolate the station from LAN - select to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client of the MAC address from LAN.	
Comment	Type a brief description for the specified client's MAC address.	
Add	Add a new MAC address into the list.	
Delete	Delete the selected MAC address in the list.	
Edit	Edit the selected MAC address in the list.	
Cancel	Give up the access control set up.	
ОК	Click it to save the access control list.	
Clear All	Clean all entries in the MAC address list.	
Backup Access Control	Settings on this web page can be saved as a file which can be restored in the future by this device or other device.	
Upload From File	Restore wireless access control settings and applied onto this device.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## III-1-5 WPS

Info

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.

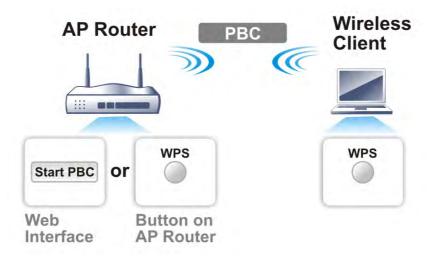


It is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and vigor router. Users do not need to select any encryption mode and type any long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. He/she only needs to press a button on wireless client, and WPS will connect for client and router automatically.

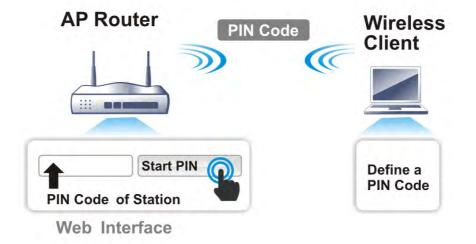
WPS is available for the wireless station with WPS supported.

There are two methods to do network connection through WPS between AP and Stations: pressing the *Start PBC* button or using *PIN Code*.

• On the side of Vigor 2862 series which served as an AP, press WPS button once on the front panel of the router or click Start PBC on web configuration interface. On the side of a station with network card installed, press Start PBC button of network card.



• If you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code specified in wireless client. Then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to the vigor router.



For WPS is supported in WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode, if you do not choose such mode in Wireless LAN>>Security, you will see the following message box.

Microsoft Internet Explorer	
⚠	WPS only supports in WPA/WPA2-PSK Mode.
	OK

Please click OK and go back Wireless LAN>>Security to choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode and access WPS again.

#### Below shows Wireless LAN>>WPS web page:

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

🗹 Enable WPS 🚺

#### Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information

WPS Status	Configured
SSID	DrayTek
Authentication Mode	Disable

#### **Device Configure**

Configure via Push Button	Start PBC
Configure via Client PinCode	Start PIN

Status: The Authentication Mode is NOT WPA/WPA2 PSK!!

#### Note:

WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access point.

₽: WPS is Disabled.

Q: WPS is Enabled.

arepsilon: Waiting for WPS requests from wireless clients.

Item	Description
Enable WPS	Check this box to enable WPS setting.
WPS Status	Display related system information for WPS. If the wireless security (encryption) function of the router is properly configured, you can see 'Configured' message here.
SSID	Display the SSID1 of the router. WPS is supported by SSID1 only.
Authentication Mode	Display current authentication mode of the router. Only WPA2/PSK and WPA/PSK support WPS.
Configure via Push Button	Click <b>Start PBC</b> to invoke Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. The router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients about two minutes. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)
Configure via Client PinCode	Please input the PIN code specified in wireless client you wish to connect, and click <b>Start PIN</b> button. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)

## III-1-6 WDS

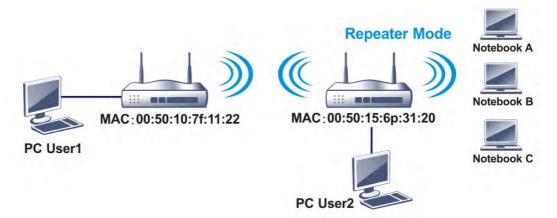
WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points (AP) wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

- Provide bridge traffic between two LANs through the air.
- Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

To meet the above requirement, two WDS modes are implemented in Vigor router. One is **Bridge**, the other is **Repeater**. Below shows the function of WDS-bridge interface:

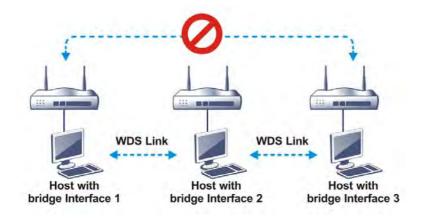


The application for the WDS-Repeater mode is depicted as below:



The major difference between these two modes is that: while in **Repeater** mode, the packets received from one peer AP can be repeated to another peer AP through WDS links. Yet in **Bridge** mode, packets received from a WDS link will only be forwarded to local wired or wireless hosts. In other words, only Repeater mode can do WDS-to-WDS packet forwarding.

In the following examples, hosts connected to Bridge 1 or 3 can communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 2 through WDS links. However, hosts connected to Bridge 1 CANNOT communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 3 through Bridge 2.



Click WDS from Wireless LAN menu. The following page will be shown.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> WDS Settings

Mode: Bridge  Security:  Disable O Pre-shared Key	Bridge Enable Peer MAC Address
	Enable Peer MAC Address
🗢 Disable 🔍 Pre-shareu Key	
Pre-shared Key:	
Туре:	
○WPA [●] WPA2	Note:
Key : **********	Disable unused links to get better performance.
Note:	Repeater
WPA and WPA2 are not compatible with DrayTek	Enable Peer MAC Addess
WPA.	
Type 8~63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal	
digits leading by "0x", for example "cfgs01a2" or "0x655abcd".	
	Access Point Function:
	● Enable ○ Disable
	Status:
	Send "Hello" message to peers.
	Link Status
	Note:
	The status is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

Item	Description
Mode	Choose the mode for WDS setting. <b>Disable</b> mode will not invoke any WDS setting. <b>Bridge</b> mode is designed to fulfill the first type of application. <b>Repeater</b> mode is for the second one.

	Disable V Disable Bridge Repeater
Security	There are three types for security, <b>Disable</b> and <b>Pre-shared</b> <b>key</b> . The setting you choose here will make the following WEP or Pre-shared key field valid or not. Choose one of the types for the router.
Pre-shared Key	Type - There are some types for you to choose. WPA and WPA2 are used for WDS devices (e.g.2920n wireless router, you can set the encryption mode as WPA or WPA2 to establish your WDS system between AP and the router. Key - Type 8 ~ 63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x".
Bridge	If you choose Bridge as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Yet please disable the unused link to get better performance. If you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing.
Repeater	If you choose Repeater as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Similarly, if you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing.
Access Point Function	Click Enable to make this router serve as an access point; click Disable to cancel this function.
Status	It allows user to send "hello" message to peers. Yet, it is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# III-1-7 Advanced Setting

This page allows users to set advanced settings such as operation mode, channel bandwidth, guard interval, and aggregation MSDU for wireless data transmission.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >>	Advanced Setting
-------------------------	------------------

HT Physical Mode	
Operation Mode	💿 Mixed Mode 🔘 Green Field
Channel Bandwidth	◯ 20 ⊙ 20/40 ◯ 40
Guard Interval	🔘 long 💿 auto
Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU)	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
Long Preamble	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
Tx Power	⊙ 100% ○ 80% ○ 60% ○ 30% ○ 20% ○ 10%
WMM Capable	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
APSD Capable	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
Fragment Length (256 - 2346)	2346 bytes
RTS Threshold (1 - 2347)	2347 bytes
Country Code	( <u>Reference</u> )

OK	

Item	Description
Operation Mode	Mixed Mode - the router can transmit data with the ways supported in both 802.11a/b/g and 802.11n standards. However, the entire wireless transmission will be slowed down if 802.11g or 802.11b wireless client is connected.
	Green Field - to get the highest throughput, please choose such mode. Such mode can make the data transmission happen between 11n systems only. In addition, it does not have protection mechanism to avoid the conflict with neighboring devices of 802.11a/b/g.
Channel Bandwidth	20- the router will use 20Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations.
	<b>20/40</b> - Vigor Router will scan for nearby wireless AP, and then use 20MHz if the number of AP is more than 10, or use 40MHz if it's not.
	40- the router will use 40Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations.
Guard Interval	It is to assure the safety of propagation delays and reflections for the sensitive digital data. If you choose <b>auto</b> as guard interval, the AP router will choose short guard interval (increasing the wireless performance) or long guard interval for data transmit based on the station capability.
Aggregation MSDU (A-MSDU)	Aggregation MSDU can combine frames with different sizes. It is used for improving MAC layer's performance for some brand's clients. The default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Long Preamble	This option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with

	128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. Click <b>Enable</b> to use <b>Long Preamble</b> if needed to communicate with this kind of devices.
TX Power	Set the power percentage for transmission signal of access point. The greater the value is, the higher intensity of the signal will be.
WMM Capable	WMM is an abbreviation of Wi-Fi Multimedia. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs). The categories are designed with specific types of traffic, voice, video, best effort and low priority data. There are four accessing categories - AC_BE, AC_BK, AC_VI and AC_VO for WMM. To apply WMM parameters for wireless data transmission, please click the <b>Enable</b> radio button.
APSD Capable	APSD (automatic power-save delivery) is an enhancement over the power-save mechanisms supported by Wi-Fi networks. It allows devices to take more time in sleeping state and consume less power to improve the performance by minimizing transmission latency. The default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
Fragment Length (256 - 2346)	Set the Fragment threshold. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2346.
RTS Threshold (1 - 2347)	Minimize the collision (unit is bytes) between hidden stations to improve wireless performance. Set the RTS threshold. Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2347.
Country Code	Vigor router broadcasts country codes by following the 802.11d standard. However, some wireless stations will detect / scan the country code to prevent conflict occurred. If conflict is detected, wireless station will be warned and is unable to make network connection. Therefore, changing the country code to ensure successful network connection will be necessary for some clients.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## III-1-8 Station Control

Station Control is used to specify the duration for the wireless client to connect and reconnect Vigor router. If such function is not enabled, the wireless client can connect Vigor router until the router shuts down.

Such feature is especially useful for free Wi-Fi service. For example, a coffee shop offers free Wi-Fi service for its guests for one hour every day. Then, the connection time can be set as "1 hour" and reconnection time can be set as "1 day". Thus, the guest can finish his job within one hour and will not occupy the wireless network for a long time.

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Station Control

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4
SSID		DrayTek	
Enable			
Connec	tion Time	1 hour	~
Reconn	ection Time	1 day	*
<u>Display</u>	All Station Contr	<u>ol List</u>	
<u>Hotspot</u>	<u>Web Portal</u>		

#### Note:

Once the feature is enabled, the connection time quota will apply to each wireless client (identified by MAC address).

OK	Cancel

Item	Description
SSID	Display the SSID that the wireless station will use it to connect with Vigor router.
Enable	Check the box to enable the station control function.
Connection Time / Reconnection Time	Use the drop down list to choose the duration for the wireless client connecting /reconnecting to Vigor router. Or type the duration manually when you choose User defined.
Display All Station Control List	All the wireless stations connecting to Vigor router by using such SSID will be listed on Station Control List.
Hotspot Web Portal	Click it to access in to Hotspot Web Portal page for modifying the settings if required.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## III-1-9 Bandwidth Management

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Bandwidth Management to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

Wireless LAN >> Bandwidth Management	

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4	
SSID:			DrayTek	
Enable			•	
Bandwi	dth Limit Type		Auto Adjustment	T
Total Up	oload Limit(Kbp	is)	30000	
Total Do	ownload Limit(ł	(bps)	30000	

Note: 1.Download: Traffic going to any station.Upload: Traffic being sent from a wireless station. 2.Allow auto adjustment could make the best utilization of available bandwidth.

OK	Cancel
----	--------

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
SSID	Display the specific SSID name.
Enable	Check this box to enable the bandwidth management for clients.
Bandwidth Limit Type	Auto Adjustment - Bandwidth limit is determined by the system automatically.
	Per Station Limit - Bandwidth limit is determined according to the limitation of the wireless client.
Total Upload Limit	It is available when Auto Adjustment is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (uploading) for all of the wireless clients connecting to Vigor2862.
Total Download Limit	It is available when Auto Adjustment is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data clientstations connecting to Vigor2862.
Upload Limit	It is available when Per Station Limit is selected.
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (uploading) for each wireless client connecting to Vigor2862.
Download Limit	It is available when Per Station Limit is selected
	Type a value to define the maximum data traffic (downloading) for each wireless client connecting to Vigor2862.

After finishing this web page configuration, please click OK to save the settings.

## III-1-10 AP Discovery

Vigor router can scan all regulatory channels and find working APs in the neighborhood. Based on the scanning result, users will know which channel is clean for usage. Also, it can be used to facilitate finding an AP for a WDS link. Notice that during the scanning process (about 5 seconds), no client is allowed to connect to Vigor.

This page is used to scan the existence of the APs on the wireless LAN. Yet, only the AP which is in the same channel of this router can be found. Please click **Scan** to discover all the connected APs.

Ac	cess Poi	int List					
	Index	BSSID	Channel	RSSI	SSID	Authentication	
							~
							~
					Scan		
		See Statistics.					
		Add to WDS Setting	<u>s</u> :				
				_			
		AP's MAC address					
		Add to		۲	Bridge	🔘 Repeater	

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Access Point Discovery

Note:

1. During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

2. AP Discovery can only support up to 32 APs displayed on the screen.

Item	Description
Scan	It is used to discover all the connected AP. The results will be shown on the box above this button.
Statistics	It displays the statistics for the channels used by APs. Wireless LAN >> Site Survey Statistics Recommended channels for usage:12345678910111213 AP number v.s. Channel 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 Channel Cancel
Add to	If you want the found AP applying the WDS settings, please type in the AP's MAC address on the bottom of the page and click Bridge or Repeater. Next, click Add to. Later, the MAC address of the AP will be added to Bridge or Repeater field of WDS settings page.

## III-1-11 Airtime Fairness

Airtime fairness is essential in wireless networks that must support critical enterprise applications.

Most of the applications are either symmetric or require more downlink than uplink capacity; telephony and email send the same amount of data in each direction, while video streaming and web surfing involve more traffic sent from access points to clients than the other way around. This is essential for ensuring predictable performance and quality-of-service, as well as allowing 802.11n and legacy clients to coexist on the same network. Without airtime fairness, offices using mixed mode networks risk having legacy clients slow down the entire network or letting the fastest client(s) crowd out other users.

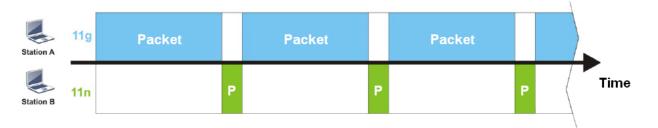
With airtime fairness, every client at a given quality-of-service level has equal access to the network's airtime.

The wireless channel can be accessed by only one wireless station at the same time.

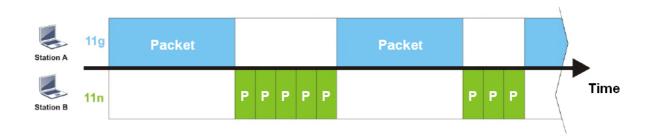
The principle behind the IEEE802.11 channel access mechanisms is that each station has *equal probability* to access the channel. When wireless stations have similar data rate, this principle leads to a fair result. In this case, stations get similar channel access time which is called airtime.

However, when stations have various data rate (e.g., 11g, 11n), the result is not fair. The slow stations (11g) work in their slow data rate and occupy too much airtime, whereas the fast stations (11n) become much slower.

Take the following figure as an example, both Station A(11g) and Station B(11n) transmit data packets through Vigor router. Although they have equal probability to access the wireless channel, Station B(11n) gets only a little airtime and waits too much because Station A(11g) spends longer time to send one packet. In other words, Station B(fast rate) is obstructed by Station A(slow rate).



To improve this problem, Airtime Fairness is added for Vigor router. Airtime Fairness function tries to assign *similar airtime* to each station (A/B) by controlling TX traffic. In the following figure, Station B(11n) has higher probability to send data packets than Station A(11g). By this way, Station B(fast rate) gets fair airtime and it's speed is not limited by Station A(slow rate).



It is similar to automatic Bandwidth Limit. The dynamic bandwidth limit of each station depends on instant active station number and airtime assignment. Please note that Airtime Fairness of 2.4GHz and 5GHz are independent. But stations of different SSIDs function together, because they all use the same wireless channel. IN SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTS, this function can reduce the bad influence of slow wireless devices and improve the overall wireless performance.

Suitable environment:

- (1) Many wireless stations.
- (2) All stations mainly use download traffic.
- (3) The performance bottleneck is wireless connection.

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Airtime Fairness

Enable <u>Airtime Fairness</u>
Triggering Client Number 2 (2 $\sim$ 64) (Default: 2)

#### Note:

Please enable or disable this function according to the real situation and user experience. It is NOT suitable for all environments.

OK Cancel
-----------

#### Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Airtime Fairness	Try to assign similar airtime to each wireless station by controlling TX traffic. Airtime Fairness - Click the link to display the following
	Screen of airtime fairness note.
	■ 172.17.3.110/wireless/ap_af_note.asp Airtime Fairness Note: <ul> <li>Airtime is the time where a wireless station occupies the wireless channel. Airtime Fairness function in the sto assign similar airtime to each station by controlling TX traffic. IN SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTS, this function can reduce the bad influence of slow wireless devices and improve the overall wireless performance.</li> <li>Suitable environment: (1) Many wireless stations. (2) All stations mainly use download traffic. (3) The performance bottlenck is wireless connection. <ul> <li>Triggering Client Number: Airtime Fairness function is applied only when active station number achieves this number.</li> </ul> Triggering Client Number -Airtime Fairness function is applied only when actives this number achieves this number.</li></ul>

After finishing this web page configuration, please click OK to save the settings.



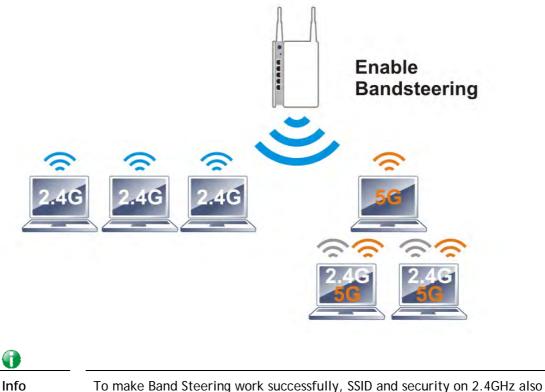
Airtime Fairness function and Bandwidth Limit function should be mutually exclusive. So their webs have extra actions to ensure these two functions are not enabled simultaneously.

## III-1-12 Band Steering

Band Steering detects if the wireless clients are capable of 5GHz operation, and steers them to that frequency. It helps to leave 2.4GHz band available for legacy clients, and improves users experience by reducing channel utilization.



If dual-band is detected, the AP will let the wireless client connect to less congested wireless LAN, such as 5GHz to prevent from network congestion.



MUST be broadcasted on 5GHz.

#### Open Wireless LAN (2.4GHz)>>Band Steering to get the following web page:

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Band Steering

	Enable Band Steering
	Check Time for WLAN Client 5G Capability 15 second(s) (1 $\sim$ 60) (Default: 30)
Note:	

Please setup at least one pair of 2.4GHz and 5GHz Wireless LAN with the same SSID and security.

OK Cancel

#### Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Band Steering	If it is enabled, Vigor router will detect if the wireless client is capable of dual-band or not within the time limit.
	Check Time If the wireless station does not have the capability of 5GHz network connection, the system shall wait and check for several seconds (15 seconds, in default) to make the 2.4GHz network connection. Specify the time limit for Vigor router to detect the wireless client.

After finishing this web page configuration, please click OK to save the settings.

AP Receives probe request from client 2.4G Check NO SSID/Security on 5G (same as 2.4G) 5G YES Check NO RSSI value 2.4G<5G 30 dbm YES Check Time Overtime  $(0 \sim 60 \text{ seconds})$ Wait for 5G connection request YES AP replies probe AP Receives probe request on 5G request on 2.4G

Below shows how Band Steering works.

How to Use Band Steering?

- 1. Open Wireless LAN(2.4GHz)>>Band Steering.
- 2. Check the box of **Enable Band Steering** and use the default value (15) for check time setting.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Band Steering

	Enable Band Steering
	Check Time for WLAN Client 5G Capability 15 $(1 \sim 60)$ (Default: 30)
Note: Pleas	e setup at least one pair of 2.4GHz and 5GHz Wireless LAN with the same SSID and security.
	OK Cancel
<u></u>	

- 3. Click OK to save the settings.
- Open Wireless LAN (2.4GHz)>>General Setup and Wireless LAN (5GHz)>> General Setup. Configure SSID as *DrayTek2862_BandSteerin*g for both pages. Click OK to save the settings.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> General Setup

		General	Setting (	IEEE 802.1	1)			
		🗹 Ena	able Wirele	ess LAN				
			Mode : Channel:			Mixed(11b+11g+11n) 💌		
						Channel 6, 2437MHz 🛛 👻		
			Enable	Active	Hide SSID	SSID	Isolate Member	Isolate VPN
			1	V 🖊		DrayTek2862_BandSteering		
			2	X		DrayTek_Guest		
			з 🗾	Х				
			4	×				
Same settings for 2.4GHz and	-		s LAN(5GH	z) >> Gen	eral Set	er configuration will forbid the wirele sation to each other up		
5GHz	$ \left[ \right] $	🗹 Ena	able Wirel	ess LAN				
			Mode :			Mixed (11a+11n+11ac) 🚩		
			Channel:			Channel 36, 5180MHz 🛛 👻		
			Enable	Active	Hide SSID	SSID	Isolate Member	Isolate VPN
			1	v 🏲		DrayTek2862_BandSteering		
			2 🔲	Х		DrayTek_5G_Guest		
			3 🔲	×				
			4	×				
			Note:					

Enabling the Isolate Member configuration will forbid the wireless clients associated to the same SSID from connecting to each other.

5. Open Wireless LAN (2.4GHz)>>Security and Wireless LAN (5GHz)>>Security. Configure Security as *12345678* for both pages. Click OK to save the settings.

	SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4
	Mode:			Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	<u>WPA</u>		-	
		Encryption Mode	:	TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2
		Pre-Shared Key(I	PSK):	*****
		Password Streng	th:	Weak Medium Strong
		2. Have at least	7 characters, one upper-ca	:: including numbers and letters. ise letter and one lower-case letter. characters is a plus.
		Type 8~63 ASCI "cfgs01a2" or "		r 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example .".
	WEP			
		Encryption Mode	:	64-Bit 🔽
Same value		●Key 1 :		*****
for 2.4GHz and 5GHz		○Key 2 :		*****
		○кеу 3:		*******
	Wireless LAN(5	iGHz) >> Security S	Settings	
				SSID 4
	SSID 1	SSID 2	Settings SSID 3	SSID 4
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2		SSID 4 Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2	SSID 3	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2	SSID 3 s: (PSK):	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least	SSID 3 e: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c.	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non	SSID 3 e: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. -alphanumeric II character c	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK  TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2  Weak Medium Strong  s: s; s; including numbers and letters. ase letter and one lower-case letter. c characters is a plus. or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example
	SSID 1 Mode: <u>WPA</u>	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non Type 8~63 ASC	SSID 3 e: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. -alphanumeric II character c	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK  TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2  Weak Medium Strong  s: s; s; including numbers and letters. ase letter and one lower-case letter. c characters is a plus. or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example
	SSID 1 Mode:	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non Type 8~63 ASC	SSID 3 s: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. alphanumeric II character c "0x655abcd	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK  TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2  Weak Medium Strong  s: s; s; including numbers and letters. ase letter and one lower-case letter. c characters is a plus. or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example
	SSID 1 Mode: <u>WPA</u>	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non Type 8~63 ASCI "cfgs01a2" or	SSID 3 s: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. alphanumeric II character c "0x655abcd	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK          TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2         ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	SSID 1 Mode: <u>WPA</u>	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non Type 8~63 ASC! "cfgs01a2" or Encryption Mode	SSID 3 s: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. alphanumeric II character c "0x655abcd	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK  TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2  TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2  Weak Medium Strong  s: (b, including numbers and letters.) (b, including numbers and letters.) (c) characters is a plus. (c)
	SSID 1 Mode: <u>WPA</u>	SSID 2 Encryption Mode Pre-Shared Key( Password Streng Strong password 1. Have at least 2. Have at least 3. Including non Type 8~63 ASCI "cfgs01a2" or Encryption Mode © Key 1 :	SSID 3 s: (PSK): d requirement 7 characters one upper-c. alphanumeric II character c "0x655abcd	Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK          TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2         ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Security Settings

6. Now, Vigor router will let the wireless clients connect to less congested wireless LAN, such as 5GHz to prevent from network congestion.

## III-1-13 Roaming

The network signal for a single wireless access point might be limited by its coverage range. Therefore, if you want to expand the wireless network in a large exhibition with a quick method, you can install multiple access points with enabling the Roaming feature for each AP to reach the purpose of expanding wireless signals seamlessly.

These access points connecting for each other shall be verified by pre-authentication. This page allows you to enable the roaming feature and the pre-authentication.

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Roaming

Router-assisted Client Roaming Parameters

ODisable RSSI Requirement		
O Strictly Minimum RSSI	-73 dBm (42 %) (Default: -73)	
Minimum RSSI	- 66 dBm ( 60 %) (Default: -66)	
with Adjacent AP RSSI over	5 dB (Default: 5)	
	OK Cancel	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Disable RSSI Requirement	When the link rate of wireless station is too low or the signal received by the wireless station is too worse, Vigor router will automatically detect (based on the link rate and RSSI requirement) and cut off the network connection for that wireless station to assist it to connect another Wireless AP to get better signal. This option is to disable the roaming mechanism.
Strictly Minimum RSSI	Vigor router uses RSSI (received signal strength indicator) to decide to terminate the network connection of wireless station. When the signal strength is below the value (dBm) set here, Vigor router will terminate the network connection for that wireless station.
Minimum RSSI	<ul> <li>Minimum RSSI - When the signal strength of the wireless station is below the value (dBm) set here and adjacent AP (must be DrayTek AP and support such feature too) with higher signal strength value (defined in the field of With Adjacent AP RSSI over) is detected by Vigor router, Vigor router will terminate the network connection for that wireless station. Later, the wireless station can connect to the adjacent AP (with better RSSI).</li> <li>With Adjacent AP RSSI over - Specify a value as a threshold.</li> </ul>

After finishing this web page configuration, please click **OK** to save the settings.

## III-1-14 Station List

Station List provides the knowledge of connecting wireless clients now along with its status code. Each tab (general, advanced, neighbor) will display different status information (including IP address, MAC address, Associated with, AID, RSSI, Rate, BW, PSM, WMM, PhMd, MCS, Venfor, Approx. Distance, SSID, Visit Time and so on).

#### Wireless LAN(2.4GHz) >> Station List

Station	List
---------	------

			General	Advanced	Neighbor
Index Status	IP Address	MAC	Address	Associated	with
					~
					~
		Refresh			
		Itellean			
Status Codes :	+				
C: Connected, No encryp E: Connected, WEP.	nuon.				
P: Connected, WPA.					
A: Connected, WPA2.					
B: Blocked by Access Co N: Connecting.	ntrol.				
F: Fail to pass WPA/PSK	authentication.				
F					
Add to Access Control :					
Client's MAC address		]: 🗌 : 🛄 :			
:					

After a station connects to the router successfully, it may be turned off without notice. In that case, it will still be on the list until the connection expires.

Add
-----

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the status of station list.
Add	Click this button to add current typed MAC address into Access Control.

# Part IV VPN



SSL VPN



Certificate Management A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

It is a form of VPN that can be used with a standard Web browser.

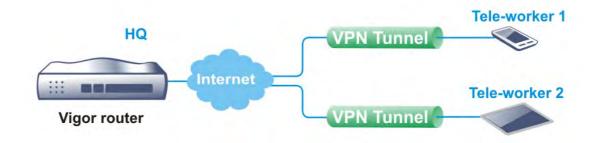
A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

# **IV-1 VPN and Remote Access**

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

The VPN built is suitable for:

- Communication between home office and customer.
- Secure connection between Teleworker, staff on business trip and main office.
- Exchange data between remote office and main office.
- POS between chain store and headquarters.



#### Site-to-Site (LAN-to-LAN)

- A connection between two router's LAN networks.
- Allows employees in branch offices and head office to share the same network resources.



#### Remote Access (Remote Dial-in)

- A connection between the remote host and router's LAN network. The host will use an IP address in the local subnet.
- Allows employees to access the company's internal resources when they are traveling.



# Web User Interface

Wizards Quick Start Wizard Service Activation Wizard VPN Client Wizard VPN Server Wizard Wireless Wizard VPN and Remote Access Remote Access Control PPP General Setup IPsec General Setup IPsec Peer Identity Remote Dial-in User LAN to LAN VPN TRUNK Management Connection Management

## IV-1-1 VPN Client Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN client. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial out connection (from server to client) step by step.

1. Open Wizards>>VPN Client Wizard. The following page will appear.

#### VPN Client Wizard

Choose VPN Establishment Environment	
LAN-to-LAN VPN Client Mode Selection:	Route Mode •
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile:	[Index] [Status] [Name] 🔻
Note:	
subnet then select NAT Mode.	gle client or IP and is not configured to route the
3. If you are unsure of your configuration select	Route Mode.
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Item	Description	
LAN-to-LAN Client Mode Selection	Choose the client mode. <b>Route Mode/NAT Mode</b> - If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose NAT mode, otherwise please choose Route Mode.	
	Route Mode V Route Mode NAT Mode	

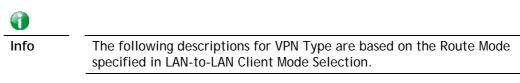
Please choose a	There are	32 VPN profi	les for use	ers to set.
LAN-to-LAN Profile	[Index] 1 2 3	[Status] x x x	[Name] ??? ??? ???	
	4 5 6 7	X X X X	??? ??? ???	

2. When you finish the mode and profile selection, please click **Next** to open the following page.

#### VPN Client Wizard

PN Connection Setting	
Security Ranking:	Throughput Ranking:
Very High	Very High
L2TP over IPSec	L2TP / PPTP (None Encryption)
High	High
IPSec / SSL	IPSec
Medium	<b>Medium</b>
PPTP (Encryption)	L2TP over IPSec / PPTP (Encryption)
Low	Low
L2TP / PPTP (None Encryption)	SSL
Select VPN Typ	De: PPTP (Encryption) PPTP (None Encryption) PPTP (Encryption) IPsec L2TP L2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have) L2TP over IPsec (Must) SSL
	<pre>&lt; Back Next &gt; Finish Cancel</pre>

In this page, you have to select suitable VPN type for the VPN client profile. There are six types provided here. Different type will lead to different configuration page. After making the choices for the client profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection(s) you made.



When you choose PPTP (None Encryption) or PPTP (Encryption), you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	draytek.com
Username	marketing
Password	•••••
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.6
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

When you choose IPsec, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN	
(e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	
IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
<ul> <li>Digital Signature (X.509)</li> </ul>	
Peer ID	None
Local ID	
Iternative Subject Name First	
🔿 Subject Name First	
Local Certificate	None 🗸
Psec Security Method	
<ul> <li>Medium (AH)</li> </ul>	
O High (ESP)	DES without Authentication
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

When you choose SSL, you will see the following graphic:

#### VPN Client Wizard

Profile Name		???		
VPN Dial-Out Through		WAN1 First	۲	
Always on				
Server IP/Host Name for VPN				
(e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)				
Server Port (for SSL Tunnel):		443		
Username		???		
Password				
Remote Network IP		0.0.0.0		
Remote Network Mask		255.255.255.0	J	
	. De ele	blaud a	Tinink	Quinted
	< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

When you choose L2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have) or L2TP over IPsec (Must), you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

VPN Client L2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have) Settings

Profile Name	VPN-2
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First 🗸
Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	
IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key	••••
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	•••••
<ul> <li>Digital Signature (X.509)</li> </ul>	
Peer ID	None 🗸
Local ID	
Iternative Subject Name First	
🔿 Subject Name First	
Local Certificate	None
IPsec Security Method	
Medium (AH)	
○ High (ESP)	DES without Authentication
Username	???
Password	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.

VPN Dial-Out Through	Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.
	WAN1 First
	WAN1 First
	WAN1 Only MAN1 only Only actabilish VDN i600(AND down
	WAN1 only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down WAN2 First
	WAN2 Only
	WAN2 only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down WAN3 First
	WAN3 Only
	WAN4 First WAN4 Only
	WAN1 First/ WAN2 First /WAN3 First/WAN4 First- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.
	WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN3 Only/WAN4 Only - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the only channel for VPN connection.
	WAN1 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down - If WAN2 failed, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection.
	WAN2 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down - If WAN1 failed, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection.
Always On	Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.
Server IP/Host Name for VPN	Type the IP address of the server or type the host name for such VPN profile.
IKE Authentication Method	IKE Authentication Method usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN to LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPsec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPsec and IPsec tunnel.
	Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication.
	Confirm Pre-Shared Key-Confirm the pre-shared key.
Digital Signature (X.509)	Click Digital Signature to invoke this function.
(X.309)	Peer ID - Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list.
	Local ID - Choose Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First.
	Local Certificate - Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in Certificate Management >> Local Certificate. Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.
IPsec Security Method	Medium - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	High - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above.

	The length of the user name is limited to 11 characters.
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
Remote Network Mask	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

Please confirm your settings	
LAN-to-LAN Index:	20
Profile Name:	VPN-2
VPN Connection Type:	L2TP over IPsec (Nice to Have)
VPN Dial-Out Through:	WAN1 First
Always on:	No
Server IP/Host Name:	172.16.3.8
IKE Authentication Method:	Pre-Shared Key
IPsec Security Method:	AH-SHA1
Remote Network IP:	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask:	255.255.255.0
Click <b>Back</b> to modify changes if neo proceed to the following action:	cessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current settings and
	O to the VPN Connection Management.
	O Do another VPN Client Wizard setup.
	O View more detailed configurations.
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Item	Description
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.
Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.
View more detailed configuration	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.

## IV-1-2 VPN Server Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN server. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial in connection (from client to server) step by step.

1. Open Wizards>>VPN Server Wizard. The following page will appear.

#### VPN Server Wizard

Choose VPN Establishment Environment					
VPN Server Mode Selection:	Remo	te Dial-in	User (Telewo	orker 💌	
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile:	1	х	222	*	
Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts:	8	х	222	*	
Allowed Dial-in Type:		sec	Psec Policy	None	V
	E	lack	Next≻	Finish	Cancel

Item	Description
VPN Server Mode	Choose the direction for the VPN server.
Selection	Site to Site VPN - To set a LAN-to-LAN profile automatically, please choose Site to Site VPN.
	<b>Remote Dial-in User</b> -You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection.
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile	This item is available when you choose Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.
Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts	This item is available when you choose Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN tunnels for users to set.
Allowed Dial-in Type	This item is available after you choose any one of dial-in user account profiles. Next, you have to select suitable dial-in type for the VPN server profile. There are several types provided here (similar to VPN Client Wizard).

<ul><li>✓ PPTP</li><li>✓ IPsec</li></ul>			
🗹 L2TP with IPsec Policy	None	¥	
SSL Tunnel	None Nice to Have Must		
Different Dial-in Type will lead to page. In addition, adjustable item be changed according to the VPN VPN and Remote Dial-in User) se	ns for each dia Server Mode	al-i	n type will

2. After making the choices for the server profile, please click Next. You will see different configurations based on the selection you made. Here we take the examples of choosing Site-to-Site VPN as the VPN Server Mode.

When you check PPTP/SSL, you will see the following graphic:

#### VPN Server Wizard

#### VPN Authentication Setting

Profile Name	???	
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Aut	hentication	
Username	???	
Password		
Peer IP/VPN Client IP		
Site to Site Information		
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel
	P DOUR NEAL PHIISH	Cancel

When you check PPTP & IPsec & L2TP (three types) or PPTP & IPsec (two types) or L2TP with Policy (Nice to Have/Must), you will see the following graphic:

#### VPN Server Wizard

VPN Authentication Setting

Profile Name	???
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Aut	thentication
Username	???
Password	
IPsec / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
🗹 Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
Digital Signature (X.509)	·
Peer ID	None 🔻
Local ID	
Alternative Subject Name First	
🔍 Subject Name First	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	
Peer ID	
Site to Site Information	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel

When you check IPsec, you will see the following graphic:

#### VPN Server Wizard

VPN Authentication Setting	
Profile Name	???
IPsec / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
🗹 Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
🗖 Digital Signature (X.509)	
Peer ID	None
Local ID	
Alternative Subject Name First	
🔘 Subject Name First	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	
Peer ID	
Site to Site Information	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0
	< Back Next > Finish Cancel
	S Dack Next Finish Cancer

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.

Pre-Shared Key	For IPsec/L2TP IPsec authentication, you have to type a pre-shared key. The length of the name is limited to 64 characters.
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	Type the pre-shared key again for confirmation.
Digital Signature (X.509)	Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function. Peer ID - Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list. Local ID - Choose Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First.
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	Type the WAN IP address or VPN client IP address for the remote client.
Peer ID	Type the ID name for the remote client. The length of the name is limited to 47 characters.
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
Remote Network Mask	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

#### VPN Server Wizard

Please Confirm Your Settings	
VPN Environment: Index: Profile Name: Username: Allowed Service: Peer IP/VPN Client IP: Peer ID: Remote Network IP: Remote Network Mask: Click <b>Back</b> to modify changes if n and proceed to the following act	Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) 2 ??? PPTP+L2TP with IPsec Policy 456 172.16.3.56 255.255.255.0 ecessary. Otherwise, click <b>Finish</b> to save the current settings
	<ul> <li>Go to the VPN Connection Management.</li> <li>Do another VPN Server Wizard setup.</li> <li>View more detailed configurations.</li> </ul>
	<pre>&lt; Back Next &gt; Finish Cancel</pre>

Item	Description
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.
Do another VPN	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server

Server Wizard Setup	through VPN Server Wizard.	
View more detailed	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote	
configuration	Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.	

## IV-1-3 Remote Access Control

Enable the necessary VPN service as you need. If you intend to run a VPN server inside your LAN, you should disable the VPN service of Vigor Router to allow VPN tunnel pass through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings, such as DMZ or open port.

Open VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Access Control.

```
VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Access Control Setup
```

Remote	Access	Control	Setun
11011010	ACCC33	CONGOL	JOUMP

Image: A start of the start	Enable PPTP VPN Service
	Enable IPSec VPN Service
	Enable L2TP VPN Service
	Enable SSL VPN Service

Note:

To allow VPN pass-through to a separate VPN server on the LAN, disable any services above that use the same protocol and ensure that NAT <u>Open Ports</u> or <u>Port Redirection</u> is also configured.

OK	Clear	Cancel
UN	Clear	Cancer

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## IV-1-4 PPP General Setup

This submenu only applies to PPP-related VPN connections, such as PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec.

Dial-In PPP Authentication Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE) Mutual Authentication (PAP) Ves  No Username	PPP General Setup	)		
Authentication       PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAP/2         Dial-In PPP       Optional MPPE         Encryption(MPPE)       Ves ● No         Username       PTP LDAP Profile         Password       Image: Comparison of the second seco	PPP/MP Protocol			PPP Authentication Methods
Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE) Optional MPPE ▼ Mutual Authentication (PAP) Yes ♥ No Username Password IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set) Start IP Address IP Pool Counts LAN 1 192.168.1.200 50 LAN 2 192.168.2.200 50 LAN 3 192.168.3.200 50 LAN 4 192.168.4.200 50 LAN 5 192.168.5.200 50 LAN 6 192.168.6.200 50 LAN 7 192.168.7.200 50 LAN 8 192.168.8.200 50	Dial-In PPP Authentication	PAP/CHAP/I	VIS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2 💌	
Mutual Authentication (PAP)       Ves ● No         Username	Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE)	Optional MP	PE 💌	▼ AD/LDAP
Username       Note:         Password       IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users         (When DHCP Disable set)       Start IP Address         Start IP Address       IP Pool Counts         LAN 1       192.168.1.200         LAN 2       192.168.2.200         LAN 3       192.168.3.200         LAN 4       192.168.4.200         LAN 5       192.168.5.200         LAN 6       192.168.6.200         LAN 7       192.168.7.200         LAN 8       192.168.8.200	Mutual Authenticat	tion (PAP)	🔘 Yes 💿 No	
Password       III Address Assignment for Dial-In Users         IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users       Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP or TACACS+ for PPP Authentication.         IV Men DHCP Disable set)       Start IP Address         Start IP Address       IP Pool Counts         LAN 1       192.168.1.200         LAN 2       192.168.2.200         LAN 3       192.168.3.200         LAN 4       192.168.3.200         LAN 5       192.168.5.200         LAN 6       192.168.6.200         LAN 7       192.168.6.200         LAN 8       192.168.8.200	Username			TACAUS+
(When DHCP Disable set) Start IP AddressIP Pool CountsLAN 1192.168.1.20050LAN 2192.168.2.20050LAN 3192.168.3.20050LAN 4192.168.4.20050LAN 5192.168.5.20050LAN 6192.168.6.20050LAN 7192.168.7.20050LAN 8192.168.8.20050	Password			1. Please select 'PAP Only 'Dial-In PPP
Start IP AddressIP Pool CountsLAN 1192.168.1.20050LAN 2192.168.2.20050LAN 3192.168.3.20050LAN 4192.168.4.20050LAN 5192.168.5.20050LAN 6192.168.6.20050LAN 7192.168.7.20050LAN 8192.168.8.20050	3		al-in users	
LAN 1192.168.1.200503. Vigor router also supports Frame-IP-Address from RADIUS server to assign IP address to VPN client.LAN 2192.168.3.20050While using Radius or LDAP Authentication: Assign IP from subnet:Mail I and the server to assign IP address to VPN client.LAN 4192.168.4.20050While using Radius or LDAP Authentication: Assign IP from subnet:LAN1 ▼LAN 5192.168.6.20050Image: Server to assign IP address to VPN client.LAN 6192.168.6.20050LAN 7192.168.7.20050LAN 8192.168.8.20050	•		IP Pool Counts	
LAN 2       192.168.2.200       50         LAN 3       192.168.3.200       50         LAN 4       192.168.4.200       50         LAN 5       192.168.5.200       50         LAN 6       192.168.6.200       50         LAN 7       192.168.7.200       50         LAN 8       192.168.8.200       50	LAN 1 192,168,1	.200	50	· ·
LAN 3       192.168.3.200       50         LAN 4       192.168.4.200       50         LAN 5       192.168.5.200       50         LAN 6       192.168.6.200       50         LAN 7       192.168.7.200       50         LAN 8       192.168.8.200       50				
LAN 4       192.168.4.200       50         LAN 5       192.168.5.200       50         LAN 6       192.168.6.200       50         LAN 7       192.168.7.200       50         LAN 8       192.168.8.200       50	LAN 2 192.168.2	.200	50	client.
LAN 4       192.168.4.200       50         LAN 5       192.168.5.200       50         LAN 6       192.168.6.200       50         LAN 7       192.168.7.200       50         LAN 8       192.168.8.200       50	LAN 3 192.168.3	.200	50	
LAN 6 192.168.6.200 50 LAN 7 192.168.7.200 50 LAN 8 192.168.8.200 50	LAN 4 192.168.4	.200	50	
LAN 7 192.168.7.200 50 LAN 8 192.168.8.200 50	LAN 5 192.168.5	.200	50	
LAN 8 192.168.8.200 50	LAN 6 192.168.6	.200	50	
	LAN 7 192.168.7	.200	50	
DMZ 192.168.17.200 50	LAN 8 192.168.8	.200	50	
	DMZ 192.168.1	7.200	50	

OK

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

Item	Description
Dial-In PPP Authentication	<ul> <li>PAP Only - elect this option to force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol.</li> <li>PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 - Selecting this option means the router will attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.</li> </ul>
Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE)	<ul> <li>Optional MPPE - This option represents that the MPPE encryption method will be optionally employed in the router for the remote dial-in user. If the remote dial-in user does not support the MPPE encryption algorithm, the router will transmit "no MPPE encrypted packets". Otherwise, the MPPE encryption scheme will be used to encrypt the data.</li> <li>Require MPPE (40/128bits) - Selecting this option will force the router to encrypt packets by using the MPPE encryption algorithm. In addition, the remote dial-in user will use 40-bit to perform encryption prior to using 128-bit for encryption. In other words, if 128-bit MPPE encryption scheme will be applied to encrypt the data.</li> </ul>

	• Maximum MPPE - This option indicates that the router will use the MPPE encryption scheme with maximum bits (128-bit) to encrypt the data.
Mutual Authentication (PAP)	The Mutual Authentication function is mainly used to communicate with other routers or clients who need bi-directional authentication in order to provide stronger security, for example, Cisco routers. So you should enable this function when your peer router requires mutual authentication. You should further specify the User Name and Password of the mutual authentication peer. The length of the name/password is limited to 23/19 characters.
IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (when DHCP Disable set)	Enter a start IP address for the dial-in PPP connection for LAN1. LAN2 ~ LAN8 will be available if it is enabled. Refer to LAN>>General Setup for enabling the LAN interface.
PPP Authentication Methods	Select the method(s) to be used for authentication in PPP connection.
	PPP Authentication Methods
	🗹 Remote Dial-in User
	RADIUS
	AD/LDAP
PPTP LDAP Profile	Configured LDAP profiles will be listed under such item. Simply check the one you want to enable the PPP authentication by LDAP server profiles.
	However, if there is no profile listed, simply click the link of <b>PPTP LDAP Profile</b> to create/add some new LDAP profiles you want.
While using Radius or LDAP Authentication	If PPP connection will be authenticated via RADIUS server or LDAP profiles, it is necessary to specify the LAN profile for the dial-in user to get IP from.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## IV-1-5 IPsec General Setup

In IPsec General Setup, there are two major parts of configuration.

There are two phases of IPsec.

- Phase 1: negotiation of IKE parameters including encryption, hash, Diffie-Hellman parameter values, and lifetime to protect the following IKE exchange, authentication of both peers using either a Pre-Shared Key or Digital Signature (x.509). The peer that starts the negotiation proposes all its policies to the remote peer and then remote peer tries to find a highest-priority match with its policies. Eventually to set up a secure tunnel for IKE Phase 2.
- Phase 2: negotiation IPsec security methods including Authentication Header (AH) or Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) for the following IKE exchange and mutual examination of the secure tunnel establishment.

There are two encapsulation methods used in IPsec, **Transport** and **Tunnel**. The **Transport** mode will add the AH/ESP payload and use original IP header to encapsulate the data payload only. It can just apply to local packet, e.g., L2TP over IPsec. The **Tunnel** mode will not only add the AH/ESP payload but also use a new IP header (Tunneled IP header) to encapsulate the whole original IP packet.

Authentication Header (AH) provides data authentication and integrity for IP packets passed between VPN peers. This is achieved by a keyed one-way hash function to the packet to create a message digest. This digest will be put in the AH and transmitted along with packets. On the receiving side, the peer will perform the same one-way hash on the packet and compare the value with the one in the AH it receives.

Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) is a security protocol that provides data confidentiality and protection with optional authentication and replay detection service.

VPN IKE/IPsec General Setup	
Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and D	ynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).
IKE Authentication Method	
Certificate for Dial-in	None 💌
Pre-Shared Key	
Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
IPsec Security Method	
Medium (AH)	
Data will be authentic, but will no	ot be encrypted.
High (ESP) 🗹 DES 🗹 3DES	AES
Data will be encrypted and authe	ntic.

Available settings are explained as follows:

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup

Item	Description
IKE Authentication Method	This usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN-to-LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPsec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPsec and IPsec tunnel. There are two methods offered by Vigor router for you to authenticate the incoming data coming from remote dial-in user, Certificate (X.509) and Pre-Shared

	Кеу.
	<b>Certificate for Dial-in</b> -Choose one of the local certificates from the drop down list.
	Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication.
	<b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key-</b> Retype the characters to confirm the pre-shared key.
	Note: Any packets from the remote dial-in user which does not match the rule defined in VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-In User will be applied with the method specified here.
IPsec Security Method	Medium - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	<b>High (ESP)</b> - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## IV-1-6 IPsec Peer Identity

To use digital certificate for peer authentication in either LAN-to-LAN connection or Remote User Dial-In connection, here you may edit a table of peer certificate for selection. As shown below, the router provides **32** entries of digital certificates for peer dial-in users.

509 Peer ID Acc	ounts:			Set to Facto	ory Default
Index	Name	Status	Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>	???	х	<u>17.</u>	???	Х
<u>2.</u>	???	х	<u>18.</u>	???	х
<u>3.</u>	???	х	<u>19.</u>	???	Х
<u>4.</u>	???	х	<u>20.</u>	???	Х
<u>5.</u>	???	Х	<u>21.</u>	???	Х
<u>6.</u>	???	х	<u>22.</u>	???	Х
<u>7.</u>	???	х	<u>23.</u>	???	Х
<u>8.</u>	???	х	<u>24.</u>	???	Х
<u>9.</u>	???	х	<u>25.</u>	???	Х
<u>10.</u>	???	х	<u>26.</u>	???	Х
<u>11.</u>	???	х	<u>27.</u>	???	Х
<u>12.</u>	???	х	<u>28.</u>	???	х
<u>13.</u>	???	Х	<u>29.</u>	???	Х
<u>14.</u>	???	х	<u>30.</u>	???	Х
<u>15.</u>	???	х	<u>31.</u>	???	Х
<u>16.</u>	???	х	<u>32.</u>	???	х

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec Peer Identity

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click it to clear all indexes.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page

	of IPsec Peer Identity.
Name	Display the profile name of that index.

Click each index to edit one peer digital certificate. There are three security levels of digital signature authentication: Fill each necessary field to authenticate the remote peer. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

Profile Name	???	
Enable this	s account	
O Accept Any	Peer ID	
Accept Sub	ject Alternative Name	
Туре		Domain Name 🐱
Domain Nam	ie	
O Accept Sub	ject Name	
Country (C)		
State (ST)		
Location (L)		
Orginization	(O)	
Orginization	Unit (OU)	
Common Na	me (CN)	
Email (E)		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type the name of the profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 32 characters.
Enable this account	Check it to enable such account profile.
Accept Any Peer ID	Click to accept any peer regardless of its identity.
Accept Subject Alternative Name	Click to check one specific field of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field can be <b>IP Address</b> , <b>Domain</b> , or <b>E-mail Address</b> . The box under the Type will appear according to the type you select and ask you to fill in corresponding setting.
Accept Subject Name	Click to check the specific fields of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field includes Country (C), State (ST), Location (L), Organization (O), Organization Unit (OU), Common Name (CN), and Email (E).

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## IV-1-7 Remote Dial-in User

You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection. You may set parameters including specified connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router provides **32** access accounts for dial-in users. Besides, you can extend the user accounts to the RADIUS server through the built-in RADIUS client function. The following figure shows the summary table.

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Factory Default Status
			Status				Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		

Note:

User Accounts need to be added into User Group to enable SSL Portal Login.

OK Cancel

Download Smart VPN Client:

Smart VPN Client for Windows PC

Smart VPN Android/iOS App

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of Remote Dial-in User.
User	Display the username for the specific dial-in user of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.
Active	Check the box to activate such profile.
Status	Display the access state of the specific dial-in user. The symbol V and X represent the specific dial-in user to be

2

active and inactive, respectively.

Click each index to edit one remote user profile. Each Dial-In Type requires you to fill the different corresponding fields on the right. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

### VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

Index No. 1	
User account and Authentication  Enable this account  Idle Timeout  Allowed Dial-In Type	Username ??? Password(Max 19 char) Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP) PIN Code Secret
<ul> <li>PPTP</li> <li>IPsec Tunnel</li> <li>L2TP with IPsec Policy None</li> <li>SSL Tunnel</li> <li>Specify Remote Node</li> <li>Remote Client IP</li> </ul>	IKE Authentication Method ✓ Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key Digital Signature(X.509) None ▼
or Peer ID Netbios Naming Packet  Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	IPsec Security Method Medium(AH) High(ESP)
Subnet LAN 1 Assign Static IP Address 0.0.0.0	
ОК С	lear Cancel

Item	Description
User account and Authentication	Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function. Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.
Allowed Dial-In Type	<b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.
	IPsec Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPsec VPN connection through Internet.
	L2TP with IPsec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPsec. Select from below:
	• None - Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	<ul> <li>Nice to Have - Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> </ul>
	• Must -Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
	SSL Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an SSL

	VPN connection through Internet.
	Specify Remote Node -You can specify the IP address of the
	remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode).
	Uncheck the checkbox means the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.
	Netbios Naming Packet -
	<ul> <li>Pass - Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Block</b> - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.
	• Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
	<ul> <li>Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.</li> </ul>
	<b>User Name</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.
	<b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 19 characters.
	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP) - Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.
	<b>PIN Code</b> - Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).
	Secret - Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).
Subnet	Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile.
	Assign Static IP Address - Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.
IKE Authentication Method	This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPsec tunnel either with or without specifying the IP address of the remote node.
	<b>Pre-Shared Key</b> - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	Digital Signature (X.509) - Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
IPsec Security Method	This group of fields is a must for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method. <b>Medium-Authentication Header (AH)</b> means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.
	High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select

encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
<b>Local ID (Optional)-</b> Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## IV-1-8 LAN to LAN

Here you can manage LAN-to-LAN connections by maintaining a table of connection profiles. You may set parameters including specified connection direction (dial-in or dial-out), connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The following figure shows the summary table according to the item (AII/Trunk) selected for View.

### VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN



.AN-to-LA ∕iew: ⊙,	N Profiles: All OTrunk					<u>Set t</u>	o Factory Default
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		
			ОК	Cance	!		

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile does not join for VPN TRUNK]

The following shows profiles joined into VPN Load Balance and VPN Backup mechanism.

#### LAN-to-LAN Profiles:

View: 🔿 All 💿 Trunk			
Name	Activate	Members	Status
Loadbalan1	v	<u>VPN-2</u>	Offline
		Connection	Offline

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]

If there is no profile joined yet, this page will be shown as follows:

AN-to-LAN Profiles:			
iew: 🔿 All 🛛 💿 Trunk			
Name	Activate	Members	Status

[XXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Load Balance Mechanism] [XXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]

Item	Description
View	All - Click it to display the LAN to LAN profiles. Trunk - Click it to display the Trunk profiles.
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
Name	Indicate the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.
Active	<ul><li>V - means the profile has been enabled.</li><li>X - means the profile has not been enabled.</li></ul>
Status	Indicate the status of individual profiles. The symbol V and X represent the profile to be active and inactive, respectively.

Available settings are explained as follows:

To edit each profile:

1. Click each index to edit each profile and you will get the following page. Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 4 subgroups. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanations will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

VPN a	and	Remote	Access	>>	LAN	to	LAN
-------	-----	--------	--------	----	-----	----	-----

Profile Index : 1 1. Common Settings	
Profile Name ???	Call Direction 💿 Both 🔿 Dial-Out 🔿 Dial-in
Enable this profile	Tunnel Mode 🛛 🛇 GRE Tunnel
	🔲 Always on
VPN Dial-Out Through	Idle Timeout 300 second(s)
WAN1 First	🔲 Enable PING to keep IPsec tunnel alive
Netbios Naming Packet   Pass   Block	PING to the IP
Multicast via VPN OPass OBlock	
(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	
2. Dial-Out Settings	
Type of Server I am calling	Username ???
• РРТР	Password(Max 15 char)
O IPsec Tunnel	PPP Authentication
O L2TP with IPsec Policy None	
O SSL Tunnel	↓ VJ Compression
Server IP/Host Name for VPN.	IKE Authentication Method
(such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	Pre-Shared Key
	IKE Pre-Shared Key
Server Port (for SSL Tunnel): 443	O Digital Signature(X.509)
	Peer ID None 🗸
	Local ID
	Alternative Subject Name First
	◯ Subject Name First
	Local Certificate None 🕑
	IPsec Security Method
	O Medium(AH)
	High(ESP) AES with Authentication
	Advanced
	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:

Item	Description
Common Settings	<b>Profile Name -</b> Specify a name for the profile of the LAN-to-LAN connection.
	Enable this profile - Check here to activate this profile.
	VPN Dial-Out Through - Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.
	<ul> <li>WAN1 First/ WAN2 First/ WAN3 First /WAN4 First- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.</li> <li>WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN 3 Only/WAN 4 Only- While connection, the router will use</li> </ul>
	While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 as the only channel for VPN connection.
	<ul> <li>WAN1 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down - If WAN2 failed, the router will use WAN1 for VPN</li> </ul>

	connection.			
	<ul> <li>WAN2 Only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down - If WAN1 failed, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection.</li> </ul>			
	Netbios Naming Packet			
	<ul> <li>Pass - click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> </ul>			
	• <b>Block</b> - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.			
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.			
	<ul> <li>Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.</li> </ul>			
	Call Direction - Specify the allowed call direction of this LAN-to-LAN profile.			
	• Both:-initiator/responder			
	• Dial-Out- initiator only			
	• Dial-In- responder only.			
	<b>Tunnel Mode -</b> At present, a tunnel (GRE tunnel) without encryption is offered to fit the requiarement of specific client.			
	Always On-Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.			
	Idle Timeout: The default value is 300 seconds. If the connection has been idled over the value, the router will drop the connection.			
	Enable PING to keep alive - This function is to help the router to determine the status of IPsec VPN connection, especially useful in the case of abnormal VPN IPsec tunnel disruption. For details, please refer to the note below. Check to enable the transmission of PING packets to a specified IP address.			
	Enable PING to keep alive is used to handle abnormal IPsec VPN connection disruption. It will help to provide the state of a VPN connection for router's judgment of redial. Normally, if any one of VPN peers wants to disconnect the connection, it should follow a serial of packet exchange procedure to inform each other. However, if the remote peer disconnects without notice, Vigor router will by no where to know this situation. To resolve this dilemma, by continuously sending PING packets to the remote host, the Vigor router can know the true existence of this VPN connection and react accordingly. This is independent of DPD (dead peer detection).			
	<b>PING to the IP</b> - Enter the IP address of the remote host that located at the other-end of the VPN tunnel.			
Dial-Out Settings	<b>Type of Server I am calling - PPTP</b> - Build a PPTP VPN connection to the server through the Internet. You should set the identity like User Name and Password below for the authentication of remote server.			

	ec Tunnel - Build an IPsec VPN connection to the server ough Internet.
thr	<b>FP with IPsec Policy</b> - Build a L2TP VPN connection ough the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or h IPsec. Select from below:
•	None: Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
•	Nice to Have: Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-out VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
•	Must: Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
L21	er Name - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or P with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the ne is limited to 49 characters.
L2T	sword - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or P with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the sword is limited to 15 characters.
sele PAF	P Authentication - This field is applicable when you ect, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. P/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 is the most common ection due to compatibility.
PPT Cor	<b>compression</b> - This field is applicable when you select TP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. VJ npression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. Tmally set to <b>On</b> to improve bandwidth utilization.
	Authentication Method - This group of fields is blicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy.
•	Pre-Shared Key - Input 1-63 characters as pre-shared key.
•	<b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b> - Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	Peer ID - Select one of the predefined Profiles set in VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	Local ID - Specify a local ID (Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First) to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.
•	Local Certificate - Select one of the profiles set in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate.
	ec Security Method - This group of fields is a must for ec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy.
•	Medium AH (Authentication Header) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
•	High (ESP-Encapsulating Security Payload)- means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. Select from below:
•	DES without Authentication -Use DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
•	<b>DES with Authentication</b> -Use DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
•	<b>3DES without Authentication</b> -Use triple DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication

scheme.

- **3DES with Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **AES without Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **AES with Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.

Advanced - Specify mode, proposal and key life of each IKE phase, Gateway, etc.

The window of advance setup is shown as below:

IKE phase I mode	<li>Main mod</li>	ie:	O Aggressive mode
IKE phase I proposal	Auto	10	
IKE phase 2 proposal	HMAC_SHAT	HMAC_MD5 *	
IKE phase 1 key lifetime	26800	(900 - \$6400)	
IKE phase 2 key lifetime	3500	(600 - 86400)	
Perfect Forward Secret	<li>Disable</li>		C Enable
Local ID			

IKE phase 1 mode -Select from Main mode and Aggressive mode. The ultimate outcome is to exchange security proposals to create a protected secure channel. Main mode is more secure than Aggressive mode since more exchanges are done in a secure channel to set up the IPsec session. However, the Aggressive mode is faster. The default value in Vigor router is Main mode.

- IKE phase 1 proposal-To propose the local available authentication schemes and encryption algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Two combinations are available for Aggressive mode and nine for Main mode. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most schemes.
- IKE phase 2 proposal-To propose the local available algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Three combinations are available for both modes. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most algorithms.
- IKE phase 1 key lifetime-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 28800 seconds. You may specify a value in between 900 and 86400 seconds.
- IKE phase 2 key lifetime-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 3600 seconds. You may specify a value in between 600 and 86400 seconds.
- Perfect Forward Secret (PFS)-The IKE Phase 1 key will be reused to avoid the computation complexity in phase 2. The default value is inactive this function.

Local ID-In Aggressive mode, Local ID is on behalf of the IP address while identity authenticating with remote VPN server. The length of the ID is limited to 47 characters.

Index(1-15) - Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.

#### 3. Dial-In Settings

Allowed Dial-In Type		Username	???	
PPTP     IPsec Tunnel     L2TP with IPsec Polic	w None	Password(Max 11 char) VJ Compression	⊙ On ○ Off	
SSL Tunnel	·	IKE Authentication Method         ✓ Pre-Shared Key         IKE Pre-Shared Key         Digital Signature(X.509)         None         Local ID         ③ Alternative Subject Name First         ○ Subject Name First         IPsec Security Method         ✓ Medium(AH)		
		. ,	BDES 🗹 AES	
4. GRE Settings				
🔲 Enable IPsec Dial-Out	function GRE over IPsec			
🔲 Logical Traffic	My GRE IP	Peer GRE IP		
5. TCP/IP Network Settings				
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction	Disable 💌	
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remot	e network, you have to do	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0		Route 🛩	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	IPsec VPN with the Sa	me Subnets	
Local Network IP	192.168.1.1	Change default route t active if one single WAN is		
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0 More			
	ОК	Clear Cancel		

Item	Description		
Dial-In Settings	Allowed Dial-In Type - Determine the dial-in connection with different types.		
	<ul> <li>PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.</li> </ul>		
	• IPsec Tunnel- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an IPsec VPN connection through Internet.		
	• L2TP with IPsec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPsec. Select from below:		
	None - Do not apply the IPsec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPsec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.		
	Nice to Have - Apply the IPsec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.		
	Must - Specify the IPsec policy to be definitely		

	applied on the L2TP connection.
	<ul> <li>SSL Tunnel- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an</li> </ul>
	SSL VPN connection through Internet.
	Specify Remote VPN Gateway - You can specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user or peer ID (should be the same with the ID setting in dial-in type) by checking the box. Also, you should further specify the corresponding security methods on the right side.
	If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.
	<b>Username</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.
	<b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.
	<b>VJ Compression</b> - VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above.
	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> - This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPsec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.
	• Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	• Digital Signature (X.509) -Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPsec Peer Identity.
	Local ID - Specify which one will be inspected first.
	<ul> <li>Alternative Subject Name First - The alternative subject name (configured in Certificate Management&gt;&gt;Local Certificate) will be inspected first.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Subject Name First - The subject name (configured in Certificate Management&gt;&gt;Local Certificate) will be inspected first.</li> </ul>
	<b>IPsec Security Method</b> - This group of fields is a must for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the remote node.
	<ul> <li>Medium- Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.</li> </ul>
	• High- Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
GRE over IPsec Settings	Enable IPsec Dial-Out function GRE over IPsec: Check this box to verify data and transmit data in encryption with GRE over IPsec packet after configuring IPsec Dial-Out setting. Both ends must match for each other by setting same virtual

	IP address for communication.
	<b>Logical Traffic:</b> Such technique comes from RFC2890. Define logical traffic for data transmission between both sides of VPN tunnel by using the characteristic of GRE. Even hacker can decipher IPsec encryption, he/she still cannot ask LAN site to do data transmission with any information. Such function can ensure the data transmitted on VPN tunnel is really sent out from both sides. This is an optional function. However, if one side wants to use it, the peer must enable it, too.
	My GRE IP: Type the virtual IP for router itself for verified by peer.
	Peer GRE IP: Type the virtual IP of peer host for verified by router.
TCP/IP Network Settings	<b>My WAN IP</b> -This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.
	<b>Remote Gateway IP</b> - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a remote Gateway PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.
	Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPsec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.
	Local Network IP / Local Network Mask - Display the local network IP and mask for TCP / IP configuration. You can modify the settings if required.
	More - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Masks through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.

	🤌 LAN-to-LAN Profile - Windows Internet Explorer
	http://192.168.1.1/doc/I2IMRt.htm
	Profile Index :1
	Remote Network
	Network IP
	Netmask
	255.255.255.255 / 32 🗸
	Add Delete Edit
	Create Phase2 SA for each subnet.(IPsec)
	OK Close
	<b>RIP Direction</b> - The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets. You can enable/disable one of direction here. Herein, we provide four options: TX/RX Both, TX Only, RX Only, and Disable.
	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do - If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose NAT, otherwise choose Route.
	Change default route to this VPN tunnel - Check this box to change the default route with this VPN tunnel.
IPSec VPN with the Same subnet	For both ends (e.g., different sections in a company) are within the same subnet, there is a function which allows you to build Virtual IP mapping between two ends. Thus, when VPN connection established, the router will change the IP address according to the settings configured here and block sessions which are not coming from the IP address defined in the Virtual IP Mapping list.
	After checking the box of IPSec VPN with the Same subnet, the options under TCP/IP Network Settings will be changed as shown below:
	5. TCP IP Network Settings         Remote Network IP       0.0.0.0         Remote Network Mask       255.255.255.0         Translated Local       LAN1 w to         Network       192.168.1.0         Advanced       Virtual IP Mapping
	Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPSec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.
	Translated Local Network - This function is enabled in default. Use the drop down list to specify a LAN port as the transferred direction. Then specify an IP address. Click Advanced to configure detailed settings if required.
	Advanced - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.

Profile Index :2		
Network IP Netmask 255.255.255.255 / 32 💌	Remote Network	
Add D		
Translated to 0.0.0.0	velete) (Edit)	
ОК	Close	
Translated Type - There Whole Subnet		to ch
	s op up dialog will appear	r for
<ul> <li>Whole Subnet</li> <li>Specific IP Address</li> <li>Virtual IP Mapping - A p specify the local IP address</li> </ul>	s op up dialog will appear	r for y tual l
<ul> <li>Whole Subnet</li> <li>Specific IP Address</li> <li>Virtual IP Mapping - A p specify the local IP address.</li> <li>192.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm</li> </ul>	s op up dialog will appear	r for tual l
<ul> <li>Whole Subnet</li> <li>Specific IP Address</li> <li>Virtual IP Mapping - A p specify the local IP address.</li> </ul>	s op up dialog will appear	r for tual l
Whole Subnet     Specific IP Address Virtual IP Mapping - A p specify the local IP address.     192.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm     Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2     Local IP	s op up dialog will appear ess and the mapping vir	for tual
Whole Subnet     Specific IP Address Virtual IP Mapping - A p specify the local IP address IP2.168.1.1/doc/L2LvirIPM.htm Virtual IP Mapping Profile 2 Local IP Virtual IP Add Add	s op up dialog will appear ess and the mapping vir	r for

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## IV-1-9 VPN Trunk Management

VPN trunk includes four features - VPN Backup, VPN load balance, GRE over IPsec, and Binding tunnel policy.

## Features of VPN TRUNK — VPN Backup Mechanism

VPN TRUNK Management is a backup mechanism which can set multiple VPN tunnels as backup tunnel. It can assure the network connection not to be cut off due to network environment blocked by any reason.

- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism can judge abnormal situation for the environment of VPN server and correct it to complete the backup of VPN Tunnel in real-time.
- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism is compliant with all WAN modes (single/multi)
- Dial-out connection types contain IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec and ISDN (depends on hardware specification)
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- Fully compliant with VPN Server LAN Site Single/Multi Network
- Mail Alert support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Syslog support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Specific ERD (Environment Recovery Detection) mechanism which can be operated by using Telnet command

VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile will be activated when initial connection of single VPN tunnel is off-line. Before setting VPN TRUNK -VPN Backup mechanism backup profile, please configure at least two sets of LAN-to-LAN profiles (with fully configured dial-out settings) first, otherwise you will not have selections for grouping Member1 and Member2.

### Features of VPN TRUNK — VPN Load Balance Mechanism

VPN Load Balance Mechanism can set multiple VPN tunnels for using as traffic load balance tunnel. It can assist users to do effective load sharing for multiple VPN tunnels according to real line bandwidth. Moreover, it offers three types of algorithms for load balancing and binding tunnel policy mechanism to let the administrator manage the network more flexibly.

- Three types of load sharing algorithm offered, Round Robin, Weighted Round Robin and Fastest
- Binding Tunnel Policy mechanism allows users to encrypt the data in transmission or specified service function in transmission and define specified VPN Tunnel for having effective bandwidth management
- Dial-out connection types contain IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec and GRE over IPsec
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- The TCP Session transmitted by using VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism will not be lost due to one of VPN Tunnels disconnected. Users do not need to reconnect with setting TCP/UDP Service Port again. The VPN Load Balance function can keep the transmission for internal data on tunnel stably



#### Load Balance Profile List

Jananoo I	Tomo Eloc			Sector actory Delaute
	The LAN-to-LA	AN Profile is disabled or under Dial-Ir	(Call Direction) at pres	ent.
Status	Name	Member1(Active)Type	Member2(Active)Typ	2
				~
/anced	~			
	: ive:NO]	ive:NO] The LAN-to-L Status Name	: ive:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In Status Name Member1(Active)Type	: ive:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In(Call Direction) at press Status Name Member1(Active)Type Member2(Active)Type

### General Setup

Status	⊛ Enable ○ Disable	
Profile Name		
Member1	Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile.	*
Member2	Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile.	*
Active Mode	⊙Backup ○Load Balance	

Update

Delete

Add

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Backup Profile List	Set to Factory Default - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	No The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	Status - "v" means such profile is enabled; "x" means such profile is disabled.
	Name - Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	Member1 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.
	Active - "Yes" means normal condition. "No" means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.
	<b>Type</b> - Display the connection type for that profile, such as IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec (NICE), L2TP over IPsec(MUST) and so on.
	Member2 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member2 drop down list below.

?

	Advanced - This button is available only when LAN to LAN profile (or more) is created.		
	VYN Backap Advance Settings - Windows Internet Explorer     Net Advance Settings - Windows Internet Explorer     Net Advance Settings - Windows Internet Explorer		
	VPN Backup Advance Settings  Profile Name: Backup1 ERD Mode:  Normal  Resume (Member 1 first)  Detail Information:  Environment Recovers Detection (ERD) Status: Normal Mode  OK Close  Close  Comparison Close Cl		
Load Balance Profile List	Set to Factory Default - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism profile.		
	No The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanis profile.		
	Status - "v" means such profile is enabled; "x" means such profile is disabled.		
	Name - Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Load Balance mechanism profile.		
	Member1 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.		
	Active - "Yes" means normal condition. "No" means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.		
	<b>Type</b> - Display the connection type for that profile, such a IPsec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec (NICE), L2TP over IPsec(MUST) and so on.		
	Member2 - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member2 drop down list below.		
	Advanced - This button is only available when there is one more profiles created in this page.		
	YYN Load Balance Advance Settings - Windows Internet Explorer     Atty-/192168.114/oo/spatib.htm		
	VPN Load Balance Advance Settings		
	Profile Name:       Loadbalan1         Load Balance Algorithm:		
	VPN Load Balance Policy		
	Tunnel Bind Table Index: (1~64) Active: Active V		
	Binding Dial Out Profile:		
	Src IP Start:         0.0.0         End:         255 255 255 255           Dest IP Start:         0.0.0         End:         255 255 255		
	Dest Port Start:   1   End: 65535     Protocol:   ANY   0		
	OK Close		
	DetailInformation [VTPN Load Balance Profile name: Loadbalan1 ] [Algorithm: Round Robin ]		
	<		

	Detailed information for this dialog, see later section - Advanced Load Balance and Backup.
General Setup	<ul> <li>Status- After choosing one of the profile listed above, please click Enable to activate this profile. If you click Disable, the selected or current used VPN TRUNK-Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile will not have any effect for VPN tunnel.</li> <li>Profile Name- Type a name for VPN TRUNK profile. Each profile can group two VPN connections set in LAN-to-LAN. The saved VPN profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be shown on Member1 and Member2 fields. The length of the name is</li> </ul>
	limited to 11 characters.
	Member 1/Member2 - Display the selection for LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles (configured in VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN) for you to choose for grouping under certain VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile.
	• No - Index number of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	• Name - Profile name of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	<ul> <li>Connection Type - Connection type of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>VPN ServerIP (Private Network) - VPN Server IP of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles.</li> </ul>
	Active Mode - Display available mode for you to choose. Choose Backup or Load Balance for your router.
	Add - Add and save new profile to the backup profile list. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in such new VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism profile will be locked. The profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in red. VPN TRUNK - VPN Load Balance mechanism profile will be locked. The profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in blue.
	Update - Click this button to save the changes to the Status (Enable or Disable), profile name, member1 or member2.
	Delete - Click this button to delete the selected VPN TRUNK profile. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in the deleted VPN TRUNK profile will be released and that profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in black.

## Time for activating VPN TRUNK — VPN Backup mechanism profile

VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism will be activated automatically after the initial connection of single VPN Tunnel off-line. The content in Member1/2 within VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism backup profile is similar to dial-out profile configured in LAN-to-LAN web page. VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup mechanism backup profile will process and handle everything unless it is off-line once it is activated.

### Time for activating VPN TRUNK — VPN Load Balance mechanism profile

After finishing the connection for one tunnel, the other tunnel will dial out automatically within two seconds. Therefore, you can choose any one of members under VPN Load Balance for dialing out.

### Time for activating VPN TRUNK — Dial-out when VPN Load Balance Disconnected

For there is one Tunnel created and connected successfully, to keep the load balance effect between two tunnels, auto-dial will be executed within two seconds.

To close two tunnels of load balance after connecting, please click **Disable** for **Status** in **General Setup** field.

### How can you set a VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile?

- 1. First of all, go to VPN and Remote Access>>LAN-to-LAN. Set two or more LAN-to-LAN profiles first that will be used for Member1 and Member2. If you do not set enough LAN-to-LAN profiles, you cannot operate VPN TRUNK VPN Backup /Load Balance mechanism profile management well.
- 2. Access into VPN and Remote Access>>VPN TRUNK Management.
- Set one group of VPN TRUNK VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism backup profile by choosing Enable radio button; type a name for such profile (e.g., 071023); choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member1 drop down list; choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member2 drop down list; and click Add at last.

Status	C Enable C Disable
Profile Name	071023
Member1	Please choose the combination that you want.
Member2	Please choose the combination that you want.
Attribute Mode	Please choose the combination that you want           No. (Name)         (Connection-Type)           1         To-A PlaceIPSec           2         To-B Site IPSec           192.168.2.25(20.20.20.0)           192.168.2.26(20.00.21.0)

4. Take a look for LAN-to-LAN profiles. Index 1 is chosen as Member1; index 2 is chosen as Member2. For such reason, LAN-to-LAN profiles of 1 and 2 will be expressed in red to indicate that they are fixed. If you delete the VPN TRUNK - VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile, the selected LAN-to-LAN profiles will be released and expressed in black.

### LAN-to-LAN Profiles:

-

/iew: 💿 All 🛛 Trunk				
Index	Name	Active	Status	
<u>1.</u>	To-A Place	V	offline	
<u>2.</u>	To-B Site	V	offline	
<u>3.</u>	To-C Place	V	offline	
<u>4.</u>	To-D Site	V	offline	
5.	???	X		

### How can you set a GRE over IPsec profile?

- 1. Please go to LAN to LAN to set a profile with IPsec.
- If the router will be used as the VPN Server (i.e., with virtual address 192.168.50.200). Please type 192.168.50.200 in the field of My GRE IP. Type IP address (192.168.50.100) of the client in the field of Peer GRE IP. See the following graphic for an example.

4. GRE Settings		
🔲 Enable IPsec Dial-Out	function CRE over IRcoo	
🔲 Logical Traffic	My GRE IP 192.168.50.200	Peer GRE IP 192.168.50.100
5. TCP/IP Network Settings		
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction Disable 💌
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.0	Route  Figure Route  Figure Route  Route  Figure Route  Ro
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local Network IP	192.168.25.1	Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only active if one single WAN is up )
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	More	
	ОК С	lear Cancel

3. Later, on peer side (as VPN Client): please type 192.168.50.100 in the field of My GRE IP and type IP address of the server (192.168.50.200) in the field of Peer GRE IP.

4. GRE Settings		
🗹 Enable IPsec Dial-Out	function GRE over IPsec	
Logical Traffic	My GRE IP 192.168.50.100	Peer GRE IP 192.168.50.200
5. TCP/IP Network Settings		
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction Disable
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do
Remote Network IP	192.168.25.0	Route 💌
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local Network IP	192.168.1.1	Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only active if one single WAN is up )
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0	
	More	
	ОК С	lear Cancel

## Advanced Load Balance and Backup

After setting profiles for load balance, you can choose any one of them and click Advance for more detailed configuration. The windows for advanced load balance and backup are different. Refer to the following explanation:

## Advanced Load Balance

🥖 VPN Load Balance Advance Settin	gs - Windows Internet Explorer	
🖉 http:// <b>192.168.1.1</b> /doc/vpntrlb.htm		
		^
VPN Load Balance Advance Set	tings	
Profile Name:	Loadbalan1	
Load Balance Algorithm:	Round Robin	
	O Weighted Round Robin	
	Auto Weighted	1
	○ According to Speed Ratio (Member1:Member2): 50:50 💌	
VPN Load Balance Policy		
	● Edit ○ Insert after	
Tunnel Bind Table Index:	(1~64)	_
Active:	Active V	=
Binding Dial Out Profile:	20 💌	
Src IP Start:	0.0.0.0 End: 255.255.255	
Dest IP Start:	0.0.0.0 End: 255.255.255	
Dest Port Start:	1 End: 65535	
Protocol:		
	OK Close	
Detail Information		
[VPN Load Balance Profil		^
[Algorithm: Round Robin	1	
		≡
		~
<		

Item	Description
Profile Name	List the load balance profile name.
Load Balance Algorithm	<b>Round Robin</b> - Based on packet base, both tunnels will send the packet alternatively. Such method can reach the balance of packet transmission with fixed rate.
	Weighted Round Robin -Such method can reach the balance of packet transmission with flexible rate. It can be divided into Auto Weighted and According to Speed Ratio. Auto Weighted can detect the device speed (10Mbps/100Mbps) and switch with fixed value ratio (3:7) for packet transmission. If the transmission rate for packets on both sides of the tunnels is the same, the value of Auto Weighted should be 5.5. According to Speed Ratio allows user to adjust suitable rate manually. There are 100 groups of rate ratio for Member1:Member2 (range from 1:99 to 99:1).
VPN Load Balance Policy	Below shows the algorithm for Load Balance.
	Edit - Click this radio button for assign a blank table for configuring Binding Tunnel.
	Insert after - Click this radio button to adding a new binding tunnel table.

	<ul> <li>Tunnel Bind Table Index- 128 Binding tunnel tables are provided by this device. Specify the number of the tunnel for such Load Balance profile.</li> <li>Active - In-active/Delete can delete this binding tunnel table. Active can activate this binding tunnel table.</li> <li>Binding Dial Out Index - Specify connection type for transmission by choosing the index (LAN to LAN Profile Index) for such binding tunnel table.</li> <li>Scr IP Start /End- Specify source IP addresses as starting point and ending point.</li> <li>Dest IP Start/End - Specify destination IP addresses as starting point and ending point.</li> <li>Dest Port Start /End- Specify destination service port as starting point and ending point.</li> <li>Dest Port Start /End- Specify destination service port as starting point and ending point.</li> <li>Protocol - Any means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here, such binding tunnel table can be established for TCP Service Port/UDP Service Port/ICMP/IGMP specified here.</li> <li>TCP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. UDP means when the source IP, destination IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. TCP/UPD means when the source IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP/UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. ICMP means when the source IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specified here and TCP/UDP Service Port also fits the number here, such binding tunnel table can be established. ICMP means when the source IP, destination port and fragment conditions match with the settings specif</li></ul>
Detail Information	established. This field will display detailed information for Binding Tunnel Policy. Below shows a successful binding tunnel policy for load balance:

PM Load Balance Advance Settings Profile Name: 1 Load Balance Adyorithm: ● Round Robin ● Auto Weighted Round Robin ● According to Speed Ratio (Member1:Member2): 50:50 ▼ VPN Load Balance Policy ● Edit ● Insert after Tunnel Bind Table Index: Active ♥ Binding Dial Out Profile: 1 ♥ Src IP Start: 00.0.0 End: 255.255.255 Dest Port Start: 1 ♥ ♥ Dest IP Start: 00.0.0 End: 255.255.255 Dest Port Start: 1 ♥ ♥ Set OK!! OK Close Detail Information [YPN Load Balance Profile name: 1 ] [Algorithm: Round Robin ] *No.1> Tunnel Bind Table Iddnex :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding Dial FIR = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255.255 Binding Dgt IP = 1 + 65535	192.168.1.1/doc/vpntrlb.htm		
Profile Name: 1 Load Balance Algorithm: ● Round Robin ● Weighted Round Robin ● According to Speed Ratio (Member1:Member2): 50:50 ▼ VPN Load Balance Policy PVN Load Balance Policy ● Edit ● Insert after Tunnel Bind Table Index: 11×64 Active: Active ■ Binding Dial Out Profile: 1 Dest IP Start: 00.0.0 End: 255:255:255 Dest IP Start: 00.0.0 End: 255:255:255 Dest IP Start: 00.0.0 End: 255:255:255 Dest Prot Start: 1 ■ Set OK!! ■ Close Detail Information [YEW Load Balance Profile name: 1] [Algorithm: Round Robin] *No.1> Tunnel Bind Table Idgex :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding Star IR = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255 Binding Dest IR = 1 ~ 65535 Binding Dest IR = 1 ~ 65535			1
<pre>● Edit ● Insert after Tunnel Bind Table Index: Active : Binding Dial Out Profile: Dest IP Start: Dest IP Start: Dest Port Start: Protocol: ANY ● 0 Set OK!! OK Close</pre> Detail Information [YFW Load Balance Profile name: 1 ] [Algorithm: Round Robin ] *No.1> Tunnel Bind Table Iddex :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding Diatal Out Index = 1 Binding Stor LP = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255 Binding Dats IR = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255 Binding Dats IR = 1 ~ 65535	Profile Name:	1 Round Robin Weighted Round Robin O Auto Weighted	:50 🗸
<pre>● Edit ● Insert after Tunnel Bind Table Index: Active: Binding Dial Out Profile: Dest IP Start: Dest IP Start: Dest Port Start: Protocol: ANY ♥ 0 Set OK!! OK Close</pre> Detail Information [YRV Load Balance Profile name: 1 ] [Algorithm: Round Robin ] *No.1> Tunnel Bind Table Idggsx :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding Star IP = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255 Binding Dest IP = 1 ~ 65535	VPN Load Balance Policy		
<pre>[YPR Load Balance Profile name: 1 ] [Algorithm: Round Robin ]  No.1&gt; Tunnel Bind Table Idnex :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding protocol = ANY Protocol Binding Stg IR = 192.168.10.24 ~ 255.255.255.255 Binding Dgt Port = 1 ~ 65535</pre>	Active: Binding Dial Out Profile: Src IP Start: Dest IP Start: Dest Port Start:	(1~64) Active ▼ 1 ▼ 0.00.0 End: 255 255 255 255 0.00.0 End: 255 255 255 255 1 End: 65535 ANY ▼ 0 Set OK!!	
<pre>No.1&gt; Tumnel Bind Table Idnex :1 Binding Dial Out Index = 1 Binding protocool = ANY Protocol Binding Sgs IR = 192.168.10.24 ~ 255.255.255.255 Binding Des IR = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255.255 Binding Dest Port = 1 ~ 65535</pre>	[VPN Load Balance Profi		^
	*No.1> Tunnel Bind ' Binding Dial Out Index Binding protocol Binding Dgt IR Binding Dgt IR	Table Idnex :1 = 1 = AWY Protocol = 192.168.10.24 ~ 255.255.255.255 = 192.168.1.20 ~ 255.255.255.255	
		ш.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		IP range (Start and End) and Bindin End). Choose TCP/UDP, IGMP/ICMP	

Advanced Backup

Ø	PN Backup Advance S	ettings - Windows Internet Explorer	
23	nttp:// <b>192.168.1.1</b> /doc/vpntr	bak.htm	
			~
VP	N Backup Advance	Settings	
	Profile Name:	Backup1	
	ERD Mode:	Normal	
		🔘 Resume (Member 1 first)	
	Detail Informatio	n:	
	Environment R	ecovers Detection(ERD) Status: Normal Mode	~
			~
		OK Close	
			×
<u>L</u>			>

Item	Description	
Profile Name	List the backup profile name.	
ERD Mode	ERD means "Environment Recovers Detection".	
	Normal - choose this mode to make all dial-out VPN TRUNK	

	backup profiles being activated alternatively.
	<b>Resume</b> - when VPN connection breaks down or disconnects, Member 1 will be the top priority for the system to do VPN connection.
Detail Information	This field will display detailed information for Environment Recovers Detection.

## **IV-1-10 Connection Management**

You can find the summary table of all VPN connections. You may disconnect any VPN connection by clicking **Drop** button. You may also aggressively Dial-out by using Dial-out Tool and clicking **Dial** button.

### VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

#### Dial-out Tool

General Mode:	▼ Dial	
Backup Mode:	▼ Dial	
Load Balance Mode:	▼ Dial	

### **VPN** Connection Status

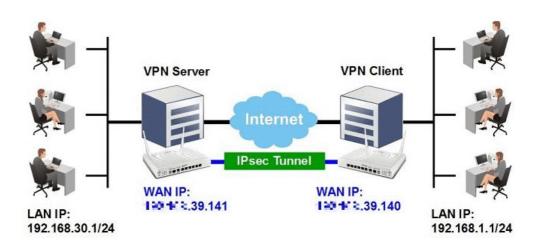
LAN	l-to-LAN VPN S	Status	Remote Dial-in U	ser Sta	atus			
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(bps)	UpTime
							encrypted. n't encrypte	

Item	Description
Dial-out Tool	General Mode - This filed displays the profile configured in LAN-to-LAN (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by General Mode does not support VPN backup function.
	Refresh Seconds :
	General Mode:         (Alfa)         192.168.0.26         Dial           Backup Mode:         Alfa)         192.168.0.26         Dial           Backup Mode:         Bentley)         192.168.0.27         Dial
	Load Balance Mode: Audi ) 192.168.0.28 BMW ) 192.168.0.29 Buick ) 192.168.0.30 Cadillac ) 192.168.0.31 Chrysler ) 192.168.0.32 Citroen ) 192.168.0.33 Daihatsu ) 192.168.0.34 Ferrari ) 192.168.0.35 Fiat ) 192.168.0.36
	Backup Mode - This filed displays the profile name saved in VPN TRUNK Management (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by Backup Mode supports VPN backup function.
	General Mode: (Alfa ) 192.168.0.26   Backup Mode: (VpnBackup ) 192.168.2.103  Dial Load Balance Mode: (VpnBackup ) 192.168.2.103 UpnBackup ) 192.168.2.203
	Dial - Click this button to execute dial out function.
	<b>Refresh Seconds</b> - Choose the time for refresh the dial information among 5, 10, and 30.
	<b>Refresh</b> - Click this button to refresh the whole connection status.

# **Application Notes**

## A-1 How to Build a LAN-to-LAN VPN Between Vigor Routers via IPsec Main Mode

This document introduces how to set up Main mode IPsec Tunnel between two Vigor Routers.IPsec VPN with Main mode use the IP address of VPN client as identifier, and the IP address must be set on VPN server; therefore, if the VPN client doesn't have a static IP, please use Aggressive mode instead.



## VPN Server (Dial-In Site) Setup

1. Create a Dial-In profile for VPN user, go to VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN, click on an available index to add a new profile.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

LAN-to-LA						Set to	Factory D
View: A	II O Trui Name	nk Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
1.	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
2.	???			18.	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
4.	???			20.	???		

2. Set up the dial-in profile.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Profile Name	Host	Call Direction	🔍 Both 🔍 Dia	l-Out 🖲 Dial-in
Enable this profile		Always on	1 <u>.1.5.</u>	
		Idle Timeout	300	second(s)
VPN Dial-Out Through		Enable PING to	keep IPsec t	unnel alive
WAN1 First		PING to the IP		
Netbios Naming Packet	Pass  Block			
Multicast via VPN	Pass  Block			
	mera, DHCP Relayetc.)			

2

In Common Settings,

- (a) Enter the Profile Name.
- (b) Enable this profile.
- (c) Set Call Direction to Dial-in.

In Dial-In Setting,

PPTP       Password(Max 11 char)         ✓ IPsec Tunnel       ✓ J Compression         SSL Tunnel       ✓ Pre-Shared Key         ✓ Specify Remote VPN Gateway       ✓ IKE Pre-Shared Key         ✓ Peer VPN Server IP       ✓ Digital Signature(X.509)         ✓ None ▼       ✓ Local ID         ✓ Alternative Subject Name First *       ✓ IPsec Security Method         ✓ Medium(AH)       ✓ High(ESP)         ✓ IKE Authentication Method       ✓ Medium(AH)	Allowed Dial-In Type	Username ???
<ul> <li>✓ IPsec Tunnel</li> <li>✓ J Compression</li> <li>✓ On ○ Of</li> <li>✓ IKE Authentication Method</li> <li>✓ Pre-Shared Key</li> <li>✓ Specify Remote VPN Gateway</li> <li>✓ Peer VPN Server IP</li> <li>✓ Digital Signature(X.509)</li> <li>None ▼</li> <li>Local ID</li> <li>④ Alternative Subject Name First</li> <li>○ Subject Name First *</li> <li>IPsec Security Method</li> <li>✓ Medium(AH)</li> <li>High(ESP)</li> <li>✓ DES Ø 3DES Ø AES</li> </ul>	PPTP	Password(Max 11 char)
SSL Tunnel       IKE Authentication Method		
<ul> <li>SSL Tunnel</li> <li>Pre-Shared Key</li> <li>IKE Pre-Shared Key</li> <li>Digital Signature(X.509)</li> <li>None ▼</li> <li>Local ID</li> <li>Alternative Subject Name First</li> <li>Subject Name First *</li> <li>IPsec Security Method</li> <li>✓ Medium(AH)</li> <li>High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES</li> </ul>	L2TP with IPsec Policy None	
✓ Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP ☐	SSL Tunnel	
© Specify Rendet VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP □		
None     ▼       Local ID     ● Alternative Subject Name First       Subject Name First *     IPsec Security Method       ✓ Medium(AH)     High(ESP)		
Dor Peer ID ● Alternative Subject Name First ● Subject Name First IPsec Security Method ✓ Medium(AH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES		
<ul> <li>● Alternative Subject Name First</li> <li>● Subject Name First *</li> <li>IPsec Security Method</li> <li>✓ Medium(AH)</li> <li>High(ESP)</li> <li>✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES</li> </ul>		Local ID
IPsec Security Method ✓ Medium(AH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES		Iternative Subject Name First
✓ Medium(ÅH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES		Subject Name First *
IKE Authentication Method		Medium(AH)
	IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key	Pre-Shared Key	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
2. And the first of the first of the second as the state of the state of the second se Second second sec	The stand day	yana parawan ng masarang malak ing panana pang nanang nanang nananang mananang manananan ang pang sa
Ok		OK

- (d) Make sure Allowed Dial-in Type has IPsec Tunnel enabled.
- (e) Enable Specify Remote VPN Gateway and enter Peer VPN Server IP as the public IP of VPN client router.
- (f) Click on IKE Pre-Shared Key and enter the Pre-shared Key.
- (g) Select the IPsec Security Method that are allowed to use.
- 3. In TCP/IP Network Settings, enter VPN Client's LAN network in Remote Network IP and Remote Network Mask. Click OK to save the profile.

My WAN IP	0.0.00	RIP Direction Disable 🔻				
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.00	From first subnet to remote network, you have to				
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.1	do				
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	100 J 001 D 005 258				
Local Network IP	192.168.30.1	IPsec VPN with the Same Subnets				
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0 More	Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )				

## VPN Client (Dial-out Site) Setup

1. Create a Dial-out profile to VPN server: Go to VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN, click on an available index to add a new profile.

VPN and F	Remote Acces	s >> LAN to L	AN				0
LAN-to-LA View:	AN Profiles: All O Tru	nk				Set to	Factory Default
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
1.	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
2.	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
3	222			19	222	-	

2. Setup the dial-out profile.

In Common Settings,

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

### Profile Index : 1

Profile Name	Client	Call Direction	Both 🖲 Dia	al-Out 🔍 Dia
Enable this profile		Always on	22.5	
		Idle Timeout	300	second(s)
VPN Dial-Out Through		Enable PING to I	keep IPsec t	unnel alive
WAN1 First	. 💌	PING to the IP		
Netbios Naming Packet	Pass  Block			
Multicast via VPN	Pass    Block			
(for some IGMP, IP-Ca	mera, DHCP Relayetc.)			

- (a) Enter a Profile Name.
- (b) Enable this profile.
- (c) Set Call Direction to Dial-Out.

In Dial-out Setting,

ype of Server I am calling	Username	222
© PPTP	and the set of the set	
	Password(Max 15 char) PPP Authentication	
IPsec Tunnel	PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS	CHADIO -
L2TP with IPsec Policy None	L.	
SSL Tunnel	VJ Compression	On Off
erver IP/Host Name for VPN. such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	IKE Authentication Metho Pre-Shared Key	d .
Ei E8.39.141	IKE Pre-Shared Key	
erver Port (for SSL Tunnel): 443	Digital Signature(X.5	509)
	Peer ID	None 🔻
	Local ID	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<ul> <li>Alternative Subje</li> <li>Subject Name Finder</li> </ul>	
	Local Certificate	None 🔻
	<ul> <li>Medium(AH)</li> <li>High(ESP) DES without Advanced</li> <li>Index(1-15) in <u>Schedul</u></li> </ul>	
IKE Authentication Method Pre-Shared Key Confirm Pre-Shared Key		

- (d) Select IPsec Tunnel for Type of Sever I am Calling.
- (e) Enter VPN Server's WAN IP or domain name in Sever IP/Host Name for VPN.
- (f) Click IKE Pre-Shared Key and enter the same Pre-Shared key as VPN Server.
- (g) Click on Advanced in IPsec Security Method.

In IKE advanced settings,

Main mod	e	Aggressive mode
Auto	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DES T		
28800	(900 ~ 86400)	
3600	(600 ~ 86400)	
Oisable		© Enable
	Auto DES ▼ 28800 3600	Auto         V           DES         V           28800         (900 ~ 86400)           3600         (600 ~ 86400)

- (h) Select Main Mode for IKE phase 1 mode.
- (i) Make sure phase 1 and phase 2 proposal are using the security methods which are accepted by VPN server.
- (j) Click OK to save.
- 3. In TCP/IP Network Settings, enter VPN Server's LAN Network in Remote Network IP and Remote Network Mask. Click OK to save the profile.

My WAN IP	0.0.00	RIP Direction Disable 🔻			
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.00	From first subnet to remote network, you have			
Remote Network IP	192.168.30.1	do			
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	Route V			
Local Network IP	192.168.1.1	IPsec VPN with the Same Subnets			
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0				
	More	Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )			

## **VPN Tunnel Establishment**

To initiate the VPN connection, go to VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management on VPN Client. Select the profile to VPN Sever and click Dial.

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

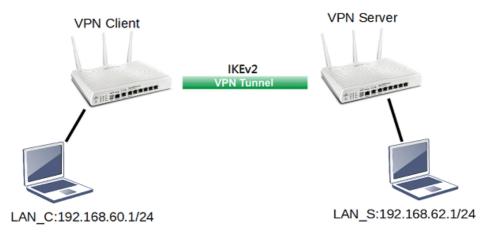
Dial-out Tool	Refre	sh Seconds	: 10 🔻	Refresh
General Mode: ( Client ) 💳 🚥 .39.141	•	Dial		
Backup Mode:	•	Dial		
Load Balance Mode:	•	Dial		

If all the settings are matched, the VPN will be established, and the statistics will be displayed on the same page.

## A-2 How to Build a LAN-to-LAN VPN Between Vigor Routers via IKEv2

Modified from the previous version IKEv1, IKEv2 is a new VPN protocol and has lots of improvements then the former. It is more stable, more secure and faster connection establishing speed. Support newer and more complicated secure ciphers to make the connection more secure. Using new connection progress and discard the PPP, IKEv2 provides the faster establishing speed.

This application note demonstrates how to establish IKEv2 VPN connection between two Vigor Routers by the following topology.



### **VPN Server Settings**

1. Go to VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup.

```
VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup
```

IKE Authentication Method	
Certificate for Dial-in	None 🔻
Pre-Shared Key	
Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	••••••
IPsec Security Method	
Medium (AH)	
Data will be authentic, but w	ill not be encrypted.
High (ESP) 🗹 DES 🗹 3D	es 🗷 Aes
Data will be encrypted and a	authentic.

- (a) Input Pre-shared Key and Confirm Pre-Shared Key.
- (b) Click OK.
- 2. Go to VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN and click an available index.

#### VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

### Profile Index : 1

1. Common Settings		
Profile Name  Profile this profile  VPN Dial-Out Through	Server	 <ul> <li>Both Dial-Out Dial-in</li> <li>GRE Tunnel</li> <li>0 second(s)</li> </ul>
WAN1 First Netbios Naming Packet	Pass 💿 Block	o keep IPsec tunnel alive

- (a) Check Enable this profile.
- (b) Select Dial-in as Call Direction.
- (c) Allow IPsec Tunnel in Dial-In Settings.
- (d) Input the IP address of LAN_C as Remote Network IP and Remote Network Mask.
- (e) Click OK.

## **VPN Client Settings**

1. Go to VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN and click an available index.

1. Common Settings		
Profile Name	Client	Call Direction 🛛 🔍 Both 🖲 Dial-Out 🔍 Dial-in
Enable this profile		Tunnel Mode 🛛 🔍 GRE Tunnel
		Always on
VPN Dial-Out Through		Idle Timeout 0 second(s)
WAN1 First	<b>T</b>	Enable PING to keep IPsec tunnel alive
Netbios Naming Packet		PING to the IP
	Pass   Block	
(for some IGMP, IP-Came	ara,DHCP Relayetc.)	
2. Dial-Out Settings		
Type of Server I am calling		Username ???
PPTP		Password(Max 15 char)
IPsec Tunnel	IKEv2 V	PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 *
L2TP with IPsec Polic	y None 🔻	VJ Compression    On  Off
SSL Tunnel		IKE Authentication Method
Comment D/U and Names from		Pre-Shared Key
Server IP/Host Name for (such as draytek.com or :		IKE Pre-Shared Key
ikev2.server.net		
Server Port (for SSL Tunn	el): 443	Digital Signature(X.509)     Peer ID     None     V
		Local ID
		Alternative Subject Name First
		Subject Name First
		Local Certificate None v
		IPsec Security Method
		Medium(AH)
		High(ESP) AES with Authentication
		Advanced
		Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:

- (a) Give a Profile Name.
- (b) Check Enable this profile.
- (c) Select Dial-Out as Call Direction.
- (d) Select IPsec Tunnel with IKEv2 in Dial-Out Settings.

- (e) Input VPN server's WAN IP or domain name at Server IP/Host Name for VPN.
- (f) Input Pre-Shard Key of VPN server.
- 2. In TCP/IP Network Settings, input the IP address of LAN_S as Remote Network IP and Remote Network Mask. Click OK to save the profile.

5. TCP/IP Network Settings							
My WAN IP	0.0.0.0	RIP Direction Disable 🔻					
Remote Gateway IP	0.0.0.0	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do					
Remote Network IP	192.168.62.1	Route   IPsec VPN with the Same Subnets					
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only active if one single WAN is up )					
Local Network IP	192.168.60.1						
Local Network Mask	255.255.255.0						
	More						
	OK	Clear Cancel					

## **VPN Tunnel Establishment**

To initiate the VPN connection, go to VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management. Select the VPN profile and click Dial.

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

Dial-out Tool
General Mode: (Client) ikev2.server.net
Backup Mode:
Load Balance Mode:
Dial
Dial
Dial

After VPN is established successfully, the VPN connection status will be shown below.

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

#### Dial-out Tool

General Mode: (Client) ikev2.server.net	•	Dial
Backup Mode:	•	Dial
Load Balance Mode:	•	Dial

#### VPN Connection Status

LAN-to-LAN VPN Status		Remote Dial-in User Status							
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Kbps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Kbps)	UpTime	
1 ( Client )	IKEv2 IPsec Tunnel AES-SHA1 Auth	192.168.29.29 via WAN2	192.168.62.1/24	8	35.26	9	35.26	0:0:59	Drop

xxxxxxxx : Data is encrypted.

xxxxxxxx : Data isn't encrypted.

# **IV-2 SSL VPN**

An SSL VPN (Secure Sockets Layer virtual private network) is a form of VPN that can be used with a standard Web browser.

There are two benefits that SSL VPN provides:

- It is not necessary for users to preinstall VPN client software for executing SSL VPN connection.
- There are less restrictions for the data encrypted through SSL VPN in comparing with traditional VPN.

# Web User Interface

SSL VPN
General Setup
User Account
User Group
Online User Status
USB Application

# IV-2-1 General Setup

This page determines the general configuration for SSL VPN Server and SSL Tunnel.

SSL VPN >> General Setup

#### SSL VPN General Setup

Bind to WAN	🗹 WAN1 🗹 WAN2 🗹 WAN3 🗹 WAN4
Port	443 (Default: 443)
Server Certificate	self-signed 💌

#### Note:

- 1. The settings will act on all SSL applications.
- 2. Please go to System Maintenance >> Management to enable SSLv3.0 .
- 3. Please go to System Maintenance >> Self-Signed Certificate to generate a new "self-signed" certificate.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Bind to WAN	Choose and check WAN interface(s) for SSL VPN tunnel establishment.
Port	Such port is set for SSL VPN server. It will not affect the HTTPS Port configuration set in System Maintenance>>Management. In general, the default setting is 443.
Server Certificate	When the client does not set any certificate, default certificate will be used for HTTPS and SSL VPN server. Choose any one of the user-defined certificates from the drop down list if users set several certificates previously. Otherwise, choose <b>Self-signed</b> to use the router's built-in default certificate. The default certificate can be used in SSL VPN server and HTTPS Web Proxy.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## IV-2-2 User Account

With SSL VPN, Vigor2862 series let teleworkers have convenient and simple remote access to central site VPN. The teleworkers do not need to install any VPN software manually. From regular web browser, you can establish VPN connection back to your main office even in a guest network or web cafe. The SSL technology is the same as the encryption that you use for secure web sites such as your online bank. The SSL VPN can be operated in either full tunnel mode or proxy mode. Now, Vigor2862 series allows up to 16 simultaneous incoming users.

For SSL VPN, identity authentication and power management are implemented through deploying user accounts. Therefore, the user account for SSL VPN must be set together with remote dial-in user web page. Such menu item will guide to access into VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-in user.

Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		

SSL VPN >> Remote Dial-in Use
-------------------------------

Note:

User Accounts need to be added into User Group to enable SSL Portal Login.

OK Cancel

Click each index to edit one remote user profile.

SSL VPN >> Remote Dial-in User	SSL	VPN	>>	Remote	Dial-in	User
--------------------------------	-----	-----	----	--------	---------	------

Index No. 1	
User account and Authentication  Enable this account Idle Timeout 300 second(s)	Username ??? Password(Max 19 char)
Allowed Dial-In Type          Image: PPTP         IPsec Tunnel         L2TP with IPsec Policy None	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP) PIN Code Secret IKE Authentication Method Pre-Shared Key
SSL Tunnel Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ID	IKE Pre-Shared Key         Digital Signature(X.509)         None         IPsec Security Method
Netbios Naming Packet   Pass  Block Multicast via VPN  Pass  Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)	<ul> <li>Medium(AH)</li> <li>High(ESP)</li> <li>DES</li> <li>3DES</li> <li>AES</li> <li>Local ID (optional)</li> </ul>
Subnet LAN 1 ▼ Assign Static IP Address D.0.0.0	
OK	Cancel

Item	Description			
User account and Authentication	Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function. Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of			
	the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.			
	User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name/password is limited to 23 characters.			
	<b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The length of the name/password is limited to 19 characters.			
	Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP) - Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.			
	PIN Code - Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).			
	Secret - Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).			
Allowed Dial-In Type	<b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.			
	<b>IPSec Tunnel</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.			
	L2TP with IPSec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can			

Item	Description				
	select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:				
	• None - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.				
	<ul> <li>Nice to Have - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> </ul>				
	• Must -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.				
	SSL Tunnel - It allows the remote dial-in user to make an SSL VPN Tunnel connection through Internet, suitable for the application through network accessing (e.g., PPTP/L2TP/IPSec)				
	If you check this box, the function of SSL Tunnel for this account will be activated immediately.				
	Specify Remote Node - Check the checkbox to specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode). If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.				
	Netbios Naming Packet				
	<ul> <li>Pass - Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> </ul>				
	• Block - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.				
	Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.				
	• Pass - Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.				
	• Block - This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.				
Subnet	Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile.				
	Assign Static IP Address - Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.				
IKE Authentication Method	This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.				
	<b>Pre-Shared Key</b> - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.				
	<b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b> - Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity.				
IPSec Security Method	This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method. Medium-Authentication Header (AH) means data will be				

Item	Description
	authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.
	High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
	Local ID - Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

# IV-2-3 User Group

There are 10 user group profiles which can be created for authentication by LDAP server. Such profiles will be used by applications such as User Management, VPN and etc.

SSL User Group Profile	s:	Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>		x
<u>2.</u>		х
<u>3.</u>		x
<u>4.</u>		х
<u>5.</u>		x
<u>6.</u>		x
<u>7.</u>		x
<u>8.</u>		x
<u>9.</u>		x
<u>10.</u>		x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
Index	Display the number of the client which connecting to FTP server.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

Click any index number link to open the following page for detailed configuration.

SSL VPN >> User Group

ndex No. 1 🖉 Enable Group Name	
Authentication Methods           Image: Constraint of the second s	
Available User Accounts	Selected User Accounts
RADIUS	
TACACS+	
LDAP / Active Directory	

Available	settinas	are	ex	blained	as	follows:
rivanuoro	Jornigs	ui c		Junica	us	10110113.

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable such profile.
Group Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.
Authentication Methods	It can determine the authentication method used for such profile. Local User DataBase - The system will do the authentication by using the user defined account profiles (in VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-In User). The enabled profiles will be listed in the Available User Account on the left box. To add a profile into a group, simply choose the one from the left box and click the >> button. It will be displayed in the Selected User Account on the right box. For detailed information about configuring the profile setting, refer to Objects Setting>>IP Group. RADIUS - The RADIUS server will do the authentication by using the username and password TACACS+ - The TACACS+ will do the authentication by using the username and password. LDAP / Active Directory - If it is checked, the LDAP / AD server will do the authentication by using the username, password, information stated on the selected profiles. If the above three options are enabled, the system will do the authentication based on them in sequence.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## IV-2-4 Online User Status

If you have finished the configuration of SSL Web Proxy (server), users can find out corresponding settings when they access into DrayTek SSL VPN portal interface.

Provide SSL VPN	Home	SSL Web Proxy SSL Tunnel	[ <u>loqout</u>
NFO	Main Page:		
Mike , (172.17.1.42) Welcome to DrayTek SSL VPN!		You have successfully logged in! You are given the following privileges: <u>SSL Web Proxy</u> <u>SSL Tunnel</u>	
Timeout after 5 minutes. [ <del>Reset</del> ]			

Next, users can open SSL VPN>> Online Status to view logging status of SSL VPN.

SSL VPN >> Online User Status

			Refresh Seconds : 5 💌 refresh
Active User	Host IP	Time out(seconds)	Action
Kate	192.168.30.14	299	Drop

Item	Description
Active User	Display current user who visits SSL VPN server.
Host IP	Display the IP address for the host.
Time out	Display the time remaining for logging out.
Action	You can click <b>Drop</b> to drop certain login user from the router's SSL Portal UI.

# **IV-3 Certificate Management**

A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

Any entity wants to utilize digital certificates should first request a certificate issued by a CA server. It should also retrieve certificates of other trusted CA servers so it can authenticate the peer with certificates issued by those trusted CA servers.

Here you can manage generate and manage the local digital certificates, and set trusted CA certificates. Remember to adjust the time of Vigor router before using the certificate so that you can get the correct valid period of certificate.

Below shows the menu items for Certificate Management.

# Web User Interface

Certificate Management
Local Certificate
Trusted CA Certificate
Certificate Backup

# IV-3-1 Local Certificate

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
			View Delete
			View Delete
			View Delete

#### Note:

1. Please setup the "System Maintenance >>  $\underline{\text{Time and Date}}$ " correctly before signing the local certificate.

2. The Time Zone MUST be setup correctly!!

GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Generate	Click this button to open Generate Certificate Request window.
	Type in all the information that the window requests. Then click Generate again.
Import	Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information.
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the information listed below.
View	Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.
Delete	Click this button to delete selected name with certification information.

## GENERATE

Click this button to open Generate Certificate Signing Request window. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click GENERATE again.

#### Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

Certificate Name	
Subject Alternative Name	
Туре	IP Address 💌
IP	
Subject Name	
Country (C)	
State (ST)	
Location (L)	
Organization (O)	
Organization Unit (OU)	
Common Name (CN)	
Email (E)	
Кеу Туре	RSA V
Key Size	1024 Bit 💌
Algorithm	SHA-256 🗸

Info

Please be noted that "Common Name" must be configured with router's WAN IP or domain name.

After clicking **GENERATE**, the generated information will be displayed on the window below:

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
server	/C=TW/ST=Hsinchu/L=Hsinchu/O	Requesting	View Delete
			View Delete
			View Delete

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

## IMPORT

Vigor router allows you to generate a certificate request and submit it the CA server, then import it as "Local Certificate". If you have already gotten a certificate from a third party, you may import it directly. The supported types are PKCS12 Certificate and Certificate with a private key.

Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information. There are three types of local certificate supported by Vigor router.

#### Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

Import X509 Local Certificate
Upload Local Certificate
Select a local certificate file.
Certificate file: Browse.
Click Import to upload the local certificate.
Import Cancel
Upload PKCS12 Certificate
Select a PKCS12 file.
PKCS12 file: Browse.
Password:
Click Import to upload the PKCS12 file.
Import Cancel
Upload Certificate and Private Key
Select a certificate file and a matchable Private Key.
Certificate file: Browse.,
Key file: Browse.,
Password:
Click Import to upload the local certificate and private key.
Import Cancel

Item	Description			
Upload Local Certificate	It allows users to import the certificate which is generated by Vigor router and signed by CA server.			
	If you have done well in certificate generation, the Status of the certificate will be shown as "OK".			
	Import X509 Local Certificate			
	Congratulation! Local Certificate has been imported successfully. Please click Back to view the certificate.			
	X509 Local Certificate Configuration			
	Name Subject Status Modify			
	draytekdemo /O=Draytek/OU=Draytek Sales/ OK View Delete			
	View Delete			
	View Delete			
	GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH			
Upload PKCS12 Certificate	It allows users to import the certificate whose extensions are usually .pfx or .p12. And these certificates usually need passwords.			
	Note that PKCS12 is a standard for storing private keys and certificates securely. It is used in (among other things) Netscape and Microsoft Internet Explorer with their import and export options.			
Upload Certificate and Private Key	It is useful when users have separated certificates and private keys. And the password is needed if the private key is encrypted.			

## REFRESH

Click this button to refresh the information listed below.

## View

Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.

http://192.168.1.1 - Certificate Si	gning Request Information - Microsoft Internet Explorer		
	Certificate Information		
Certificate Name :	server		
Issuer :			
Subject :	C=TW, ST=Hsinchu, L=Hsinchu, O=Draytek, OU=MKT, CN=DT, emailAddress=support@draytek.com		
Subject Alternative Name :			
Valid From :			
Valid To :			
PEM Format Content :	BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBwzCCASwCAQAwgYIxCzAJBgNVBAYTAIRXMRAwDgYDVQQIEwdIc2luY2h1MRAw DgYDVQQHEwdIc2luY2h1MRAwDgYDVQQKEwdEcmF5dGVrMQwwCgYDVQQLEwNNS1Qx CzAJBgNVBANTAKRUMSIwIAYJKoZIhvcNAQKBFhNzdXBwb3J0QGRyYXIOZWsuY29t MIGFNAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAAGNADCBiQKBgQCbO6gdDl7KUjwGouSPHYPwqIIa Ra/uaSCXJjhmJ+Vokmk8FRYkU28PTuWtavvPKH61M2cHDLRUJhQnXMAGbIuVsn3u k+2zW0Mp2IFpbnd7YgmQIBUx261Q1IK7vU/YmVYXIqR/CMhdpsgMOrGiK2M9sGVy uZ/T+QqY2k7GaQw6fQIDAQABoAAwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAB1iNMnczHBdu X07+ktPJaRyo2VKo9YTYQxJxuNrbVaJhvTx9NqHCyAi/DLMW5IQYJPs5Tz94Ddcr yC1rbh+206IsxcUzK7OGjMByYO1ubchHRYRAxi2RTNQYOICRscVJMExxAjpnXWNF IaNeOIwGZ/1Z/+BhlnYXzFQ8uZ1IsXY= END CERTIFICATE REQUEST	( ; 1 ≣ 1 1	
	Close		



You have to copy the certificate request information from above window. Next, access your CA server and enter the page of certificate request, copy the information into it and submit a request. A new certificate will be issued to you by the CA server. You can save it.

#### Delete

Click this button to remove the selected certificate.

## IV-3-2 Trusted CA Certificate

Trusted CA certificate lists three sets of trusted CA certificate. In addition, you can build a RootCA certificate if required.

When the local client and remote client are required to make certificate authentication (e.g., IPsec X.509) for data passing through SSL tunnel and avoiding the attack of MITM, a trusted root certificate authority (Root CA) will be used to authenticate the digital certificates offered by both ends.

However, the procedure of applying digital certificate from a trusted root certificate authority is complicated and time-consuming. Therefore, Vigor router offers a mechanism which allows you to generate root CA to save time and provide convenience for general user. Later, such root CA generated by DrayTek server can perform the issuing of local certificate.



Info

Root CA can be deleted but not edited. If you want to modify the settings for a Root CA, please delete the one and create another one by clicking Create Root CA.

Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate

#### X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
Root CA			Create
Trusted CA-1			View Delete
Trusted CA-2			View Delete
Trusted CA-3			View Delete

#### Note:

1.Please setup the "System Maintenance >> <u>Time and Date</u>" correctly before you try to generate a RootCA!!

2. The Time Zone MUST be setup correctly!!

IMPORT REFRESH

## **Creating a Root CA**

Click Create Root CA to open the following page. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click **GENERATE** again.

Certificate Management >> Root CA Certificate

Certificate Name	Root CA
Subject Alternative Name	
Туре	IP Address 💌
IP	
Subject Name	
Country (C)	
State (ST)	
Location (L)	
Organization (O)	
Organization Unit (OU)	
Common Name (CN)	
Email (E)	
Кеу Туре	RSA 🗸
Key Size	1024 Bit 😪
Algorithm	SHA-256 🗸

Generate

## **Importing a Trusted CA**

To import a pre-saved trusted CA certificate, please click **IMPORT** to open the following window. Use **Browse**... to find out the saved text file. Then click **Import**. The one you imported will be listed on the Trusted CA Certificate window.

Certificate Mana	gement >> Trusted CA Certificate
Import X509 Trus	ted CA Certificate
	Select a trusted CA certificate file.
	Browse.
	Click Import to upload the certification.
	Import Cancel

For viewing each trusted CA certificate, click **View** to open the certificate detail information window. If you want to delete a CA certificate, choose the one and click **Delete** to remove all the certificate information.

Certificate Information - Window	vs Internet Explorer	
http:// <b>192.168.1.1</b> /doc/XCaCfVi1.htm		
		1
	Certificate Detail Information	
Certificate Name:	Trusted CA-1	
Issuer:		
Subject:		
Subject Alternative Nar	me:	
Valid From:		
Valid To:		
	Close	

# IV-3-3 Certificate Backup

Local certificate and Trusted CA certificate for this router can be saved within one file. Please click **Backup** on the following screen to save them. If you want to set encryption password for these certificates, please type characters in both fields of **Encrypt password** and **Confirm password**.

Also, you can use **Restore** to retrieve these two settings to the router whenever you want.

Certificate Bac	:kup / Restoration
Backup	
	Encrypt password:
	Confirm password:
	Click Backup to download certificates to your local PC as a file.
Restoration	
	Select a backup file to restore.
	Browse.
	Decrypt password:
	Click Restore to upload the file.

Certificate Management >> Certificate Backup

# Part V Security





While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet.

CSM is an abbreviation of Central Security Management which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

# V-1 Firewall

While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet. Furthermore, it can filter out specific packets that trigger the router to build an unwanted outgoing connection.

## **Firewall Facilities**

The users on the LAN are provided with secured protection by the following firewall facilities:

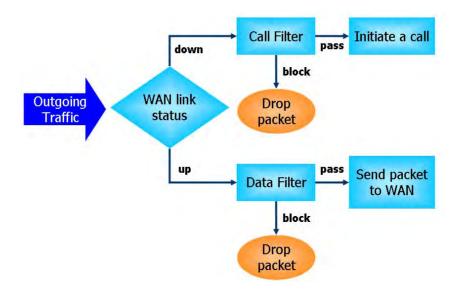
- User-configurable IP filter (Call Filter/ Data Filter).
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI): tracks packets and denies unsolicited incoming data
- Selectable Denial of Service (DoS) /Distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks protection

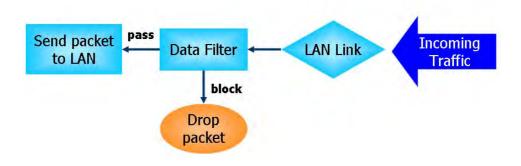
#### **IP Filters**

Depending on whether there is an existing Internet connection, or in other words "the WAN link status is up or down", the IP filter architecture categorizes traffic into two: Call Filter and Data Filter.

- Call Filter When there is no existing Internet connection, Call Filter is applied to all traffic, all of which should be outgoing. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass. Then the router shall "initiate a call" to build the Internet connection and send the packet to Internet.
- Data Filter When there is an existing Internet connection, Data Filter is applied to incoming and outgoing traffic. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass the router.

The following illustrations are flow charts explaining how router will treat incoming traffic and outgoing traffic respectively.





## Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Stateful inspection is a firewall architecture that works at the network layer. Unlike legacy static packet filtering, which examines a packet based on the information in its header, stateful inspection builds up a state machine to track each connection traversing all interfaces of the firewall and makes sure they are valid. The stateful firewall of Vigor router not only examines the header information also monitors the state of the connection.

## **Denial of Service (DoS) Defense**

The **DoS Defense** functionality helps you to detect and mitigate the DoS attack. The attacks are usually categorized into two types, the flooding-type attacks and the vulnerability attacks. The flooding-type attacks will attempt to exhaust all your system's resource while the vulnerability attacks will try to paralyze the system by offending the vulnerabilities of the protocol or operation system.

The **DoS Defense** function enables the Vigor router to inspect every incoming packet based on the attack signature database. Any malicious packet that might duplicate itself to paralyze the host in the secure LAN will be strictly blocked and a Syslog message will be sent as warning, if you set up Syslog server.

Also the Vigor router monitors the traffic. Any abnormal traffic flow violating the pre-defined parameter, such as the number of thresholds, is identified as an attack and the Vigor router will activate its defense mechanism to mitigate in a real-time manner.

The below shows the attack types that DoS/DDoS defense function can detect:

- 1. SYN flood attack
- 2. UDP flood attack
- 3. ICMP flood attack
- 4. Port Scan attack
- 5. IP options
- 6. Land attack
- 7. Smurf attack
- 8. Trace route

- 9. SYN fragment
- 10. Fraggle attack
- 11. TCP flag scan
- 12. Tear drop attack
- 13. Ping of Death attack
- 14. ICMP fragment
- 15. Unassigned Numbers

# Web User Interface

Below shows the menu items for Firewall.

Firewall
General Setup
Filter Setup
DoS Defense
Diagnose

## V-1-1 General Setup

General Setup allows you to adjust settings of IP Filter and common options. Here you can enable or disable the Call Filter or Data Filter. Under some circumstance, your filter set can be linked to work in a serial manner. So here you assign the Start Filter Set only. Also you can configure the Log Flag settings, Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets, and Accept incoming fragmented UDP packets.

Click Firewall and click General Setup to open the general setup page.

#### **General Setup Page**

Firewall >> General Setup

Such page allows you to enable / disable Call Filter and Data Filter, determine general rule for filtering the incoming and outgoing data.

eneral Setup	Default Rule	
Call Filter	Enable	Start Filter Set Set#1 🔻
	🔍 Disable	
Data Filter	🖲 Enable	Start Filter Set Set#2 🔻
	Disable	
<ul> <li>Always pa streaming)</li> </ul>		ed large packets (required for certain games and
🕑 Enable Str	ict Security Firewall	
Block routing (	connections initiated	from WAN 🔲 IPv4 🕑 IPv6

Packets are filtered by firewall functions in the following order: 1.Data Filter Sets and Rules 2.Block routing connections initiated from WAN 3.Default Rule

	OK Cancel	
Backup Firewall : Backup Re	estore Firewall: 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案	Restore

Note:

This will not backup the detail setting of Quality of Service and Schedule.

Item	Description
Call Filter	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Call Filter.
Data Filter	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Data Filter.
Accept large incoming	Some on-line games (for example: Half Life) will use lots of fragmented UDP packets to transfer game data. Instinctively as a secure firewall, Vigor router will reject these fragmented packets to prevent attack unless you enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets". By checking this box, you can play these kinds of on-line games. If security concern is in higher priority, you cannot enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets".
Enable Strict Security Firewall	For the sake of security, the router will execute strict security checking for data transmission. Such feature is enabled in default. All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall. If the firewall system (e.g., content filter server) does not make any response (pass or block) for these packets, then the router's firewall will block the packets directly.
Block routing connections initiated from WAN	Usually, IPv6 network sessions/traffic from WAN to LAN will be accepted by IPv6 firewall in default. IPv6 - To prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN, check the box to make the packets (routed from WAN to LAN) via IPv6 being blocked by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT. IPv4 - To prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN, check the box to make the incoming packets via IPv4 being blocked by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.
Backup Firewall	Click Backup to save the firewall configuration.
Restore Firewall	Click Select to choose a firewall configuration file. Then click Restore to apply the file.

## **Default Rule Page**

Such page allows you to choose filtering profiles including QoS, Load-Balance policy, WCF, APP Enforcement, URL Content Filter, for data transmission via Vigor router.

General Setup	Default Rule			
Actions for defa	ult rule:			
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog	
Filter		Pass 🔻		
Sessions Contro	I	0 / 60000		
Quality of Servi	<u>ce</u>	None 🔻		
<u>User Manageme</u>		None 🔻		
APP Enforceme	<u>nt</u>	None 🔻		
URL Content Fil	ter	None 🔻		
<u>Web Content Fi</u>	lter	None 🔻		
DNS Filter		None 🔻		
Advance Settir	ıg	Edit		

Firewall >> General Setup

Backup Firewall : Backup	Restore Firewall:	選擇檔案	未選擇任何檔案	Restore
			]	
Note:				

This will not backup the detail setting of Quality of Service and Schedule.

Item	Description	Description		
Filter	Select <b>Pass</b> or <b>Block</b> for the packets that do not match with the filter rules.			
	Filter	Pass 💌 Pass Block		
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 70000.			
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be app For detailed information of setting Qo related section later.			

	None 💙
	Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here. None User Object [Create New User] User Group [Create New Group] ALL When there is no user profile or group profile existed, Create New User or Create New Group item will appear for you to click to create a new one.
APP Enforcement	Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
URL Content Filter	Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
Web Content Filter	Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
DNS Filter	Select one of the DNS Filter profile settings (created in CSM>>DNS Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or click the DNS Filter link in this page to create a new profile.
Advance Setting	Click Edit to open the following window. However, it is

	strongly recommended	to use the default	settings here.
	Firewall >> General Setup		3
	Advance Setting		
	Codepage	ANSI(1252)-Latin I	*
	Window size:	65535	
	Session timeout:	1440	Minute
	·		)
	ОК	Close	
	Codepage - This function		
	among different language		
	help the system obtain co from URL and enhance th		
	The default value for this		
	do not choose any codepa		
	processed. Please use the	e drop-down list to	o choose a
	codepage.		
	If you do not have any ide		
	please open Syslog. From		
	dialog, you will see the re	ecommended code	epage listed on the
	dialog box.		
	Dray Tek		Syslog Utility
		192 188 1 1 😽 WAN	Information TX Rate RX Rate
	Log Farr Keyword Milk		
	Apply for Tool Setup Telast Real-out Setup Codepage Inform	ntion Recovery Network Information Net State	
	Frend Windows Version: 5 01:2600		
	System 2013-06 BECOMMENDED CODEPACE 950 (ANSLOEM - Tradinonal Chanse Big5) 06at 21 00a6 7c 00a9 63 00as 61 00at 24 00as 52	0052 32 0053 33 0059 31 005e 61 00e0 41 00e1 41 00	k2:41 00x3 41 00x
	2013-00 2013-00 2013-00 2013-00		9
	2013-06 2013-06 2013-06		
	2013-08 2013-09 2013-09		1.0
	2013-08 2013-08 2013-08	(	Save Codepages
	2013-06 2013-05 2013-05		(P)
	2013-05		P
	Window size - It determi		•
	(0~65535). The more the performance will be. How		
	small value will be prope		
	Session timeout - Setting		ions can make the
	best utilization of networ		
Backup Firewall	Click Backup to save the	firewall configura	ation.
Restore Firewall	Click Select to choose a t	0	tion file. Then
	click Restore to apply the	e file.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## V-1-2 Filter Setup

Click Firewall and click Filter Setup to open the setup page.

Firewall >> Filter Setup

Filter Se	tup		Set to Factory Default
Set	Comments	Set	Comments
<u>1.</u>	Default Call Filter	<u>7.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	Default Data Filter	<u>8.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>9.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>10.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>11.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>12.</u>	

To edit or add a filter, click on the set number to edit the individual set. The following page will be shown. Each filter set contains up to 7 rules. Click on the rule number button to edit each rule. Check **Active** to enable the rule.

#### Firewall >> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set

Filter : Comn		Default Call Filte	i.							
Rule	Active	Comments	Direction	Src IP	Dst IP	Service Type	Action	CSM ^I		Move Down
1		Block NetBios	LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to any	Block Immediately			<u>Down</u>
2			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
3			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>4</u>			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>5</u>			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
<u>6</u>			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	<u>Down</u>
Ţ			LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any	Pass Immediately		<u>UP</u>	
ilter	Set 1 <u>2</u>	345678910	11 12				Next Filte	r Set	Non	e 🗸

O Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages

Advance Mode: all settings in one page

OK Clear Cancel

Item	Description
Filter Rule	Click a button numbered (1 ~ 7) to edit the filter rule. Click the button will open Edit Filter Rule web page. For the detailed information, refer to the following page.
Active	Enable or disable the filter rule.
Comment	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 23-character long.
Direction	Display the direction of packet.
Src IP / Dst IP	Display the IP address of source /destination.
Service Type	Display the type and port number of the packet.

Action	Display the packets to be passed /blocked.
CSM	Display the content security managed
Move Up/Down	Use Up or Down link to move the order of the filter rules.
Next Filter Set	Set the link to the next filter set to be executed after the current filter run. Do not make a loop with many filter sets.
Wizard Mode	Allow to configure frequently used settings for filter rule via several setting pages.
Advance Mode	Allow to configure detailed settings of filter rule.

To use Wizard Mode, simple do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Wizard Mode radio button.
- 2. Click Index 1. The setting page will appear as follows:

Firewall >>	Edit Filter	Set >> Edit	Filter Rule Wi:	rard

r Set 1 Rule 1		
Firewall Rule applies	; to packets that meet the following c	riteria
Comments:	Block NetBios	
Direction:	LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	*
Source IP:	Any Address 🛛 🐱	
	Start IP Address	0.0.0.0
	End IP Address	0.0.0.0
	Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Destination IP:	Any Address 🐱	
	Start IP Address	0.0.0.0
	End IP Address	0.0.0.0
	Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Protocol:	TCP/UDP 💌	
Source Port	= 🖌 137 ~139	
Destination Port	= 🖌 1 ~65535	

Item	Description	
Comments	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14- character long.	
Direction	Set the direction of packet flow. It is for Data Filter only. For the Call Filter, this setting is not available since Call Filter is only applied to outgoing traffic. LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN WAN -> LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN Note: RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet or other LAN.	
Source/Destination IP	To set the IP address manually, please choose Any Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address as the Address Type and type them in this dialog.	

Protocol	Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule will apply to.
Source Port / Destination Port	<ul> <li>(=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.</li> <li>(!=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(&gt;) - the port number greater than this value is available.</li> <li>(&lt;) - the port number less than this value is available for this profile.</li> </ul>

3. Click **Next** to get the following page.

Filter Set 1 Rule 1	
Based on the settings in the <b>Pass</b>	e previous pages, we guess you want to have:
The current setting is :	
Pass Immediately	
APP Enforcement:	None
URL Content Filter:	None
Web Content Filter:	1-Default 💌
DNS Filter	None
🔘 Block Immediately	
Back	Next Finish Cancel

Item	Description
Pass Immediately	Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.
	APP Enforcement - Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
	URL Content Filter - Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile fo choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
	Web Content Filter - Select one of the Web Content Filte profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) fo

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule Wizard

	applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
	DNS Filter - Select one of the DNS Filter profile settings (created in CSM>>DNS Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or click the DNS Filter link from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile.
Block Immediately	Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.

4. After choosing the mechanism, click Next to get the summary page for reference.

Firewall >>	Edit Filter	Set >> Edit	t Filter Rule Wizard	Ł

Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Configuration Summary

Comments :	Block NetBios
Direction	
LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN ->	> WAN
Criteria	
Source IP	Any
Destination IP	Any
Protocol	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137 ~ 139 to any
More options	
Pass Immediately	
	APP Enforcement : None
	URL Content Filter : None
	Web Content Filter : 1 - Default
	DNS Filter : None

5. If there is no error, click Finish to complete wizard setting.

To use Advance Mode, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Advance Mode radio button.
- 2. Click **Index 1** to access into the following page.

Firewall >>	Edit	Filter	Set >>	Edit	Filter	Rule
				_		

ter Set 1 Rule 1		
🗹 Check to enable the Filter Rule		
Comments:	Block NetBios	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	,,,,	
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 💙	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block Immediately 🛛 🐱	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None 🔽	
Sessions Control	0/60000	
MAC Bind IP	Non-Strict 🔽	
Quality of Service	None 😽	
<u>User Management</u>	None 🗸	
APP Enforcement:	None 🔽	
URL Content Filter	None 🔽	
Web Content Filter:	None 🗸	
DNS Filter	None 😽	
	Edit	

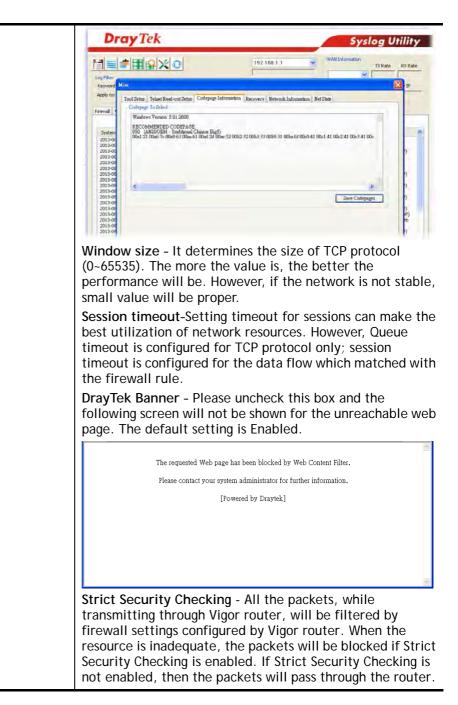
Item	Description
Check to enable the Filter Rule	Check this box to enable the filter rule.
Comments	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14- character long.
Index(1-15)	Set PCs on LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.
Clear sessions when schedule ON	Check this box to clear the sessions when the above schedule profiles are applied.
Direction	Set the direction of packet flow. It is for Data Filter only. For the Call Filter, this setting is not available since Call Filter is only applied to outgoing traffic.

	LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> WAN WAN -> LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN -> LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN Note: RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet or other LAN.		
Source/Destination IP	Click Edit to access into the following dialog to choose the source/destination IP or IP ranges.		
	Start IP Address       0.0.0         End IP Address       0.0.0         Subnet Mask       0.0.0         Invert Selection       Invert Selection         IP Group       None IP         or IP Object       None IP         or IP V6 Object       None IP         or IP V6 Object       None IP         or IP V6 Object       None IP         OK       Close		
	To set the IP address manually, please choose Any Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address as the Address Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the IP range from defined groups or objects, please choose Group and Objects as the Address Type.		
	Group and Objects  Any Address Single Address Range Address Subnet Address Group and Objects From the IP Group drop down list, choose the one that you want to apply. Or use the IP Object drop down list to choose the object that you want.		
Service Type	Click Edit to access into the following dialog to choose a suitable service type.		

	🖉 Service Type Edit - Windows Internet Explorer
	http://192.168.1.1.Mocnpfstedt.htm
	Service Type Edit Service Type User defined
	Protocol TCP/UDP V Source Port = V 137 ~139
	Destination Port
	Service Group     None       or Service Object     None
	or Service Object None  or Service Object None
	OK Close
	To set the service type manually, please choose User defined as the Service Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the service type from defined groups or objects, please choose Group and Objects as the Service Type.
	User defined 🛛 👻
	User defined
	Group and Objects
	<b>Protocol</b> - Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule will apply to.
	Source/Destination Port -
	(=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.
	(!=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.
	(>) - the port number greater than this value is available.
	(<) - the port number less than this value is available for this profile.
	Service Group/Object - Use the drop down list to choose the one that you want.
Fragments	Specify the action for fragmented packets. And it is used for Data Filter only.
	<i>Don't care -</i> No action will be taken towards fragmented packets.
	Unfragmented - Apply the rule to unfragmented packets.
	Fragmented - Apply the rule to fragmented packets.
	<i>Too Short</i> - Apply the rule only to packets that are too short to contain a complete header.
Filter	Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.
	Block Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.
	Pass Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.
	Block If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.

	Pass If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed through.	
Branch to other Filter Set	If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set. Select next filter rule to branch from the drop-down menu. Be aware that the router will apply the specified filter rule for ever and will not return to previous filter rule any more.	
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.	
MAC Bind IP	Strict – Make the MAC address and IP address settings configured in IP Object for Source IP and Destination IP are bound for applying such filter rule. No-Strict - no limitation.	
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later. None Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default	
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here. None User Object [Create New User] User Group [Create New Group] ALL Note: When there is no user profile or group profile existed, Create New User or Create New Group item will appear for you to click to create a new one.	
APP Enforcement	Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.	
URL Content Filter	Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to	

	record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.		
Web Content Filter	Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.		
DNS Filter	Select one of the DNS Filter profile settings (created in CSM>>DNS Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or click the DNS Filter link from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile.		
Advance Setting			



3. When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

## V-1-3 DoS Defense

As a sub-functionality of IP Filter/Firewall, there are 15 types of detect/ defense function in the **DoS Defense** setup. The DoS Defense functionality is disabled for default.

Click Firewall and click DoS Defense to open the setup page.

#### Firewall >> DoS defense Setup

DoS defense Setup			
Enable DoS Defense Select All			
Enable SYN flood defense	Threshold	2000	packets / sec
	Timeout	10	sec
Enable UDP flood defense	Threshold	2000	packets / sec
	Timeout	10	sec
Enable ICMP flood defense	Threshold	250	packets / sec
	Timeout	10	sec
Enable Port Scan detection	Threshold	2000	packets / sec
Block IP options	Block TCP flag	scan	
Block Land	🗌 Block Tear Droj	р	
Block Smurf	🗌 Block Ping of D	eath	
Block trace route	🗌 Block ICMP frag	gment	
Block SYN fragment	🗌 Block Unassign	ed Numb	ers
Block Fraggle Attack			
			1

Clear All

Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

ΟK

Item	Description	
Enable Dos Defense	Check the box to activate the DoS Defense Functionality.	
Select All	Click this button to select all the items listed below.	
Enable SYN flood defense	Check the box to activate the SYN flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the TCP SYN packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent TCP SYN packets for a period defined in Timeout. The goal for this is prevent the TCP SYN packets' attempt to exhaust the limited-resource of Vigor router.	
	By default, the threshold and timeout values are set to 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.	
Enable UDP flood defense	Check the box to activate the UDP flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the UDP packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent UDP packets for a period defined in Timeout. The default setting for threshold and timeout are 2000	

	packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable ICMP flood defense	Check the box to activate the ICMP flood defense function. Similar to the UDP flood defense function, once if the Threshold of ICMP packets from Internet has exceeded the defined value, the router will discard the ICMP echo requests coming from the Internet.
	The default setting for threshold and timeout are 250 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 250 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable Port Scan detection	Port Scan attacks the Vigor router by sending lots of packets to many ports in an attempt to find ignorant services would respond. Check the box to activate the Port Scan detection. Whenever detecting this malicious exploration behavior by monitoring the port-scanning Threshold rate, the Vigor router will send out a warning.
	By default, the Vigor router sets the threshold as 2000 packets per second. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event".
Block IP options	Check the box to activate the Block IP options function. The Vigor router will ignore any IP packets with IP option field in the datagram header. The reason for limitation is IP option appears to be a vulnerability of the security for the LAN because it will carry significant information, such as security, TCC (closed user group) parameters, a series of Internet addresses, routing messagesetc. An eavesdropper outside might learn the details of your private networks.
Block Land	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router to defense the Land attacks. The Land attack combines the SYN attack technology with IP spoofing. A Land attack occurs when an attacker sends spoofed SYN packets with the identical source and destination addresses, as well as the port number to victims.
Block Smurf	Check the box to activate the Block Smurf function. The Vigor router will ignore any broadcasting ICMP echo request.
Block trace route	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router not to forward any trace route packets.
Block SYN fragment	Check the box to activate the Block SYN fragment function. The Vigor router will drop any packets having SYN flag and more fragment bit set.
Block Fraggle Attack	Check the box to activate the Block fraggle Attack function. Any broadcast UDP packets received from the Internet is blocked.
	Activating the DoS/DDoS defense functionality might block some legal packets. For example, when you activate the fraggle attack defense, all broadcast UDP packets coming from the Internet are blocked. Therefore, the RIP packets from the Internet might be dropped.

Block TCP flag scan	Any TCP packet with anoma	he Block TCP flag scan function. ly flag setting is dropped. Those no flag scan, FIN without ACK an and full Xmas scan.				
Block Tear Drop	Many machines may crash w (packets) that exceed the n	he Block Tear Drop function. when receiving ICMP datagrams naximum length. To avoid this uter is designed to be capable of ICMP packets with a length				
Block Ping of Death	Check the box to activate the Block Ping of Death function This attack involves the perpetrator sending overlapping packets to the target hosts so that those target hosts will hang once they re-construct the packets. The Vigor router will block any packets realizing this attacking activity.					
Block ICMP Fragment	Check the box to activate the Block ICMP fragment function. Any ICMP packets with more fragment bit set an dropped.					
Block Unassigned Numbers	Check the box to activate the Block Unknown Protocol function. Individual IP packet has a protocol field in the datagram header to indicate the protocol type running over the upper layer. However, the protocol types greater tha 100 are reserved and undefined at this time. Therefore, the router should have ability to detect and reject this kind of packets.					
Warning Messages	from Vigor router. The user, the report sending from Vig Client. All the warning messages re sent to user and user can re	elated to <b>DoS Defense</b> will be eview it through Syslog daemon. In the message, followed by a				
	SysLog / Mail Alert Setup         SysLog Access Setup         ✓ Enable         Syslog Save to:         ✓ Syslog Server         USB Disk         Router Name         Server IP Address         Destination Port         514         Mail Syslog         Enable         Enable         Server IP Address	Mail Alert Setup         Image: SmTP Server         SMTP Port         SMTP Port         25         Mail To         Return-Path         Jauthentication         User Name         Password         Enable E-Mail Alert:				
		Enable ErMail Auert. ☑ Do S Attack ☑ IM-P2P ☑ VPN LOG				
	User Access Log VAN Log Calculater/DSL information AlertLog Setup Enable	<ul> <li>✓ DoS Attack</li> <li>✓ IM-P2P</li> <li>✓ VPN LOG</li> <li>SB Disk is ticked for "Syslog Save to".</li> </ul>				

Lay Piter  Kerywold  Kerywold  Asolv to:  All  Petered  VMN IP  Galeway IP  Galeway IP  Galeway IP  Control In  Co	Dray	lek			Syslog Utilit
Othory System East         Othory System East         Othory System East         Othory System East           P Fritter Log         CSMLug         Defense Log         Image: System East         Image: Syst	Log Piker Keyword: Apply to:	NI M	Refresh	U LAU Information TX Parkets RX Parkets	TX Rate RX Ra
System Time         Router Time         Host         Message           2013-04-20 11:53747         Aug 2013/5305         Vigor-router         [D00][d000][fraggle_stack][0.0.0.0560-225,275,255,255,257,100*][tem-20, tem-576]           2013-04-20 11:53747         Aug 2013/5305         Vigor-router         [D00][d000][fraggle_stack][0.0.0.0560-225,275,255,255,256,271,00*][tem-20, tem-576]           2013-04-20 11:53747         Aug 2013/5305         Vigor-router         [D00][d001[fraggle_stack][12:10.0.1.04744-255,555,272,575,5597][D0*][tem-20, tem-576]           2013-04-20 11:53747         Aug 2013/5302         Vigor-router         [D00][d001[fraggle_stack][10:10.0.06166-255,255,555,5757][D0*][tem-20, tem-576]	the second second				
System Time         Router Time         Host         Message           2013-04/20 11:53:47         Aug 2013:53:07         Wigen-router         [Colo [Uoc] [Incgde, ettack [ 0.0.0.0:68-x255;255;255;255;255;255;255;255;255;255	IP Filter Log CSML	og Defense Log			
2012-00-2012-04-2012-05-2022 App 2012-05-2022 Migrosciente (Confilies/diffinaçãe attact\[Confilies/diffinaçãe attact\[Confilies/diff	Today be	August Sur-		1000000	E Petue
	2013-08-28 11:53 2013-08-28 11:53 2013-08-28 11:53 2013-08-28 11:53 2013-08-28 11:53	High         Aug 20 03:53:05           High         Aug 20 03:53:05           High         Aug 20 03:53:05           High         Aug 20 03:53:05           High         Aug 20 03:53:03           High         Aug 20 03:53:03	Vigor-router Vigor-router Vigor-router Vigor-router	[DOS][Bock][Fragle_stack][0.0.0060-225 [DOS][Bock][Fragle_stack][0.0.0060-225 [DOS][Bock][Fragle_stack][192.160.1.1047 [DOS][Bick][Fragle_stack][10.0.0068-225	255.255.255.255.255.255.255.255.9997[UDP][Hen=20, TLen=576] 44->255.255.255.255.255.9997[UDP][Hen=20, TLen=576]

### V-1-4 Diagnose

1nfo

The purpose of this function is to test when the router receiving incoming packet, which firewall rule will be applied to that packet. The test result, including firewall rule profile, IP address translation in packet transmission, state of the firewall fuctions and etc., also will be shown on this page.

#### The result obtained by using Diagnose is offered for RD debug. It will be different according to actual state such as netework connection, LAN/WAN settings and so on. Firewall >> Diagnose Mode O ICMP 💿 UDP 🔘 TCP | IPv4 🔽 Direction From LAN 🗸 Test View В A LAN Src IP 192.168.1.111 Dst IP 7.7.7.7 Firewall Src Port 22222 Dst Port 51348 :00 Src MAC 00 :00 :00 :00 :00 Packet & Payload Packet Enable Direction Protocol UDP:Customize A->B 🔽 1 B->A 🗸 2 UDP:Customize Note:

This is firewall live test which need setup WAN and plug cable in.

Analyze

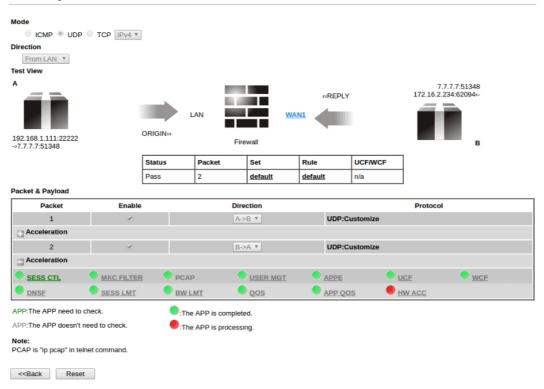
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Mode	To have a firewall rule test, specify the service type (ICMP, UDP, TCP) of the packet and type of the IP address (IPv4/IPv6).
Direction	Set the way (from WAN or from LAN) that Vigor router receives the first packet for test. Different way means the firewall will process the connection initiated from LAN or from WAN.
Test View	This is a dynamic display page.
	According to the direction specified, test view will display the figure to guide you typing IP address, port number, and MAC address.
	Later, after clicking the Analyze button, the information for the firewall rule profile and address translation will be shown on this page.
Src IP	Type the IPv4/IPv6 address of the packet's source.
Src Port	Type the port number of the packet's source.
Src MAC	Type the MAC address of the packet's source.

Dst IP	Type the IPv4/IPv6 address of the packet's destination.				
Dst Port	Type the port number of the packet's destination.				
Packet & Payload	In firewall diagnose, two packets belong to one connection. In general, two packets are enough for Vigor router to perform this test.				
	Enable - Check the box to send out the test packet.				
	Direction - The first packet of the firewall test will follow the direction specified above. However, the direction for the second packet might be different. Simply choose the direction (from Computer A to B or from the B to A) for th second packet.				
	<b>Protocol</b> - It displays the mode selected above and the sate. If required, click the mode link to configure advanced setting. The common service type (Customize, Ping, Trace Route / Customize, DNS, Trace Route / Customize, Http(GET) related to that mode (ICMP / UDP / TCP) will be shown on the following dialog box.				
	of ICMP Protocol Setting - 楓樹瀏覽器   □   □   X				
	□ 192.168.1.1/doc/fwdiagicmp.htm Q 🧭 ↓				
	Type ● Customize ● Ping ● Trace Route Destination Unreachable ▼ Payload Echo Request Echo Reply Destination Unreachable OK				
	<ul> <li>Type - Choose Customize, Ping, Trace Route / Customize, DNS, Trace Route / Customize, Http</li> </ul>				
	(GET).				
	<ul> <li>(GET).</li> <li>Payload - It is available when Customzie is selected. Simply type 16 HEX characters which represent certain packet (e.g., DNS packet) if you want to set the data transfered with protocol (ICMP/UDP/TCP) which is different to Type setting.</li> </ul>				

The following figure shows the test result after clicking **Analyze**. Processing state for the fuctions (MAC Filter, QoS, User management, etc.,) related to the firewall will be displayed by green or red LED.

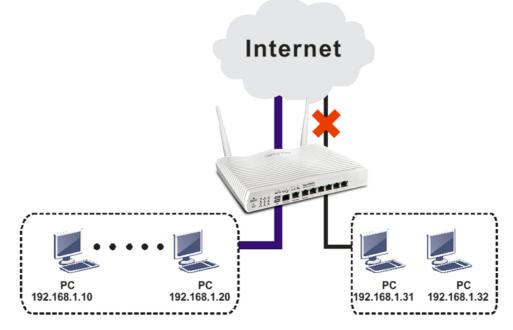
Firewall >> Diagnose



## **Application Notes**

#### A-1 How to Configure Certain Computers Accessing to Internet

We can specify certain computers (e.g.,  $192.168.1.10 \sim 192.168.1.20$ ) accessing to Internet through Vigor router. Others (e.g., 192.168.1.31 and 192.168.1.32) outside the range can get the source from LAN only.



The way we can use is to set two rules under Firewall. For Rule 1 of Set 2 under Firewall>>Filter Setup is used as the default setting, we have to create a new rule starting from Filter Rule 2 of Set 2.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Open Firewall>>Filter Setup. Click the Set 2 link, choose Advance Mode and choose the Filter Rule 2 button.

ter Setup	)								
Set		Comments			Set	Comments			
<u>1.</u>	Default Call Fi	ilter			<u>7.</u>				
<u>2.</u>	Default Data I	Filter			<u>8.</u>				
<u> </u>					<u>9.</u>				
4					<u>10.</u>				
5					<u>11.</u>				
<u>6</u>					<u>12.</u>				
	ilter Setup >> Edit Fi	lter Set							_
ilter S 2 comments :	Default Data Filter							Move	Mm
ilter S 2 comments :	Default Data Filter	Iter Set	Src IP D	)st IP	Service Type	Action	CSM	Move Up	
ilter S 2 comments :	Default Data Filter				Service Type TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to 53	Action Block Immediately	CSM		
ilter Si 2 comme ts : Rule A ive	Default Data Filter Comments ×NetBios ->	Direction LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN ->	Any	Any	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to	Block	CSM	Up	Do

Firewall >> Filter Setup

3. Check the box of Check to enable the Filter Rule. Type the comments (e.g., block_all). Choose Block If No Further Match for the Filter setting. Then, click OK.

🗹 Check to enable the Filter Ru	le	
Comments:	block_all	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:		
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	🗌 Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🔽	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block If No Further Match 💌	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None V	
Sessions Control	0 / 60000	

Info

In default, the router will check the packets starting with Set 2, Filter Rule 2 to Filter Rule 7. If Block If No Further Match for is selected for Filter, the firewall of the router would check the packets with the rules starting from Rule 3 to Rule 7. The packets not matching with the rules will be processed according to Rule 2.

- 4. Next, set another rule. Just open Firewall>>Filter Setup. Click the Set 2 link and choose the Filter Rule 3 button.
- 5. Check the box of Check to enable the Filter Rule. Type the comments (e.g., open_ip). Click the Edit button for Source IP.

Set 2 Rule 3	_	
🗹 Check to enable the Filter F	Rule	
Comments:	open_ip	
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup	: , , , , ,	]
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	Any	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🔽	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Block Immediately 🔽	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None 💀	

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule

6. A dialog box will be popped up. Choose Range Address as Address Type by using the drop down list. Type 192.168.1.10 in the field of Start IP, and type 192.168.1.20 in the field of End IP. Then, click OK to save the settings. The computers within the range can access into the Internet.

Address Type	Range Address 🛛 🐱
Start IP Address	192.168.1.10
End IP Address	192.168.1.20
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Invert Selection	
IP Group	None 😽
or <u>IP Object</u>	None 🐱
or IP Object	None 😽
or IP Object	None 😽
IPv6 Group	None 🐱
or <u>IPv6 Object</u>	None 🗸
or IPv6 Object	None 🗸
or IPv6 Object	None 🗸

7. Now, check the content of **Source IP** is correct or not. The action for **Filter** shall be set with **Pass Immediately**. Then, click **OK** to save the settings.

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule

ter Set 2 Rule 3		
🗹 Check to enable the Filter Rule		
Comments:	open_ip	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Clear sessions when schedule ON:	Enable	
Direction:	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	
Source IP:	192.168.1.10~192.168.1.20	Edit
Destination IP:	Any	Edit
Service Type:	Any	Edit
Fragments:	Don't Care 🖌	
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	Pass Immediately 🔽	
Branch to Other Filter Set:	None 💙	

8. Both filter rules have been created. Click **OK**.

```
Firewall >> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set
```

Comn	nents :	Default Data Filte	r			
Rule	Active	Comments	Direction	Src IP	Dst IP	Service Type
<u>1</u>		×NetBios -> DNS	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to 53
2	✓	block_all	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any
3		open_ip	->	192.168.1.10 ~ 192.168.1.20	Any	Any
<u>4</u>			LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN	Any	Any	Any

Now, all the settings are configured well. Only the computers with the IP addresses within 192.168.1.10  $\sim$  192.168.1.20 can access to Internet.

# V-2 Central Security Management (CSM)

CSM is an abbreviation of Central Security Management which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

#### **APP Enforcement Filter**

As the popularity of all kinds of instant messenger application arises, communication cannot become much easier. Nevertheless, while some industry may leverage this as a great tool to connect with their customers, some industry may take reserved attitude in order to reduce employee misusage during office hour or prevent unknown security leak. It is similar situation for corporation towards peer-to-peer applications since file-sharing can be convenient but insecure at the same time. To address these needs, we provide CSM functionality.

#### **URL Content Filter**

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with URL Content Filter not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine URL Content Filter as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, URL Content Filter can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

#### Web Content Filter

We all know that the content on the Internet just like other types of media may be inappropriate sometimes. As a responsible parent or employer, you should protect those in your trust against the hazards. With Web filtering service of the Vigor router, you can protect your business from common primary threats, such as productivity, legal liability, network and security threats. For parents, you can protect your children from viewing adult websites or chat rooms.

Once you have activated your Web Filtering service in Vigor router and chosen the categories of website you wish to restrict, each URL address requested (e.g.www.bbc.co.uk) will be checked against our server database. This database is updated as frequent as daily by a global team of Internet researchers. The server will look up the URL and return a category to your router. Your Vigor router will then decide whether to allow access to this site according to the categories you have selected. Please note that this action will not introduce any delay in your Web surfing because each of multiple load balanced database servers can handle millions of requests for categorization.



The priority of URL Content Filter is higher than Web Content Filter.

# Web User Interface

objecta actung
CSM
APP Enforcement Profile
APPE Signature Upgrade
<b>URL Content Filter Profile</b>
Web Content Filter Profile
DNS Filter Profile

### V-2-1 APP Enforcement Profile

You can define policy profiles for IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer)/Protocol/Misc application. This page allows you to set 32 profiles for different requirements. The APP Enforcement Profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

APP Enforceme	ent Profile Table:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
1.		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
4.		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.	
Name	Display the name of the APP Enforcement Profile.	

Click the number under Index column for settings in detail.

There are four tabs IM, P2P, Protocol and Others displayed on this page. Each tab will bring out different items with supported versions that you can choose to disallow people using.

Below shows the items which are categorized under IM.

CSM >> AF	PP Enforcement Profile	•	
Profile Ind	ex:1 Profile Name	:	
IM	P2P	Protocol	OTHERS
Select	All Clear All		
			IM
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note
Adv	AIM	5.9	
	AIM	AIM 8 Only block Login. If users have already logged in, AII services can not be blocked.	
	AliWW	2008	
	Ares	2.0.9	
	BaiduHi	37378	
	Facebook	97.0.0.18.69	To block Facebook for PC and mobile phone(97.0.0.18.69)
	Fetion	2010	
	GaduGadu Protocol		
	Google Chat		
	Google Hangouts	18.0	Block PC user's login and Android user's chat/phone service.
	ICQ	7	In ICQ6, if Videos are blocked, Voices will be blocked at the same time. In ICQ5 or former versions, Videos and Voices can be blocked separately.
	ICU2	8.0.6	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.	
Select All	Click it to choose all of the items in this page.	
Clear All	Uncheck all the selected boxes.	
Enable	Check the box to select the APP to be blocked by Vigor router.	
Adv	A button under Enable check box allows you to open a pop up window to specify activity for that APP.	

The profiles configured here can be applied in the Firewall>>General Setup and Firewall>>Filter Setup pages as the standard for the host(s) to follow.

Below shows the items which are categorized under Protocol.

CSM>>	APP	Enforcement	Profile
0.0141	mr r	LINGICONCIN	FIOING

Profile Inde	x:1 Profile Name	:	
IM	P2P	Protocol	I OTHERS
Select	All Clear All		
			PROTOCOL
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note
	DB2		DB2 is a relational database management system (RDBMS) offered by IBM.
	DNS		Domain Name System (DNS) protocol is used to translate easily memorized domain names to numerical IP addresses needed for the purpose of locating computer services and devices worldwide.
	FTP		File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is used to transfer files from one host to another host over networks.
	HTTP	1.1	Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is the data communication protocol for the World Wide Web.
	IMAP	4.1	Internet message access protocol (IMAP) is a protocol for e-mail retrieval.
	IMAP STARTTLS	4.1	IMAP protocol use STARTTLS to connect
	IRC	2.4.0	Internet Relay Chat (IRC) is a protocol for live interactive Internet text messaging (chat), synchronous conferencing and file sharing.

The items categorized under P2P -----

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

IM	P2P	Protocol	OTHERS
	and the second		and the second second

BitTorrent				
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note	
	BitToment	1	The encrypted connection can not be 100% blocked. To block BitComet (1.30), BitSpirit (3.2.1), BitTorrent (4.4.1) and UltraTorrent (2.0).	

FastTrack				
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note	
	FASTTRACK		To block BareShare (6.2.0.45), iMesh (9.1), KazaA (1.0.0.3) and Shareaza (4.1.0).	

Gnutella			
Enable APP Name Version			Note
	GNUTELLA		To block BareShare (5.1.0.26), Foxy (1.9.9), LimeWireWin (4.18.3) and Shareaza (2.3.0.0).

OpenFT			
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note
	OpenFT	1	When blocking the connection, it will show "Connected" at first while the connection is not established successfully. After few seconds it will change back to "Connecting" status. KCeasy (0.19) also supports Ares

### The items categorized under OTHERS-----

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Ind	ex:1 Profile Name	:	
IM	P2P	Protocol	OTHERS
Select	All Clear All		
			TUNNEL
Enable	APP Name	Version	Note
	DNSCrypt	0.0.6	Only blocks DNSCrypt login.
	DynaPass	1.5	
	FreeGate	7.58	
	HTTP Proxy		
	HTTP Tunnel	4.4.4000	
	Hotspot Shield	6.5.2	Block Hotspot Shield from establishing VPN connections. Please note that the APP Enforcement needs to be enabled prior than the VPN connections, or the blocking may not be successful.
	LogMeIn Hamachi	1.0.2.5	
	MS Teredo		
	PGPNet	7.0.3	
	Ping Tunnel	0.61	
	RealTunnel	1.0.1	
	SOCKS4/SOCKS5		Please note that Radmin will also be blocked by this item. Please set the server port of Radmin within 5001~32767 to avoid being blocked.

### V-2-2 APPE Signature Upgrade

The APPE Enforcement Profile adopted by Vigor router will be treated as the APPE signature. DrayTek will periodically upgrade versions for all of the APPs supported by Vigor router. However, it might be inconvenient for users to upgrade the APP version one by one. This feature is specially designed to offer a quick method to execute APP version upgrade. Users can perform the APPE signature upgrade manually or configure the settings on this page to make Vigor router performing the APPE signature automatically.

CSM	>>	APPE	Signature	Upgrade
			e.g.a.a.e	opg.ano

default signature.

APP Enforcement License	<u>Activate</u>
[Status:Not Activated]	
Upgrade Setting	
APPE Module Version: 10.11	New version from the Internet: Download
Upgrade via interface: auto-selected	d 💌 (Waiting for WAN connection)
Setup Download Server aut	to-selected Find more
Signature authentication / do	wnload message

[2000-01-01 00:00:02] Load APPE signature failed. System will use APPE

			/
Upgrade Manually	Import		
Upgrade Automatically			
Scheduled Update			
O Every:	1 💌 (hour)	00 💌 (minutes after the	hour)
O Daily:	0 💌 (hour)	00 💌 (minute)	
O Weekly:	Sunday 🛛 🖌 (day)	0 💌 (hour)	00 💌 (minute)

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Upgrade Setting	APPE Module Version - Display current version status of APPE signature.
	New version from the Internet - Download button is available only when Vigor router detects new APPE version. After clicking it, a dialog will appear with information added to such new version. Click OK to exit the dialog and start the signature upgrade.
	<b>Upgrade via interface</b> - Choose one of the WAN interfaces as a channel for APPE signature upgrade.
Setup Download Server	Specify the download server by typing the URL of the server located. Or you can click <u>Find more</u> link to search the one you want.
	Signature authentication/download message - Display the status of APPE Signature Upgrade.

Upgrade Manually	Import - Click this button to open the following page. Pres Choose File to locate the signature file which downloaded from MyVigor portal or FTP server previously. Then, click Upgrade and wait for the system completing the process.	
	◇ Signature Upload - 银信测觉器 ② Japps //vigor2925.ubddns.org/9443/doc/sppesigupload.htm ③ Select a signature file. Choose File Click Upgrade to upload the file. Upgrade Cancel	
Upgrade Automatically	Scheduled Update - Check the box to make Vigor router upgrading the APPE signature based on the schedule configured here.	

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## V-2-3 URL Content Filter Profile

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with URL Content Filter not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine URL Content Filter as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, URL Content Filter can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

For example, if you add key words such as "sex", Vigor router will limit web access to web sites or web pages such as "www.sex.com", "www.backdoor.net/images/sex/p_386.html". Or you may simply specify the full or partial URL such as "www.sex.com" or "sex.com".

Also the Vigor router will discard any request that tries to retrieve the malicious code.

Click CSM and click URL Content Filter Profile to open the profile setting page.

URL Content Filter P	rofile Table:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	

#### CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

 Administration Message (Max 255 characters)
 Preview
 Default Message

 <body><center><br><center><br>The requested Web page has been blocked by URL Content Filter.

 Please contact your system administrator for further information.
 /center></body>

OK

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.	
Name	Display the name of the URL Content Filter Profile.	
Administration Message	You can type the message manually for your necessity. Default Message - You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message.	

You can set eight profiles as URL content filter. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

Profile Index: 1 Profile Name:	
Priority:	Either : URL Access Control First 💟 Log: None 💟
1.URL Access Cont	rol
Enable U	RL Access Control Prevent web access from IP address
Acti	on: Group/Object Selections
Pass	Edit
Exception	n List
2.Web Feature	
Enable W	'eb Feature Restriction
Action: Pass 💌	File Extension Profile: None 💌 🗌 Cookie 🔲 Proxy 💭 Upload
	OK Clear Cancel

#### Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Priority	It determines the action that this router will apply. Both: Pass – The router will let all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below passing through. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.
	Both:Block -The router will block all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.
	Either: URL Access Control First - When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for URL first, then Web feature second.
	<b>Either: Web Feature First</b> -When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for web feature first, then URL second.

	Both : Pass Both : Pass Both : Block Either : URL Access Control First Either : Web Feature First
Log	None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile. Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog. Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog. All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog. None Pass Block All
URL Access Control	Enable URL Access Control - Check the box to activate URL Access Control. Note that the priority for URL Access Control is higher than Restrict Web Feature. If the web content match the setting set in URL Access Control, the router will execute the action specified in this field and ignore the action specified under Restrict Web Feature. Prevent web access from IP address - Check the box to deny any web surfing activity using IP address, such as http://202.6.3.2. The reason for this is to prevent someone dodges the URL Access Control. You must clear your browser cache first so that the URL content filtering facility operates properly on a web page that you visited before. Action - This setting is available only when Either : URL Access Control First or Either : Web Feature First is selected.
	<ul> <li>Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.</li> <li>Block - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. If the web pages do not match with the keyword set here, it will be processed with reverse action.</li> <li>Exception List - Specify the object profile(s) as the exception list which will be processed in an opposite manner to the action selected above.</li> <li>Group/Object Selections - The Vigor router provides several frames for users to define keywords and each frame supports multiple keywords. The keyword could be a noun, a partial noun, or a complete URL string. Multiple keywords within a frame are separated by space, comma, or semicolon. In addition, the maximal length of each frame is 32-character long. After specifying keywords, the Vigor router will decline the connection request to the website whose URL string matched to any user-defined keyword. It should be noticed that the more simplified the blocking keyword list is, the</li> </ul>

	Object/Group Edit	
	Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Object	None V
	or Keyword Object	None V
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Object	None 🗸
	or Keyword Group	None V
	or Keyword Group	None 🗸
	or Keyword Group	None 🗸
	or Keyword Group	None V
	or Keyword Group	None V
		None V
	or Keyword Group	
	or Keyword Group	None Y
	or Keyword Group	None 💙
	ОК	Close
Web Feature	Enable Destrict Web Featur	e - Check this box to make the
web reature	keyword being blocked or pa	
	Action - This setting is availa	5
	Access Control First or Either selected.	er: web reature first is
	Pass - Allow accessing into t the keywords listed on the b	he corresponding webpage with ox below.
	Block - Restrict accessing int	to the corresponding webpage
	with the keywords listed on	
	5	ch with the specified feature se
		ose one of the profiles that you
	configured in Object Setting previously for passing or bloc	<pre>&gt;&gt; File Extension Objects</pre>
	d <u>File Extension Profile:</u> None None 1-im	e
	<b>Cookie</b> - Check the box to fi from inside to outside world privacy.	Iter out the cookie transmission to protect the local user's
	control efficiently the limite	ect any proxy transmission. To d-bandwidth usage, it will be o locking mechanism that filters

After finishing all the settings, please click  $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$  to save the configuration.

## V-2-4 Web Content Filter Profile

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using Service Activation Wizard, by means of CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile or via System Maintenance>>Activation.

Service Activation Wizard allows you to use trial version of WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com.

However, if you use the Web Content Filter Profile page to activate WCF feature, it is necessary for you to access into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com. Therefore, you need to register an account on http://myvigor.draytek.com for using corresponding service. Please refer to section of creating MyVigor account.

WCF adopts the mechanism developed and offered by certain service provider (e.g., DrayTek). No matter activating WCF feature or getting a new license for web content filter, you have to click **Activate** to satisfy your request. Be aware that service provider matching with Vigor router currently offers a period of time for trial version for users to experiment. If you want to purchase a formal edition, simply contact with the channel partner or your dealer.

Click **CSM** and click **Web Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page. The default setting for Setup Query Server /Setup Test Server is **auto-selected**. You can choose another server for your necessity by clicking **Find more** to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable one.

the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer/distributor for detailed information.         Info 2       Commtouch is merged by Cyren, and GlobalView services will be continue to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:	<b>()</b>	
to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:	Info 1	service powered by Commtouch. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer/distributor
http://www.prowewire.com/powereleases/commtauch is pow evrop 2	Info 2	Commtouch is merged by Cyren, and GlobalView services will be continued to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:
025151.html		http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/commtouch-is-now-cyren-239 025151.html

Setup Query Serv	<b>/er</b> at	uto-selected		Find more	
Setup Test Serve	r a	uto-selected		Find more	
/eb Content Filte	r Profile Table:			Set to Factory	y Defaul
Profile	Nam	e	Profile	Name	
<u>1.</u>	Defai	ult	<u>5.</u>		
<u>2.</u>			<u>6.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>7.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>8.</u>		
dministration Me	essage (Max 29	5 characters)		Cache : L1 + L2	
br>that is ca	tegorized with	ı %CL% has k	een blocked b	from %SIP% to %URL y %RNAME% Web Content F information. </td <td>ilter.</td>	ilter.

_		_
	OZ	- 1
	UK	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Activate	Click it to access into MyVigor for activating WCF service.
Setup Query Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. You need to specify a server for categorize searching when you type URL in browser based on the web content filter profile.
Setup Test Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected.
Find more	Click it to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable server.
Test a site to verify whether it is categorized	Click this link to do the verification.
Set to Factory Default	Click this link to retrieve the factory settings.
Administration Message	You can type the message manually for your necessity or click <b>Default Message</b> button to get the default text displayed on the field of <b>Administration Message</b> .
Cache	None - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF precisely, however, the processing rate is normal. Such item can provide the most accurate URL matching.
	L1 - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the URL has been accessed previously, it

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?

will be stored in the router to be accessed quickly if required. Such item can provide accurate URL matching with faster rate.
L2 - the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the data has been accessed previously, the IP addresses of source and destination IDs will be memorized for a short time (about 1 second) in the router. When the user tries to access the same destination ID, the router will check it by comparing the record stored. If it matches, the page will be retrieved quickly. Such item can provide URL matching with the fastest rate. L1+L2 Cache - the router will check the URL with fast processing rate combining the feature of L1 and L2.

Eight profiles are provided here as Web content filters. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page. The items listed in Categories will be changed according to the different service providers. If you have and activate another web content filter license, the items will be changed simultaneously. All of the configuration made for web content filter will be deleted automatically. Therefore, please backup your data before you change the web content filter license.

Profile Index: 1			
Profile Name: Default			Log: Block
Black/White List			
Enable			
Action:	G	roup/Object Selections	
Block 💌			Edit
Action: Block 💌			
Groups	Categories		
Child Protection	Alcohol & Tobacco	Criminal Activity	🗹 Gambling
Select All	Hate & Intolerance	🗹 Illegal Drug	☑ Nudity
Clear All	Porn & Sexually	☑ Violence	✓ Weapons
	School Cheating	Sex Education	✓ Tasteless
C			- Second Departure
	News	Non-profits & NGOs	Personal Sites
	Politics	Real Estate	Religion
	Restaurants & Dining	Shopping	Translators
	General	Cults	Greeting cards
	Image Sharing	Network Errors	Parked Domains
	Private IP Addresses	Uncategorised Sites	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Black/White List	Enable - Activate white/black list function for such profile. Group/Object Selections - Click Edit to choose the group or object profile as the content of white/black list.

	<ul> <li>Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.</li> <li>Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box.</li> </ul>
Action	<ul> <li>Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</li> <li>Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</li> <li>If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.</li> </ul>
Log	None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile. Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog. Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog. All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog. Block Mone Pass Block All

After finishing all the settings, please click  $\ensuremath{\text{OK}}$  to save the configuration.

### V-2-5 DNS Filter Profile

The DNS Filter monitors DNS queries on UDP port 53 and will pass the DNS query information to the WCF to help with categorizing HTTPS URL's.

DNS can be specified in LAN>>General Setup by using the server (e.g., 168.95.1.1) on router or external DNS server (e.g., 8.8.8.8). If the router server is used, DNS Filter General Setting will be applied to DNS query from clients on LAN. However, if the external DNS server is used, DNS Filter Profile will be applied to DNS query coming from clients on LAN.

1	
Info	For DNS filter must use the WCF service profile to filter the packets, therefore WCF license must be activated first. Otherwise, DNS filter does not have any effect on packets.

#### CSM >> DNS Filter

DNS Filter Profile Ta	able		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	

#### **DNS Filter Local Setting**

DNS Filter	🗹 Enable	
Syslog	Pass 💌	
<u>WCF</u>	WCF-1 Default 💌	
UCF	None 💌	
Black/White List	Enable	Blacklist 👻
	Address Type	Any Address
	Start IP Address	0.0.0.0
	End IP Address	0.0.0.0
	Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
	<u>IP Group</u>	None 💌
	or IP Group	None 💌
	or <u>IP Object</u>	None 💌
	or IP Object	None 😽

Administration Message	(Max 255 ch	aracters)	Default Message
that is categori	zed with %CI	1% has been blocked b	<pre>&gt; from %SIP% to %URL% by %RNAME% DNS Filter. information.</pre>
Legend: %SIP% - Source IP , %CL% - Category ,	%URL% %RNAME%	- URL - Router Name	



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
DNS Filter Profile Table	It displays a list of different DNS filter profiles (with specified WCF and UCF).
	Click the profile link to open the following page. Then, type the name of the profile and specify WCF/UCF based on your
	requirement.
	CSM >> DNS Filter
	Index No. 1 Profile Name
	Syslog None V
	WCE None V
	UCE None
	OK Clear Cancel
DNS Filter Local Setting	DNS Filter Local Setting will be applied to DNS query from clients on LAN when router's DNS server is used.
	DNS Filter - Check Enable to enable such feature.
	<b>Syslog</b> - The filtering result can be recorded according to the setting selected for Syslog.
	<ul> <li>None - There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.</li> </ul>
	• Pass - Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.
	<ul> <li>Block - Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All - All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</li> </ul>
	WCF- Set the filtering conditions.
	UCF - Set the filtering conditions.
	Black/White List - Specify IP address, subnet mask, IP object, or IP group as a black list or white list for DNS packets passing through or blocked by Vigor router.
Administration Message	When DNS packets are blocked by DNS filter, a web page containing the description listed on Administration Message will be shown on the screen.
	Type the words or sentences which will be displayed when a web page is blocked by Vigor router. You can type the message manually for your necessity or click <b>Default</b> <b>Message</b> button to get the default text displayed on the field of <b>Administration Message</b> .

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## **Application Notes**

#### A-1 How to Create an Account for MyVigor

The website of MyVigor (a server located on http://myvigor.draytek.com) provides several useful services (such as Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter, Anti-Intrusion, and etc.) to filtering the web pages for the sake of protecting your system.

To access into MyVigor for getting more information, please create an account for MyVigor.

#### **Create an Account via Vigor Router**

1. Click CSM>> Web Content Filter Profile. The following page will appear.

Veb-Filter License Status:Not Activated]				<u>Activate</u>
Setup Query Server	auto-selected		Find more	
Setup Test Server	auto-selected		Find more	
Veb Content Filter Profile	e Table:		Set to Fac	tory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name	
<u>1.</u>	Default	<u>5.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>		
3. 4. Administration Message r	(Max 255 enance>>Activatio	Z.       8.       Preview!       on to open the following t	owing page.	Cache :
3. 4. Idministration Message r lick System Mainte	enance>>Activati	<u>8.</u> Preview	owing page. Activate via interface : au	
<u>3.</u>	enance>>Activation	<u>8.</u> Preview		
3. 4. Administration Message r lick System Mainte System Maintenance >> # Web-Filter License Status:Not Activated]	enance>>Activation	<u>8.</u> Preview		to-selected ¶
3. 4. Administration Message r lick System Mainte System Maintenance >> A Web-Filter License	enance>>Activation	<u>8.</u> Preview		to-selected ¶
3. 4. Administration Message r lick System Mainte System Maintenance >> # Web-Filter License Status:Not Activated]	enance>>Activation	<u>8.</u> Preview		to-selected ¶
3. 4. Administration Message r lick System Mainte System Maintenance >> # Web-Filter License Status:Not Activated]	enance>>Activation	<u>8.</u> Preview		to-selected ¶

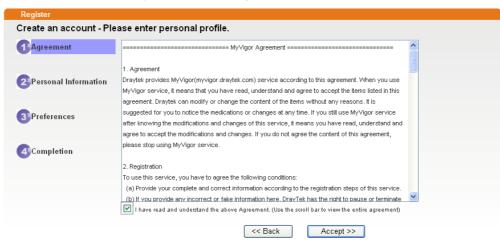
Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the SysLogMail Alert Setup page.

2. Click the Activate link. A login page for MyVigor web site will pop up automatically.

Error Message : AuthCoc	de is wrong, please try again.
Image: With the second	SALAJAMBE TOILETS
<b>A</b>	Login

Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or email to : support@draytek.com

- 3. Click the link of Create an account now.
- 4. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click Accept.



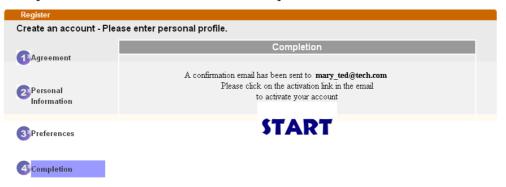
5. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

	Account Informati	ion	
Agreement	UserName:*	Mary	Check Account
		(3 - 20 characters)	
	Password:*		
Personal		(4 - 20 characters : Do not set th	he same as the username.)
Information	Confirm Password:*		
	Personal Informat	ion	
3)Preferences	First Name:*	Mary	
	Last Name:*	Ted	
Completion	Company Name:	Tech Ltd.	
	Email Address:*	mary_ted@tech.com	
		Please note that a valid E-mail need this code to activate your a	address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will account.
	Tel:	0 -	
	Country:*	SWITZERLAND	~
	Career.*	Supervisor	

6. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.

Register					
Create an account - Please enter personal profile.					
	How did you find out about this website?	Internet 💌			
Trancinent	What kind of anti-virus do you use?	AntiVir			
Personal	I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.				
Information	I would like to receive DrayTek product news.				
3 ^{Preferences}	Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail.	Global Server 💌			
Completion		<< Back Continue >>			

7. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



8. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation** Letter from myvigor.draytek.com.

***** This is an automated message from myvigor draytek.com.*****

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : Activate my Account

9. Click the Activate my Account link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click Login.

Register	Search for this site GO
Register Confirm	
	Thank for your register in VigorPro Web Site The Register process is completed
	Close Login

10. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of UserName and Password.

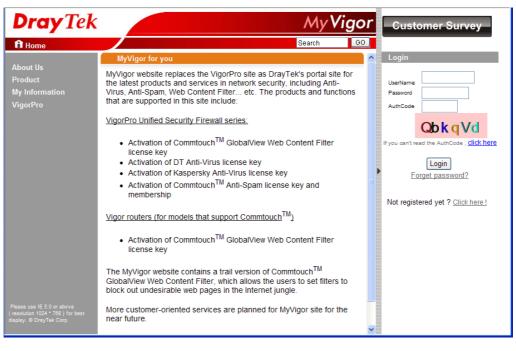
My \	/igor		<b>Dray</b> Tek
Erro	r Message : AuthCoo	de is wrong, p	olease try again.
0			
Eng	glish	~	MANARDE TOILEIS
4	yfntsui		
			Login
	Forgotten pass	sword?	Create an account now

Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or email to : support@draytek.com

11. Now, click Login. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

#### Create an Account via MyVigor Web Site

1. Access into http://myvigor.draytek.com. Find the line of Not registered yet?. Then, click the link Click here! to access into next page.



2. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click Accept.



3. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

	Account Informati	ion		
Agreement	UserName:*	Mary Check Account		
	occurrante.	(3 ~ 20 characters)		
Personal	Password:*	••••		
Information		(4 ~ 20 characters : Do not set the same as the username.)		
internation	Confirm Password:*			
	Personal Informat	tion		
3 Preferences	First Name:*	Mary		
	Last Name:*	Ted		
Completion	Company Name:	Tech Ltd.		
	Email Address:*	mary_ted@tech.com		
		Please note that a valid E-mail address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will need this code to activate your account.		
	Tel:	0 -		
	Country:*	SWITZERLAND		
	Career:*	Supervisor		

4. Choose proper selection for your computer and click Continue.

Register		
Create an account - F	Please enter personal profile.	
	How did you find out about this website?	Internet
	What kind of anti-virus do you use?	AntiVir
2 Personal	l would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.	
Information	I would like to receive DrayTek product news.	✓
3 Preferences	Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail.	Global Server 💌
Completion		<< Back Continue >>

5. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.

Register				
Create an account - Please enter personal profile.				
	Completion			
Agreement				
2 Personal Information	A confirmation email has been sent to <b>mary_ted@tech.com</b> Please click on the activation link in the email to activate your account			
	START			
3 Preferences	JIAKI			
Completion				

6. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com.

***** This is an automated message from myvigor draytek.com.*****

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : Activate my Account

7. Click the Activate my Account link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click Login.



Close	Login
-------	-------

8. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**. Then type the code in the box of Auth Code according to the value displayed on the right side of it.

Erro	or Message : Auth	Code is wrong,	please try again.
0			
Enį	glish	*	MANAME TOILE
*	yfntsui		
			Login

Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or email to : support@draytek.com

Now, click Login. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

### A-2 How to Block Facebook Service Accessed by the Users via Web Content Filter / URL Content Filter

There are two ways to block the facebook service, Web Content Filter and URL Content Filter. Web Content Filter,

Benefits: Easily and quickly implement the category/website that you want to block. Note: License is required.

URL Content Filter,

Benefits: Free, flexible for customize webpage.

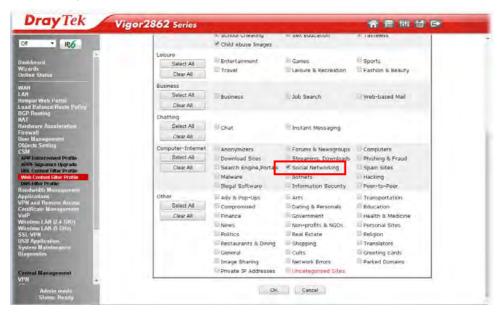
Note: Manual setting (e.g., one keyword for one website.)

#### I. Via Web Content Filter

1. Make sure the Web Content Filter (powered by Commtouch) license is valid.

Off IR6	CSM >> Web Content Filter	Profile		0
aslibnarð Aizads Alfine Status	Web.Filter License [Status:Commission] (Sta	rt Date:2012-12-31	Expire Date:2013-01-08	Activate
AN AN	Setup Query Server	auto-selected		Find.more
n egot Welz Parral at-Balance/Honig Philipy	Setup Test Server	auto-selected		Find more
P Routing A	Web Content Filter Profile	Table:		Set to Factory Default
rdware Acceleration	Profile	Name	Profile	Name
n Managemeni	1	Default	5.	
cts Setting	2		6.	
P Entorcement Profile	L		L	
PE Signature Upgrade G. Content Filter Profile	4.		8.	
b Clantert Filter Profile Frage Profile Jwidth Managamani Isatians	Administration Message	(Max 255 characte	-	Cache : L1 + L2 Cache • Default Message
and Remme Access	the second se		and the second sec	from #SIP# to #URL#
nficate Management p viess LAN (2.4 GHz) eless LAN (2.4 GHz) VVN	<pre>chr&gt;that is categoriz</pre>	ed with SCLS abr	has been blocked by	rom (DiP4 aboto (Oko4 (ABNAHE4 Web Content Filter, information./body>
SB Application	Legend:			
dem Maintenance	%SIP% Source IP ,	SDIPS Des	tination IP , SURLS	- URL
tom Maintonanco gnostics		Manufacture and	iter Name	
	%CL% - Category .	%RNAME% - Ros	Act name	
	%CL% Category ,	%RNAME% - Ro	OK	

2. Open CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile to create a WCF profile. Check Social Networking with Action, Block.



3. Enable this profile in Firewall>>General Setup>>Default Rule.

Dray Tek Vi	gor2862 Series	谷 吉 洲 甘 日
Off IR6	Firewall >> General Setup	
Dashboard Wizards Online Status	General Setup General Setup Default Rule	
WAN LAN Hotspot Web Portal Load Balance/Route Policy BGP Routing MAT General Setup Fiter Setup Dos Defense Diagnose User Management Objects Setting CSM Bandwidth Management Applications VPN and Remote Access Certificate Management VolP Wireless LAN (2.4 GHz) Wireless LAN (5 GHz) SSL VPN USB Application System Maintenance	General Setup     Default rule:       Actions for default rule:     Application       Application     Action/Pre       Filter     Pass ▼       Sessions Control     0 / [5000]       Quality of Service     None       User Management     None       URL Content Filter     1-Default       Web Content Filter     None       2NS Filtes     [Create N       Advance Setting     Ledit	
Diagnostics Central Management VPN	OK Backup Firewall : Backup Restore Firewall:	Cancel 建辉化何馏实 Restore
AP Admin mode Status: Ready	Note: This will not backup the detail setting of Quality of Se	ervice and Schedule.

4. Next time when someone accesses facebook via this router, the web page would be blocked and the following message would be displayed instead.

The requested Web page from 192.168.2.114 to www.facebook.com/ that is categorized with [Social Networking] has been blocked by Web Content Filter.

Please contact your system administrator for further information.

[Powered by DrayTek]

## **II. Via URL Content Filter**

#### A. Block the web page containing the word of "Facebook"

- 1. Open **Object Settings**>>**Keyword Object**. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 2. In the field of **Contents**, please type *facebook*. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup

Profile Index : 1	
Name	Facebook
Contents	facebook
	Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.
	You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out
	Result: 1. backdoor 2. virus 3. keep out
	OK Clear Cancel

- 3. Open CSM>>URL Content Filter Profile. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 4. Configure the settings as the following figure.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

Profile Name:	Facebook		
Priority:	Either : URL A	Access Control	First 🕶 Log: None 🕶
1.URL Access	Control		
🗹 Enat	le URL Access	s Control	Prevent web access from IP address
Actio	on:		Group/Object Selections
Block V			
Dioor		Facebook	Edit
		Facebook	
2.Web Featur		Facebook	
2.Web Featur			
2.Web Featur	e Die Restrict We		
2.Web Featur	e Die Restrict We	eb Feature	Upload File Extension Profile: None
2.Web Featur Enat Actio	e Die Restrict We	eb Feature	
2.Web Featur Enat Actio	e Die Restrict We	eb Feature	

5. When you finished the above steps, click **OK**. Then, open **Firewall>>General Setup**.

6. Click the **Default Rule** tab. Choose the profile just configured from the drop down list in the field of **URL Content Filter**. Now, users cannot open any web page with the word "facebook" inside.

I Setup			
eneral Setup	Default Rule	í	
Actions for defa	ault rule:		
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter		Pass 🛩	
Sessions Contr	ol	0 / 60000	
Quality of Serv	ice	None 😽	
Load-Balance	policy	Auto-Select 💌	
User Managem	ent	None 💌	
APP Enforceme	ent	None 🗸	
URL Content Fi	lter	1-Facebook 💌	
Web Content F	ilter	None 🖌	

#### B. Disallow users to play games on Facebook

- 1. Open **Object Settings>>Keyword Object**. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 2. In the field of **Contents**, please type *apps.facebook*. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup

Profile Index : 2				
Name	facebook-apps			
Contents	apps.facebook			
	Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.			
	You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out			
	Result: 1. backdoor 2. virus 3. keep out			
	OK Clear Cancel			

- 3. Open CSM>>URL Content Filter Profile. Click an index number to open the setting page.
- 4. Configure the settings as the following figure.

Profile Index: 2	
Profile Name:	face.apps
Priority:	Either : URL Access Control First 💙 Log: None 🔽
1.URL Acces	s Control
🗹 Ena	ble URL Access Control
Acti	on: Group/Object Selections
Bloc	k 🔽 facebook
2.Web Featu	re
🗌 Ena	ble Restrict Web Feature
Acti	on:
Pass	🛚 🗹 🖸 Cookie 🔲 Proxy 🗌 Upload <u>File Extension Profile:</u> None 💌

- 5. When you finished the above steps, please open Firewall>>General Setup.
- 6. Click the **Default Rule** tab. Choose the profile just configured from the drop down list in the field of URL Content Filter. Now, users cannot open any web page with the word "facebook" inside.

l Setup				
eneral Setup	Default Rule			
Actions for defa	ult rule:			
Application		Action/Profile	Syslog	
Filter		Pass 💌		
Sessions Contro	d	0 / 60000		
Quality of Servi	ce	None 💌		
Load-Balance p	olicy	Auto-Select 🐱		
<u>User Manageme</u>	ent	None 😽		
APP Enforceme	<u>nt</u>	None 🗸		
URL Content Fil	ter	2-face.apps		
Web Content Fi	lter	None 💙		
Advance Settir	ng	Edit		

Firewall >> General Setup

This page is left blank.

# Part VI Management





User Management There are several items offered for the Vigor router system setup: System Status, TR-069, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog /Mail Alert, Time and Date, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade and Activation.

It is used to control the bandwith of data transmission through configuration of Sessions Limit, Bandwidth Limit, and Quality of Servie (QoS).

It is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password.

# **VI-1 System Maintenance**

For the system setup, there are several items that you have to know the way of configuration: System Status, TR-069, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog /Mail Alert, Time and Date, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade, Activation, Internal Service User List and Dashboard Control.

Below shows the menu items for System Maintenance.

System Maintenance System Status TR-069 Administrator Password **User Password** Login Page Greeting **Configuration Backup** SysLog / Mail Alert **Time and Date** SNMP Management Panel Control Self-Signed Certificate **Reboot System** Firmware Upgrade Firmware Backup Modem Code Upgrade Activation Internal Service User List **Dashboard Control** 

# Web User Interface

# VI-1-1 System Status

The **System Status** provides basic network settings of Vigor router. It includes LAN and WAN interface information. Also, you could get the current running firmware version or firmware related information from this presentation.

#### System Status

Model Name	: Vigor2862ac
Firmware Version	: 3.8.8_RC9a_STD
Build Date/Time	: Jap 16 2018 19:35:14
Build Date/Time	: Jan 16 2018 19:35:14

		LAN			
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS
LAN1	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN2	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN3	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN4	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN5	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.5.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN6	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.6.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN7	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.7.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN8	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.8.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
DMZ PORT	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.17.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
IP Routed Subnet	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8

Wireless LAN(2.4GHz)							
MAC Address	MAC Address Frequency Domain Firmware Version SSID						
00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E0							

Wireless LAN(5GHz)							
MAC Address	MAC Address Frequency Domain Firmware Version SSID						
00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E2	Europe	10.4-2.4.3.1008	DrayTek_5G				

WAN						
	Link Status	MAC Address	Connection	IP Address	Default Gateway	
WAN1	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E1	PPPoE			
WAN2	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E2	Static IP	172.16.3.130	172.16.3.1	
WAN3	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E3				
WAN4	Disconnected	00-1D-AA-5D-C9-E4				

	IPv6				
	Address	Scope	Internet Access Mode		
LAN	FE80::21D:AAFF:FE5D:C9E0/64	Link			

Item	Description
Model Name	Display the model name of the router.
Firmware Version	Display the firmware version of the router.
Build Date/Time	Display the date and time of the current firmware build.
LAN	<ul> <li>MAC Address</li> <li>Display the MAC address of the LAN Interface.</li> <li>IP Address</li> <li>Display the IP address of the LAN interface.</li> <li>Subnet Mask</li> <li>Display the subnet mask address of the LAN interface.</li> <li>DHCP Server</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Display the current status of DHCP server of the LAN interface</li> <li>DNS</li> <li>Display the assigned IP address of the primary DNS.</li> </ul>
WAN	Link Status - Display current connection status. MAC Address - Display the MAC address of the WAN Interface. Connection - Display the connection type. IP Address - Display the IP address of the WAN interface. Default Gateway - Display the assigned IP address of the default gateway.
IPv6	<ul> <li>Address - Display the IPv6 address for LAN.</li> <li>Scope - Display the scope of IPv6 address. For example, IPv6</li> <li>Link Local could only be used for direct IPv6 link. It can't be used for IPv6 internet.</li> <li>Internet Access Mode - Display the connection mode chosen for accessing into Internet.</li> </ul>

# VI-1-2 TR-069

This device supports TR-069 standard. It is very convenient for an administrator to manage a TR-069 device through an Auto Configuration Server, e.g., VigorACS.

#### System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting

ACS and CPE Settings	Export Parameters
Tr069	💿 Disable 🗢 Enable
ACS Server On	Internet 👻
ACE Server	
ACS Server	Wizard
UKL	
Username	Acquire URL from DHCP option 43
Password	
	Test With Inform Event Code PERIODIC
Last Inform Response Ti	ne :(NA) 🥌
CPE Client	
. ● Http ○ Https	
URL	
Port	8069
Username	vigor
Password	
Periodic Inform Settings	
<ul> <li>Disable</li> </ul>	
O Enable	
Interval Time	900 second(s)
STUN Settings	
💿 Disable	
O Enable	
Server Address	
Server Port	3478
Minimum Keep Alive F	Period 60 second(s)
Maximum Keep Alive	Period -1 second(s)
Apply Settings to APs	
<ul> <li>Disable</li> </ul>	
C Enable	
AP Password	
Apply Specific STUN Settin	
Bandwidth Utilisation Notification Sett	ings
<ul> <li>Disable</li> <li>Enable</li> </ul>	
	i mins 👻
Note: Please turn off <u>Har</u> and accuracy of Bandwig	dware Acceleration in the router to receive Alerts Notifications,
· · · · · ·	hold Level Line Speed
WAN1 Medium0	% High0 % of TX:N/A Mbps RX:N/A Mbps
WAN2 Medium	% High0 % of TX:0 Mbps RX:0 Mbps
WAN3 Medium0	% High0 % of TX:0 Mbps RX:0 Mbps
WAN4 Medium0	% High0 % of TX:0 Mbps RX:0 Mbps
Note: If "Apply Specific STUN	Settings to APs" is enabled, router STUN Settings would be discarded.

Γ

OK Clear

Item	Description
Tr069	Click Enable to activate the settings on this page.

ACS Server On	Choose the interface for the router connecting to ACS server.
ACS Server	URL/Username/Password - Such data must be typed according to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) you want to link. Please refer to Auto Configuration Server user's manual for detailed information.
	Wizard - Click it to enter the IP address of VigorACS server, port number and the handler.
	Test With Inform - Click it to send a message based on the event code selection to test if such CPE is able to communicate with VigorACS SI server.
	<b>Event Code</b> - Use the drop down menu to specify an event to perform the test.
	Last Inform Response Time - Display the time that VigorACS server made a response while receiving Inform message from CPE last time.
CPE Client	Such information is useful for Auto Configuration Server. Enable/Disable - Allow/Deny the CPE Client to connect with Auto Configuration Server.
	<b>Port</b> - Sometimes, port conflict might be occurred. To solve such problem, you might change port number for CPE.
	<b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> - Type the username and password that VigorACS can use to access into such CPE.
Periodic Inform Settings	The default setting is <b>Enable</b> . Please set interval time or schedule time for the router to send notification to CPE. Or click <b>Disable</b> to close the mechanism of notification.
STUN Settings	The default is <b>Disable</b> . If you click <b>Enable</b> , please type the relational settings listed below:
	Server IP - Type the IP address of the STUN server.
	Server Port - Type the port number of the STUN server.
	Minimum Keep Alive Period - If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the minimum period. The default setting is "60 seconds".
	Maximum Keep Alive Period - If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the maximum period. A value of "-1" indicates that no maximum period is specified.
Apply Settings to APs	This feature is able to apply TR-069 settings (including STUN and ACS server settings) to all of APs managed by Vigor2862 at the same time.
	Disable - Related settings will not be applied to VigorAP.
	<b>Enable</b> - Above STUN settings will be applied to VigorAP after clicking <b>OK</b> . If such feature is enabled, you have to type the password for accessing VigorAP.
	<ul> <li>AP Password - Type the password of the VigorAP that you want to apply Vigor2862's TR-069 settings.</li> </ul>
	Apply Specific STUN Settings to APs - After clicking the Enable radio button for Apply Settings to APs, if you want to apply specific STUN settings (not the STUN Settings configured for Vigor2862) to VigorAPs to meet specific requirements, simply check this box. Then, type the server IP address, server port, minimum keep alive period and

	maxmum keep alive period respectively.
Bandwidth Utilisation Notification Settings	To administrator, this feature is useful to monitor the bandwidth utilization of CPE(s). When the bandwidth used is over the threshold level (percentage defined in medium and high fields), a notification will be sent to VigorACS. After a long time observation, the administrator can determine if it is necessary to increase the bandwidth setting for that CPE or not.
	Enable - Click it to enable such feature.
	<b>Time Period</b> - Choose the time interval (15 mins, 30 mins, 1hour, 3 hours, or 6 hours) for CPE to send a notification of bandwidth utilization to VigorACS.
	WAN - Choose the WAN interface for applying the bandwidth utilization notification mechanism.
	Threshold Level - Set the percentage of bandwidth in transmission and receiving data as threshold values for CPE to detect bandwidth utilization.
	<b>Line Speed</b> - Set the transmission rate and receiving rate for specified WAN interface.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.

# VI-1-3 Administrator Password

This page allows you to set new password.

System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup

Administrator Password	
Old Password	
New Password	(Max. 83 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	(Max. 83 characters allowed)

Note:

Administrator	Local	User
---------------	-------	------

Local User	
Local User List	
Index User Name	~
	~
Specific User	
User Name:	
Password: Confirm Password:	
(Max.15 characters for User Name and Password)	
Add Edit Delete	
☑ Enable 'admin' account login to Web UI from the Internet	

#### Administrator LDAP Setting

🔲 Enable LDAP/	AD login for admin users
🗹 Enable 'admir	' account login to Web UI from the Internet
LDAP Server Prot	iles Setup

Note:

If Local User is enabled, you will need to select 'admin' group when log into Web UI.



Item	Description
Administrator Password	Old Password - Type in the old password. The factory default setting for password is "admin".
	New Password -Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 23 characters. Confirm Password -Type in the new password again.
Administrator Local User	The administrator can login web user interface of Vigor router to modify all of the settings to fit the requirements. This feature allows other user in LAN who can access into the web user interface with the same privilege of the administrator.
	Local User - Check the box to enable the local user configuration.
	Local User List - It displays the username of the local user.
	User Name - Give a user name for the local user.

	Decouverd Type the personner for the legal user
	Password - Type the password for the local user.
	Confirm Password - Type the password again for confirmation.
	Add - After typing the user name and password above, simply click it to create a new local user. The new one will be shown on the Local User List immediately.
	Edit - If the username listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and modify it on the field of User Name. Later, click Edit to update the information.
	Delete - If the local user listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and click Delete to remove it.
Administrator LDAP Setting	<b>Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users</b> - If it is enabled, any user can access into the web user interface of Vigor router through the LDAP server authentication.
	Enable 'admin' account login to Web UI from the Internet - The default setting is enabled. It can ensure any user accessing into web user interface of Vigor router through Internet by username/password of "admin/admin".
	LDAP Server Profiles - Available profiles will be displayed here under the link of LDAP Profile Setup.
	LDAP Profile Setup - It allows you to create a new LDAP profile.

When you click **OK**, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

### VI-1-4 User Password

This page allows you to set new password for user operation.

#### System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password	·			Set to Factory Default
Password				
Confirm Passw	ord		(Max.	23 characters allowed)
Password Stre	ength: Wea			
1. Have at lea	Strong password requirements: 1. Have at least one upper-case letter and one lower-case letter. 2. Including non-alphanumeric characters is a plus.			
Note:				

1. Password can contain a-z A-Z O-9 , ; : . " < > * + = | ? @ # ^ ! ( )

2. Password can't be all asterisks(*). For example, '*' or '***' is illegal, but '123*' or '*45' is OK.

OK	
----	--

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable User Mode for simple web configuration	After checking this box, you can access into the web user interface with the password typed here for simple web configuration.
	The settings on simple web user interface will be different with full web user interface accessed by using the administrator password.
Password	Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 31 characters.
Confirm Password	Type in the new password again.
Password Strength	Display the security strength of the password specified above.
Set to Factory Default	Click to return to the factory default setting.

When you click OK, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again. Below shows an example for accessing into User Operation with User Password.

- 1. Open System Maintenance>>User Password.
- 2. Check the box of Enable User Mode for simple web configuration to enable user mode operation. Type a new password in the field of New Password and click OK.

#### System Maintenance >> User Password

	Password	•••••		
	Confirm Password	•••••	(Max. 23 characters allowed)	
	Password Strength:	Weak Medium	Strong	
	Strong password require 1. Have at least one upp 2. Including non-alphanu	er-case letter and one I		
lote:				
. Passw	ord can contain a-z A-Z 0-9	, ; : . " < > * + =   ? @	) # ^ ! ( )	
Decem	ord cop't be all actoricke(*)	For example 1*1 or 1***	' is illegal, but '123*' or '*45' is OK.	

3. The following screen will appear. Simply click OK.

System Maintenance >> User Password		
Active Configuration		
Password	. 36 36 36 36 36	

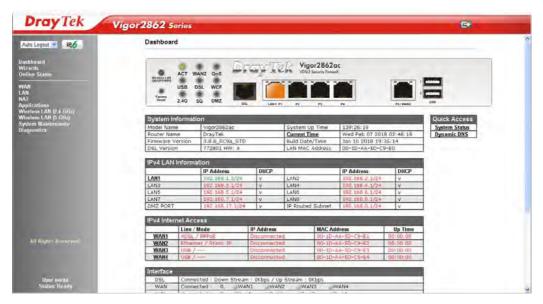
4. Log out Vigor router web user interface by clicking the Logout button.



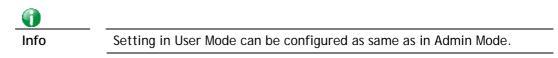
5. The following window will be open to ask for username and password. Type the new user password in the filed of **Password** and click **Login**.

<b>Dray</b> Tek	Vigor2862 Series
Login	
Username	
Password	••••••
	Login
Copyright © 200	00- 2017 DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.

6. The main screen with User Mode will be shown as follows.



Settings to be configured in User Mode will be less than settings in Admin Mode. Only basic configuration settings will be available in User Mode.



# VI-1-5 Login Page Greeting

When you want to access into the web user interface of Vigor router, the system will ask you to offer username and password first. At that moment, the background of the web page is blank and no heading will be displayed on the Login window. This page allows you to specify login URL and the heading on the Login window if you have such requirement.

System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting

Enable			
Login Page Title	Router Login	(31 char max.)	l
Welcome Message a	and Bulletin (Max 511 characters)	Preview	Set to Factory Defau
<pre><h1><b><font co="" disp="" html="" is="" lists="" m="" message="" own="" pre="" s<="" so="" with="" your=""></font></b></h1></pre>	ayed in the Login page of t essage. <ol><li>The welc the as this one can be create or img can be used</li></ol>	he router. Repl ome message can ed <li>Oth</li>	ace this text be written in
Examples of Welcon	ne Message and Bulletin: r=red>Welcome Message<	//h>_//h1>	

Cancel

OK

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable the login customization function.
Login Page Title	Type a brief description (e.g., Welcome to DrayTek) which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog.
Welcome Message and Bulletin	Type words or sentences here. It will be displayed for bulletin message. In addition, it can be displayed on the login dialog at the bottom. Note that do not type URL redirect link here.
Preview	Click it to display the preview of the login window based on the settings on this web page.
Set to Factory Default	Click to return to the factory default setting.

Dray Tek Vigor 2862 Series
Just for Carrie
Username Password Login
Welcome Message
This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message.
<ol> <li>The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created</li> <li>Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used</li> </ol>

Below shows an example of login customization with the information typed in Login Description and Bulletin.

# VI-1-6 Configuration Backup

Such function can be used to apply the router settings configured by Vigor2820/ Vigor2830/ Vigor2850 to Vigor2862.

### **Backup the Configuration**

Follow the steps below to backup your configuration.

1. Go to **System Maintenance** >> **Configuration Backup**. The following page will be popped-up, as shown below.

Configu	ration Backup / Restoration
Restore	•
	Restore settings from a configuration file.
	● 選擇檔案 未選擇檔案
	🔿 USB Storage  🧭
	Restore configuration except the login password.
	Note:
	This will work only if the selected configuration file was created from this device.
	Restore
•	Back up the current settings into a configuration file. —
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup Backup Backup to USB storage
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup Ckup to USB storage Enable
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup Contemporate Backup to USB storage Enable Backup folder
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup Ckup to USB storage Enable Backup folder Periodicity backup
	Back up the current settings into a configuration file.  Protect with password Backup Current settings into a configuration file. Backup Current settings into a configuration file.  Periodicity backup Current settings into a configuration file. Current settings into a configuration file.

2. Auto backup to USB: if settings do not change, configuration doesn't backup.

3. Auto backup to USB: if configuration backup multiple times in one hour, the old file will be overwritten with the same filename.

#### Supported Model List

[	Model	Firmware Version
[	Vigor2860	3.8.5, or later

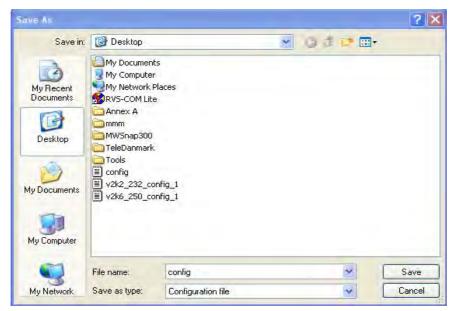
Item	Description
Restore         Choose File /USB Storage - Click it to specify a file to restored.	
	Restore configuration except the login password - If the password settings shall not be restored and applied to Vigor2862, simply check this box to get rid of password settings.
	Click Restore to restore the configuration. If the file is

	encrypted, the system will ask you to type the password to decrypt the configuration file.
Backup	Click it to perform the configuration backup of this router. <b>Protect with password-</b> For the sake of security, the configuration file for the router can be encrypted.
	<ul> <li>Backup         <ul> <li>Back up the current settings into a configuration file.</li> <li>Protect with password</li> <li>Password</li> <li>Confirm Password</li> <li>Max. 23 characters allowed)</li> <li>Backup</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mate: When loading a configuration file from a model in the Curported Model List pleas</li> <li>Password - Type several characters as the password for encrypting the configuration file.</li> <li>Confirm Password - Type the password again for confirmation.</li> </ul>
Auto Backup to USB storage	The configuration can be stored to a USB connecting to Vigor router as a backup.
	Backup folder - Set the path for downloading.
	Periodicity backup - Set the circle duration for backup.
	Backup after change configuration - Backup will be executed whenever the configuration is changed.
Support Model List	Web configuration file from <i>other</i> Vigor router can be applied to Vigor2862 series. At present, the configuration file of Vigor2860 is accepted for Vigor 2862. This field displays model name(s) and firmware which web configuration file saved can be used by such router.

2. Click **Backup** button to get into the following dialog. Click **Save** button to open another dialog for saving configuration as a file.

File Dos	wnload 🔀
?)	You are downloading the file: config.cfg from 192,168,1,1 Would you like to open the file or save it to your computer? Open Save Cancel More Info I Always ask before opening this type of file

3. In Save As dialog, the default filename is config.cfg. You could give it another name by yourself.



4. Click **Save** button, the configuration will download automatically to your computer as a file named **config.cfg**.

The above example is using **Windows** platform for demonstrating examples. The **Mac** or **Linux** platform will appear different windows, but the backup function is still available.

0 Info

Backup for Certification must be done independently. The Configuration Backup does not include information of Certificate.

### **Restore Configuration**

1. Go to System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup. The following windows will be popped-up as shown below.

#### System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup

Configuration Backup / Restoration
Restore
Restore settings from a configuration file.
◎ 選擇檔案 未選擇檔案
O USB Storage 🥟
Restore configuration except the login password.
Note: This will work only if the selected configuration file was created from this device.
Restore
Backup Back up the current settings into a configuration file.
Protect with password
Backup
Auto Backup to USB storage
Enable
Backup folder
Periodicity backup
Cycle duration: 🛛 💙 days and 🔍 🗸 hours
<ul> <li>Backup after change configuration</li> </ul>
ОК
Note:

- When loading a configuration file from a model in the Supported Model List please note that features and functionality can vary between models so please manually verify the settings after the restoration.
- 2. Auto backup to USB: if settings do not change, configuration doesn't backup.
- 3. Auto backup to USB: if configuration backup multiple times in one hour, the old file will be overwritten with the same filename.

#### Sunnorted Model List

Supported Model List		
Model	Firmware Version	
Vigor2860	3.8.5, or later	

- 2. Click Choose File button to choose the correct configuration file for uploading to the router.
- 3. Click Restore button and wait for few seconds, the following picture will tell you that the restoration procedure is successful.

# VI-1-7 Syslog/Mail Alert

SysLog function is provided for users to monitor router.

SysLog / Mail Alert Setup			
SysLog Access Setup		Mail Alert Setup	
Enable		🗹 Enable	Send a test e-mail
Syslog Save to:		SMTP Server	
Syslog Server		SMTP Port	25
<u>Router Name</u>	DrayTek	Mail To	
Server IP Address		Return-Path	
Destination Port	514	Use SSL	
Mail Syslog	Enable	Authentication	
Enable syslog message:		Username	
🗹 Firewall Log		Password	
🗹 VPN Log		Enable E-Mail Alert:	
User Access Log		🗹 DoS Attack	
🗹 Call Log		APPE	
WAN Log		VPN LOG	
Router/DSL inform	nation	🔲 APPE Signature	
WLAN Log		Debug Log	

Note:

1. Mail Syslog cannot be activated unless USB Disk is ticked for "Syslog Save to".

2. Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its size reaches 1M Bytes.

3. We only support secured SMTP connection on port 465.

Item	Description	
SysLog Access Setup	Enable - Check Enable to activate function of syslog.	
	Syslog Save to - Check Syslog Server to save the log to Syslog server.	
	Check <b>USB Disk</b> to save the log to the attached USB storage disk.	
Router Name	Display the name for such router configured in System Maintenance>>Management.	
	If there is no name here, simply lick the link to access into <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management</b> to set the router name.	
	Server IP Address - The IP address of the Syslog server.	
	Destination Port - Assign a port for the Syslog protocol.	
	Mail Syslog - Check the box to recode the mail event on Syslog.	
	Enable syslog message - Check the box listed on this web page to send the corresponding message of firewall, VPN, User Access, Call, WAN, Router/DSL information to Syslog.	
Mail Alert Setup	Check Enable to activate function of mail alert.	
	Send a test e-mail - Make a simple test for the e-mail address specified in this page. Please assign the mail address first and click this button to execute a test for verify the mail	

address is available or not.
SMTP Server/SMTP Port - The IP address/Port number of the SMTP server.
Mail To - Assign a mail address for sending mails out.
Return-Path - Assign a path for receiving the mail from outside.
Use SSL - Check this box to use port 465 for SMTP server for some e-mail server uses https as the transmission method.
Authentication - Check this box to activate this function while using e-mail application.
User Name - Type the user name for authentication.
Password - Type the password for authentication.
Enable E-mail Alert - Check the box to send alert message to the e-mail box while the router detecting the item(s) you specify here.

Click **OK** to save these settings.

For viewing the Syslog, please do the following:

- 1. Just set your monitor PC's IP address in the field of Server IP Address
- 2. Install the Router Tools in the **Utility** within provided CD. After installation, click on the **Router Tools>>Syslog** from program menu.

🛅 Router Tools V3.5.1 🛛 🔹 🕨	Ø	About Router Tools
	<u>e</u>	Firmware Upgrade Utility
	Ŋ	Syslog
	թ	Uninstall Router Tools V3.5.1
	۲	Visit DrayTek Web Site

3. From the Syslog screen, select the router you want to monitor. Be reminded that in **Network Information**, select the network adapter used to connect to the router. Otherwise, you won't succeed in retrieving information from the router.

<b>Dray</b> Tek				Syslog U	ltilit
∎≢₽¥⊙	172.16.3.	130 💌	WAN Infor	mation TX Rate	RX Rat
word Mise					IP
ly to: Tool Setup Telnet Read-out Setu	D Codepage Information Recovery Ne	twork Information	Net State		
val V Host Name	carrie-0c7cb251				
NIC Description	Atheros AR8121/AR8113/AR8114 PCI-E Et	:hernet Controller - P	acket Schedul 🗸		
vstem NIC Information		On Line Routers			
MAC Address	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79	IP Address	Mask	MAC	
IP Address	192.168.1.10	192.168.1.5	255.255.25	00-50-7F-CD-0	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0				
DNS Servers	8.8.4.4 8.8.8.8				
Default Geteway	192.168.1.5				
DHCP Server	192.168.1.5				
Lease Obtained	Tue Aug 27 00:04:10 2013				
Lease Expires	Fri Aug 30 00:04:10 2013			Refresh	
			ОК	Cancel	
					_

# VI-1-8 Time and Date

It allows you to specify where the time of the router should be inquired from.

System	Maintenance	>>	Time	and	Date

Time Information Current System Time	2018 Feb 7 Wed 2 : 51 : 19 Inquire Time
Time Setup	
O Use Browser Time	
💿 Use Internet Time	
Time Server	pool.ntp.org
Priority	Auto 💌
Time Zone	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin 🔍
Enable Daylight Saving	Advanced
Automatically Update Ir	erval 30 mins 💌
Send NTP Request Thro	igh Auto 💌

Item	Description	
Current System Time	Click Inquire Time to get the current time.	
Use Browser Time	Select this option to use the browser time from the remote administrator PC host as router's system time.	
Use Internet Time	Select to inquire time information from Time Server on the Internet using assigned protocol.	
Time Server	Type the web site of the time server.	
Priority	Choose Auto or IPv6 First as the priority.	
Time Zone	Select the time zone where the router is located.	
Enable Daylight Saving	Select the time zone where the router is located. Check the box to enable the daylight saving. Such feature is available for certain area. Advanced - Click it to open a pop up dialog. Daylight Saving Advanced © Default Start: No Daylight Saving End: No Daylight Saving Date Range Start: Year ♥ Month ♥ Day ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly Start: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ 00:00 ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ Sunda ♥ End: Yearly On Janual ♥ First ♥ End: Yearly On Yearly Pirst ♥ End: Yearl	
Automatically Update	Select a time interval for updating from the NTP server.	

Interval	
Send NTP Request Through	Specify a WAN interface to send NTP request for time synchronization.

Click OK to save these settings.

### VI-1-9 SNMP

This page allows you to configure settings for SNMP and SNMPV3 services.

The SNMPv3 is **more secure than** SNMP through the encryption method (support AES and DES) and authentication method (support MD5 and SHA) for the management needs.

System Maintenance >> SNMP

P Setup				
🗹 Enable SNMP Agent			_	
Get Community		public		
Set Community		private	]	
Manager Host IP(IPv4)	Index	IP	Subnet Mask	
	1			*
	2			*
	з			~
Manager Host IP(IPv6)	Index	IPv6	Address	/ Prefix Length
	1			/0
	2			/0
	З			/0
Trap Community		public	]	
Notification Host IP(IPv4)	Index	IP		
	1		]	
	2		]	
Notification Host IP(IPv6)	Index	IPv6	Address	
	1			
	2			]
Trap Timeout		10	]	
Enable SNMPV3 Agent				
USM User			]	
Auth Algorithm		No Auth 🚩		
Auth Password			]	
Privacy Algorithm		No Priv 🔽		
Privacy Password			]	

Item	Description
Enable SNMP Agent	Check it to enable this function.

Get Community	Set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. The default setting is <b>public</b> .	
	The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	
Set Community	Set community by typing a proper name. The default setting is private.	
	The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	
Manager Host IP (IPv4)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.	
Manager Host IP (IPv6)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv6 address to specify certain host.	
Trap Community	Set trap community by typing a proper name. The default setting is <b>public</b> .	
	The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	
Notification Host IP (IPv4)	Set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the trap community.	
Notification Host IP (IPv6)	Set the IPv6 address of the host that will receive the trap community.	
Trap Timeout	The default setting is 10 seconds.	
Enable SNMPV3 Agent	Check it to enable this function.	
USM User	USM means user-based security mode.	
	Type a username which will be used for authentication. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	
Auth Algorithm	Choose one of the encryption methods listed below as the authentication algorithm.	
	No Auth No Auth MD5 SHA	
Auth Password	Type a password for authentication. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	
Privacy Algorithm	Choose one of the methods listed below as the privacy algorithm. No Priv V DES AES	
Privacy Password	Type a password for privacy. The maximum length of the text is limited to 23 characters.	

Click OK to save these settings.

# VI-1-10 Management

This page allows you to manage the settings for Internet/LAN Access Control, Access List from Internet, Management Port Setup, TLS/SSL Encryption Setup, CVM Access Control and Device Management.

The management pages for IPv4 and IPv6 protocols are different.

### For IPv4

System Maintenance >> Management ?			
IPv4 Management Setup IP	v6 Management Setup	LAN Access Setup	
Router Name DrayTek			
Default:Disable Auto-Logout Enable Validation Code in Internet/LAN Access Internet Access Control Allow management from the Internet Domain name allowed FTP Server HTTP Server HTTP Server HTTPS Server Telnet Server SSH Server SSH Server SSH Server Disable PING from the Internet Access List from the Internet List index in ID (Mack	Management Port Setup © User Define Ports © Dr Telnet Port HTTP Port HTTPS Port FTP Port SSH Port Brute Force Protection ■ Enable brute force login ■ FTP Server ■ HTTPS Server ■ HTTPS Server ■ Telnet Server	23       (Default: 23)         80       (Default: 80)         443       (Default: 443)         21       (Default: 21)         8069       (Default: 8069)         22       (Default: 22)	
IP Object         IP / Mask           1	TR069 Server     SSH Server     Maximum login failures     Penalty period     Blocked IP List	0 times 0 seconds	
5	TLS/SSL Encryption Setup         Enable TLS 1.2         Enable TLS 1.1         Enable TLS 1.0         Enable SSL 3.0		
9	CVM Access Control	8000 (Default: 8000) 8443 (Default: 8443)	
	AP Management ☑ Enable AP Management		
	Device Management	device	

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Router Name	Type in the router name provided by ISP.
Default: Disable Auto-Logout	If it is enabled, the function of auto-logout for web user interface will be disabled.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Off       Image: Constraint of the second seco
Enable Validation Code in Internet/LAN Access	If it is enabled, the mechanism of validation code will be offered by Vigor router. That is, the client must type validation code while accessing into Internet or web user interface of Vigor router.
Internet Access Control	<ul> <li>Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.</li> <li>Disable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to reject all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.</li> </ul>
Access List from the Internet	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. index in <u>IP Object</u> - Type the index number of the IP object profile. Related IP with Subnet Mask will appear automatically.
Management Port Setup	User Define Ports - Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, TR-069 and SSH servers. Default Ports - Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.
Brute Force Protection	Any client trying to access into Internet via Vigor router will be asked for passing through user authentication. Such feature can prevent Vigor router from attacks when a hacker tries every possible combination of letters, numbers and symbols until find out the correct combination of password. <b>Enable brute force login protection -</b> Enable the protection mechanism. <b>Maximum login failure -</b> Specify the maximum number of wrong password that client can try for logging to Vigor router.
	Penalty period - Set a period of time to block the IP address which is used (by user or hacker) for passing through the user authentication again and again but failed always. When the time is up, Vigor system will unblock that IP and allow it to access into Vigor router again. Blocked IP List - Open another web page which displays current blocked IPs.

	function of SSL 3.0/1.0/1.1/1.2 if required. Due to security consideration, the built-in HTTPS and SSL
	VPN server of the router had upgraded to TLS1.x protocol. If you are using old browser(eg. IE6.0) or old SmartVPN Client, you may still need to enable SSL 3.0 to make sure you can connect, however, it's not recommended.
CVM Access Control	CVM Port - Check the box to enable such port setting. CVM SSL Port - Check the box to enable such port setting.
AP Management	Enable AP Management - Check it to enable the function of Central Management>>AP. If unchecked, menu items related to Central Management>>AP will be hidden.
Device Management	Check the box to enable the device management function for Vigor2862.
	Respond to external device - If it is enabled, Vigor2862 will be regarded as slave device. When the external device (master device) sends request packet to Vigor2862, Vigor2862 would send back information to respond the request coming from the external device which is able to manage Vigor2862.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the configuration.

### For IPv6

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv6 Management Setup LAN Access Setup IPv4 Management Setup **Management Access Control** Allow management from the Internet 🗌 Telnet Server ( Port : 23) HTTP Server ( Port : 80) HTTPS Server ( Port : 443) SSH Server ( Port : 22) SNMP Server ( Port : 161) ☑ Disable PING from the Internet Access List from the Internet index in List IPv6 / Prefix <u>IPv6 Object</u> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Note: Telnet / Http server port is the same as IPv4.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Management Access	Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox

2

Control	to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify. <b>Disable PING from the Internet</b> - Check the checkbox to disable all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.
Access List from the Inernet	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. Index in <u>IPv6 Object</u> - Type the index number of the IPv6 object profile. Related IP address will appear automatically.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the configuration.

### For LAN

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup	IPv6 Management Setup	LAN Access Setup
🗹 Allow management from LAN		
🗹 FTP Server		
🗹 HTTP Server 🔲 Enforce HT	TPS Access	
HTTPS Server		
🗹 Telnet Server		
🗹 TR069 Server		
🗹 SSH Server		
Apply To Subnet	Index in <u>IP Object</u>	
🗹 LAN1		
LAN2		
LAN3		
LAN4		
LAN5		
LAN6		
LAN7		
LAN8		
✓ DMZ		
☑ IP Routed Subnet		

Note:

If an IP Object is specified in a LAN Subnet, the setting will be applied to the selected IP only.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Allow management from LAN	Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from LAN interface. There are several servers provided by the system which allow you to manage the router from LAN interface. Check the box(es) to specify.
Apply To Subnet	Check the LAN interface for the administrator to use for accessing into web user interface of Vigor router. Index in <u>IP Object</u> - Type the index number of the IP object profile. Related IP address will appear automatically.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

?

# VI-1-11 Panel Control

The behavior of the LEDs, buttons, USB ports and LAN ports on the front panel of the Vigor router can be customized as desired.

### For LED

By default, the LEDs are enabled, and will illuminate or blink continuously to show the status of the various functions in the router. However, they can be configured to remain off at all times, or remain off until a button is pressed to wake them up.

LED	Button	USB	LAN Port	Refresh
🖲 Enabl	e LED			
-	Enable Sleep Mo	de		
	Turn off LED afte	er t mil	nutes (Default: 1 minute)	
	Status :			

Note:

Enable the Sleep Mode will make the functions of "Wireless Button" and "Factory Reset Button" on the front panel as below:

LED Status LED On		LED Off
Wireless Button	Wireless On/Off/WPS	
Factory Reset Button	Press 1 second: Turn LED off immediately* Press till the ACT light flashing: Reset router	Turn LED On*

*Still functional even the buttons are disabled.

OK

Item	Description		
Refresh	Click to refresh the page to display the latest information		
Enable LED	Select to enable front panel LEDs.		
	• Enable Sleep Mode/Turn off LED after _ minutes - Available when Enable LED is selected. Select this option to turn off the LEDs after the specified number of minutes.		
	When sleep mode is enabled, LEDs can be woken up by pressing either the Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS button or the Factory Reset button on the front panel, or by clicking the Wake up LED button on this page. When LEDs are lit, they can be put to sleep by briefly pressing the Factory Reset button, or by clicking the LED sleep immediately button on this page.		
	Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS ACT WAN2 QoS USB DSL WCF Factory Reset WLAN VPN DMZ		

Status	Shows the status of the LEDs:
	Status : Sleep Wake up LED – LEDs are in sleep mode. To wake them up, do one of the following:
	<ul> <li>press the Wake up LED button on this page</li> <li>press the Wireless On/Off/WPS button on the front panel</li> <li>press the Factory Reset button on the front panel.</li> </ul>
	Status : Awake, sleep after 1 minutes LED sleep immediately - LEDs are awake. To put them to sleep immediately
	<ul> <li>press the LED sleep immediately button on this page</li> <li>press the Factory Reset button on the front panel for 1 second.</li> </ul>

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the configuration.

### For Button

The Factory Reset and Wireless ON/OFF/WPS buttons on the front panel are enabled by default and can be enabled or disabled if required. Disabling the Factory Reset button will prevent tampering by unauthorized parties, or to avoid accidental triggering of a router reset when being used wake up LEDs. Disabling the wireless button will prevent changing the wireless setting when LED Sleep Mode is enabled, and the buttons are primarily used to turn the LEDs on and off.

Click the **Button** tab to get the following page.

System Maintenance >> Panel Control

LED	Button	USB	LAN Port	<u>Refresh</u>
	Г	Enable	Button	
		<b>~</b>	Factory Reset	
		<b>~</b>	Wireless	

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click to refresh the page to display the latest information.	
Enable Factory Reset Button	The default value is <b>Enabled</b> . Deselect to disable the reset function of the factory reset button. Disabling the Factory Reset button only prevents it from being used to reboot Vigor router with default settings. It can still be used to wake up the LEDs when LED sleep mode is enabled.	
Enable Wireless Button	The default value is <b>Enabled</b> . Deselect to disable the ability of the Wireless button to control WLAN and WPS functions. Disabling the wireless button only prevents it from being	

used to control WLAN functions. It can still be used to wake
up the LEDs when LED sleep mode is enabled.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

### For USB

The USB ports can be individually enabled or disabled. When a USB port is disabled, attached devices will not be recognized by the router.

System Maintenance >> Panel Control

LED	Button	USB	LAN Port	<u>Refresh</u>
	Port	Enable	Status	
	1		No Device	
	2			

OK
----

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click to refresh the page to display the latest information.	
Port	The number corresponds to the USB port number shown on the front panel.	
Enable	Deselect to disable the USB port. The default value is enabled.	
Status	Shows the status of the USB port. No device - no USB device is connected to the port. Connected - a USB device is connected to the port. the USB port is disabled.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

### For LAN Port

The 4 LAN ports can be individually enabled or disabled. When a LAN port is disabled, attached devices will not be recognized by the router.

LED	Button	USB	LAN Port	
	Port	Enable	Status	Speed
	1	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Link Up	100Mbps
	2	<b>~</b>	Link Down	
	3	<b>V</b>	Link Down	
	4			

OK

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click to refresh the page to display the latest information.	
Port	The number corresponds to the LAN port number shown on the front panel.	
Enable	Deselect to disable the LAN port. The default value is enabled.	
Status	Shows the status of the USB port. Link Up - An active Ethernet device is connected to the port. Link Down - No active Ethernet device is detected. The LAN port is disabled.	
Speed	Shows the negotiated speed of the LAN port. <b>1000Mbps</b> - Negotiated speed of the LAN port is 1000 Mbps. <b>100Mbps</b> - Negotiated speed of the LAN port is 100 Mbps. <b>10Mpbs</b> - Negotiated speed of the LAN port is 10 Mbps. The LAN port is disabled or there is no active device connected.	

After finished the above settings, click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.

## VI-1-12 Self-Signed Certificate

A self-signed certificate is a *unique* identification for the device (e.g., Vigor router) which generates the certificate by itself to ensure the router security. Such self-signed certificate is signed with its own private key.

The self-signed certificate will be applied in SSL VPN, HTTPS, and so on. In addition, it can be created for free by using a wide variety of tools.

#### System Maintenance >> Self-Signed Certificate

Self-Signed Certificate Information			
Certificate Name :	self-signed		
Issuer :	C=TW, ST=HsinChu, L=HuKou, O=DrayTek Corp., OU=DrayTek Support, CN=Vigor Router		
Subject :	C=TW, ST=HsinChu, L=HuKou, O=DrayTek Corp., OU=DrayTek Support, CN=Vigor Router		
Subject Alternative Name :			
Valid From :	Jun 2 13:05:46 2016 GMT		
Valid To :	Jun 2 13:05:46 2046 GMT		
PEM Format Content :			
	BEGIN CERTIFICATE MIIDcTCCAlmgAwIBAgIJAP67J8my6NLIMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMHgxCzAJBgNV BAYTAIRXMRAwDgYDVQQIEwdIc2luQ2hIMQ4wDAYDVQQHEwVIdUvdTEUMBQGAlUE ChMNRHJheVRlayBDb3JwLjEYMBYGA1UECxMPRHJheVRlayBTdXBwb3JOMRUwEwYD VQQDEwxWaWdvciBSb3V0ZXIwHhcNMTYwNjAyMTMwNTQ2WhcNNDYwNjAyMTMwNTQ2 WjB4MQswCQYDVQQEEwJUVzEQMA4GA1UECBMHSHNpbkNodTEOMAwGA1UEBxMFSHVL b3UxFjAUBgNVBAoTDURYYX1UZWsqQ29ycC4xGDAWBgNVBAsTDORYYX1UZWsqU3Vw cG9ydDEVMBMGA1UEAxMMVmlnb3IgUm91dGVyMIIBIJANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOC AQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAyy8jGcJhUfPcMBDDHvq/jtSemV1MXJxPBd0mv780PyPvQ3QH mULRNFLteu9Y7Y7YBAAGK3y0p1vxUW30hjQ16WbuKcndYzdqTX6aV6gtT09XriRU zjFcXxhLNNidtS1GYt6GiysFJR219BSudCeaAIMocHWiVq34/juIuEv8XqV1heH cJGvpVBAAAjDM3sWNSYCulK51FuCR2pPcXajaS5fx9HzOTbMy2TloE0zuDD219eX 1bkqdkjX56VQ1z966/wQKYnBw9B015MFMik3/moLkjm8E5HbaESSJorhyFNQF9TJ bvgNlDNQH8f0Wic5tqZkIXE0gm0vyKdYAccstwIDAQABMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUA A4IBAQBZ+Jb8UxgMmipmSuSYai0JPrboigtDt3fE3SUlkGGqkd04jtW1Jq0+KtUZ Ma0uU4zxEgL3tmYY5nqPTs/EGnzJI/vWxxtG1cB0vcC3EcjbTj+g0Y9YnB8Y0vJE B8QiJgIW+coTjsFC2kzf+Rb16LAABTw7718S/qkHgFmydaqa5L94SyKgWaNaijk jg6J+piaqGhx6t/1Y2WB3Tezb/UHSiD8SfII1C1F/yiz3v4Sg2godJscck1q2xcB LbRqKl+x0TzM5gd7WSgSZeRc0z3u0+iRFKqi0bJ0YNZDz4Kyx1W0prNG4iF7cLcR /HAP8Heloqs0Tt1x3M2yLICmrzzi		

Note:

1.Please setup the <u>System Maintenance >> Time and Date</u> correctly before you try to regenerate a selfsigned certificate!!

2. The Time Zone MUST be setup correctly!!

#### Regenerate

Click **Regeneration** to open **Regenerate Self-Signed Certificate** window. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click **GENERATE**.

System Maintenance >> Regenerate Self-Signed Certificate

Regenerate Self-Signed Certificate			
Certificate Name	self-signed		
Subject Alternative Name			
Туре	IP Address 💌		
IP			
Subject Name			
Country (C)			
State (ST)			
Location (L)			
Organization (O)			
Organization Unit (OU)			
Common Name (CN)			
Email (E)			
Кеу Туре	RSA 🔽		
Key Size	2048 Bit 🗸		

Generate

## VI-1-13 Reboot System

The Web user interface may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** from **System Maintenance** to open the following page.

#### System Maintenance >> Reboot System

Reboot System		
Do you want to reboot your router ?		
<ul> <li>Using current configuration</li> <li>Using factory default configuration</li> </ul>		
Reboot Now		
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,		
Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.		
OK Cancel		

**Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup** - You can type in four sets of time schedule for performing system reboot. All the schedules can be set previously in **Applications** >> **Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

If you want to reboot the router using the current configuration, check Using current configuration and click Reboot Now. To reset the router settings to default values, check Using factory default configuration and click Reboot Now. The router will take 5 seconds to reboot the system.



Info

When the system pops up Reboot System web page after you configure web settings, please click Reboot Now to reboot your router for ensuring normal operation and preventing unexpected errors of the router in the future.

## VI-1-14 Firmware Upgrade

Click System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade to proceed to firmware upgrade.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

#### **Firmware Version Status**

Current Firmware Version: 3.8.8_RC10_STD

Check The Latest Firmware

Web Firmware Upgrade

Select a firmware file. 選擇檔案 未選擇檔案

Click Upgrade to upload the file. Upgrade

#### TFTP Firmware Upgrade from LAN

Firmware Upgrade Procedures:	
<ol> <li>Click "OK" to start the TFTP server.</li> <li>Open the Firmware Upgrade Utility or other 3-party TFTP client software.</li> <li>Check that the firmware filename is correct.</li> <li>Click "Upgrade" on the Firmware Upgrade Utility to start the upgrade.</li> <li>After the upgrade is compelete, the TFTP server will automatically stop running.</li> </ol>	
Do you want to upgrade firmware ?	
lote:	

Upgrade using the ALL file will retain existing router configuration, whereas using the RST file will reset the configuration to factory defaults.

Click the button of **Check The Latest Firmware** to open a pop up window displaying the newest firmware version released for such Vigor router.

👩 Check Firmware - 楓樹瀏覽器			
192.168.1.1/doc/frmupCheckFW.HT	М		6 1
Language	Version	Firmware Downl	oad
English	Version 3.8.6	Firmware Downl Vigor2862B_v3.8.6.zip	oad Download

Choose the one you need and click **Download**. After that, click **Select** to specify the one you just download. Then, click **Upgrade**. The system will upgrade the firmware of the router automatically.

### VI-1-15 Firmware Backup

The firware for Vigor router can be saved on the host as a backup firmware. After that, if the router crashes due to the firmware error, the backup firmware will be applied to make the router run normally.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Backup			
	Firmware Backup Setting		
_	◯ Backup after reboot ④ Backup after system running 1 day 0 hour (max. 7 days) ◯ Manually backup		
	OK Cancel		
	Last backup time:2017/10/13 02:54:22		

Simply specify the condition to run the firmware backup and click **OK** to save the settings.

## VI-1-16 Modem Code Upgrade

This function is used to upgrade modem code if you find built-in modem code is not suitable for Vigor router. Contact with your dealer for further assistance if required.

#### System Maintenance >> Modem Code Upgrade

#### Web DSL Modem Code Upgrade

Select a modem code file.	
Select	
Click Upgrade to upload the file.	Upgrade

### VI-1-17 Activation

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using Service Activation Wizard, by means of CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile or via System Maintenance>>Activation.

After you have finished the setting profiles for WCF (refer to Web Content Filter Profile), it is the time to activate the mechanism for your computer.

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page for accessing http://myvigor.draytek.com.

#### Web-Filter License

[Status:Not Activated]

Act	iva	te
<u>muu</u>	180	ii e

#### Note:

1. If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the **<u>SysLog/Mail Alert Setup</u>** page.

2. If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Activate via Interface	Choose WAN interface used by such device for activating Web Content Filter.
Activate	The Activate link brings you accessing into www.vigorpro.com to finish the activation of the account and the router.
Authentication Message	As for authentication information of <b>web filter</b> , the process of authenticating will be displayed on this field for your reference.

Below shows the successful activation of Web Content Filter:

System Maintenance >> Activation

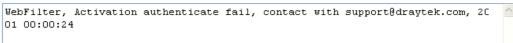
Activate via interface : auto-selected 🗸

Activate

#### Web-Filter License

[Status:Commtouch] [Start Date:2011-03-28 Expire Date:2011-04-27]

Authentication Message



Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the <u>SysLog/Mail Alert Setup</u> page. If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.

OK Cancel

### VI-1-18 Internal Service User List

User profiles (clients) defined and enabled in User Management>>User Profile will be displayed in this page.

Such page allows you to turn on or turn off security authentication service (offered by inernal RADIUS and/or Local 802.1X) for each user profile without accessing into the User Management configuration page.

#### System Maintenance >> Internal Service User List



Note:

Only the user profiles which is enabled in User <u>Management >> User Profile</u> will be listed here.

 If you enable RADIUS or Local 802.1X for a user profile here, it will use the default authentication methods; however, you may change its authentication methods via User <u>Management >> User Profile</u>.

Item	Description	
User Name	Display the name of the existed user profile. To modify the detailed settings, simply click the user name link to access into the web page for modification.	
Radius	Check the box to turn on the security authentication service offered by internal RADIUS server for the user profile. Uncheck the box to turn off ecurity authentication service offered by internal RADIUS server for the user profile. If you check the box next to such item, all of the user profiles listed in this page will be enabled with RADIUS service enabled vice versa.	
Local 802.1X	Check the box to turn on the security authentication service offered by Local 802.1X server for the user profile. Uncheck the box to turn off ecurity authentication service offered by Local 802.1X server for the user profile. If you check the box next to such item, all of the user profiles listed in this page will be enabled with Local 802.1X service enabled; vice versa.	

Available settings are explained as follows:



For the detailed setting (such as IP address, port number) configuration of internal RADIUS, refer to Applications>>RADIUS/TACACS+. For the detailed setting (such as IP address, port number) configuration of Local 802.1X, refer to LAN>>Wired 802.1X and Wireless LAN>>Security.

## VI-1-19 Dashboard Control

There are nine groups of setting information which can be displayed on Dashboard as a reference for administrator/user. Except for Front Panel and System Information, the settings information regarding to the groups listed on this page can be hidden if required.

System Maintenance >> Dashboard Control

🗹 Front Panel		
🗹 System Information		
🗹 IPv4 LAN Information		
🗹 IPv4 Internet Access		
🗹 IPv6 Internet Access		
🗹 Interface		
🗹 Security		
🗹 System Resource		
🗹 Quick Access		
	OK Cancel	

# VI-2 Bandwidth Management

### Sessions Limit

A PC with private IP address can access to the Internet via NAT router. The router will generate the records of NAT sessions for such connection. The P2P (Peer to Peer) applications (e.g., BitTorrent) always need many sessions for procession and also they will occupy over resources which might result in important accesses impacted. To solve the problem, you can use limit session to limit the session procession for specified Hosts.

### **Bandwidth Limit**

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Limit Bandwidth to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

### Quality of Service (QoS)

Deploying QoS (Quality of Service) management to guarantee that all applications receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modern enterprise network.

One reason for QoS is that numerous TCP-based applications tend to continually increase their transmission rate and consume all available bandwidth, which is called TCP slow start. If other applications are not protected by QoS, it will detract much from their performance in the overcrowded network. This is especially essential to those are low tolerant of loss, delay or jitter (delay variation).

Another reason is due to congestions at network intersections where speeds of interconnected circuits mismatch or traffic aggregates, packets will queue up and traffic can be throttled back to a lower speed. If there's no defined priority to specify which packets should be discarded (or in another term "dropped") from an overflowing queue, packets of sensitive applications mentioned above might be the ones to drop off. How this will affect application performance?

There are two components within Primary configuration of QoS deployment:

- Classification: Identifying low-latency or crucial applications and marking them for high-priority service level enforcement throughout the network.
- Scheduling: Based on classification of service level to assign packets to queues and associated service types

The basic QoS implementation in Vigor routers is to classify and schedule packets based on the service type information in the IP header. For instance, to ensure the connection with the headquarter, a teleworker may enforce an index of QoS Control to reserve bandwidth for HTTPS connection while using lots of application at the same time.

One more larger-scale implementation of QoS network is to apply DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) and IP Precedence disciplines at Layer 3. Compared with legacy IP Precedence that uses Type of Service (ToS) field in the IP header to define 8 service classes, DSCP is a successor creating 64 classes possible with backward IP Precedence compatibility. In a QoS-enabled network, or Differentiated Service (DiffServ or DS) framework, a DS domain owner should sign a Service License Agreement (SLA) with other DS domain owners to define the service level provided toward traffic from different domains. Then each DS node in these domains will perform the priority treatment. This is called per-hop-behavior (PHB). The definition of PHB includes Expedited Forwarding (EF), Assured Forwarding (AF), and Best Effort (BE). AF defines the four classes of delivery (or forwarding) classes and three levels of drop precedence in each class.

Vigor routers as edge routers of DS domain shall check the marked DSCP value in the IP header of bypassing traffic, to allocate certain amount of resource execute appropriate policing, classification or scheduling. The core routers in the backbone will do the same checking before executing treatments in order to ensure service-level consistency throughout the whole QoS-enabled network.



However, each node may take different attitude toward packets with high priority marking since it may bind with the business deal of SLA among different DS domain owners. It's not easy to achieve deterministic and consistent high-priority QoS traffic throughout the whole network with merely Vigor router's effort.

# Web User Interface

Below shows the menu items for Bandwidth Management.



## VI-2-1 Sessions Limit

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Sessions Limit to open the web page.

Bandwidth	Management	>>	Sessions L	imit

IPv4	IPv6			
🔍 Enable 💿 Disa	able			
Default Max Sessi	ons: 100			
Limitation List				
Index Start IP		End IP	Max Ses	sions
				•
Specific Limitation		D.	7	
Start IP:	End IF			
Maximum Session:	5:	Add Edit Delete	1	
			5	
Administration Message	e (Max 255 characters	;)		Default Message
		permitted Internet access.Contact y	-	
Note:	<b>Schedule</b> Setup:	,,,, [		
		OK		

To activate the function of limit session, simply click **Enable** and set the default session limit. Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Session Limit	Enable - Click this button to activate the function of limit session.
	<b>Disable</b> - Click this button to close the function of limit session.
	Default Max Session - Defines the default maximum session

	number used for each computer in LAN.
Limitation List	Displays a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.
Specific Limitation	Start IP- Defines the start IP address for limit session.
	End IP - Defines the end IP address for limit session.
	Maximum Sessions - Defines the available session number for each host in the specific range of IP addresses. If you do not set the session number in this field, the system will use the default session limit for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	Add - Adds the specific session limitation onto the list above.
	Edit - Allows you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
Administration Message	Type the words which will be displayed when reaches the maximum number of Internet sessions permitted.
	<b>Default Message</b> - Click this button to apply the default message offered by the router.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## VI-2-2 Bandwidth Limit

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Bandwidth Limit** to open the web page. To activate the function of limit bandwidth, simply click **Enable** and set the default upstream and downstream limit.

IPv4 IPv6
Enable IP Routed Subnet ③ Disable
Default TX Limit Per User: 2000 Kbps 💌 Default RX Limit Per User: 8000 Kbps 💌
Limitation List
Index Start IP/Group End IP/Object TX limit RX limit Share
Allow auto adjustment to assign available bandwidth equally to active user.           Smart Bandwidth Limit
For any LAN IP Not in Limitation List, whose session number exceeds 1000
TX Limit : 200 Kbps 💙 RX Limit : 800 Kbps 💙
Note: 1.For TX/RX, a setting of "0" means unlimited bandwidth. 2. Available bandwidth is calculated according to the maximum bandwidth detected or the Line Speed defined in WAN >> <u>General Setup</u> when in "According to Line Speed" Load Balance mode.

Fime S	chedule
	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,
	Note:
	Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click this button to activate the function of limit bandwidth.
	<b>IP Routed Subnet</b> - Check this box to apply the bandwidth limit to the second subnet specified in LAN>>General Setup. It is available for IPv4 settings only.
	<b>Default TX limit</b> - Define the default speed of the upstream for each computer in LAN.
	<b>Default RX limit</b> - Define the default speed of the downstream for each computer in LAN.
Disable	Click this button to close the function of limit bandwidth.
Limitation List	Display a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.

Bandwidth Management >> Bandwidth Limit

Specific Limitation	<ul> <li>IP - All the IPs within the range defined will be restricted by bandwidth limit defined by TX Limit and RX Limit below.</li> <li>Start IP - Define the start IP address for limit bandwidth.</li> <li>End IP - Define the end IP address for limit bandwidth.</li> <li>Object - All the IPs specified by the selected IP object or IP group will be restricted by bandwith limit defined by TX Limit and RX Limit below.</li> <li>IP Group - Specify an IP group by using the drop down list.</li> <li>IP Object - Specify an IP object by using the drop down list.</li> <li>Each / Shared - Select Each to make each IP within the range</li> </ul>
	of Start IP and End IP having the same speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields; select <b>Shared</b> to make all the IPs within the range of Start IP and End IP share the speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields.
	TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	Add - Add the specific speed limitation onto the list above. Edit - Allow you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
Allow auto adjustment to assign available …	Check this box to make the best utilization of available bandwidth.
Smart Bandwidth Limit	Check this box to have the bandwidth limit determined by the system automatically.
	TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

# VI-2-3 Quality of Service

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Quality of Service to open the web page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General	Setup							Set t	o Factory D	efault
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	Kbps/Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>

#### Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

☑ Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:	
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)	
ОК	

Item	Description
General Setup	Index - Display the WAN/LTE interface number that you can edit.
	Status - Display if the WAN interface is available for such function or not.
	<b>Bandwidth</b> - Display the inbound and outbound bandwidth setting for the WAN interface.
	<b>Direction</b> – Display which direction that such function will influence.
	Class 1/Class2/Class 3/Others – Display the bandwidth percentage for each class.
	<b>UDP Bandwidth Control</b> – Display the UDP bandwidth control is enabled or not.
	<b>Online Statistics</b> – Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference.
	Setup - Allow to configure general QoS setting for WAN interface.
Class Rule	Index - Display the class number that you can edit.
	Name - Display the name of the class.
	Rule - Allow to configure detailed settings for the selected Class.
	Service Type - Allow to configure detailed settings for the service type.
Enable the First Priority	When this feature is enabled, the VoIP SIP/UDP packets will be

Item	Description
for VoIP SIP/RTP	sent with highest priority.
	SIP UDP Port - Set a port number used for SIP.

This page displays the QoS settings result of the WAN interface. Click the **Setup** link to access into next page for the general setup of WAN interface. As to class rule, simply click the **Edit** link to access into next for configuration.

You can configure general setup for the WAN interface, edit the Class Rule, and edit the Service Type for the Class Rule for your request.

### **Online Statistics**

Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference. This feature is available only when the Quality of Service for WAN interface is enabled.

Statistics		Refr	resh Interval: 5 🚩 seconds 🛛 🛛 🥂 Refr
Direction	Class Name	Reserved-bandwidth Ratio	Outbound Throughput (Bytes/sec)
OUT	VoIP		0
OUT		25%	0
OUT		25%	0
OUT			0
OUT	Others	25%	0
		Others	
		0 5	10 (Bps)
	OUT OUT OUT OUT	Direction Class Name OUT VoIP OUT OUT OUT	Direction         Class Name         Reserved-bandwidth Ratio           OUT         VoIP            OUT         25%         0           OUT         0         25%           OUT         Others         25%

Vigor2862 Series User's Guide

### **General Setup for WAN Interface**

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

When you click Setup, you can configure the bandwidth ratio for QoS of the WAN interface. There are four queues allowed for QoS control. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. Yet, the last one is reserved for the packets which are not suitable for the user-defined class rules.

MAN2 Conoral	Satur					
WAN3 General Setup						
	WAN Inbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 🔍 Kbps	Mbps		
	WAN Outbound Bandwidth	100	🔍 🔍 Kbps	Mbps		
Index	Class Name		R	eserved_ban	dwidth Ratio	
Class 1				25	%	
Class 2				25	%	
Class 3				25	%	
	Others			25	96	
🔲 Enable VD	Enable UDP Bandwidth Control Limited_bandwidth Ratio 25 9					
🔲 Outbound	Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize					
Noto:						

#### Note:

1. Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

2. You can do speed test by http://speedtest.net or contact with your ISP for speed test program.

OK	Clear	Cancel
- · · ·	0.000	0 0110 01

Item	Description
Enable the QoS Control	The factory default for this setting is checked. Please also define which traffic the QoS Control settings will apply to. IN- apply to incoming traffic only.
	<ul> <li>OUT-apply to outgoing traffic only.</li> <li>BOTH- apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic.</li> <li>Check this box and click OK, then click Setup link again. You will see the Online Statistics link appearing on this page.</li> </ul>
WAN Inbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data input for other WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 1000kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data output for other WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 256kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
Reserved Bandwidth Ratio	It is reserved for the group index in the form of ratio of reserved bandwidth to upstream speed and reserved bandwidth to downstream speed.
Enable UDP Bandwidth Control	Check this and set the limited bandwidth ratio on the right field. This is a protection of TCP application traffic since UDP application traffic such as streaming video will exhaust lots

	of bandwidth.	
Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize	The difference in bandwidth between download and upload are great in ADSL2+ environment. For the download speed might be impacted by the uploading TCP ACK, you can check this box to push ACK of upload faster to speed the network traffic.	
Limited_bandwidth Ratio	The ratio typed here is reserved for limited bandwidth of UDP application.	

## 0

Info

The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.

### Edit the Class Rule for QoS

1. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. To add, edit or delete the class rule, please click the Edit link of that one.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General Setup   Set to Factory Defa							<u>efault</u>			
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	Kbps/Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>

Class Rule			
Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	
01355 5		Lun	

✓ Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:	
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)	
OK	

2. After you click the Edit link, you will see the following page. Now you can define the name for that Class. In this case, "Test" is used as the name of Class Index #1.

Bandwidth Management >>	Quality of Service
-------------------------	--------------------

Class Ind	lex #1						
Name	Test		🔲 Tag Outbound	d Packets as: Defaul	lt 💌		
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type		
1	Empty	-	-	-	-		
		A	dd Edit Dele	te			
	OK Cancel						

3. For adding a new rule, click Add to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit			
🗹 АСТ		Hardware Acceleration	
Ethernet Typ	e	⊙ IPv4 ○ IPv6	
Local Address	5	Any	Edit
Remote Addre	ess	Any	Edit
DiffServ Code	Point	ANY	
Service Type		Predefined	
Note: Please choos	e/setup the <u>Ser</u>	<b>vice Type</b> first.	

OK Cancel

Item	Description		
ACT	Check this box to invoke these settings.		
Hardware Acceleration	Check this box to enable the hardware acceleration when such rule is applied.		
Ethernet Type	Please specify which protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) will be used for this rule.		
Local Address	Click the Edit button to set the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.		
Remote Address	Click the Edit button to set the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.		
	Address Type Subnet Address Start IP Address 0.0.0 End IP Address 0.0.0		
	Address Type - Determine the address type for the source address.		
	For Single Address, you have to fill in Start IP address. For Range Address, you have to fill in Start IP address and End IP address.		
	For <b>Subnet Address</b> , you have to fill in Start IP address and Subnet Mask.		
DiffServ CodePoint	All the packets of data will be divided with different levels and will be processed according to the level type by the system. Please assign one of the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.		
Service Type	It determines the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. It can also be edited. You can choose the predefined service type from the Service Type drop down list. Those types are predefined in factory. Simply choose the one that you want for using by current QoS.		

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

By the way, you can set up to 20 rules for one Class. If you want to edit an existed rule, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit** to open the rule edit page for modification.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

C	Class Index #1							
Ν	lame	Test		🔲 Tag Outboun	d Packets as: Defau	lt 💌		
ſ	NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type		
	1 ()	Active	Any	Any	ANY	ANY		
	Add Edit Delete							
	OK Cancel							

### Edit the Service Type for Class Rule

1. To add a new service type, edit or delete an existed service type, please click the Edit link under Service Type field.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General	Setup							Set t	o Factory De	<u>efault</u>
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	Kbps/Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setup</u>

#### Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	Test	<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		<u>Edit</u>	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:	
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)	
OK	

2. After you click the Edit link, you will see the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

er Defined Sei	rvice Type		
NO	Name	Protocol	Port
1	Empty	-	-
		Add Edit Delete	
		Cancel	

3. For adding a new service type, click Add to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Service Name		
Service Type	[	TCP 6
Port Configuratio	ı	
Туре		⊙ Single 🔘 Range
Port Numbe	r	0 - 0

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Service Name	Type in a new service for your request. The maximum length of the name you can set is 11 characters.
Service Type	Choose the type (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP or other) for the new service.
Port Configuration	Type - Click Single or Range as the Type. If you select Range, you have to type in the starting port number and the end porting number on the boxes below.
	<b>Port Number</b> - Type in the starting port number and the end porting number here if you choose Range as the type.

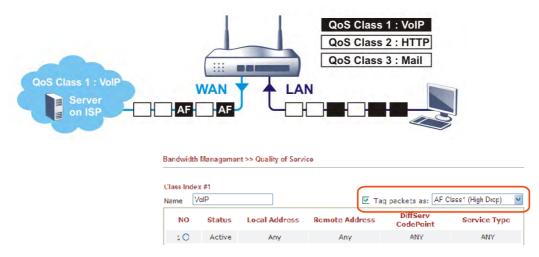
5. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

By the way, you can set up to 10 service types. If you want to edit/delete an existed service type, please select the radio button of that one and click Edit/Edit for modification.

### **Retag the Packets for Identification**

Packets coming from LAN IP can be retagged through QoS setting. When the packets sent out through WAN interface, all of them will be tagged with certain header and that will be easily to be identified by server on ISP.

For example, in the following illustration, the VoIP packets in LAN go into Vigor router without any header. However, when they go forward to the Server on ISP through Vigor router, all of the packets are tagged with AF (configured in Bandwidth >>QoS>>Class) automatically.



## VI-2-4 APP QoS

The QoS function is used to do bandwidth management for the services with certain IP or port number. However, there is no effect of bandwidth management on the service such as VNC or PPTV without fixed IP or port number.

APP QoS employs the function of APP Enforcement to detect the types of software in application layer. By combining the function of QoS (adjustment on Inbound/Outbond bandwidth and bandwidth ratio), Vigor router can perform the bandwidth management for the protocols, streaming, remote control, web HD and so on.

Click Bandwidth Management>>APP QoS to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> APP QoS

#### APP QoS

Traceable	Untraceable			
Select All	Clear All	Apply to all:	QoS Class 1 (High)	Apply
Enable	Protocol	Version	Actio	n
	DNS		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	FTP		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	HTTP	1.1	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	IMAP	4.1	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	IMAP STARTTLS	4.1	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	IRC	2.4.0	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	NNTP		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🔽 🔽
	POP3		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	POP3 STARTTLS		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	SMB	3.0	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	SMTP		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	SMTP STARTTLS		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🔽
	SNMP	2C	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	SSH	2	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🛛 🔽
	SSL/TLS	3.0/1.2	QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🔽
	TELNET		QoS Class 1 (H	ligh) 🔽
lease remembe ervice''.	r to adjust Inbound/Out	bound bandwid	th of your network in	"Quailty o

ſ

OK ) Cancel

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click Enable to activate APP QoS function. Click Disable to deactivate APP QoS function.
Traceable	The protocol listed below is traceable by Vigor router. Each tab offers different types of protocols to fit your request.
Untraceable	The protocol listed below is not easy to be traced by Vigor router. Each tab offers different types of protocols to fit your

	request.		
Select All	Click it to select all of the protocols.		
Clear All	Click it to de-select all of the protocols.		
Apply to all	Choose one of the actions from the drop down list. It is prepared for applying to all protocols.		
	Apply to all: QoS Class 1 (High) 🔽 Apply		
	Ol QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 2 (Medium) QoS Class 3 (Low) ) ✓ DefaultClass (Lowest)		
	Apply - Click it to make the selected action be applied all of the selected protocols immediately.		
Action	There are many protocols which can be specified with different QoS Class.		
	Action		
	QoS Class 1 (High)		
	QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 2 (Medium) QoS Class 3 (Low) DefaultClass (Lowest)		

# **Application Notes**

### A-1 How to Optimize the Bandwidth through QoS Technology

Have you ever gotten any problems in uploading/downloading files (Voice, video or email/data only) with the narrow/districted bandwidth you may share from the common Internet connection line? The advanced bandwidth management technology-QoS (Quality of Service) helps you to well allocate the bandwidth upon your demand of Voice, Video, or Data transferring. Let's see how to get the optimum bandwidth per your request by using DrayTek Vigor router as below.

Scenario: The Internet connection you got from ISP line is 2MB/512Kb. There are VoIP telephony network, IPTV set top box and data server at your home. Assume you want to allocate 30% of the bandwidth you got to VoIP demand, 50% for IPTV, 15% for mail/data, 5% for others. Let's see how easily it is to do the setting as below:

1. Open Bandwidth Management>> Quality of Service.



2. You will get the following page. Click the Edit link for Class 1.

Bandwidth	Management >>	Quality of Service
-----------	---------------	--------------------

General Setup Set to Factory Defa									<u>efault</u>	
Index	ex Status Bandwidth		Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Disable	Kbps/Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setu</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setu</u>
WANЗ	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	<u>Setu</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<u>Status</u>	Setu

#### Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<u>Edit</u>	
Class 2		Edit	<u>Edit</u>
Class 3		<u>Edit</u>	

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:		
SIP UDP Port: 5060 (Default: 5060)		
	OK	

3. In the following page, type a name (e.g., VoIP) for such class and click Add.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Class Inde Name	<b>x #1</b> /oIP		Tag Outbound	d Packets as: Defa	ult 🔹
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	Empty	-	-	-	-
			Add Edit Delet	е	
			OK Cancel		

4. Check the box of ACT. Click Edit to specify the local address.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Rule Edit	
🖉 ACT	Hardware Acceleration
Ethernet Type	● IPv4 ● IPv6
Local Address	Any Edit
Remote Address	Any Edit
DiffServ CodePoint	ANY 🔹
Service Type	Predefined T
Note:	
Please choose/setup the <b>S</b>	ervice Type first.
	OK Cancel

5. In the pop-up window, choose **Range Address** as the **Address Type** and type the start IP address and end IP address in relational fields. Click **OK** to save the settings and exit the window.

🕖 192.168.1.1/doc/QosIpEdt.htm - Google Chrome	
🗅 192.168.1.1/doc/QosIpEdt.htm	ବ୍
Ethernet Type: IPv4	
Address Type Start IP Address	Range Address  172.16.1.240
End IP Address	172.16.1.240
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
OK	Close

6. Click **OK** again to save the settings.

Bandwidth Management >> (	Quality of Service
---------------------------	--------------------

Rule Edit	
ACT	Hardware Acceleration
Ethernet Type	🖲 IPv4 🔘 IPv6
Local Address	172.16.1.240~172.16.1.241 Edit
Remote Address	Any Edit
DiffServ CodePoir	nt ANY T
Service Type	Predefined
Note:	
Please choose/s	etup the <u>Service Type</u> first.
	OK Cancel

7. The class rule for VoIP has been set. Click **OK** to return to previous page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

lass Index #1 Jame VolP						
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type	
1 0	Active	172.16.1.240 ~ 172.16.1.241	Any	ANY	ANY	
Add Edit Delete						

8. Do the same steps to add class rules for IPTV and Data/Email with IP addresses as shown below.

Bandwidth	andwidth Management >> Quality of Service							
Class Inde	ex #2							
Name	PTV		🔲 Tag Outbound	d Packets as: Defau	ılt 🔹			
NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type			
1 0	Active	172.16.1.242 ~ 172.16.1.249	Any	ANY	ANY			
		A	dd Edit Delet	е				
			OK Cancel					

and

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

С	lass Ind	lex #3					
Name Data/Email T		🔲 Tag Outbound	Tag Outbound Packets as: Default				
Γ	NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type	
Ш	1 0	Active	Any	Any	ANY	NFS(UDP:2049)	
			1	Add Edit Delete	e		
				OK Cancel			

9. Assuming you get 2MB/512Kb Internet line. You can click the **Setup** link of WAN1 to set up the bandwidth for different groups among VoIP, IPTV and Data/Email.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General Setup	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Index Stat	ıs Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	;	
WAN1 Disab	leKbps/Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>	
WAN2 Disab	le 100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	Setup	
WAN3 Disab	le 100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>	
WAN4 Disał	le 100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>	

10. In the Setup page, check the box of Enable the QoS Control. Type 30, 50 and 15 in the boxes for VoIP, IPTV and Data/Email respectively. Check the box of Enable UDP Bandwidth Control.

VAN1 General Setup		
Enable the QoS Cont	rol BOTH •	
Index	Class Name	Reserved_bandwidth Ratio
Class 1	VoIP	30 %
Class 2	IPTV	50 %
Class 3	Data/Email	15 %
	Others	5 %
🖉 Enable UDP Bandv	width Control	Limited_bandwidth Ratio 25
Outbound TCP AC	K Prioritize	

bandwidth is not accurate. 2.You can do speed test by<u>http://speedtest.net</u> or contact with your ISP for speed test program.

OK	Clear	Cancel

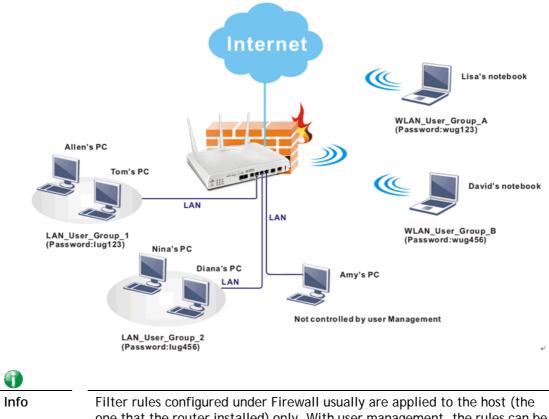
11. Click **OK** to save the settings. The class rules for WAN1 are defined as shown below.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General	Setup								o Factory D	<u>efault</u>
Index	Status	Bandwidth	Directio	n Class N 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics	
WAN1	Enable	Kbps/Kbps	Both	30%	50%	15%	5%	Active	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN2	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>
WAN4	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status	<u>Setup</u>

# VI-3 User Management

User Management is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password. Instead of managing with IP address/MAC address, User Management function manages hosts with user account. Network administrator can give different firewall policies or rules for different hosts with different User Management accounts. This is more flexible and convenient for network management. Not only offering the basic checking for Internet access, User Management also provides additional firewall rules, e.g. CSM checking for protecting hosts.



one that the router installed) only. With user management, the rules can be applied to every user connected to the router with customized profiles.

# Web User Interface

User Management
General Setup
User Profile
User Group
User Online Status

## VI-3-1 General Setup

General Setup can determine the standard (rule-based or user-based) for the users controlled by User Management. The mode (standard) selected here will influence the contents of the filter rule(s) applied to every user.

#### User Management >> General Setup

Rule-Based is a management metho different firewall rules to different I		ddress. Adminis	trator may set;
<ul> <li>User-Based is a management metho different firewall rules to different u</li> </ul>		profiles. Admir	iistrator may set
Authentication page:			
Web Authentication: 💿 HTTPS	О НТТР		
Login Page Logo: Upload a file 🔍 Default Blank Login Page Greetin Upload a file	檔案	(Max 524	× 352 pixel) Upload
Display IP address on the dialog	) box pops up af	ter successful l	login.
Landing page:			
(Max 255 characters)		Preview	Set to Factory Default
<body stats="1"><script http:="" language="&lt;br&gt;window.location=" td="" www.dray<=""><td></td><td>ipt></body></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></body>			

Item	Description
Mode	There are two modes offered here for you to choose. Each mode will bring different filtering effect to the users involved.
	User-Based - If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in User Management>>User Profile to the users.
	Rule-Based -If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in Firewall>>General Setup and

	Filter Rule to the users.
Authentication page	Web Authentication - Choose the protocol for web authentication.
	Login Page Logo - A logo which can be used as an identification of enterprise can be uploaded and displayed on the login page. You can use the default one, blank page or upload other image files (the size no mare than 524 × 352 pixel) to have an image of enterprise or have the effect of advertisement.
	Login Page Greeting - Such link allows you to access into the setting page for login greeting. For detailed information, refer to System Maintenance>>Login Page Greeting.
	<b>Display IP Address on tracking window</b> - Check the box to display the IP address of the client on the tracking window.
Landing Page	Type the information to be displayed on the first web page when the LAN user accessing into Internet via such router.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.

## VI-3-2 User Profile

This page allows you to set customized profiles (up to 200) which will be applied for users controlled under User Management. Simply open User Management>>User Profile.

Jser Profile	e Table				Set to Factory Default
Select.	All 🗌	Clear All			Search
Profile	Enable	Name	Profile	Enable	Name
<u>1.</u>	<b>V</b>	admin	<u>17.</u>		
<u>2.</u>	<b>V</b>	Dial-In User	<u>18.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>19.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>20.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>21.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>22.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>23.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>24.</u>		
<u>9.</u>			<u>25.</u>		
<u>10.</u>			<u>26.</u>		
<u>11.</u>			<u>27.</u>		
<u>12.</u>			<u>28.</u>		
<u>13.</u>			<u>29.</u>		
<u>14.</u>			<u>30.</u>		
<u>15.</u>			<u>31.</u>		
<u>16.</u>			<u>32.</u>		
<< <u>1-32   3</u>	<u> 3-64   65-</u>	9 <u>6   97-128   129-160   161-192  </u>	<u>193-200</u> >	~>	<u>Next</u> >>

User Management >> User Profile

Note:

1.admin: To change the administrator password,please go to System Maintenance >>

Administrator Password.

Dial-In User Profile: Dial-In User Profile is reserved for VPN authentication.
 During authentication, Router will check all the local user profiles first, and then the profiles in

To set the user profile, please click any index number link to open the following page. Notice that profile 1 (admin) and profile 2 (Dial-In User) are factory default settings. Profile 2 is reserved for future use.

#### User Management >>User Profile

#### Profile Index 3

1.	Common	Settings

🗹 Enable this account			
Username			
Password			
Confirm Password			
. Web login Setting			
Idle Timeout	10 min(s) 0:Unlimited		
Max User Login	0 0:Unlimited		
External Server Authentication	None 💌		
Log	None 💌		
Pop Browser Tracking Window			
Authentication	🗹 Web 🗹 Alert Tool 🗹 Teinet		
Landing Page			
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15):	,,,		
Auto Logout every 0 minutes (0~65535) (0:Off)			
🗌 Enable Time Quota 0 min.	+ - 0 min.		
🗌 Enable Data Quota 0 🛛 MB 💌	+ - 0 MB		

### Reset quota automatically Enable Default Time Quota 0 min. Default Data Quota 0 MB Quota reset Owhen login permission schedule expired O at the start time of <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15): 3. Internal Services

Internal RADIUS Local 802.1X

Note:

Internal Services means the account and password of this user profile can be used by other application.

OK Refresh Clear Cancel

Item	Description
Enable this account	Check this box to enable such user profile.
User Name	Type a name for such user profile (e.g., <i>LAN_User_Group_1</i> , <i>WLAN_User_Group_A</i> , <i>WLAN_User_Group_B</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the User Name specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router. However the accessing operation will be restricted with the conditions configured in this user profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 24 characters.
Password	Type a password for such profile (e.g., <i>lug123</i> , <i>wug123</i> , <i>wug456</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the password specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the

	authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router with the limitation configured in this user profile.
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 24 characters.
Confirm Password	Type the password again for confirmation.
Idle Timeout	If the user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the network connection will be stopped for such user. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 10 minutes.
Max User Login	Such profile can be used by many users. You can set the limitation for the number of users accessing Internet with the conditions of such profile. The default setting is 0 which means no limitation in the number of users.
Policy	It is available only when User-Based mode selected in User Management>>General Setup.
	Default v Default [Create New Policy]
	<ul> <li>Default - If you choose such item, the filter rules pre-configured in Firewall can be adopted for such user profile.</li> <li>Create New Policy - If you choose such item, the following page will be popped up for you to define another filter rule</li> </ul>
	as a new policy.
	Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule
	Filter Set 1 Rule 2 Check to enable the Filter Rule Comments: Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON: Enable
	Direction: LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN  Source IP: Any Destination IP: Any Service Type: Any
	For the detailed configuration, simply refer to Firewall>>Filter Rule. The firewall filter rules that are not selected in Firewall>>General>>Default rule can be available for use in User Management>>User Profile.
External Service Authentication	The router will authenticate the dial-in user by itself or by external service such as LDAP server or Radius server or TACACS+ server. If LDAP, Radius or TACACS+ is selected here, it is not necessary to configure the password setting above.
	None None LDAP Radius TACACS+
Log	Time of login/log out, block/unblock for the user(s) can be sent to and displayed in Syslog. Please choose any one of th log items to take down relational records for the user(s).

None  None Login Event All
If such function is enabled, a pop up window will be displayed on the screen with time remaining for connection if Idle Timeout is set. However, the system will update the time periodically to keep the connection always on. Thus, Idle Timeout will not interrupt the network connection.
Any user (from LAN side or WLAN side) tries to connect to Internet via Vigor router must be authenticated by the router first. There are three ways offered by the router for the user to choose for authentication.
Web - If it is selected, the user can type the URL of the router from any browser. Then, a login window will be popped up and ask the user to type the user name and password for authentication. If succeed, a Welcome Message (configured in User Management >> General Setup) will be displayed. After authentication, the destination URL (if requested by the user) will be guided automatically by the router.
Alert Tool - If it is selected, the user can open Alert Tool and type the user name and password for authentication. A window with remaining time of connection for such user will be displayed. Next, the user can access Internet through any browser on Windows. Note that Alert Tool can be downloaded from DrayTek web site.
Telnet - If it is selected, the user can use Telnet command to perform the authentication job.
When a user tries to access into the web user interface of Vigor router series with the user name and password specified in this profile, he/she will be lead into the web page configured in Landing Page field in User Management>>General Setup.
Check this box to enable such function.
You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.
Such account will be forced to logout after a certain time set here.
Time quota means the total connection time allowed by the router for the user with such profile. Check the box to enable the function of time quota. The first box displays the remaining time of the network connection. The second box allows to type the number of time (unit is minute) which is available for the user (using such profile) to access Internet.      - Click this box to set and increase the time quota for such profile.
<ul> <li>Click this box to decrease the time quota for such profile.</li> <li>Note: A dialog will be popped up to notify how many</li> </ul>

	time remained when a user accesses into Internet		
	through Vigor router successfully.		
	Internet Access		
	Michael, you are now connected.		
	Time remaining online:		
	00:32:41		
	Time used: 01:12:54.		
	Logout		
	When the time is up, all the connection jobs including network, IM, social media, facebook, and etc. will be terminated.		
Enable Data Quota	Data Quota means the total amount for data transmission allowed for the user. The unit is MB/GB.		
	- Click this box to set and increase the data quota for		
	such profile.		
	- Click this box to decrease the data quota for such profile.		
Reset quota automatically	Enable - Set default time quota and data quota for such profile. Vigor router will reset the quota automatically according to the factory quota settings.		
	<ul> <li>Default Time Quota - Type the value for the time manually.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Default Data Quota - Type the value for the data manually.</li> </ul>		
	Quota reset - when login permission schedule expired - When the scheduling time is up, the router will reset the quota with user-defined time/data values automatically.		
	<b>Quota reset - at the start time of <u>Schedule</u> - The router will reset the quota with user-defined time/data values at the starting time configured in the selected schedule profile.</b>		
Internal RADIUS	Check the box to enable security authenticated via internal RADIUS server.		
Local 802.1X	Check the box to enable security authenticated via internal 802.1X server.		

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.

## VI-3-3 User Group

This page allows you to bind several user profiles into one group. These groups will be used in **Firewall>>General Setup** as part of filter rules.

ser Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

User Management >> User Group

Please click any index number link to open the following page.

User Management >> User Group

ame:	
vailable User Objects	Selected User Objects(Max 32 Objects)
1-admin 2-Dial-In User 3-LAN_User_Group_1 4-WLAN_User_Group_A 5-WLAN_User_Group_B	») «

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this user group.
Available User Objects	You can gather user profiles (objects) from User Profile page within one user group. All the available user objects that you have created will be shown in this box. Notice that user object, Admin and Dial-In User are factory settings. User defined profiles will be numbered with 3, 4, 5 and so on.

Selected Keyword Objects Click button to add the selected user objects in this box.	S
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# VI-3-4 User Online Status

This page displays the user(s) connected to the router and refreshes the connection status in an interval of several seconds.

Curren	t Time : O	1-01 00:43:2	4		Refresh Seconds: 10 💌 Page: 1 💌			*	<u>Refresh</u>	
Index	<u>User</u> 🐱	IP Address	Profile	Last Login Time	Expired Time	Data Quota	Idle Time	Α	ction	
1	<u>admin</u>	192.168.1.5	<u>admin</u>	01-01 00:00:15	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	Block Lo	ogout Delete	
Noto:										

Note:

1. Please click "IP Address" to view all online users.

2. Dial-in User profiles are linked to VPN clients and therefore cannot be logged-out or deleted while connecting.

3. Information about 802.1X authentication can be found at Authentication User List.

Total Number : 1

Item	Description
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.
	Refresh Seconds: 10 V 10 15 30
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
Index	Display the number of the data flow.
User	Display the users which connect to Vigor router currently. You can click the link under the username to open the user profile setting page for that user.
IP Address	Display the IP address of the device.
Profile	Display the authority of the account.
Last Login Time	Display the login time that such user connects to the router last time.
Expired Time	Display the expired time of the network connection for the user.

Data Quota	Display the quota for data transmission.
Idle Time	Display the idle timeout setting for such profile.
Action Block - can avoid specified user accessing into Internet	
	Unblock - allow the user to access into Internet.
	Logout - the user will be logged out forcefully.

# **Application Notes**

#### A-1 How to authenticate clients via User Management

Before using the function of User Management, please make sure User-Based has been selected as the Mode in the User Management>>General Setup page.

User Management >> General Setup

#### **General Setup**

0	<b>Rule-Based</b> is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	<b>User-Based</b> is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	• In User-Based mode, <b>Active Rules</b> in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.
	<ul> <li>Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.</li> </ul>

With User Management authentication function, before a valid username and password have been correctly supplied, a particular client will not be allowed to access Internet through the router. There are three ways for authentication: Web, Telnet and Alert Tool.

User Management >>User Profile		
Profile Index 3		
1. Common Settings		
<ul> <li>Enable this account</li> </ul>		
Username	user1	
Password		
Confirm Password		
2. Web login Setting		
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited
Policy	Default 🔹	
	The selection of item which not set to acti	is could be created as rules and ve.
External Server Authentication	None 🔹	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	7	
Authentication	🕑 Web 🕑 Alert To	ool 🗷 Telnet
Lanung Page		
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15):	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
Auto Logout every 0 minutes (0~655	535) (0:Off)	
🗹 Enable Time Quota 🛭 🧼 min.	+ - 120 mir	n
🔲 Enable Data Quota 🛛 🛛 MB 🔻	+ - 0 MB	

#### Authentication via Web

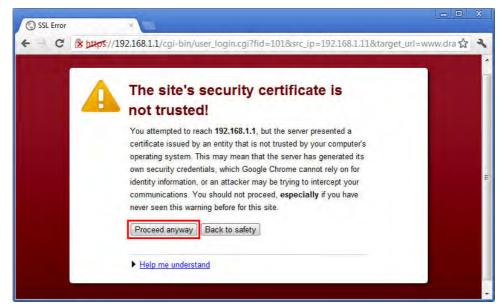
If a LAN client who hasn't passed the authentication opens an external web site in his browser, he will be redirected to the router's Web authentication interface first. Then, the client is trying to access <u>http://www.draytek.com</u> and but brought to the Vigor router. Since this is an SSL connection, some web browsers will display warning messages. • With Microsoft Internet Explorer, you may get the following warning message. Please press Continue to this website (not recommended).

ertificate Erron Navigation Blocked - Windows Internet Explorer	x
🔵 🗢 🙋 https://192.168.1.1/cgi-bin/user_login.cgi?fid=1018/src_ip 👻 🐓 🗙 🔀 Bing	۰ م
avorites 👍 🙋 Suggested Sites 👻 🖉 Web Slice Gallery 👻 Certificate Error. Navigation Blocked 👘 💌 🗟 👻 🖾 🖶 Yeage 👻 Safety 🕶 Tools 👻	0-
There is a problem with this website's security certificate.	+
The security certificate presented by this website was not issued by a trusted certificate authority. The security certificate presented by this website was issued for a different website's address.	
Security certificate problems may indicate an attempt to fool you or intercept any data you send to the server.	
We recommend that you close this webpage and do not continue to this website.	
Olick here to close this webpage.	
Sontinue to this website (not recommended).	
More information	
🌍 Internet   Protected Mode: On 🛛 🍕 🔻 🎕 100%	•

• With Mozilla Firefox, you may get the following warning message. Select I Understand the Risks.

Firefox  Untrusted Conr	nection + 192.168.1.1/cgi-bin/user_login.cgi?fid=101&src_ip=192.168 1 + Google P	
<b>1</b>	This Connection is Untrusted         You have asked Firefox to connect securely to 192.158.1.1, but we can't confirm that your connection is secure.         Normally, when you try to connect securely, sites will present trusted identification to prove that you are going to the right place. However, this site's identity can't be verified.         What Should I Do?         If you usually connect to this site without problems, this error could mean that someone is trying to impersonate the site, and you shouldn't continue.         Get me out of here!         International Details         Understand the Risks	

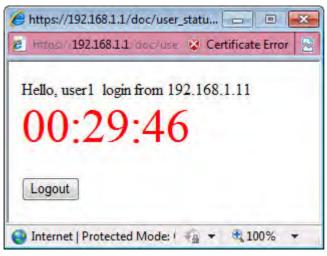
• With Chrome browser, you may get the following warning. Click **Proceed** anyway.



After that, the web authentication window will appear. Input the user name and the password for your account (defined in User Management) and click Login.

Ø Vigor Login Page - Windows Interne	et Explorer 🛛 🛃 😽 🔀 📴 Bing	
	iites ▼ 😰 Web Slice Gallery ▼ 🚵 ▼ 🗟 ▼ 🖃 🖶 ▼ Page ▼ Safety ▼	
Username Password	user1 •••••• Login	E
Copyright©, DrayTek Corp	rp. All Rights Reserved. DrayTek	
Dc 🕘 Inter	rnet   Protected Mode: On 🦓 👻	€ 100% ·

If the authentication is successful, the client will be redirected to the original web site that he tried to access. In this example, it is http://www.draytek.com . Furthermore, you will get a popped up window as the following. Then you can access the Internet.



Note, if you block the web browser to pop up any window, you will not see such window.

If the authentication is failed, you will get the error message, The username or password you entered is incorrect. Please login again.

Passw The use	rord ername or passw	ord you ente	red is incorrect.	
			Logi	n

In above description, you access an external web site to trigger the authentication. You may also directly access the router's Web UI for authentication. Both HTTP and HTTPS are supported, for example http://192.168.1.1 or https://192.168.1.1 . Replace 192.168.1.1 with your router's real IP address, and add the port number if the default management port has been modified.

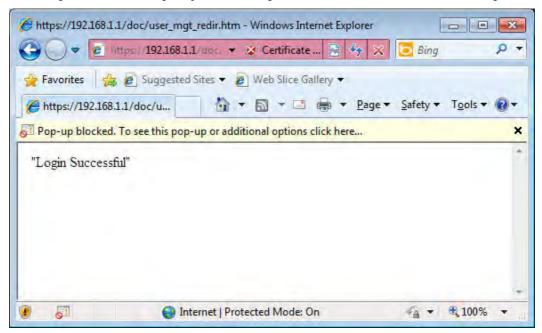
If the authentication is successful, you will get the Welcome Message that is set in the User Management >> General Setup page.

General Set	iup
-------------	-----

	anagement method based on IP address. Administrator may set ules to different IP address.
	anagement method based on user profiles. Administrator may set ules to different user profiles.
Notice for User-Bas	ed mode:
	node, <b>Active Rules</b> in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets ne Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user s required.
mode, packets t	les in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the pplied to the specific user profile will then take effect.
uthentication page:	
Web Authenticatio	on: 💿 HTTPS 🗢 HTTP
Login Page Logo:	Default 💌
	選擇檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload
<u>Login Page Greeti</u>	ng
🔲 Display IP add	ress on the dialog box pops up after successful login.
anding page:	
Max 255 characters)	Preview Set to Factory Default
<body stats="1"><sci< td=""><td>ript language='javascript'&gt; http://www.draytek.com'</td></sci<></body>	ript language='javascript'> http://www.draytek.com'
window.location='l	
window.location='l	

With the default setup <body stats=1><script language='javascript'>

window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>, you will be redirected to http://www.draytek.com . You may change it if you want. For example, you will get the following welcome message if you enter Login Successful in the Welcome Message table.



Also you will get a Tracking Window if you don't block the pop-up window.

Don't setup a user profile in User Management and a VPN Remote Dial-in user profile with the same Username. Otherwise, you may get unexpected result. It is because the

VPN Remote Dial-in User profiles can be extended to the User profiles in User Management for authentication.

There are two different behaviors when a User Management account and a VPN profile share the same Username:

If SSL Tunnel or SSL Web Proxy is enabled in the VPN profile, the user profile in User Management will always be invalid for Web authentication. For example, if you create a user profile in User Management with chaochen/test as username/password, while a VPN Remote Dial-in user profile with the same username "chaochen" but a different password "1234", you will always get error message The username or password you entered is incorrect when you use chaochen/test via Web to do authentication.

VPN and Remote A	Access >> Remote	Dial-in User

User account and Authentication	Username	chaochen
🗹 Enable this account	Password(Max 19 char)	
Idle Timeout 300 second(s)	Enable Mobile One-T	ime Passwords(mOTP)
Allowed Dial-In Type	PIN Code Secret	
PPTP     IPsec Tunnel     I2TP with IPsec Policy None	IKE Authentication Method	
SSL Tunnel	IKE Pre-Shared Key Digital Signature(X.5	09)
OpenVPN Tunnel     Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP	None	
or Peer ID	IPsec Security Method Medium(AH) High(ESP) DES V	3DES 🗹 AES
Netbios Naming Packet <ul> <li>Pass</li> <li>Block</li> <li>Block</li> <li>Block</li> <li>Block</li> </ul>	Local ID (optional)	
Subnet LAN 1 🔽 Assign Static IP Address 0.0.0.0		

• If SSL Tunnel or SSL Web Proxy is disabled in the VPN profile, a User Management account and a remote dial-in VPN profile can use the same Username, even with different passwords. However, we recommend you to use different usernames for different user profiles in User Management and VPN profiles.

#### Authentication via Telnet

The LAN clients can also authenticate their accounts via telnet.

1. Telnet to the router's LAN IP address and input the account name for the authentication:



2. Type the password for authentication and press Enter. The message User login successful will be displayed with the expired time (if configured).



Info

Here expired time is "Unlimited" means the Time Quota function is not enabled for this account. After login, this account will not be expired until it is logout.

3. In the Web interface of router, the configuration page of **Time Quota** is shown as below.

User Management >>User Profile		
Profile Index 3 1. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	user1	
Password	•••••	
Confirm Password	•••••	
2. Web login Setting		
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited
Policy	Default 🔹	
	The selection of item which not set to acti	is could be created as rules and ve.
External Server Authentication	None 🔹	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	•	
Authentication	🕑 Web 🕑 Alert To	ool 🗷 Telnet
Landing Page		
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15):	,,,,	,
Auto Logout every 0 minutes (0-658	525) (0:Off)	_
🗷 Enable Time Quota 0 min.	+ - 0 mir	1.
Enable Data Quota II MB 🗸	+ - U MB	

4. If the Time Quota is set with "0" minute, you will get the following message which means this account has no time quota.



If the Time Quota is enabled and time is not 0 minute,

Profile Index 3  1. Common Settings   Common Settings    Enable this account Username User1 Password Confirm Password  2. Web login Setting  Idle Timeout 10 min(s) 0:Unlimited				User Management >>User Profile
Username user1 Password Confirm Password 2. Web login Setting				
Password Confirm Passwo				Enable this account
Confirm Password  Confirm Pass			user1	Username
2. Web login Setting				Password
			•••••	Confirm Password
Idle Timeout 10 min(s) 0:Unlimited				2. Web login Setting
		min(s) 0:Unlimited	10	Idle Timeout
Max User Login 1 0:Unlimited		0:Unlimited	1	Max User Login
Policy Default •			Default 🔹	Policy
The selection of items could be created as rules and which not set to active.	and			
External Server Authentication None •			None 🔹	External Server Authentication
Log None •			None 🔻	Log
Pop Browser Tracking Window 🛛 🖉			•	Pop Browser Tracking Window
Authentication 🖉 Web 🧭 Alert Tool 🖉 Telnet		ool 🗷 Telnet	🗷 Web 🕑 Alert To	Authentication
Landing Page				Landing Page
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15): , , , ,		, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Login Permission <b><u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15)</b> :
Auto Logout every p minutes (0.,65535) (0.0ff)			25) (0:0ff)	Auto Logout every 0 minutes (0-655
Enable Time Quota 0 min. + - 120 min.     Enable Data Quota 0 MB				

You will get the following message. The expired time is shown after you login.



After you run out the available time, you can't use this account any more until the administrator manually adds additional time for you.

#### Authentication via VigorPro Alert Notice Tool

Authentication via Web or Telnet is convenient for users; however, it has some limitations. The most advantage with VigorPro Alert Notice Tool to operate the authentication is the ability to do **auto login**. If the timeout value set on the router for the user account has been reached, the router will stop the client computer from accessing the Internet until it does an authentication again. Authentication via VigorPro Alert Notice Tool allows user to setup the re-authentication interval so that the utility will send authentication requests periodically. This will keep the client hosts from having to manually authenticate again and again.

The configuration of the VigorPro Alert Notice Tool is as follows:

1. Click Authenticate Now!! to start the authentication immediately.

	Authentication account info
	/
AlertTool	
AlertTool	
Settings Authentication	
₩ Enable	
User Name user_rd_1	
User Password	
Save Password	eway IP address
	cway if address
Enable Auto Login	
Sync Interval (1-9999 min.) 60	
Status Authentication Success	
Time Remaining 03:13:45	
Auto Login allows the Alter Tool to Logout Authentication Now!!	
authenticate the account automatically	
addicident account automatically OK Cancel	The Time Quota left

Click "Logout" to keep the Time Quota

2. You may get the VigorPro Alert Notice Tool from the following link: http://www.draytek.com/user/SupportDLUtility.php

<b>(</b> )	
Info 1	Any modification to the Firewall policy will break down the connections of all current users. They all have to authenticate again for Internet access.
Info 2	The administrator may check the current users from User Online Status page.

User Management >> User Online Status

Index	Profile 🗸	IP Address	User	Last Login Time	Expired Time	Data Quota	Idle Time	Action
1	<u>admin</u>	192.168.1.10	admin	01-01 00:28:10	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited BI	ock Logou
2	user1	192.168.1.10	user1	02-22 01:59:14	01:59:47	Unlimited	00:00:13 BI	ock Logo

## A-2 How to use Landing Page Feature

Landing Page is a special feature configured under User Management. It can specify the message, content to be seen or specify which website to be accessed into when users try to access into the Internet by passing the authentication. Here, we take Vigor2862 series router as an example.

# Example 1: Users can see the message for landing page after logging into Internet successfully

- 1. Open the web user interface of Vigor2862.
- Open User Management -> General Setup to get the following page. In the field of Landing Page, please type the words of "Login Success". Please note that the maximum number of characters to be typed here is 255.

0	Rule-Based is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set
-	different firewall rules to different IP address.
۲	<b>User-Based</b> is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set different firewall rules to different user profiles.
	Notice for User-Based mode:
	<ul> <li>In User-Based mode, Active Rules in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Only Inactive Rules in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.</li> </ul>
۱ut	hentication page:
	Web Authentication: 💿 HTTPS 🔿 HTTP
	Login Page Logo: Default 💌
	選擇檔案 未選擇檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload
	Login Page Greeting
	Display IP address on the dialog box pops up after successful login.
an	ding page:
(Ma	ax 255 characters) <u>Preview</u> <u>Set to Factory Default</u>
	ody stats=1> <script language="javascript"> ndow.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script>

3. Now you can enable the Landing Page function. Open User Management -> User Profile and click one of the index number (e.g., index number 3) links.

User Management	>> User Profile	
User Profile Table		
Profile	Name	
1.	admin	
<u>2.</u>	Dial-In User	
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
5		

4. In the following page, check the box of Landing page and click OK to save the settings.

User Management >>User Profile		
Profile Index 3		
1. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	CaCa	
Password		
Confirm Password	•••••	
2. Web login Setting User On	line Status : <u>Block/ Unbl</u>	<u>ock</u>
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited
Policy	Default 🔹	
	The selection of iter which not set to act	ns could be created as rules and ive.
External Server Authentication	None 🔹	
Log	None •	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	•	
Authentication	🖉 Web 🕜 Alert T	ool 🗷 Telnet
Landing Page		
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15):	,,,	,

5. Open any browser (e.g., FireFox, Internet Explorer). The logging page will appear and asks for username and password. Please type the correct username and password.

Username	CaCa	
Password	••••	
	I	Login

6. Click Login. If the logging is successful, you will see the message of Login Success from the browser you use.



# Example 2: The system will connect to http://www.draytek.com automatically after logging into Internet successfully

- 1. In the field of Landing Page, please type the words as below:
  - " <body stats=1><script language='javascript'>

window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>"

#### General Setup

di	<b>ule-Based</b> is a management method based on IP address. Administrator may set fferent firewall rules to different IP address.
	ser-Based is a management method based on user profiles. Administrator may set fferent firewall rules to different user profiles.
No	otice for User-Based mode:
•	In User-Based mode, <b>Active Rules</b> in Firewall will be applied to all LAN clients, packets that matches the Active Rules will be blocked or pass immediately, no user authentication is required.
•	Only <b>Inactive Rules</b> in Firewall can be set for individual user profile. In User-Based mode, packets that do not match Active Rules will need authentication, and the Inactive Rule applied to the specific user profile will then take effect.
Authe	ntication page:
W	eb Authentication: 💿 HTTPS 🔿 HTTP
L	ogin Page Logo: Default 💌
	選擇檔案 未選擇檔案 (Max 524 × 352 pixel) Upload
L	ogin Page Greeting
	Display IP address on the dialog box pops up after successful login.
Landi	ng page:
/64-00	255 characters) <u>Preview</u> Set to Factory Default
(IMAX	y stats=1> <script language="javascript"></td></tr></tbody></table></script>

2. Next, enable the Landing Page function. Open User Management -> User Profile and click one of the index number (e.g., index number 3) links.

>> User Profile				
Profile Name				
admin				
Dial-In User				
	Name admin			

3. In the following page, check the box of Landing page and click OK to save the settings.

User Management >>User Profile

rofile Index 3 I. Common Settings		
Enable this account		
Username	CaCa	
Password		
Confirm Password		
2. Web login Setting <u>User Onl</u>	line Status : <u>Block/ Unblo</u>	ock
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	1	0:Unlimited
Policy	Default 🔹	a
	The selection of item which not set to acti	is could be created as rules and ve.
External Server Authentication	None 🔹	
Log	None 🔻	
Pop Browser Tracking Window		
Authentication	🗷 Web 🕑 Alert To	ool 🗹 Telnet
Landing Page		
Login Permission <u>Schedule</u> (Index: 1-15):	,,	,
Auto Logout every 0 minutes (0~65	535) (0:0ff)	

4. Open any browser (e.g., FireFox, Internet Explorer). The logging page will appear and asks for username and password. Please type the correct username and password.

Jsername	CaCa	
Password		
	ļ	ogín

5. Click Login. If the logging is successful, you will be directed into the website of www.draytek.com.



# **VI-4 Hotspot Web Portal**

The Hotspot Web Portal feature allows you to set up profiles so that LAN users could either be redirected to specific URLs, or be shown messages when they first connect to the Internet through the router. Users could be required to read and agree to terms and conditions, or authenticate themselves, prior to gaining access to the Internet. Other potential uses include the serving of advertisements and promotional materials, and broadcast of public service announcements.

# Web User Interface



# VI-4-1 Profile Setup

Select **Profile Setup** to create or modify Portal profiles. Up to 4 profiles can be created to meet different requirements according to LAN subnets, WLAN SSIDs, origin and destination IP addresses, etc.

#### Hotspot Web Portal >> Profile Setup

	-		
4			٨.
		2	
1			,
		-	

#### Hotspot Web Portal Profile:

noispot web Foitai Fiome.					
Index	Enable	Comments	Login Mode	Applied Interface	
<u>1.</u>			Click-through	None	Preview
<u>2.</u>			Click-through	None	Preview
<u>3.</u>			Click-through	None	Preview
<u>4.</u>			Click-through	None	Preview

#### Note:

1. The router must connect to the Internet before webpage redirection will work.

If the LAN clients are using another DNS server on LAN, please make sure the DNS query for domain name "portal.draytek.com" will be resolved by the router.

OK	

Item	Description		
Index	Click the index number link to view or update the profile settings.		
Enable	Check the box to enable the profile.		
Comments	Shows the description of the profile.		
Login Mode	Shows the login mode used by the profile. See the section <i>Login Mode</i> for details.		

Applied Interface	Shows the interfaces to which this profile applies.	
Preview	Click this button to preview the Hotspot Web Portal page that will be displayed to users.	

## VI-4-1-1 Login Modes

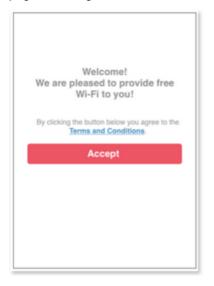
There are five login modes to choose from for authenticating network clients: Skip Login, Click Through, Social Login, PIN Login, and Social or PIN Login. Each login mode will present a different web page to users when they connect to the network.

#### Skip Login

This mode does not perform any authentication. The user will be redirected to the landing page. The user can then leave the landing page to visit other websites.

#### Click-through

The following page will be shown to the users when they first attempt to access the Internet through the router. After clicking Accept on the page, users will be directed to the landing page and be granted access to the Internet.



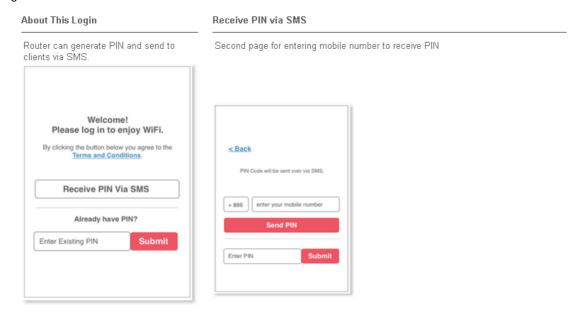
#### Social Login

The following page will appear when users attempt to access the Internet for the first time via the router. After authenticating themselves using either a Facebook or Google account, they will be directed to the landing page and be granted access to the Internet.

About This Login	Select Social Login		
Login with Facebook and Google account	Login with Facebook	Login with Google	
Welcome! Please log in to enjoy Wi-Fi. By clicking the button below you agree to the Terms and Conditions.	Log in with Facebook	G Log in with Google	

## **PIN Code Login**

When users attempt to connect to the Internet for the first time, they will be prompted to enter a mobile number to receive a PIN by SMS. After they have authenticated themselves by entering the PIN, they will be redirected to the landing page, indicating that they have been granted Internet access.



#### Social or PIN Login

This login mode presents both **Social Login** and **PIN Code Login** modes to the users, and allows them to select their preferred mode of authentication.

About This Login	Select Social Login			
Provide all kinds of login methods for Wi- Fi clients to choose.	Login with Facebook Log in with Facebook	<ul> <li>Login with Google</li> <li>Cog in with Google</li> </ul>		
Welcome! Please log in to enjoy Wi-Fi. By clicking the button below you agree to the Terms and Conditions.	PIN Login Second page for entering mobile nun	nber to receive PIN		
Log in with Facebook     Log in with Google     Or log in with PIN code.	<back< td=""><td></td></back<>			
Receive PIN via SMS       Enter Existing PIN	PIN Code will be sent over via SMS. + 886 enter your mobile number Send PIN			
	Enter PIN Submit			

# VI-4-1-2 Steps for Configuring a Web Portal Profile

## 1. Login Method

Click the index link (e.g., #1) of the selected profile to display the following page. Hotspot Web Portal >> Profile Setup

1	2	3	4	5			
Login Method	Background	Login Page Setup	Whitelist Setting	More Options			
Comments: Floor_1							
Choose Login Method							
Skip Login	Click 1	Through					
Social Login	PIN	Login	cial or PIN Login				
		Save and Next Cance	2				

Item	Description
Enable this profile	Check to enable this profile.
Comments	Enter a brief description to identify this profile.
Choose Login	Select the desired Login Mode.

Method	
Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.
Cancel	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.

If you have chosen **Skip Login** as the Login Mode, skip to step 4 *Whitelisting* below. Otherwise, proceed to configure the login page by following steps 2 and 3.

## 2. Background

If you have selected a Login Mode that requires authentication, select a background for the login page.

#### Hotspot Web Portal >> ProfileSetup



Choose Login Background



O Image Background



Login Page URL	portal.draytek.com
Browser Table Title	Draytek Hotspot
Logo Image	Default Draytek Logo White 💌
Logo Background Color	Vigor Red  F05B59 (format : FFFFF) Preview
Login Method Background Color	Vigor Grey  EEECE9 (format : FFFFF) Preview

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Choose Login	Select either Color Background or Image Background as the login

Save and Next Cancel

Background	page background scheme.
Login Page URL	Enter the URL for the login page.
Browser Tab Title	Enter the text to be shown as the webpage title in the browser.
Logo Image	The DrayTek Logo will be displayed by default. However, you can enter HTML text or upload an image to replace the default logo.
Logo Background Color	Select the background color of the logo from the predefined color list, or select Customize Color and enter the RGB values. Click <b>Preview</b> to preview the selected color.
Login Method Background Color	Select the background color of the login panel from the predefined color list, or select <b>Customize Color</b> and enter the RGB value. Click <b>Preview</b> to preview the selected color.
Opacity (10 ~ 100)	Available when Image Background is selected. Set the opacity of the background image.
Background Image	Available when Image Background is selected. Click <b>Browse</b> to select an image file (.JPG or .PNG format), then click <b>Upload</b> to upload it to the router.
Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.

If you have selected **Skip Login** as the Login Mode, proceed to Step 4 *Whitelist Setting*; otherwise, continue to Step 3 *Login Page Setup*.

#### 3. Login Page Setup

In this step you can configure settings for the login page.

#### **Click Through**

This section describes the Login Page setup if you have selected  $\ensuremath{\text{Click Through}}$  as the Login Mode.

#### Configure Login Method and Details

Welcome! We are pleased to provide free Wi-Fi to you! By clicking the button below you agree to the <u>Terms and Conditions</u> . Accept	Welcome Message Terms and Conditions Description and Content Accept Button Description and Color	
Welcome Message	Welcome! We are pleased to provide free Wi-Fi to yo	ou!
Terms and Conditions Description	(Max 1360 characters) By clicking the button below you agree to the Terms and	Default
	Conditions. (Max 170 characters)	Default
Terms and Conditions Content	(Mary 470 share store)	1
	(Max 170 characters)	
Accept Button Description	<pre><span style="color:white;">Accept</span> </pre>	
Accept Button Color	(Max 170 characters) Customize Color  (format : FFFFF) Preview	Default Default
	Save and Next Cancel	

Item	Description
Welcome Message	Enter the text to be displayed as the welcome message.
Terms and Conditions Description	Enter the text to be displayed as the Terms and Conditions hyperlink text.
Terms and Conditions Content	Enter the text to be displayed in the Terms and Conditions pop-up window.
Accept Button Description	Enter the text to be displayed on the accept button
Accept Button Color	Select the color of the accept button from the predefined color list, or select Customize Color and enter the RGB value. Click Preview to preview the selected color.
Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.

### Social Login and PIN Login

This section describes the Login Page setup step if you have selected **PIN Login** and/or **Social Login** as the Login Mode. You will see only settings that are relevant to the selected login mode(s).



#### Configure Login Method and Details

Welcome!	Welcome Message
Please log in to enjoy Wi-Fi. By clicking the button below you agree to the	Terms and Conditions Description and Content
Log in with Facebook	Facebook Login
G Log in with Google	Google Login
Or log in with PIN code.	Hint Message
Receive PIN via SMS	Receiving PIN via SMS Description
Inter Existing PIN Submit	Enter PIN and Submit Button

Welcome! We are pleased to provide free Wi-Fi to you!		
(Max 1360 characters)	Default	
By clicking the button below you agree to the Terms and Conditions.		
(Max 170 characters)	Default	
	By clicking the button below you agree to the Terms and Conditions.	

(Max 170 characters)

#### Settings that are common to Facebook, Google and PIN authentication are:

Item	Description
Welcome Message	Enter the text to be displayed as the welcome message.
Terms and Conditions Description	Enter the text to be displayed as the Terms and Conditions hyperlink text.
Terms and Conditions Content	Enter the text to be displayed in the Terms and Conditions pop-up window.

#### If you have selected Facebook login, these settings will appear:

Facebook Login Description	Login with Facebook	
		.::
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Facebook APP ID 😮		
Facebook APP Secret		

Item	Description
Facebook Login Description	Enter the text to be displayed on the Facebook login button.
Facebook APP ID	Enter a valid Facebook developer app ID. If you do not already have an app ID, refer to section A-1 <i>How to create a Facebook App ID for Web Portal Authentication</i> for instructions on obtaining an APP ID.
Facebook APP Secret	Enter the secret configured for the APP ID entered above. Refer to section A-1 <i>How to create a Facebook App ID for Web</i> <i>Portal Authentication</i> for details.

If you have selected Google login, these settings will appear:

Google Login Description	Login with Google	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Google App ID 💡		
Google App Secret		

Item	Description		
Google Login Description	Enter the text to be displayed on the Google login button.		
Google App IDEnter a valid Google app ID.If you do not already have an app ID, refer to section A-2 create a Google App ID for Web Portal Authentication for instructions on obtaining an APP ID.			
Google App Secret	Enter the secret configured for the APP ID entered above. Refer to section A-2 <i>How to create a Google APP ID for Web Portal</i> <i>Authentication</i> for details.		

If you have selected PIN login, these settings will appear:

	Or log in with PIN code.	
Hint Message	of fog in with fiv code.	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Dessiving DIN via CMC Dessisting	Receive PIN via SMS	
Receiving PIN via SMS Description		
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Receiving PIN via SMS Content	Welcome to DrayTek Hotspot! Your PIN is <pin>. This PIN</pin>	is valid
Receiving I III via 5005 Content	for 10 min.	
	(Max 150 characters)	
	(max 150 characters)	Default
Receiving PIN via SMS Provider	1 - ??? > Set SMS Provider in Objects Setting >> SMS / Mail Service Obj	ect
		001
Enter PIN Description	Enter Existing PIN	
		.::
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
	<span style="color:white;">Accept</span>	
Submit Button Description	<pre><span style="color:white;">Accept</span></pre>	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Submit Button Color		
Submit Button Color	Customize Color V	
	A2A2A2 (format : FFFFF) Preview	Default

Item	Description
Hint Message	Enter the text used to suggest users to choose SMS authentication.
Receiving PIN via SMS Description	Enter the text to be displayed on the button that the user clicks to receive an SMS PIN.
Receiving PIN via SMS Content	Enter the message to be sent by SMS to inform the user of the PIN. The PIN variable is specified by <b><pin></pin></b> within the message.
Receiving PIN via SMS Provider	Select the SMS Provider used to send PIN notifications SMS providers are configured in Objects Setting >> SMS / Mail Service Object.
Enter PIN Description	Enter message to be displayed in the PIN textbox to prompt the user to enter the PIN.
Submit Button Description	Enter the text to be displayed on the submit PIN button
Submit Button Color	Select the color of the submit button from the predefined color list, or select <b>Customize Color</b> and enter the RGB value. Click <b>Preview</b> to preview the selected color.
Enter PIN Description	Enter message to be displayed in the PIN textbox to prompt the user to enter the PIN.

And finally, the save and cancel buttons are always displayed.

Save and Next Cancel

Item	Description	
Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.	
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.	

### 2nd-stage Page for PIN Login

If you have selected **PIN Login** as the login mode, you will also need to configure the page that is displayed to users when they request a PIN.



Configure 2nd-stage Page for SMS Login

< Back	Back Button	
PIN Code will be sent over via SMS.	PIN Code Message	
+ 886 enter your mobile number Send PIN Enter PIN Submit	Default Country Code, Enter Mobile Number Description Send Button Description and Color Send Succeeded Message Enter PIN and Submit Button	
Back Button Description	Back	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
PIN Code Message	PIN code will be sent over via SMS.	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Default Country Code	+ 93 Afghanistan	
Enter Mobile Number Description	enter your mobile number	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Send Button Description	<span style="color:white;">Send PIN</span>	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default
Send Button Color	Customize Color 💌	
	A2A2A2 (format : FFFFF) Preview	Default
Send Succeeded Message	PIN Code has been sent.Click <b>Send PIN</b> again if not receiving PIN in 3 minutes.	
	(Max 170 characters)	Default

Save and Next Cancel

Item	Description	
Back Button Description	Enter text for the label of the hyperlink to return to the previous page.	
PIN Code Message	Enter text to be displayed as the body text on the page.	
Default Country Code	Select the default country code to be displayed using the dropdown menu.	

Enter Mobile Number Description	Enter message to be displayed in the mobile number textbox to prompt the user to enter the mobile number.
Send ButtonEnter the label text of the send button.Description	
Send Button Color	Select the color of the send button from the predefined color list, or select <b>Customize Color</b> and enter the RGB value. Click <b>Preview</b> to preview the selected color.
Send Succeeded Message	Enter text to be displayed to notify the user after the PIN has been sent.
Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.

## 4. Whitelist Setting

In this step you can configure the whitelist settings. Users are allowed to send and receive traffic that satisfies whitelist settings.

Hotspot Web Portal >> Profile Setup



NAT Rules	Dest Domain	Dest IP	Dest Port	Source IP
Always allow outbound	connections from hosts in	🔲 NAT >> Port Re	direction	
		🔲 NAT >> Open P	orts	
		NAT >> DMZ		

Cancel

Save and Next

Item	Description
NAT Rules	To prevent web portal settings from conflicting with NAT rules resulting in unexpected behavior, select the NAT rules that are allowed to bypass the web portal. Hosts listed in selected NAT rules can always access the Internet without being intercepted by the web portal.
Dest Domain	Enter up to 30 destination domains that are allowed to be accessed.
Dest IP	Enter up to 30 destination IP addresses that are allowed to be accessed.
Dest Port	Enter up to 30 destination protocols and ports that are allowed through the router.
Source IP	Enter up to 30 source IP addresses that are allowed through the router.

Save and Next	Click to save the configuration on this page and proceed to the next page.
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.

## 5. More Options

In this step you can configure advanced options for the Hotspot Web Portal.

Hotspot Web Portal >> Profile Setup

			3	4	5
Login Method	E	Background	Login Page Setup	Whitelist Setting	More Options
Web Portal O	ptions				
Expired Time	After Activation	0 💌 days 🗧	5 💌 hours 🛛 💌 min		
HTTPS Redi	irection	🗹 Enable			
		certificate err Disable this f	rors may be shown.	HTTPS page, redirect will work pages. HTTPS browsing will tim rrors.	
Captive Por	tal Detection	🗆 Enable			
		Trigger the ur when connec		atically pop-up the Web Portal	page
				ocial Login because the page the OS built-in Captive Portal D	
		DC SHOWITCO			
Landing Page	e After Authenti	cation			
Fixed URL	http://www.dra	aytek.com			
🔘 User Requ	iested URL				
O Bulletin M	essage Htm	~			
					4
(Max 511	characters)			Default Mess	age
Note:			en using OC built in Contine D	and Determine	
Landing Pa	ige may not be s	nown correctly whe	en using OS built-in Captive Po	ortal Detection.	
Applied Interf	aces				
		. (DrayTek) ? (DrayTek_Gues }	an3 □lan4 □lan5 t)	🗆 LANG 🛛 LAN7 🗍 LAN	18
50		(DrayTek_5G)			
50		. (DrayTek_SG) ! (DrayTek_SG_G	iuest)		
	SSID3		/		
	SSID4	÷			
			Cancel Finish		

Item	Description
Expired Time After Activation	Enter the time duration that users are allowed to have Internet access after logging in.
HTTPS Redirection	If this option is selected, unauthenticated clients accessing HTTPS websites will be redirected to the login page, but the browser may alert the user of certificate errors. If this option is not selected, attempts to access to HTTPS website will time out without redirection.
Captive Portal Detection	If this option is selected, the web portal page is triggered automatically when an unauthenticated client tries to access the Internet. This function is not available when the Login Mode is <b>Social Login</b> , as the web portal page may not be shown correctly due to the limitations of the operating system's built-in Captive Portal Detection.
Landing Page After Authentication	<ul> <li>Specifies the webpage that will be displayed after the user has successfully authenticated.</li> <li>Fixed URL - The user will be redirected to the specified URL. This could be used for displaying advertisements to users, such as guests requesting wireless Internet access in a hotel.</li> <li>User Requested URL - The user will be redirected to the URL they initially requested.</li> <li>Bulletin Message -The message configured here will be briefly shown for a few seconds to the user.</li> <li>Default Message - This button is enabled when Bulletin Message is selected. Click to load the default text into the bulletin message textbox.</li> </ul>
Applied Interfaces	<ul> <li>Subnet - The current Hotspot Web Portal profile will be in effect for the selected subnets.</li> <li>WLAN - The current Hotspot Web Portal profile will be in effect for the selected WLAN SSIDs.</li> </ul>
Cancel	Click to abort the configuration process and return to the profile summary page.
Finish	Click to complete the configuration.

## VI-4-2 Users Information

The log information for users accessing into Internat through web portal will be shown on this page. Click a user link can open another web page displaying more detailed information.

## VII-4-2-1 User Info

2

3

4

Online

Offline

Online

2

2

2

The page can display user information based on the filtering conditions (profile or login method).

	User Info		Database	Setup		
Sel	ect Columns	to Filt	ter Users			
	Profile	Lo	gin Method			
	Profile 1	6	Facebook			
۵	Profile 2	۵	Google			
	Profile 3		Pincode			
0	Profile 4	۵	Click			
			OK			
Jser	Table		OK		Auto Refresh (per min) on ▼	Refresh Now
	Table Iline Users / 1	12 All			Auto Refresh (per min) on Search Previous 1	Refresh Now
10 Or	iline Users / 1	12 All		Login Methods		

Hotspot Web Portal >> Users Information

Available settings are explained as follows:

9c:eb:e8:17:47:f6 click-through

90:2b:34:02:3a:68 click-through

Item	Description
Select Columns to Filter Users	Simply specify the profile and the login method for filtering users who want to access Internet through the login method. It is useful for system administrator to manage the user's access based on different conditions when there are a lot of users requiring to access into Internet.
User Table	Information for the users accessing into Internet via Hotsport Web Portal will be displayed and recorded in this page.

d8:50:e6:c5:14:22 click-through 2001:B011:70A5:1BEA:EC0C:7A37:A1FD:E179

192,16,2,13

192.16.2.13

Click the MAC address link for certain user, information page related to the selected device will be shown as the following page.

Hotspot	Web Portal	>> Users	nformation			
88:d7:	f6:57:6e:	d1				
Login I	nfo					
U	lser Name		Login Methods	ID	Email	Phone
88:d	7:f6:57:6e:d	11	click-through	88:d7:f6:57:6e:d1	-	-
Device	s					Log Out Device
	Index	Status	IP	MAC	Online Tim	e
	1	Offline	192.16.2.138	88:d7:f6:57:6e:d1		
Login H	History (La	atest 10 e	entries)			
Index	L	.ogin	Logout	Duration	IP	MAC
1	2017-09	-29 10:30:0	2017-09-29 10:30	00d 00h:00m	192.16.2.138	88:d7:f6:57:6e:d1
				ОК		

Basic information for the device will be shown on the field of Login Info; online/offline status for the device can be send on the field of Devices; and historical information for device login will be shown on the field of Login History. In addition, to forcefully log out a selected device, simply check the one you want to logout and click the Log Out Device button.

# VII-4-2-2 Database Setup

This page allows the user to configure settings for database on USB disk.

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hotspot	Web	Portal	>>	Users	Information

User Info		Database Setup
Enable da	atabase to record user	information
File Path : /d	b	
Database Us	age : 0.2MB / 50MB	Clear User Info
Notification	and Action when S	Storage Exceeded
Notification	<ul> <li>Don't send notification</li> <li>Send notification</li> <li>Email Notificatio</li> </ul>	3
Notification	Send notification	n Object 1 - ??? •
Notification	Send notification Email Notificatio	n Object 1 - ??? • Object 1 - 11111 •

OK

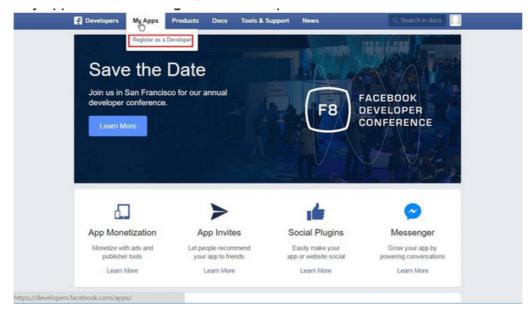
Item	Description
Enable database to record user information	Check the box to record user information on router's database. Before checking this box, insert a USB disk with adequate storage space, first.
File Path	If a USB disk has been inserted into the USB port of Vigor router, the file path will be shown in this area.
Database Usage	Display the usage and remaining space on the database. Clear User Info - The user information will be displayed on the page of User Info. You can delete the information by clicking this button.
Notification and Action	on when Storage Exceeded
Notification	<ul> <li>Don't send notification - Vigor router system will not send any notification to any receipient.</li> <li>Send notification - Vigor router system will not send a notification e-mail to specified receipient(s) that selected from Email Notification Object and SMS Notification Object.</li> </ul>
Action	<ul> <li>Stop recording user information - Vigor router system will stop to record the user information onto USB disk.</li> <li>Backup and clean up all user info, and start a new record - Vigor router system will backup all existed information on the USB disk onto the host and clean up the information from USB disk. Later, it will start a new record.</li> </ul>

# **Application Notes**

#### A-1 How to create Facebook APP for Web Portal Authentication?

The new web portal feature support social login as authentication method, and allows network administrator to authenticate LAN clients by their Google or Facebook account. This document introduces how to create Facebook APP, and generate the APP ID and APP secret that can be used in Web Portal setup.

- 1. Register as FB Developer: Go to <u>https://developers.facebook.com/</u> and login the FB account.
- 2. Register the Facebook account as a Developer (If the account has been verified previously, this step can be skipped.)
- 3. Click My Apps then choose Register as Developer.



4. Switch to YES then click Next on pop-up window.

.

Register as	a Facebook Developer ×
Ω	Do you accept the Facebook Platform Policy and the Facebook Privacy Policy?
	Cancel Next

5. Choose country then type phone number, click Send as Text in Get Confirmation Code. Wait confirmation code message received then enter the confirmation code. Click Register to finish the register process.

ne number
12345678
Send via Phone Call
g a credit card. [?]

6. Add a New App. Click on My Apps > Add a New App. Choose Website platform.

		New App		
4		F	www	
ios	Android	Facebook Canvas	Website	
		er platform or would like to se use the advanced setu		

7. Click Skip and Create App ID on first use. Type Display Name. Choose Category. Click Create App ID.

Developers	My Apps Products Docs Tools & Support News
Start Over	Skip and Create App ID WWW
	Create a New App ID Get started integrating Facebook into your app or website
	Display Name draytektest
	Namespace A unique identifier for your app (optional)
	Category Education *
	By proceeding, you agree to the Facebook Platform Policies and the Facebook Privacy Policy Cancel Create App D

8. Pops up security check window, select the answer, and then click **Submit** to finish the process.



9. On Dashboard, user can get App ID and App Secret, these information will be used in Vigor Router's Web Portal Setup.



10. Add Platform on My Apps. Go to Settings then click Add Platform.

Developers	My Apps	Products Do	ocs Too	Is & Support	News	5		Q, Search i	in docs
draytektest		Ba	sic		Adva	anced		Migration	IS
Dashboard		App ID				App Secret			
Settings	_	1000 B 8 0 0	çılı.			Seads	8.12 P	10.00	- #12
. Serungs	_	Display Name				Namespace			
★ Status & Revie	w	draytektest				·			
App Details		App Domains				Contact Ema	i.		
L Roles						Used for im	portant cor	nmunication about	t your app
🖧 Open Graph					+ Add I	Platform			
Alerts		Delete App						Discard St	ave Changes
Alerts		Delete App						Discard S	ave Changes
	nts	Delete App						Discard S	ave Changes
N Localize		Delete App						Discard	ave Changes
<ul> <li>Localize</li> <li>Canvas Payme</li> </ul>		Delete App						Discard	ave Changes
Localize     Canvas Payme     Audience Netw		Delete App						Discard	ave Changes

11. Choose Website in Select Platform window.

			-
Facebook Canvas	Website	iOS	Android
		$\bigotimes$	
Windows App	Page Tab	Xbox	PlayStation

12. Enter the Site URL as <u>http://portal.draytek.com.</u> (*Note*: If you change http port in the vigor, please add http port in URLs. For example, we use 8080 as http port and we'll put <u>http://portal.draytek.com:8080</u>). Enter the Contact Email. And click Save Change.

Developers M	y Apps Pro	ducts Docs	Tools & Support	News	لع	Search in docs
draytektest	*	Basic	A	dvanced	Mig	rations
Dashboard	App ID			App Secre		
• Settings		1.0185.0		and the second second	1945年1月4日本	*1-3.4・ 重投
Status & Review	Display	/ Name ektest		Namespac	e	
App Details	App De			Contact En	nail	
& App Details				draytekte	st240@gmail.com	
the second se						
Roles	Wahai	-				Quilet Start
<ul> <li>Roles</li> <li>Open Graph</li> </ul>	Websi					Quick Start
	Site UF		v			Quick Start
🖧 Open Graph	Site UF	રા	v			Quick Start
Copen Graph	Site UF	રા		Add Platform		Quick Start
Open Graph Alerts Localize	Site UF	રા		Add Platform	Discarr	
<ul> <li>Open Graph</li> <li>Alerts</li> <li>Localize</li> <li>Canvas Payment</li> </ul>	Site UF	RL.		Add Platform	Discarr	
Copen Graph Alerts Localize Canvas Payment Audience Netword	Site UF	RL.		Add Platform	Discard	

13. Set up Client OAuth. Go to Settings >> Advanced >>Client OAuth Settings, enter "http://portal.draytek.com" in Valid OAuth redirect URIs, and save changes.

Yes	Client OAuth Login Enables the standard OAuth client token flow. Secure which token redirect URIs are allowed with the options		
Yes	Web OAuth Login Enables web based OAuth client login for building custom login flows. [?]	No	Force Web OAuth Reauthentication When on, prompts people to enter their Facebook password in order to log in on the web. [?]
No	Embedded Browser OAuth Login Enables browser control redirect uri for OAuth client login. [?]		
	edirect URIs		

14. Go to My Apps>>Status & Review, and switch available status to YES to activate the APP.

Developers	My Apps	Products	Docs	Tools & Support	News	Q. Search in docs
draytektest	*		St	atus		Items in Review
<ul> <li>Dashboard</li> </ul>				draytektest		
<ul> <li>Settings</li> </ul>				to you want to make the		s live features available YES
★ Status & Revi	iew			o the general public?		180
App Details			_			
🚊 Roles		Submit	Items	for Approval		
🖧 Open Graph		Some Facebook integrations require approval before public Start a Submission				
Alerts		usage. Before submitting your app for review, please consult our Platform Policy and Review Guidelines.				
Nu Localize						
Canvas Paym	ents	Approve	ed Iten	NS [2]		
Audience Netv	work	LOGIN PERMISSI	ONS			

#### A-2 How to create Google APP for Web Portal Authentication?

The new web portal feature support social login as authentication method, and allows network administrator to authenticate LAN clients by their Google or Facebook account. This document introduces how to create Facebook APP, and generate the APP ID and APP secret that can be used in Web Portal setup.

1. Create Developer project. Go to <u>https://code.google.com/apis/console</u>, login with a Google account then click **Create project**. Type **project name** then click **Create**.

				11	ø	0
Projects						
Create project You do not have any active project Projects shut down and pending do	New Project Project name  Araytektest Tour project ID will be draytektest Show advanced options Create Cancel	t-1133 🛞 Edit				

#### 2. On Dashboard, choose Use Google APIs.

=	Google Developers C	onsole	۹	draytektest - 🕄 🕄 의
♠	Home	Dashboard		
- 53	Dashboard		Project: draytektest Document	ation
	Activity			e Cloud Platform Documentation
			Use Google APIs	e Cloud Solutions 2 [®] e Cloud Tutorials 2 [®]
			RPI Enable and manage APIs	ploy a Hello World app
			Take a VM quicketart depi	o World app and deploy it in the d. App Engine lets you build and by an app without worrying about the enging infrastructure.
			Compute Engine, Node, js, and MongoDB to create a guestbook app	Started
-1			(iii) Get Starled Cree	ate a Cloud Storage bucket

3. Edit Auth Consent screen. Go to Credentials > Auth consent screen. Enter your email, product name and other optional item then click on Save.

≡ Google Develope	ers Console Q.		draytektest - 😫 🖪
RPI API Manager	Credentials		
Overview	Credentials OAuth consent screen Domain verification		
0+ Oredentials	Email address  chaytektest240@gmail.com Product name shown to users draytektest Homepage URL (Optional)	The consert screen will be	
	Product logo URL (Optional) @ http://www.example.com/logo.prg This is how your logo will look to end users Max size: 120x120 px	shown to users where we go request access to their private data using your client ID. It will be shown for all applications registered in this project. You must provide an email address and product name for OAdth to work.	
	Privacy policy URL (Optional)		
	Terms of service URL (Optional)		
-0	Sever, Cancel		

4. Create Client ID. Click Credentials and Click Add credentials > OAuth2.0 client ID.

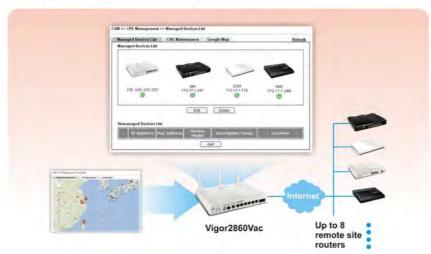
≡ Google Develope	ers Console a,		draytektest •	-	8	9	0
RPI API Manager	Credentials						
Overview	Credentials OAuth consent screen Domain verification						
O+ Credentials							
		API key Identifies your project using a simple API key to check quota and access. For APIs like Google Translate.	d				
		OAuth 2.0 client ID Requests user consent so your app can access the user's data. For APIs like Google Calendar.					
		Service account Enables server-to-server, app-level authentication using robot accounts. For use with Google Cloud APIs.					
		Add cradectials •					
-0							

- 5. Choose Web application as Application Type, then enter name. Set Authorized JavaScript origins and Authorized redirect URLs as http://portal.draytek.com, and click Create. (*Note*: If you change http port in the vigor, please add http port in URLs. For example, we use 8080 as http port and we'll put <u>http://portal.draytek.com:8080</u>).
- 6. Get client ID and client secret. Such information will be used in Vigor Router's Web Portal Setup page.



# VI-5 Central Management (VPN)

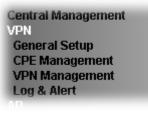
Vigor2862 can build virtual private network (VPN) between itself and any other TR-069 CPE by the function of central VPN management. In addition, it can be treated as a server (called CVM server) which can manage TR-069 CPE for periodical firmware upgrade, configuration backup and restoring configuration.



# **Central VPN Management**

# Web User Interface

Central VPN Management menu can manage the CPE connected through WAN only.



# VI-5-1 General Setup

This page is used to configure settings which will be used by the clients to register to such Vigor router. Click General Settings and IPsec VPN Settings to configure the basic settings for CVM mechanism.

#### VI-5-1-1 General Settings

To enable the CVM feature, the first thing you have to do is enabling CVM port or CVM SSL Port.

Central Management >> VPN >> General Setup

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings	
🗹 CVM SSL Port	8443	
🗹 CVM Port	8000	
CVM WAN interface	WAN1 💌	/
Username	acs	
Password	•••••	
Polling Interval	600	Seconds

Note:

At least one port (CVM SSL Port or CVM Port) must be enabled for CVM to be operational. Use "CVM SSL port" for maximum security as all traffic will be encrypted.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
CVM SSL Port	Check the box to enable the port setting. Type the port number in the box.
CVM Port	Check the box to enable the port setting. Type the port number in the box.
CVM WAN interface	For Vigor router can manage only the client from WAN interface, therefore you have to specify which interface will be used for such function. If you choose MANUALLY, you have to specify WAN IP address.

	WAN1 WAN2 MANUALLY
Username	Type a username which will be used by any CPE trying to connect to Vigor router.
Password	Type the password for the user.
Polling Interval	Type the time value (unit is second). The range is from 60 ~ 86400.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### VI-5-1-2 IPsec VPN Settings

Central VPN management is operated through IPsec VPN connection.

Central Management >> VPN >> General Setup

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings	
IPsec Mode:	Aggressive mode	~
Security Method:	ESP	*
Encryption Type:	AES	*
Local Subnet:	Manually	*
		/

OK

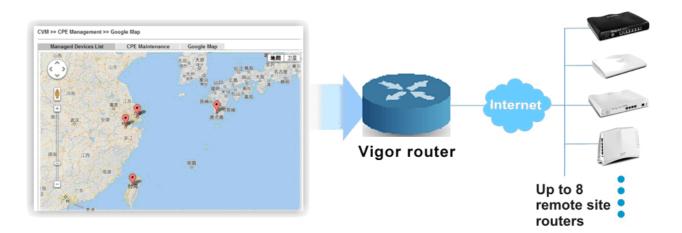
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
IPsec Mode	Choose Aggressive or Main as the IPsec Mode.	
Security Method	Choose one of the following methods (AH or ESP) for the security of data transmission. For example, choose <b>AH</b> to specify the IPsec protocol for the Authentication Header protocol. The data will be authenticated but not be encrypted.	
Encryption Type	Choose one of the selections as the encryption type.	
Local Subnet	Type the IP address and subnet mask of local host.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

# VI-5-2 CPE Management

All the CPEs managed by Vigor2862 series can be seen with icons from this page. Before using such feature, make sure the CVM port has been enabled and configured properly.



## VI-5-2-1 Managed Device List

This page allows you to manage the CPEs connected to Vigor2862 series.

#### Page without CPE connected

#### Central Management >> VPN >> CPE Management >> Managed Devices List

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map	<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List			
Unmanaged Devices List			
IP Address Ma	ac Address Devic Mode	-   Docemption Namo	Location
		Add	

# Page with CPE connected

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map	<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List			
6 III			
+ HI			
192.168.100.220			
S			
	Edit	Delete	
Unmanaged Devices List			
IP Address Ma	c Address Device Model		Location
		Add	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Managed Devices List	This area displays device icons (up to 8) for the CPE manage by Vigor2862 series. Edit - To modify the name and location of specific CPE, click the one you want and click the Edit button. A pop up window will appear. Simply change the name and/or location manually.
	Device Information - Mozilla Firefox
	🛞 192.168.1.1/doc/cpeInfo.htm
	System Maintenance >> Edit Device Information
	Model Name Vigor2850
	Device Name 00507F7D9D00
	Name Kate_local_V2850 Manufacturer DrayTek
	OUI 00507F
	Product Class Vigor
	Mac Address 00507F7D9D00
	Location No. 26, Fu Road, HS Ci
	IP 192.168.30.12
	Port 8069
	URI /cwm/CRN.html
	Description DrayTek Vigor Router Hardware Version 104
	Software Version 3.6.3
	Modem Firmware Version 211801_A Annex_A
	OK
	Delete - To disconnect the management of any CPE, click the CPE icon you want and click the Delete button.
	Double-clicking the CPE icon also can pop up the Managed
	Device Detail window. However, you cannot modify any data on the window.

	O Device Information - Google Chrome		
	172.16.3.5:8000/doc/cpeInfo.htm		
	System Maintenance >> Managed Device Detail		
	Model Name VigorIPPBX 2820		
	Device Name 00507F7E1DB0		
	Name PQC PBX		
	Manufacturer DrayTek		
	OUI 00507F		
	Product Class Vigor		
	Mac Address 00507F7E1DB0		
	Location 桃園縣		
	IP 220.132.97.49		
	Port 8069		
	URI /cwm/CRN.html		
	Description DrayTek Vigor Router Hardware Version 222		
	Software Version 3.5.9_RC2a		
	Modem Firmware Version 211011_A Annex_A		
	Close		
Unmanaged Devices List	<ul> <li>Any device (CPE) which follows the standard of TR-069 can be configured and can be detected by Vigor2862 series automatically.</li> <li>Only eight remote devices can be managed by Vigor2862 at one time. Therefore, other remote devices detected by Vigor2862 series might not be displayed in such field.</li> </ul>		
	Add - Move the selected device from Unmanaged Devices List		
	to Managed Devices List.		
	to Managed Devices List. IP Address - Display the IP address of the remote device.		
	IP Address - Display the IP address of the remote device.		
	IP Address - Display the IP address of the remote device. Mac Address - Display the MAC address of the remote device		
	IP Address - Display the IP address of the remote device. Mac Address - Display the MAC address of the remote device. Device Model - Display the model name of the remote device Description Name - Define the name or type the additional description of CPE for identification in VPN management and		

#### VI-5-2-2 CPE Maintenance

This area displays all the profiles which are created for applying to the managed device. This page can help the administrator to do maintenance jobs like firmware upgrade, configuration backup, configuration restoration and etc.

N	lanaged l	Devices List	CPE Maintena	nce Google N	Лар	<u>Refresh</u>
ι	JSB Stati	us: Disconr	nected 🍡 🐤	Disk Usage :		File Explorer
						Set to Factory Default
	Index	Enable	Profile Name	Device Nam	e Action	Schedule
	<u>1.</u>					O ,O Now
	<u>2.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>3.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>4.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>5.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>6.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>7.</u>					0,0 Now
	<u>8.</u>					0,0 Now
<	:< <u>1-8</u>	<u>9-16</u> >>				

Central Management >> VPN >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenance

Note:

1. USB storage must be connected before profiles can be enabled.

2. Click the "Now" button to execute the profile immediately.

Available settings are explained as follows:

OK

Cancel

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click it to refresh current page.	
USB Disk	USB Disk : - It means a USB disk connecting to Vigor2862.	
	USB Disk : - It means no USB disk connecting to Vigor2862.	
Disk Usage	Disk Usage : 1084MB / 2009MB - When a USB disk connects to Vigor2862, the disk usage and the disk capacity will be displayed in such field. Disk Usage : USB Storage Disconnected - When there is no USB disk connecting to Vigor2862, such message will be displayed in this field.	
	Click the icon to see the content inside the USB disk.	
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.	
Index	Display the number of the profile that you can edit.	
Profile Name	Display the name of the maintenance profile.	

Device Name	Display the name of the managed CPE that the maintenance profile will apply to.
Action	Display the action that managed CPE shall accept.
Schedule	Display the schedule profiles selected for such profile.
Now	The action will be performed for the selected CPE immediately.

#### How to add a new Maintenance Profile

Follow the steps below to create a new maintenance profile.

- 1. Click any index number link, e.g., Index 1.
- 2. The Maintenance dialog appears.

#### Central VPN Management >> CPE Management >> Maintenance Profile

🗹 Enable	Only Run Once
Profile Name	√2862
Device Name	
Router Name	
Router Model	
Action Type	Firmware Upgrade 💌
File Path	Select
<u>Schedule</u> Index	<,

#### Note:

1. Enable "Only Run Once" to automatically disable the profile after it has been run.

2. The Action setting in the schedule profile will be ignored.



## 

Info

When restoring configuration to a CPE, make sure the configuration file you selected was backup from this CPE before. Because restoring from another device's configuration file may cause serious problem (e.g., Both devices have different ISP username/ password. Restoring configuration from one CPE to the other will cause Internet connection not being online).

Available parameters are listed as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check it to enable such profile.
Only Run Once	Check it to activate such profile running for once.
Profile Name	Type the name of the maintenance profile.
Device Name	The drop down list will display all the CPE devices detected by Vigor2862 series. Choose the one which will be applied with such new created profile.
Router Name/ Router Model	It displays the name and model of Vigor router.
Action Type	There are three actions for you to choose for such profile.

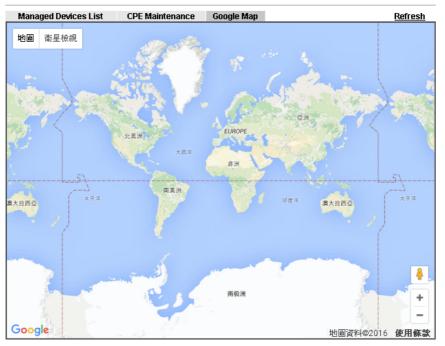
• Config Restore - It means such profile will be used for restoring the configuration of the selected CPE.
Info When restoring configuration to a CPE, make sure the configuration file you selected was backup from this CPE before. Because restoring from another device's configuration file may cause serious problem (e.g., Both devices have different ISP username/ password. Restoring configuration from one CPE to the other will cause Internet connection not being online).
• Firmware Upgrade - It means such profile will be used for firmware upgrade.
When Config Restore is selected as Action Type, click Select to upload a configuration file from the connected USB disk. Later such file will be used for saving, restoring or firmware upgrade for CPE.
Specify a file name is this field to save the configuration file when Config Backup is selected as Action Type.
Vigor2862 series will perform the specified action to the selected CPE based on the schedule configured here. Specify one or two schedule profiles (represented by number)

- 3. Enter all the settings and click OK.
- 4. A new maintenance profile has been created.

## VI-5-2-3 Google Map

To display the **location** of the managed CPE with a bird's eye view, open **Central VPN** Management>>CPE Management and click the tab of Google Map.

Central Management >> VPN >> CPE Management >> Google Map



# VI-5-3 VPN Management

An easy and quick method is offered to configure VPN settings for building VPN connection automatically between Vigor2862 series (treated as VPN server) and other Vigor router (treated as CPE device, i.e., VPN client).



Central Management >> VPN >> VPN Management

Note:

CVM SSL LAN-to-LAN dial-up might fail with the CPE of old version firmware. Please update the remote CPE to the latest version.

CPE VPN Connection List

VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network		Rx Rate(Bps)	

Available parameters are listed as follows:

Item	Description			
CPE VPN Connection List				
VPN	Display the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. It is generated automatically when you click the PPTP/IPsec/Advanced button to build the VPN connection between Vigor2862 and remote CPE.			
Туре	Display the dial-in type and the authentication method.			
Remote IP	Display the IP address of the remote CPE and the interface.			
Virtual Network	Display the IP address and subnet mask of Vigor2862 series.			
Tx Pkts	Display the number of the transmitted packets.			
Tx Rate(Bps)	Display the number of the transmitted rate.			
Rx Pkts	Display the number of the received packets.			
Rx Rate(Bps)	Display the number of the received rate.			
Up Time	Display the connection time of such VPN.			

Once the device is managed (controlled) by Vigor2862 series, it will be displayed on such screen automatically. If not, refer to sections "How to manage the CPE (router) through Vigor2862?" for more detailed information.

# VI-5-4 Log & Alert

This page offers brief information to identify the CPE connected to Vigor2862 series.

```
Central Management >> VPN >> Log & Alert
```

Log			Alert			
				Display Mode	e Always re	<u>Refresh</u>   <u>Clear</u>   ecord the new event <mark>♥</mark>
Device Name	Descriptio	n Name	time & date	Action	а Туре	Message
001DAAB61BB8			2014-08-11 11:02:07	CPE Maii	ntenance	CPE Online
001DAAB61BB8			2000-01-01 00:00:00	CPE Maii	ntenance	Add CPE Successfully

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Display Mode	Choose the mode you want to display the related information on the following table.
	• Stop record when fulls - when the capacity of CVM log is full, the system will stop recording.
	• Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.
Device Name	Display the name of the managed CPE.
Description Name	Display the brief explanation for the managed CPE.
Time & date	Display the time and date that the managed CPE scanned by Vigor2862 series.
Action Type	Display the action that Vigor2862 series will perform for the managed CPE.
Message	Display the information for each event.

The Alert page offers brief information to identify the CPE connected to Vigor2862 series.

# **Application Notes**

#### A-1 CVM Application - How to manage the CPE (router) through Vigor2862

#### series?

To manage CPEs through Vigor2862 series, you have to set URL on CPE first and set username and password for Vigor2862 series. For this section, we use Vigor2850 series as the example. All the CPE configuration will be done through Vigor2850 series.

#### Configure CVM Settings on Vigor2862 series

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor2862 series.
- 2. Open Central Management>> VPN >>General Setup.



3. In the following page, check the boxes for CVM Port and CVM SSL Port to enable the port setting. Type the values for CVM Port, CVM SSL Port, Username, and Password respectively. Remember the values configured in this page.

General Settings	IPsec VPN Settings	
CVM SSL Port	8443	
🗹 CVM Port	8000	
CVM WAN interface	WAN1 💌	/
Username	acs	
Password	•••••	
Polling Interval	600	Seconds

Central Management >> VPN >> General Setup

Note:

At least one port (CVM SSL Port or CVM Port) must be enabled for CVM to be operational. Use "CVM SSL port" for maximum security as all traffic will be encrypted.

ΩK	
<u>UN</u>	

4. Click **OK** to save the settings.

#### **Configure Settings on CPE**

- 1. In the end of the CPE, access into the web user interface of the CPE (e.g., Vigor2850 series). Open a web browser (for example, IE, Mozilla Firefox or Netscape) and type http://192.168.1.1.
- 2. Open System Maintenance >> TR-069.

USB Application
System Maintenance
System Status
> TR-069
Admin Setting
User Password
Login Page Greeting

System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting

3. In the field of ACS Server, type the URL (IP address with port number) of Vigor2862 series and type the same Username and Password defined on the page of Central VPN Management>>General Setup in Vigor2862 series. Then, click Enable for CPE Client and then click OK to save the settings.

ACS Server On	Internet <b>v</b>
ACS Server	
URL	http://172.17.1.182:9000
Username	acs
Password	
💌 Enable 🔍 Disa URL	able
Port	8069
Username	vigor
Password	•••••
nform Settings	
Disable	
Enable	

4. Open System Maintenance>>Management Setup.

5. Check Allow management from the Internet to set management access control and click OK.

IPv6 Management Setup		
Management Port Setu Suser Define Ports	p O Default	Ports
Telnet Port	23	(Default: 23)
HTTP Port	80	(Default: 80)
HTTPS Port	443	(Default: 443)
FTP Port	21	(Default: 21)
SSH Port	22	(Default: 22)
	Management Port Setu Subser Define Ports Telnet Port HTTP Port HTTPS Port FTP Port	Management Port Setup <ul> <li>User Define Ports</li> <li>Default</li> </ul> Telnet Port         23           HTTP Port         80           HTTPS Port         443           FTP Port         21

- 6. Open WAN>>Internet Access. Use the drop down list of Access Mode on WAN1 to select MPoA (RFC1483/2684). Then, click Details Page.
- 7. Click **Specify an IP address**. Type correct WAN IP address, subnet mask and gateway IP address for your CPE. Then click **OK**.

ΡΡΡοΕ / ΡΡΡοΑ	MPoA (RF	C1483/2684)	IPv6
💿 Enable 🛛 Disable	e	WAN IP Network Settings	WAN IP Alias
DSL Modem Settings		Obtain an IP address a	utomatically
Multi-PVC channel	Channel 2 🛛 💌	Router Name	Vigor
Encapsulation			*
1483	3 Bridged IP LLC 🛛 😽	Domain Name	4
VPI	0	* : Required for some IS	° SP≤
VCI	88	Specify an IP address	
Modulation	Multimode 🗸	IP Address	192.168.30.12
		Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
WAN Connection Detection	on	Gateway IP Address	172.16.3.4
Mode	ARP Detect 🛩		
Ping IP		Default MAC Address	
TTL:		Specify a MAC Addres	55
RIP Protocol		MAC Address: 00 · 50	·7F:00 ·00 ·01
🔲 Enable RIP		DNS Server IP Address	
Bridge Mode		Primary IP Address	
Enable Bridge Mode		Secondary IP Address	

WAN >> Internet Access



Reboot the CPE device and re-log into Vigor2862 series. CPE which has registered to Vigor2862 series will be captured and displayed on the page of Central VPN Management>>CPE Management.

#### **Check CPE Maintenance Page**

- 1. Return to the web user interface of Vigor2862 series.
- 2. Open Central VPN Management>>VPN Management. Now there is one CPE displayed on the field of Unmanaged Devices List.
- 3. Choose the one (Vigor2850) from Unmanaged Devices List and click Add. The following dialog will be popped up. Type the name and the location of the router respectively. Click OK to save the configuration.

🕹 Device Information - Mozilla Firefox	
3 192.168.1.1/doc/cpeInfo.htm	<u></u>
System Maintenance >> Edit Device Information	
Model Name	Vigor2850
Device Name	005076709000
Name	Kate_local_V2850
Manufacture	DrayTek
IUO	00507F
Product Class	Vigor
Mac Address	005076709000
Location	No. 26, Fu Road, HS Ci
IF	102.169.20.12
Port	8069
URI	/cwm/CRN.html
Description	DrayTek Vigor Router
Hardware Version	
Software Version	
Modem Firmware Version	211801_A Annex_A
ОК	

4. The selected CPE will be moved and displayed on Managed Devices List which means it is controlled / managed by Vigor2862 series from now on.

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map	<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List			
A HI			
a HI			
Kate_local 192.168.30.12			
192.108.30.12			
	Edit	Delete	
Unmanaged Devices List			
IP Address Mac Add	ress Device Model (	Description Name Loc	ation
		Add	

# A-2 CVM Application - How to build the VPN between remote devices and Vigor2862 series?

When a remote device is managed by Vigor2862 series, it is easy to build VPN between these two devices.

- 1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor2862 series.
- 2. Open Central Management>> VPN >>CPE Management.

#### VPN Management

C HI WY WY	ierer #1	A BARANCE TO COM						
Kate_local 192.168.30.12		Kate_local 192.168.30.13	}					
CPE VPN Connec	tion List	PPTP	IPsec	Advan	iced.			
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps)	Up Time

- 3. Click the device icon (marked with 🥙 ) and click the PPTP/IPsec button.
- 4. Wait for a moment. If VPN is built successfully, related information will be displayed on CPE VPN Connection List.

VPN Managemen	t							
a HI way in t		a Historic CITUS	U					
Kate_loo 192.168.		Kate_local 192.168.30.1						
CPE VPN Connec	tion List	PPTP	IPsec	Advan	uced			
VPN	Туре	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate(Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate(Bps)	Up Time
1 (cvm_7D9D00)	PPTP/MPPE	192.168.30.12 via WAN2	192.168.50.1/24	805	з	1088	з	0:40:30

CVM >> VPN Management

5. A LAN to LAN profile for such VPN will be generated automatically. You can access into VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN of the remote device for viewing the detailed information.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

	AN Profiles:								
View: 🧕									
Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status		
<u>1.</u>	cvm_7D9D00		online	<u>17.</u>	???				
Profile In 1. Comm	ndex : 1 non Settings		•	L					
Profile	Name	cvm_7D9D	00	Call Dire	ction 🔘 B	oth 🔘 Dial-	Out 💿 Dial-in		
🗹 Ena	able this profile			🗌 🗆 Alwa	Always on				
VPN Dial-Out Through WAN1 First Netbios Naming Packet  Pass Block Multicast via VPN Pass Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relayetc.)				Enat	Idle Timeout 0 second(s) Enable PING to keep alive PING to the IP				
3. Dial-In	Settings								
Allowed	Dial-In Type			Usernam	ne	7D9D00			
PP	ТР			Passwor	Password(Max 11 char)				
	sec Tunnel			VJ Comp	ression	💿 On (	🕽 Off		
L2	TP with IPsec Pol	icy None	~	IKE Authe	ntication Metho	d			

**Note:** The profile name is created automatically by the system. Do not modify any value in such page to avoid VPN error.

## A-3 CVM Application - How to upgrade CPE firmware through Vigor2862

#### series?

Download the newest firmware from your Draytek website to USB Storage Disk for the device (e.g., Vigor2850) managed by Vigor2862 series.

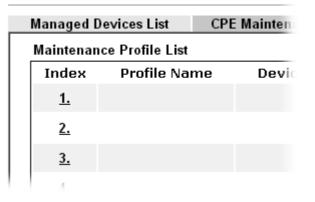
Vigor2850, as an example, is chosen for Vigor2862 to perform the CPE firmware upgrade remotely in this case.

- 1. Plug in USB storage disk onto Vigor2862 series via USB interface. Make sure the USB disk has been installed correctly, otherwise, the firmware upgrade will not be successful.
- 2. Access into web user interface of Vigor2862 series. Open Central VPN Management>>CPE Management and click the CPE Maintenance tab.

Central Management >> VPN >> CPE Management >> CPE Maintenance

Managed (	Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map			<u>Refresh</u>		
USB Disk	: 🎦 🔁 D	isk Usage : <mark>USB Stora</mark>	age Disconnected		V			
					Set to Fac	tory Default		
Index	Enable	Profile Name	Device Name	Action	Schedule			
<u>1.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>2.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>3.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>4.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>5.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>6.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>7.</u>					0 0	Now		
<u>8.</u>					0	Now		
<< <u>1-8</u>	<u>9-16</u> >>							
Note:								
Note: To enable the schedulings, an USB storage MUST be plugged onto router. This action is add to task queue, you can check the result later on page "Central Management >> VPN >> Alert/Log"								

- OK Cancel
- 3. Click any index number link, e.g., Index 1.



4. The Maintenance profile dialog appears.

Central VPN Management >>	CPF Management >	> Maintanance Profile
Central VPN Management PP	CPE Manayement #	wannance Prome

Profile Name:	V2852
🗹 Enable	
🔲 Only Run Once	
Device Name:	00507F7D9D00 💌
Router Name: Router Model:	
Action Type:	Config Backup 🔽
File Name:	Config Backup Config Restore
Index in <u>Schedule</u> :	Firmware Upgrade
Note:	
1. Action and Idle Timeout	settings will be ignored.
2. If you enable 'Only Run ( after running.	Once', the profile will be automatically disabled
ОК	Clear Cancel

In the field of Profile Name, type a name for such maintenance profile; check Enable; and choose the one you want to perform firmware upgrade from Device Name drop down list. From the Action Type, choose Firmware Upgrade. Type the file/path of the newest firmware or click Select to locate it. Specify the Schedule profile. At last, click OK.

5. Now, a new maintenance profile has been created.

Central Management >> VPN >> CPE Manage	ement >> CPE Maintenance
-----------------------------------------	--------------------------

Managed	Devices Li	st CPE Mainter	nance Google Ma	р	<u>Refre</u>	sh		
USB Disk		Disk Usage : USE	3 Disk Connecte	d 🗂	1			
					Set to Factory Defaul	<u>It</u>		
Index	Enable	Profile Name	Device Name	Action	Schedule			
<u>1.</u>	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	V2850	00507F7D900	Config Backup	0 0 Now			
<u>2.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>3.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>4.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>5.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>6.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>7.</u>					0 0 Now			
<u>8.</u>					0 0 Now			
<< <u>1-8   9-16</u> >>								
Note:								
To enabl	e the sche	edulings, an USB st	torage <mark>MUST</mark> be plu	gged onto router.				
This action is add to task queue, you can check the result later on page "Central Management >> VPN >> Alert/Log"								
		ſ	OK Cano	ol l				

- 6. Click Now to perform the firmware upgrade immediately for Vigor2850.
- 7. Wait for several minutes for firmware upgrade.

8. Then check the device information for the managed device if the firmware upgrade is successful or not. Click Managed Devices List.

Managed Devices List	CPE Maintenance	Google Map		<u>Refresh</u>
Managed Devices List				
. III				
Kate_local				
192.168.30.12				
S				
	Edit	Delete		
Unmanaged Devices List				
IP Address Mac Add	ress Device Model (	Description Nan	ne Location	
		Add		

Click the icon of Vigor2850 and click **Edit** and view the software version. Another way to check if the firmware upgrade is completed or not, simply open **Central VPN** Management>>Log & Alert.

# VI-6 Central Management (AP)

Vigor2862 can manage the access points supporting AP management via Central AP Management.

#### AP Map

AP Map is helpful to determine the best location for VigorAP in a room. A floor plan of a room is required to be uploaded first. By dragging and dropping available VigorAP icon from the list to the floor plan, the placement with the best wireless coverage will be clearly indicated through simulated signal strength

#### **AP Maintenance**

Vigor router can execute configuration backup, configuration restoration, firmware upgrade and remote reboot for the APs managed by the router. It is very convenient for the administrator to process maintenance without accessing into the web user interface of the access point.

#### Load Balance for AP

The parameters configured for Load Balance can help to distribute the traffic for all of the access points registered to Vigor router. Thus, the bandwidth will not be occupied by certain access points.



# AP Load Balance (Traffic overload)

# Web User Interface

Central Management
AP
Dashboard
Status
WLAN Profile
AP Maintenance
AP Map
Traffic Graph
Temperature Sensor
Rogue AP Detection
Event Log
Total Traffic
Station Number
Load Balance
Function Support List
Switch

## VI-6-1 Dashboard

This page shows VigorAP's information about Status, Event Log, Total Traffic or Station Number by displaying VigorAP icon, text and histogram. Just move and click your mouse cursor on Status, Event Log, Total Traffic or Station Number. Corresponding web pages will be open immediately.



To access into the web user interface of VigorAP, simply move your mouse cursor on the VigorAP icon and click it. The system will guide you to access into the web user interface of VigorAP.

# VI-6-2 Status

This page displays current status (online, offline or SSID hidden, IP address, encryption, channel, version, password and etc.) of the access points managed by Vigor router. Please open Central AP Management>>Function Support List to check what AP Models are supported.

Central Management >> AP >> Status

							Cle	ear <u>Refresh</u>
Index Device Name	IP Address	SSID	Ch.	STA List	AP List	Uptime	Ver.	Password
MigorAP902	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	DrayTek-LAN-A	11 36	<u>0/64</u> <u>0/64</u>	0 0	Od 00:01	1.1.5.1	Password X

Note: SOnline SSID : Offline

Maximum support 20 APs.

When AP Devices connect via an intermediary switch, please ensure that **UDP:4944** port and the **HTTP** port of AP Devices are not blocked so that the AP status can be retrieved.

Available settings are exp	plained as follows:
----------------------------	---------------------

Item	Description
Index	Click the index number link for viewing the settings summary of the access point.
Device Name	The name of the AP managed by Vigor router will be displayed here.
IP Address	Display the true IP address of the access point.
SSID	Display the SSID configured for the access point(s) connected to Vigor2862.
Ch.	Display the channel used by the access point.
STA List	Display the number of wireless clients (stations) connecting to the access point.
	In which, 0/64 means that up to 64 clients are allowed to connect to the access point. But, now no one connects to the access point.
	The number displayed on the left side means 2.4GHz; and the number displayed on the right side means 5GHz.
AP List	Display the number of the AP around the device.
Uptime	Display the duration of the AP powered up.
Version	Display the firmware version used by the access point.
Password	Vigor2862 can get related information of the access point by accessing into the web user interface of the access point.
	This button is used to modify the logging password of the connected access point.

# VI-6-3 WLAN Profile

WLAN profile is used to apply to a selected access point. It is very convenient for the administrator to configure the setting for access point without opening the web user interface of the access point.

Central Management >> AP >> WLAN Profile

							<u> </u>	<u>et to Fac</u>	<u>ctory Default</u>
Profile	Name	Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Ctrl	Clone	To AP	To Local
1	Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	Enable	None	None	Ð	0	٢
2									
3									
4									
5									

Click the number link of the selected profile to modify the content of the profile. Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile	There are five WLAN profiles offered to be configured. Simply click the index number link to open the modification page.
Name	Display the name of the profile.
	The default profile cannot be renamed.
Main SSID	Display the SSID configured by such wireless profile.
Security	Display the security mode selected by such wireless profile.
Multi-SSID	Enable means multiple SSIDs (more than one) are active. Disable means only SSID1 is active.
WLAN ACL	Display the name of the access control list.
Rate Ctrl	Display the upload and/or download transmission rate.
Clone	It can copy settings from an existing WLAN profile to another WLAN profile. First, you have to check the box of the existing profile as the original profile. Second, click Clone. The following dialog will appear. <b>172.16.3.143:2860/doc/vlclone.htm - %#28285 172.16.3.143:2860/doc/vlclone.htm - %#28285 Clear Cancel Apply Third, choose the profile index to accept the settings from the original profile. Forth, type a new name in the field of Renamed as. Last, click Apply to save the settings on this dialog.</b> The new profile has been created with the settings coming from the original profile.
То АР	Click it to apply the selected wireless profile to the specified Access Point.

	16.3.143.2860/doc/wlapply.htm Q
	Existing Device Selected Device
	Simply choose the device you want from Existing Device field. Click >> to move the device to Selected Device field. Then, click OK.
	The selected WLAN profile will be applied to the selected access point immediately. Later the access point will reboot.
To Local	WLAN Profile configured in this page is specified for VigorAP connected to Vigor router.
	If required, these settings also can be applied to Vigor router. Select and check one of wireless profiles and click this button to apply the settings onto the WI-Fi wireless settings configured for such Vigor router.

#### How to edit the wireless LAN profile?

- 1. Select the WLAN profile (index number 1 to 5) you want to edit.
- 2. Click the index number link to display the following page.

Central Management >> AP >> WLAN Profile

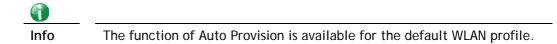
#### WLAN Profile Edit

Device Settings							
Profile Name	Default	Auto Provision					
Administrator	admin						
Password	•••••						
2nd Subnet	🖲 Enable 🛛 Disał	ble					

2.4G WLAN General Settings						
Wireless LAN	🔍 Enable 💿 Disable					
Limit Client	Enable 64 (3 ~ 128) (Default: 64)					
Operation Mode	AP T					
2.4G Mode	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) •					
2.4G Channel	2462MHz (Channel 11) ▼					
Airtime Fairness	Enable Airtime Fairness: Triggering Client Number 2 (2 ~ 128) (Default: 2)					
Band Steering	Enable Band Steering: Check Time for WLAN Client 5G Cap. 15 sec(s) (1 ~ 60) (Default: 15)					
Roaming	<ul> <li>Minimum Basic Rate 1 Mbps</li> <li>Disable RSSI Requirement</li> <li>Strictly Minimum RSSI - 73 dbm (42 %) (Default: -73)</li> <li>Minimum RSSI - 66 dbm (60 %) (Default: -66) with Adjacent AP RSSI over 5 dB (Default: 5)</li> <li>Enable Fast Roaming(WPA2/802.1x): PMK Cache Period 10 minutes (10 ~ 600, default: 10)</li> </ul>					
WMM	Enable     Isable					
Tx Power	100% •					

5G WLAN General Settings						
Wireless LAN	🔍 Enable 💿 Disable					
Limit Client	Enable 64 (3 ~ 128) (Default: 64)					
Operation Mode	AP T					
5G Mode	Mixed (11a+11n)					
5G Channel	5180MHz (Channel36) 🔻					
Airtime Fairness	Enable Airtime Fairness: Triggering Client Number 2 (2 ~ 128) (Default: 2)					
Roaming	<ul> <li>Minimum Basic Rate 6 Mbps</li> <li>Disable RSSI Requirement</li> <li>Strictly Minimum RSSI - 73 dbm (42 %) (Default: -73)</li> <li>Minimum RSSI - 66 dbm (60 %) (Default: -66) with Adjacent AP RSSI over 5 dB (Default: 5)</li> <li>Enable Fast Roaming(WPA2/802.1x): PMK Cache Period 10 minutes (10 ~ 600, default: 10)</li> </ul>					

Cancel Next



3. After finished the general settings configuration, click **Next** to open the following page for 2.4G wireless security settings.

Central Management >> AP >> WLAN Profile

SSID1	SSID2	SSID3		SSID4		
			2.4	G SSID		
Active	💿 Enable 🛛 🔾	) Disable				
SSID	DrayTek-LAN-A	LAN-	A 🔽	🗌 Hide SSID		
VLAN	0 (0:ur	ntag)				
Isolate	From Memb	er				
	•	S	ecuri	ty Settings		
	WPA+WPA2/PS	K 🔽				
	Set up RADIUS WPA	<b>5 Server</b> if 802.	1X i:	s enabled.		
	WPA Algorit				OAES 💽 TKIP/	AES
Encryption	Pass Phrase	Э				
	Key Renewal Interval 3600 Seconds					
	WEP			1 - d		
	802.1X WEF	<u>Kev</u> if WEP is e o	inao	OEnab	le 💿 Disable	
			cce	s Control		
Mode	None 🗸					
List						~
		Client's MAC	Add	ress : 🔡 : 📄 :		
		Add		Delete Edit	Cancel	
		В	andv	vidth Limit		
Status	🔾 Enable 🧕 🧿	) Disable		Auto Adjustment	🔾 Enable 💿 Dis	sable
Upload	0	Kbps		Download	0	Kbps
Back Cancel Next						
Backup ACL C	Backup ACL Cfg: Backup Upload From File: 選擇檔案 Restore Restore					

4. After finished the above web page configuration, click **Next** to open the following page for 5G wireless security settings.

50.00104	50.00100	50.0000					
5G SSID1	5G SSID2	5G SSID3	5	G SSID4			
			5G	SSID			
Active	💿 Enable 🛛	Disable					
SSID	DrayTek-5G	LAN-	A 🔽	Hide SSID			
VLAN	0 (O:u	intag)					
Isolate	From Mem	ber					
		S	ecurit	/ Settings			
	Disable	*					
	Set up <u>RADIL</u> WPA	J <u>S Server</u> if 802	.1X is	enabled.			
	WPA Algor	ithms	О	KIP 🔿 AES 💿	TKIP/AES		
Encryption	Pass Phrase						
	Key Renewal Interval 3600 Seconds						
	WEP						
	Setup <u>WEF</u> 802.1X WE	<u>PKev</u> if WEP is e					
	002.17 W			inable 💿 Disabl s Control	ie		
Mode	None 🗸	,	10003	scondor			
moue	None						121
List							~
		Client's MAC	_		그:니:ㄴ	ĿĹ	
		Add		Delete Edit	Canc	el	
<b>C</b> 1				idth Limit			
Status	-	Oisable	- 1	Auto Adjustment	OEnable	💿 Disab	1
Upload	0	Kbps		Download	0		Kbps

Central AP Management >> WLAN Profile

Note: 5G SSID Configuration only work with VigorAP800 v1.1.1 and newer APM Client.



5. When you finished the above web page configuration, click **Finish** to exit and return to the first page. The modified WLAN profile will be shown on the web page.

Central Management >> AP >> WLAN Profile

Set to Factory Defau									<u>ilt  </u>	
Profile	Name	Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Ctrl	Clone	To AP	To Local	
1	Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	Enable	None	None	Ð	1	4	
2	123	DrayTek	Disable	Disable	None	None	Ð	1	4	x
3										-
4										-
5										-

## VI-6-4 AP Maintenance

Vigor router can execute configuration backup, configuration restoration, firmware upgrade and remote reboot for the APs managed by the router. It is very convenient for the administrator to process maintenance without accessing into the web user interface of the access point.

0	
Info	

Config Backup can be performed to one AP at one time. Others functions (e.g., Config Restore, Firmware Upgrade, Remote Reboot can be performed to more than one AP at one time by using Vigor2862.

Central Management >> AP >> AP Maintenance

Select Action		
Action Type:	Config Backup 💌	
File/Path:	選擇檔案未選擇檔案	
Select Device		
Existing Device	Selected Device	
	<u>&gt;</u>	<u>~</u>
	<b>«</b>	
	»»All	

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Action	There are four actions provided by Vigor router to manage the access points.  Config Backup Config Backup Config Restore Firmware Upgrade Remote Reboot Factory Reset  Vigor router can backup the configuration of the selected AP, restore the configuration for the selected AP, perform the firmware upgrade of the selected AP, reboot the selected AP remotely and perform the factory reset for the selected AP.	
File/Path	Specify the file and the path which will be used to perform Config Restore or Firmware Upgrade.	
Select Device	Display all the available access points managed by Vigor	

	router. Simply click << or >> to move the device(s) between Select Device and Selected Device areas.
Selected Device	Display the access points that will be applied by such function after clicking OK.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to perform the action.

## VI-6-5 AP Map

This function is helpful to determine the best location for VigorAP in a room. A floor plan of a room is required to be uploaded first. By dragging and dropping available VigorAP icon from the list to the floor plan, the placement with the best wireless coverage will be clearly indicated through simulated signal strength.

#### Central Management >> AP >> AP Map

					<u>Refresh</u> <u>Se</u>	<u>t to Facto</u>	ry Default
Profile	Location	Online APs	Total APs	Clients	Dimension(m)	View	Delete
1							
2							
3							
4							
<u>5</u>							

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click the link to clear current page configuration.
Profile	Click the link to to view or edit the AP Map.
Location	Display a brief description (e.g., ground, roof) of the AP Map.
Online APs	Display the number of VigorAP configured and powered up.
Total APs	Display the total number of VigorAP configured.
Clients	Display the number of clients accessing Internet through the VigorAP.
Dimension(m)	Display the width and length of the AP map.
View	Click it to review the layout for the selected AP map.

#### Creating /Editing the AP Map Profile

1. Select a number index and click Edit to open the following web page.

Central Management >> AP >> AP Map

AP Map Profile Edit					
Geographic Settings					
Location(Profile Name)	Marketing_floor				
Upload Map	ap 選擇檔案 Floor_MAP.png				

#### Note:

The size of the map should be 200KB or smaller.(Only JPG,PNG,and GIF are supported)

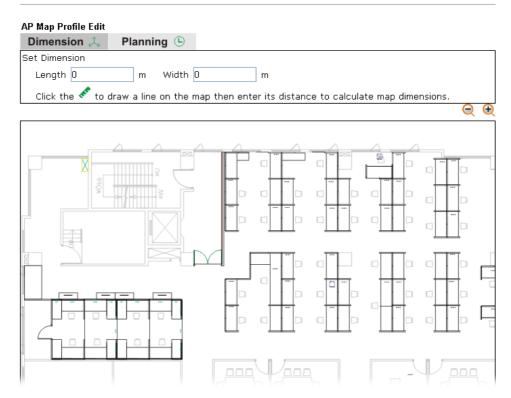
Next Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

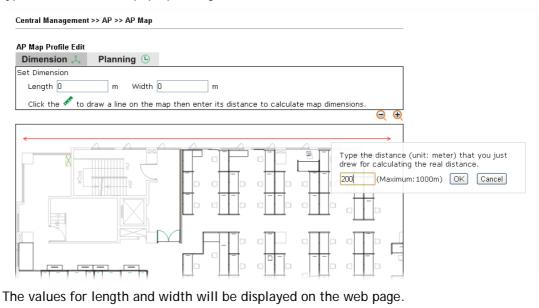
Item	Description
Location (Profile Name)	Type a name (e.g., 3F) for the AP map profile.
Upload Map	Click the Select button to choose an image file (only JPG and PNG are supported) for floor plan.
Cancel	Click it to cancel the configuration.
Next	Click it to go to the next configuration page.

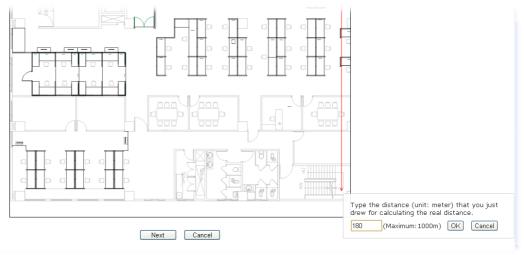
2. Click Next. In the web page of Dimension, set dimension for the map.

Central Management >> AP >> AP Map



3. Follow the instruction listed on the web page to draw a red line for length / width. Then, type the value on the pop up dialog to determine the real distance.



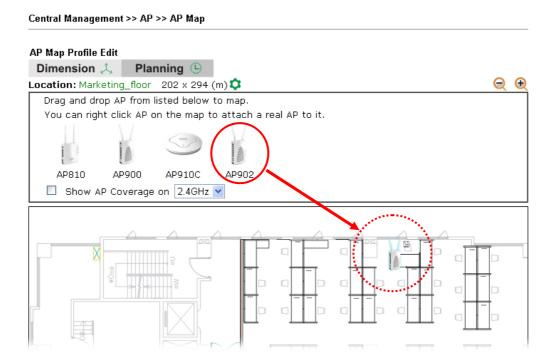


4. Click **Next** to open the web page of **Planning**. Available APs detected by Vigor router will be displayed on the upper end.

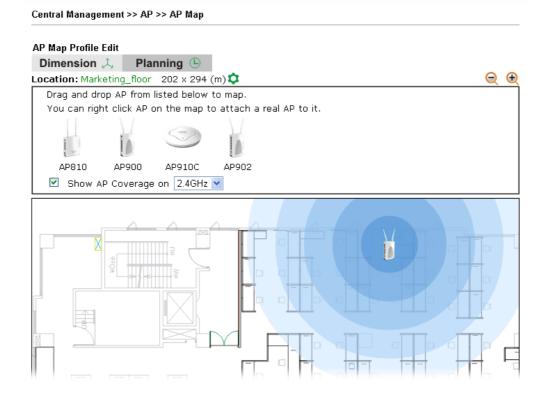
.occation: Marketing_floor       202 x 294 (m) ◊         Drag and drop AP from listed below to map.         You can right click AP on the map to attach a real AP to it.         AP810       AP900         AP910C       AP902         Show AP Coverage on       2.4GHz ▼	<u>ର୍</u>
You can right click AP on the map to attach a real AP to it. AP810 AP900 AP910C AP902 Show AP Coverage on 2.4GHz AP810 AP900 AP910C AP902	
AP810 AP900 AP910C AP902 Show AP Coverage on 2.4GHz AP810 AP900 AP910C AP902	
Show AP Coverage on 2.4GHz	
	·
	1

Central Management >> AP >> AP Map

5. Select the AP you need; drag and drop an AP icon from upper end to the map on the bottom.



6. Check the box of **Show AP Coverage** and choose 2.4GHz or 5GHz of wireless signal for the AP located on the floor plan.



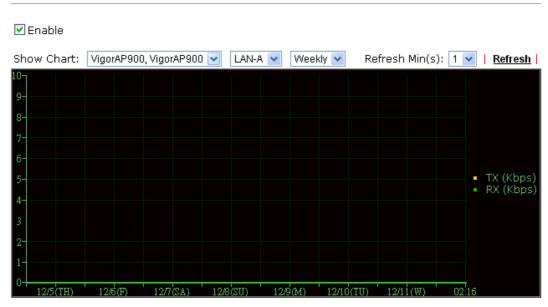
7. Adjust the AP on the map to find out which place can have the best wireless coverage. At last, click **Save**.

					Refresh Set to Factory Default			
Profile	Location	Location Online APs Total APs Clients		Clients	Dimension(m)	View	Delete	
1	Marketing_floor	0	1	0	202×294	Q	X	
2								
3								
4								
<u>5</u>								

Central Management >> AP >> AP Map

## VI-6-6 Traffic Graph

Click **Traffic Graph** to open the web page. Choose one of the managed Access Points, LAN-A or LAN-B, daily or weekly for viewing data transmission chart. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.



Central AP Management >> Traffic Graph

Note : Enabling/Disabling AP Traffic Graph will also Enable/Disable the External Devices Function.

The horizontal axis represents time; the vertical axis represents the transmission rate (in kbps).

() Info

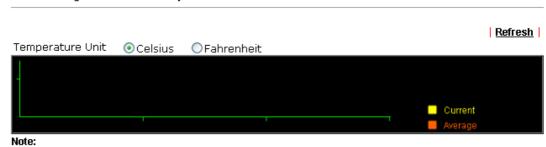
Enabling/Disabling such function will also enable/disable the External Devices function.

## VI-6-7 Temperature Sensor

Central Management >> AP >> Temperature Sensor

Many VigorAP and Vigor router can be installed with temperature sensor. If VigorAP (e.g., VigorAP 910C) is managed under Vigor router (e.g, Vigor2862), then Vigor router can obtain the temperature change graph of the USB temperature sensor installed onto VigorAP.

This page displays data including current temperature, maximum temperature, minimum temperature and average temperature.



Only browser supporting HTML5 can display temperature sensor correctly.

## **VI-6-8 Rogue AP Detection**

Central Management >> AP >> Rogue AP Detection

It displays the access point scanned by Vigor router. In which, the APs will be classified with friendly APs, rogue APs and unknown APs in different colors.

Rogue AP Detection
Enable: 🗹 Neighbor AP Detection 🗹 Local WLAN Detection

Enable: 🗹 Neighbor AP Detection 🗹 Local WLAN Detection								
All APs		💌 🛛 Total: 8		Refresh Min(s) :	1 🕶	Page: 1 💌		<u>Refresh</u>
idx	Ch	SSID	Mode	BSSID	Security	Signal (%)	Beacon Period	Last Detected
¹ [○] ?))	161	staffs_4F	AP	00:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	11	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
² <b>○?))</b>	161	staffs	AP	02:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	19	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
³ ○?))	161	guests	AP	06:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	15	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
⁴ [○] ?))	36	staffs_5F5G	AP	00:1d:aa:fe:fa:4a	Mixed	87	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
⁵ [©] ?))	36	staffs	AP	02:1d:aa:fe:fa:4a	Mixed	87	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
⁶ ⁽ ?))	36	DrayTek_5G	AP	00:1d:aa:c6:4c:42	Mixed	100	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
⁷ ○ ?))	36	Hotspot1_5G	AP	00:1d:aa:cb:a3:12	NONE	70	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
⁸ (?)	36	MK-2925-mamie	AP	00:1d:aa:d4:9e:d2	Mixed	36	100	Jan 02,03:19:29
Note:								

🔊 :Friendly APs 📄 :Rogue APs 🌒 :Unknown APs

Vigor2862 does not apply security policies to Rogue AP List.

Item	Description
Enable	<ul> <li>Neighbor AP Detection - The access point(s) registered to</li> <li>Vigor2862 will be used to detect other access points and send</li> <li>the scanned results to Vigor2862. Later, the scanned result</li> <li>will be displayed on this page.</li> <li>Local WLAN Detection - The router will detect all the access</li> </ul>

	points through wireless LAN connection.
All APs All APs Unknown APs Rogue APs Friendly APs	Specify the access points which are classified under each type.
Refresh Min(s)	Use the drop down list to specify the time to refresh the web page.
Refresh	Click such link to refresh the web page immediately.
Ch	Display the channel used by the detected access point.
SSID	Display the SSID specified for the detected access point.
Mode	Display the mode (AP or Ad Hoc) used by the detected access point.
BSSID	Display the MAC address of the detected access point.
Security	Display the encryption mode used by the access point.
Signal (%)	Display the signal strength (represented by percentage) sent by the access point.
Beacon Period	Display the period (time) of the beacon. The beacon signal will be sent out periodically.
Last Detected	Display the date and time that such access point was detected by Vigor router.

All the APs detected by Vigor router will be treated as unknown APs. You have to specify which AP is friendly and which one is Rogue respectively. Follow the steps below to perform the classification of access points.

1. Click the radio button on one of the access points. In this case, DrayTek-LAN-A is selected.

Central AP Management >> Rogue AP Detection

Rogue AP	Dete	ction									
Enable: 🗹 Neighbor AP Detection 🗹 Local WLAN Detection											
All APs 💌				Refresh							
	Ch	SSID	Mode	BSSID	Security	Signal (%)	Beacon Period	Last Detected			
© ?))	11	James_AP800	AP	00:50:7f:cc:08:e8	Mixed	68	100	Jan 01,00:50:26			
© ?))	11	DrayTek-LAN-B	AP	02:1d:aa:74:20:44	Mixed	100	100	Jan 01,00:50:26			
⊙ ? <b>))</b>	11	DrayTek-LAN-A	AP	00:1d:aa:76:20:44	Mixed	99	100	Jan 01,00:50:26			
® ?))	11	James_900	AP	00:1d:aa:9c:f0:20	WPA	89	100	Jan 01,00:50:26			

2. Later, some options will appear on the bottom of the page.

ි ?)) 6 DrayTek	AP 00:1d:aa:9c:f7:38	Mixed 78	100	Jan 01,00:50:26					
AP's MAC Address : 00 : 1d : aa : Add to Friendly APs: Add Roo	AP's SS	GID							
Add to Friendly APs: Add Rogue APs: Add Delete from Rogue APs: Delete Friendly APs: Delete									
Note: Green :Friendly APs Red	Rogue APs ?) Black :Unknow	ın APs							

Item	Description		
AP's MAC Address	The MAC address of the selected AP will be displayed here automatically.		
AP's SSID	The SSID of the selected AP will be displayed here automatically.		
Add to	<b>Friendly APs</b> - If the selected AP shall be treated as Friendly AP, simply click <b>Add</b> to change its classification from unknown to Friendly.		
	<b>Rogue APs</b> - If the selected AP shall be treated as rogue AP, simply click <b>Add</b> to change its classification from unknown to Rogue.		
Delete From	<b>Rogue APs</b> - If you want to change the classification of the rogue AP, simply choose the one and click <b>Delete</b> . Later, the page will refresh and the one will be classified as Unknown.		
	<b>Friendly APs</b> - If you want to change the classification of the friendly AP, simply choose the one and click <b>Delete</b> . Later, the page will refresh and the one will be classified as Unknown.		

3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

The following figure shows the APs classified and displayed in different colors.

Central Management >> AP >> Rogue AP Detection

All APs 🛛 🔽		🖌 🛛 Total: 9		Refresh Min(s) :	1 💌	Page:	1 🕶	<u>Refresh</u>	
dx	Ch	SSID	Mode	BSSID	Security	Signal (%)	Beacon Period	Last Detected	
° ?))	48	Draytek_5G_Ian	AP	00:1d:aa:00:00:02	NONE	36	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	
° ?))	161	staffs_4F	AP	00:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	11	100	Jan 02,03:19:29	
° ?))	161	staffs	AP	02:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	19	100	Jan 02,03:19:29	
° ?))	161	guests	AP	06:1d:aa:9d:68:ae	Mixed	15	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	
° ?))	36	staffs_5F5G	AP	00:1d:aa:fe:fa:4a	Mixed	87	100	Jan 02,03:19:29	
° ?))	36	staffs	AP	02:1d:aa:fe:fa:4a	Mixed	87	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	
<b>د</b> ا	36	DrayTek_5G	AP	00:1d:aa:c6:4c:42	Mixed	100	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	
•	36	Hotspot1_5G	AP	00:1d:aa:cb:a3:12	NONE	70	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	
°?))	36	MK-2925-mamie	AP	00:1d:aa:d4:9e:d2	Mixed	36	100	Jan 02,03:39:28	

## VI-6-9 Event Log

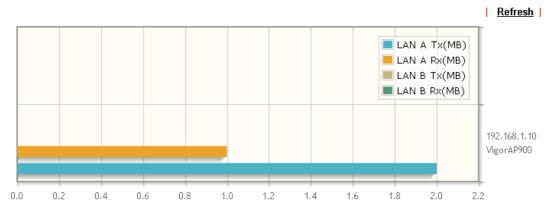
Time and event log for all of the APs managed by Vigor router will be shown on this page. It is userful for troubleshooting if required.

Central AP Ma	anagement >	> Event	Log					
All Event Log	*				I	<u>Clear</u>	Refr	<u>esh</u>
	Time		APM Event Log					
2000-01-01 2000-01-01 2000-01-01 2000-01-01 2000-01-01 2000-01-01	00:00:24 00:00:26 00:00:29 00:00:29	[APM] [APM] [APM] [APM] [APM] [APM]	[VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38] [VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38] [VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38] [VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38] [VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38] [VigorAP900_01daa9e2b38]	Apply Apply Query Apply	Load Balance Rogue AP Det AP status Load Balance	settin ection	ıgs settin	ıgs
<							Ì	>
14	browcor cu	oportipo	) <u>HTML5</u> can display Event Log	corroc	+10			1

Note 1: Only browser supporting <u>HTML5</u> can display Event Log correctly Note 2: The APs Log can be refreshed after at least 30 seconds.

## VI-6-10 Total Traffic

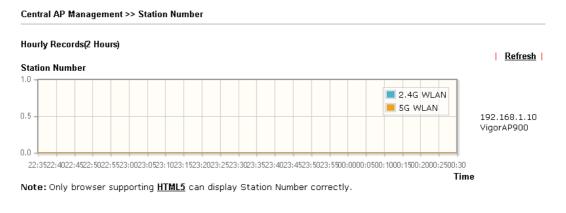
Such page will display the total traffic of data receiving and data transmitting for VigorAPs managed by Vigor router.



Note: Only browser supporting  $\underline{\text{HTML5}}$  can display Total Traffic correctly.

## VI-6-11 Station Number

The total number of the wireless clients will be shown on this page, no matter what mode of wireless connection (2.4G WLAN or 5G WLAN) used by wireless clients to access into Internet through VigorAP.



## VI-6-12 Load Balance

The parameters configured for Load Balance can help to distribute the traffic for all of the access points registered to Vigor router. Thus, the bandwidth will not be occupied by certain access points.

```
Central Management >> AP >> Load Balance
```

Station Number Thres	shold	
Wireless LAN (2.4GH	Iz) 64 (3-64	+)
Wireless LAN (5GHz)	64 (3-64	+)
Thraffic Threshold		
Upload Limit 128K		bps (Default unit: K)
Download Limit User	defined 🚩 100þK	bps (Default unit: K)
Action When Thresho	ld Exceeded	
Stop accepting n	ew connections	
- etch geochtung tu		st idle time

The maximum station number of Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) will be applied to both Wireless LAN (2.4GHz) and Wireless LAN (5GHz) if the firmware version of AP900 is less than or equal to 1.1.4.1.

OK Cancel
-----------

Item	Description
AP Load Balance	It is used to determine the operation mode when the system detects overload between access points. Disable - Disable the function of AP load balance.

	<ul> <li>By Station Number -The operation of load balance will be executed based on the station number configured in this page. It is used to limit the allowed number for the station connecting to the access point. The purpose is to prevent lots of stations connecting to access point at the same time and causing traffic unbalanced. Please define the required station number for WLAN (2.4GHz) and WLAN (5GHz) separately.</li> <li>By Traffic - The operation of load balance will executed according to the traffic configuration in this page.</li> <li>By Station Number or Traffic - The operation of load balance will be executed based on the station number or the traffic configuration.</li> </ul>
Station Number Threshold	Set the number of stations as a threshold to activate AP load balance.
Traffic Threshold	Upload Limit -Use the drop down list to specify the traffic limit for uploading.
	Download Limit - Use the drop down list to specify the traffic limit for downloading.
Action When Threshold Exceeded	Stop accepting new connections - When the number of stations or the traffic reaches the threshold defined in this web page, Vigor router will stop any new connection asked by other access point.
	Dissociate existing station by longest idel time - When the access point is overload (e.g., reaching the limit of station number or limit of network traffic), it will terminate the network connection of the client's station which is idle for a longest time.
	Dissociate existing station by worst signal strength if it is less than - When the access point is overload (e.g., reaching the limit of station number or limit of network traffic), it will terminate the network connection of the client's station with the weakest signal.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## VI-6-13 Function Support List

List the AP management functions that the Access Points support under different firmware versions.

Central AP Management >> Function Support List

Model Name	AP710	AP800	AP810	AP900	AP902	AP910C
FW Version	1.2.0	1.1.6	1.1.6.1	1.1.7	1.1.7	1.1.6
Register						
DHCP	•	•	•	•	•	•
Static IP	•	•	•	•	•	•
Profile						
2.4GHz	•	•	•	•	•	•
5GHz		• (with N65)		•	•	•
AP Mode	•	•	•	•	•	•
Auto Provision	•	•	•	•	•	•
WLAN Enable/Disable	•	•	•	•	•	•
Limit Client	•		•	•	•	•
Airtime Fairness	•		•	•	•	•
Band Steering				•	•	•
Fast Roaming				+		+

# **Application Notes**

# A-1 How to use AP Management function (in Vigor2862) to check AP status and deploy WLAN profile

The administrator can manage the access points linked to Vigor2862.

....

1. Open External Devices>>Access Point Devices. Vigor2862 will detect the AP connecting to the router automatically and display as below:

xternal	Device >> Acce	ss Point E	)evices						
	Status	WL	AN Profile						
								L Cle	ar Refres
Index	Device Na	ame	IP Address	SSID	Encryption	Ch.	WL Client	Version	Password
1	AP800_00507F6	EE490	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	ch11	0/64	1.0.5	Password
lote:									
Green :	Online Red :	Offline	Grey : Hido	len SSID					
Maximur	m support 20 AF	Ps.							

In this case, a device named with *AP800_00507F6EE4980* has been detected by Vigor router.

2. Click the WLAN Profile tab to get the following page. Check the box of the default profile to make the Edit button be available. Then, click the Edit button.

Extern	al Device >> Access					
	Status	WLAN Profile				
					1	Set to Factory Defaul
	Profile Name	Main SSID	Security	Multi-SSID	WLAN ACL	Rate Control
<b>~</b>	Default	DrayTek-LAN-A	WPA+WPA2/PSK	Enable	None	None
		Clone	Edit Cancel	Apply To Dev	vice	

3. When the following configuration page appears, make the changes you want and check **Apply to All APs**. Then, click **Next** to access into the next page.

#### External Device >> Access Point Devices

#### WLAN Profile Edit

Device Settings					
Profile Name	Default	🗹 Apply to All APs			
Administrator	admin				
Password	••••				
2nd Subnet	⊙ Enable 🔘 Disable				
Operation Mode	AP 🗸				

2.4G WLAN General Settings				
2.4G Mode	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) 💌			
2.4G Channel	2462MHz (Channel 11) 💌			
WMM	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable			
Tx Power 100% 🗸				
5G WLAN General Settings				

Ja WLAN delleral Settings			
5G Mode Mixed (11a+11n) 🔽			

## 1

Info

Apply to All APs can automatically apply the settings on Default profile to all of the access points registered to Vigor2862 later. Hence, it is not necessary for you to manually apply wireless profiles for APs respectively. Such feature will be convenient for people who want to *quickly deploy* multiple Vigor APs in a large exhibition to reach the goal of "plug and play" and "zero-configuration".

4. The following page allows you to modify related settings for 2.4G SSID of managed AP. Make the changes you want for 2.4G SSID. Click **Next** for next page.

SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4		
			2.4G SSID		
Active	💿 Enable 🛛	Disable			
SSID	DrayTek-LAN-A	LAN-	A 🔽 🛛 🗌 Hide 🤅	SSID	
VLAN	0 (0:0	intag)			
Isolate	From Mem	ber			
		Se	ecurity Settings		
	WPA+WPA2/P	SK 🔽			
	WPA	I <u>S Server</u> if 802.		<u></u>	
	WPA Algor Pass Phra			ES 💽 TKIP/AES	
Encryption		se val Interval	3600 Seco	nds	
	PMK Cache		10 Miniu	tes	
	Pre-Auther	ntication	OEnable 💿	Disable	
	WEP				
		<b>Key</b> if WEP is e			
	802.1X WEP Enable Disable				
Mode	News	A	ccess control		
Mode	None 🔽				
List					<
		Client's MAC	Address : 🔄 :		
Add Delete Edit Cancel					
			andwidth Limit		
Status	-	Disable	Auto Adjust		Disable
Upload	0	Kbps	Download	0	Kbps
		Back	Cancel	Next	

External Device >> Access Point Devices

5. The following page is offered for you to modify related settings for 5G SSID of managed AP. Continue to make any changes you want. After finished all of the changes, simply click **Finish**.

5G SSID1	5G SSID2 5G SSID3 5G SSID4					
	5G SSID					
Active	Enable      Disable					
SSID	DrayTek-5G LAN-A 💌 🗌 Hide SSID					
VLAN	0 (0:untag)					
Isolate	From Member					
	Security Settings					
	Disable					
	Set up RADIUS Server if 802.1X is enabled.					
	WPA Algorithms OTKIP AES TKIP/AES					
Encryption	Key Renewal Interval 3600 Seconds					
	PMK Cache Period 10 Miniutes					
	Pre-Authentication Enable Disable					
	WEP					
	Setup <b>WEP Key</b> if WEP is enabled.					
	802.1X WEP OEnable Obisable					
	Access Control					
Mode	None					
List						
	Client's MAC Address : : : : : : : :					
	Add Delete Edit Cancel					
	Bandwidth Limit					
Status	Canable Obisable Auto Adjustment Canable Obisable					
Upload	0 Kbps Download 0 Kbps					
	Back Cancel Finish					

External Device >> Access Point Devices

6. Now, the AP (represented with *AP800_00507F6EE4980*) detected by Vigor router will be applied with the settings modified by Vigor router.

## VI-7 Central Management (Switch)

Vigor router can manage lots of VigorSwitch devices connected to it. Through profile and group settings, the administrator can execute firmware/configuration backup, restore for VigorSwitch device, reboot the device or return to factory default settings of VigorSwitch at one time.

Central Management VPN AP
• ••
Switch
Status
Profile
Group
Maintenance
Alert and Log
Database Setup
Support List

## VI-7-1 Status

#### VI-7-1-1 Switch Status

Such page displays information, including Group, Switch name, IP address, model, System Up Time, Port in Use, Clients, and Firmware Version of VigorSwitch connected to Vigor2862 series.

Before checking the switch status, go to **Central Management>>External Device** to enable **External Device Auto Discovery**. Wait for the system to display available device(s).

Central Management >> External Device

🗌 Extern	al Device Syslog				
🗹 Extern	External Device Auto Discovery				
External D	External Devices Connected Refresh				
Below sh	ows available devices that connected externally:				
<u>On Line</u>	G1241, Switch Connection Uptime:00:05:32				
	IP Address:192.168.1.10:80	Account Clear			

#### For security reason:

If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

OK
----

Later, open Central Management>>Switch>>Status. Available VigorSwitch to be managed by such router will be listed under the New Switch List.

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Status

5	Switch Status	Switch	n Hierarchy	Detai	iled Info		Refresh		
						View Group:	All		
Status									
Group	Switch Name	IP Address	Model System	ı Up Time	Port in Use	Clients Fi	rmware Version		
New Swi	tch List								
Index	Switch Name	IP Address	MAC Addr	ress M	lodel Firn	nware Version	Add Device		
1	G1241	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	00:50:7F:F1	:05:FD G:	1241		Add New		

Note:

Supported VigorSwitch model and firmware version P2261 V3.11, G2260 V3.11, G1241 2.1.0, P1100 2.1.0.

0	
Info	VigorSwitch listed below Status means the switch is managed by Viogr2862; VigorSwitch listed below New Switch List means it is not managed by Vigor2862 yet.

Click Add New to make the selected VigorSwitch to be managed by Vigor router.

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Status

Switch Status Switch Hierarchy			hy Det	ailed Info		<u>Refresh</u>	
Status						View Gro	oup: All 💌
Group	Switch Name	IP Address	Model	System Up Time	Port in Use	Clients	Firmware Version
<u>Default</u>	Switch	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	G1241	0:00:00	0/24	0	2.1.0.1886

#### Note:

Supported VigorSwitch model and firmware version P2261 V3.11, G2260 V3.11, G1241 2.1.0, P1100 2.1.0.

Item	Description
Group	Display the name link of the group. You can click the link to modify the group settings if required.
Switch Name	Display the name link of VigorSwitch. You can click the name link to access into the switch profile.
IP Address	Display the IP address of VigorSwitch.
Model	Display the model name of VigorSwitch.
System Up Time	Display the time accumulated since this Vigorwitch is powered up.
Port in Use	Display how many devices connected to VigorSwitch.
Clients	Display the number of LAN ports used in VigorSwitch.
Firmware Version	Display the firmware version that VigorSwitch current used.
Add New	Such button will appear only when there is more than one switch connected to Vigor2862. The one under New Switch List is allowed to be managed under current used group. Simply click Add New.

Status							
Group	Switch Name	IP Address	Model	System Up Time	Port in U	Jse Clients	Firmware Version
<u>111</u>	SWITCH-G1241	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	G1241	0:02:19	1/24	0	2.1.0.1886
New Swit	ch List						
Index	Switch Name	IP Address		MAC Address	Model	Firmware Ver:	sion Add Device
1	P2261	<u>192.168.1.226</u>	00:	50:7F:F0:C3:3C	P2261	v3.18	Add New
P	1100 2.1.ORC3a.			re version P2261 V3	,	,	,
It will mode		er to gr	oup	VigorSwitc	ch dev	vices wi	th the same

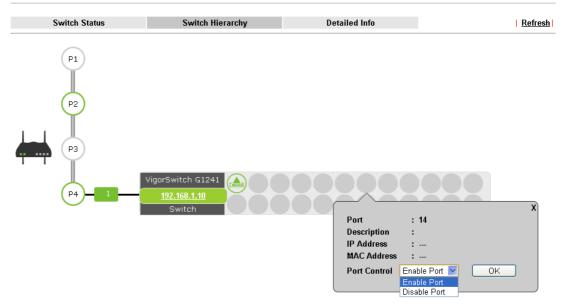
#### VI-7-1-2 Switch Hierarchy

Such page displays the hierarchy of VigorSwitch(es) managed under Vigor2862.

Switch Status Switch Hierarchy **Detailed Info** <u>Refresh</u> Ρ1 P2 P۵ x Switch Port : 2 Description : Uplink IP Address : --MAC Address : 00:1D:AA:F7:C0:F0

Central Management >> Switch >> Status

Central Management >> Switch >> Status



Please note that, **Shutdown Port** is available for LAN port of VigorSwitch connects to a LAN device. When it is checked, after clicking **OK**, the network connection between that device and VigorSwitch will be terminated.

## VI-7-2 Profile

This page will show general information, such as name, group, IP address, MAC address, model and password of VigorSwitch only when it connects to Vigor2862 series. By clicking the index number link, a profile setting page for that switch will be shown. Note that each profile represents one VigorSwitch.

Central Management >> Switch >>
---------------------------------

Profile	List
Pronie	L12(

FIONEL	130						
Index	Name	Group	IP Address	MAC Address	Model	Password	Delete Profile
1	SWITCH-G1241	111,	<u>192.168.1.10</u>	00:50:7F:F1:05:FD	G1241	Password	X
2	P2261	111,	<u>192.168.1.226</u>	00:50:7F:F0:C3:3C	P2261	Password	X

Item	Description
Index	Click the number link to access into the switch profile.
	Note: Each connected VigorSwitch will have one setting profile. If there are many switches connected to Vigor2862, different index number will be used to represent different VigorSwitch.
Name	Display the user defined name of VigorSwitch.
Group	Display the group name of VigorSwitch(es).
IP Address	Display the IP address of VigorSwitch.
MAC Address	Display the MAC address of VigorSwitch.
Model	Display the model name of VigorSwitch.
Password	Click it to display the account information including username and password.
Delete Profile	Click the mark of "X" to delete the switch profile.

Available settings are explained as follows:

To edit profile for the selected switch:

2. Click index number link (e.g. #1) to open the following page.

Central Management >> Switch >> Profile

Switch Profile 1		[	Get Setting from Extenal Switch
General	VLAN	Port	Set to Factory Default
Switch Name	Switch		
Comment			
Copy configuration fro	om: None 💌		
Login Password	admin		
IP Address	DHCP <u>192.168.</u>	<u>1.10</u>	
Note:			

The router configuration will be updated when getting profile settings from external switch.

Save Cancel Send to Device

Item	Description
Switch Name	Type a name for the Switch. The purpose of name is used for identification.
	It is useful when there are many VigorSwitch (same modes) devices connecting to Vigor2862 seres.
Comment	Type the text in such field if additional explanation for the switch is required.
Copy configuration from	Check the box to copy configuration from other device. Use the drop down list to choose the one you need.
	Note, if there is only one VigorSwitch connected and managed by Vigor2862 series, then such field is unavailable.
Login Password	Display the original login password for the VigorSwitch.
	However, if Group Password (in Central Management >>Switch>>Group) is configured with other string, then such field is not allowed to type any other password. And only the group password will be shown, instead.
IP Address	Display the dynamic IP address (of the connected switch) assigned by Vigor2862.
Save	Click it to save the settings.
Cancel	Click it to return to previous web page without saving the setting changes.
Send to Device	Click it to transfer the configuration change (e.g, login password, switch name, etc.) to the VigorSwitch immediately.

2. After finished the settings, click VLAN tab to open following page.

Blank page due to LAN>>VLAN not configured previously:

Central Management >> Switch >> Profile

witch Profile 1	Switch General			1	/LAN			Por	t			1	<u>Get Sett</u>		External S D Factory D
Router VLAN														,	
	Tag bas	ed VLAN			LAN	Port		V	WLAN 2	4G SSI	D		WLAN S	5G SSID	
Group	Subnet	VID	Priority	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
xternal Switch	VLAN														
						Port	Members								

The router configuration will be updated when getting profile settings from external switch

Save Cancel Send to Device

#### Setting page with LAN>>VLAN configured previously:

Central Management >> Switch >> Profile

witch Profile 1		TCH-G	1241								_		-						1	<u>Get S</u>			tenal S	
	Ge	eneral						VL.	٩N				Por	t							<u>S</u> e	t to Fa	ctory D	)efaul
Router VLAN																								
	Т	Tag ba	ised V	LAN						LAN	Port				WLAN	2.4G !	SSID			WLAN	5G SS	SID		
Group	Sul	bnet		VID		Priorit	у	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	з		4	1	2	З	4	4	
VLANO	LA	N1		0		0																		
VLAN1	LA	N1		20		0																		
VLAN2	LA	AN1		100		0										E	1					Γ		
External Switch	VLAN										Po	rt Men	nbers											
External Switch	VLAN	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Pc	rt Men 12	nbers 13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
external Switch			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
External Switch Remove Tag (PVID)	1	2	-	-	5	6 ■ ✓	-	-	9	10		12		14 •	-	-		18 •	-	20 •	-		-	24
Remove Tag	1	2									11	12	13											
Remove Tag (PVID)	1 💽	2 💽	<ul> <li>■</li> </ul>	<ul><li>■</li></ul>	<ul><li>■</li></ul>	•	•	•			11	12 	13 	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

3. Click Save to save VLAN configuration. Then, click Port tab to access the following page:

witch	Profile 1 Switch1241 General	VLAN	Port	I	Get Setting from Extenal Swite Set to Factory Defau
Port	Description	Port Control	Schedule	Rate Ingress Rate(Kbp	e Limit ıs) Egress Rate(Kbps)
*		Enable Port 💌			
1		Enable Port 💌	,		
2	Uplink	Enable Port 🕑	,		
3		Enable Port 💌	,		
4		Enable Port 💌			
5		Enable Port 💌			
6		Enable Port 💌	,		
7		Enable Port 💌	,		
8		Enable Port 💌	,		
9		Enable Port 💌			
10		Enable Port 💌	, ,		
11		Enable Port 💌	, .		
12		Enable Port 💌	,		
13		Enable Port 💌	, ,		
14		Enable Port 💌			
15		Enable Port 💌	,		
16		Enable Port 💌	,,		
17		Enable Port 💌	,		
18		Enable Port 💌			
19		Enable Port 💌	,		
20		Enable Port 💌	, ,		
21		Enable Port 💌	, ,		
22		Enable Port 💌	,		
23		Enable Port 💌	,		
24		Enable Port 💌			

Central Management >> Switch >> Profile

1.The router configuration will be updated when getting profile settings from external switch. 2.Double quotation mark (*) is not supported in Description columns.

Save Cancel Send to Device

Item	Description
Description	If required, type a brief description to explain the device connected to VigorSwitch via the LAN port.
Port Control	Disable Port - The port (e.g, Port 2 in this case) which is used

	to connect VigorSwitch and Vigor2862 will not be shutdown by Vigor2862 series.
	Other LAN ports of VigorSwitch allow to connect to any LAN device. When it is checked, after clicking Save, the network connection between that device and VigorSwitch will be terminated.
	Schedule - Two sechule profiles can be specified here to force Vigor2862 executing specific action to VigorSwitch.
Rate Limit	Check the box for typing the ingress rate / egress rate for the selected VigorSwitch. After clicking Save, the value modified in this page will be written to VigorSwitch and enabled.

4. Click **Save** to save the changes and then click **Send to Device**. Settings will be sent to VigorSwitch immediately.

Switch Profile 1 SWITCH-G1241		1	Get Setting from Extenal Switch
General	VLAN	Port	Set to Factory Default
Post Settings to Vigor Sv	witch		

Central Management >> Switch >> Profile

Note: The router configuration will be updated when getting profile settings from external switch.

Double quotation mark (") is not supported in Description columns.

## VI-7-3 Group

Different switches can be classified into different group(s). Specifc password for a group can be defined and applied to every switch uder that group.

Through the common password setting, it is not necessary for the system administrator to remember various login passwords to access into different VigorSwitch devices.

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Group

Index	Group Name	Member Switch
1	Default	Switch1241(192.168.1.10)
2		
3		
4		
<u>5</u>		
<u>6</u>		
1		
<u>8</u>		
<u>9</u>		
<u>10</u>		

Click any index number link to create a new switch group.

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Group

Group Name Group Password					
Existing Switch			Member Switch		
IP Address	Switch Name	>> ((	IP Address	Switch Name	

Item	Description
Group Name	Type a name as the group name. Different switches can be classified within a group.
Group Password	Type a password that administrator can use to access into the managed VigorSwitch connecting to Vigor2862 series. All of the switches under the same group can be accessed into via such group password.
Existing Switch	Display all of the VigorSwitch devices connecting to Vigor2862.
Member Switch	Choose the switches you want to group and click the button ">>" to move the selected devices onto the field of Member Switch. Devices under Member Switch will be grouped under such group profile.
ОК	Click it to save the configuration.
Cancel	Click it to exit the setting page without saving any change.

## VI-7-4 Maintenance

Such feature can execute configuration backup, restore of selected VigorSwitch device(s) or reboot the VigorSwitch devices remotely or reset the VigorSwitch devices with factory default settings, without accessing into the web user interface of VigorSwitch respectively. It is convenient for system administrator to manage VigorSwitch devices.

Central Management >> Switch >> Maintenance

Select Action							
Action Type:		Config Backup 🔽					
File/Path:		選擇檔案 未選擇檔案					
Select Device Existing Device				Selected Device			
Switch Name Switch1241	MAC Address 00:50:7f:f1:05:fd	IP Address 192.168.1.10	× ×	Switch Name	MAC Address	IP Address	<

OK Cancel

Item	Description	
Select Action	Action Type - Four actions including configuration backup, configuration restore, remote reboot and factory reset are offered by Vigor2862 to perform on VigorSwitch. Config Backup Config Backup Config Restore Remote Reboot Factory Reset File/Path - Click the button to find out the required file.	
Select Device	<ul> <li>Existing Device -Display all of the VigorSwitch devices connecting to Vigor2862.</li> <li>Selected Device - Choose the switches you want to group and click the button "&gt;&gt;" to move the existing devices onto the field of Selected Device. Devices under Selected Device will be applied with the action</li> </ul>	
ОК	Click it to immediately perform the action (configuration backup, configuration restore, remote reboot and factory reset) on the device(s) listed in Selected Device.	
Cancel	Click it to cancel the setting changes.	

## VI-7-5 Alert and Log

Alert and Log is helpful for the user to understand the abnormal situation occurred in VigorSwitch quickly. When the system detects an error, information of abnormal condition will be recorded to the database; or the system will send an alert to the specified device (via e-mail or SMS) to warn the user.

#### VI-7-5-1 Alert Setup

This page is used to define the name of alert, level of alert (in color), and determine to record the data in the database, or send a notification message to the user based on the level.

	Alert	Setup	Switch and F	ort Setup	Ale	t Logs		
	rt and evels :	Log and Action						Set to Factory Defaul
ndex	Enable	e Levell	Name	Color	Create Log	Send Notification	<u>SMS/Email S</u>	ervice object
1	۷	No Alert		No Color	No Log	No Notification		
2	•	Minor Alert		T	Enable	No Notification		
3	۲	Moderate Ale	rt	•	۲		sms 1 - ??? 💌	sms 1 - ??? 🔻
4	۲	Major Alert		•			sms 1 - ??? 💌	sms 1 - ??? 💌
5				•			sms 1 - ??? 👻	sms 1 - ??? 💌
6				•			sms 1 - ??? 👻	sms 1 - ??? 💌
7				•			sms 1 - ??? 👻	sms 1 - ??? 💌
8				•			sms 1 - ??? 💌	sms 1 - ??? •

Item	Description
Alert and Log	Check it to enable this feature.

Alert Levels and Action	Level Name - Define names for representing the severity of alert event. The default names for index 1 to index 4 will be shown on each setting box. Index 5 to index 8 are reserved for user-defined.
	<b>Color</b> - Define the color for each level of alert. However, the color of index 1 is No color and unable to be changed.
	Create Log - Check the box to create log of alert. Such log will be seen on Alert Logs page. Note that No Log for index 1; and log for index 2 is enabled in default.
	Send Notification - If it is checked, Vigor router's system will send notification to specified phone number via SMS.
	SMS/Email Service Object - Choose the SMS object which will get the SMS from Vigor router. Up to 4 objects can be selected at one time.

## VI-7-5-2 Switch and Port Setup

This page defines enabling switch alert and/or port alert for each switch.

Central Management >>	Switch >> Alert and Log
oonaan managomone -	ownon

Alert Se	etup Switch and	Port Setup Alert L	ogs		
Index	Switch Name	IP	Model	Switch Alert	Port Alert
1	<u>G2260</u>	192.168.1.11	G2260	Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Switch Alert	Enable - Check it to enable alert mechanism for VigorSwitch.
Port Alert	Enable - Check it to enable alert mechanism for each port of VigorSwitch.

Click the Switch Name link (e.g., G2260 in this case) to get detailed settings.

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Alert and Log

1	Alert Setup	Switch and Port	t Setup	Alert Logs			
Inde	x	Switch Name	IP		Model	Switch Alert	Port Alert
1		<u>G2260</u>	192.168.	1.11	G2260	Enable 🔻	Enable 🔻
260							Set to Factory Default
witch	Alert						
Incid	lent		Level				
Cold	Start		Major Alert	T			
Wan	m Start		Major Alert	¥			
Disc	onnect		Major Alert	¥			
Reco	onnect		Minor Alert	T			
irt Ale	ert						
ort	Description	Device Disconn	ects	Device Recon	nects	Schedule on/off	Shutdown En/Dis
1	Uplink	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert 🔻	Minor Alert 🔹
2		Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert	Minor Alert 🔹
з		Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert 🔹	Minor Alert 🔹
4		Minor Alert	T	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert 🔹	Minor Alert 🔹
5		Minor Alert	T	Minor Alert	¥	Minor Alert 🔹	Minor Alert 🔹
6		Minor Alert	Ŧ	Minor Alert	¥	Minor Alert •	Minor Alert 🔹
7		Minor Alert	Ŧ	Minor Alert	¥	Minor Alert 🔹	Minor Alert 🔹
		Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert	•	Minor Alert 🔹	Minor Alert 🔻
8		WIIITOT AIEIL		THINGT F BOIL			

Item	Description		
Switch Alert	When VigorSwitch encounters the following alert events, alert mechanism will perform corresponding actions based on the servity level of the incident encountererd.		
	Incident - At present, Cold Start, Warm Start, Disconnect and Reconnect will be treated as alert events.		
	Level - Specify the severity level for each incident. To defined more severity level for choosing in this page, simply open Central Management>>Switch>>Alert and Log and click Alert Setup.		
Port Alert	<b>Port -</b> Available Ethernet ports for the selected VigorSwitch (e.g., G2260 in this case) will be shown on this page. Each port can be confgiured with different alert level for diffent alert event.		

## VI-7-5-3 Alert Logs

The user can get the information by filtering the collective information based on the conditions specified in this page.

	_							
	Alert Setup	Swit	ch and Port Setup		Alert Logs			
🗖 Sele	ect Columns to	Filter Logs	5					
	Level		Туре		Switch			
	No Alert	✓	Switch ALert	۲	Switch1241			
<b>~</b>	Minor Alert		Port Alert					
Alert	Moderate							
✓	Major Alert							
Alert L	ogs				ОК			
						Show 1	l0 💌 per page	Refresh
0 Log:	S Last 2	24 Hour La	ast 7 Days					
Ind	ex L	evel Name	Time	T	уре	Switch	Port	Incident

Central Management >> Switch >> Alert and Log

Item	Description		
Select Columns to Filter Logs	Level - The alert can be divided into four levels, No Alert, Minor Alert, Moderate Alert and Major Alert. Check the one(s) you want to check in Alert Logs list.		
	Type - Check the type (switch / port) of the log to be displayed in Alert Logs list.		
	Switch - Switch(es) connecting to Vigor router will be shown in this area. Click the one you need.		
	OK - Click it to save the configuration.		
	Log related to the items selected above will be shown in Alert Logs list.		
Alert Logs	This area displays logs (level name, time, type, switch, port, and incident) related to VigorSwitch managed by Vigor router.		

## VI-7-6 Database Setup

The database of switch can be used to record alert logs and traffic history. This page is used to determine if it is necessary for the user information to be recorded in the database of switch.

Central Management >> Switch >> Database Setup				
🗹 Enable D	atabase to Record alert logs and traffic history			
File Path : /dl	0			
Database Us	age : 0.0MB / 45MB			
Notification	and Action when Storage Exceeded			
Notification	Don't send notification			
	<ul> <li>Send notification</li> </ul>			
	Email Notification Object 1 - ??? 💌			
	SMS Notification Object 1 - John 🔽			

Action

Stop recording user information

O Backup and clean up all user info, and start a new record

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Enable Database to Record alert logs and traffic history	Check the box to make the database (in USB disk) to record the alert logs and traffic history.		
Notification and Action whe	en Storage Exceeded		
Notification	Don't send notification - No notification will be sent out when there is no capacity for storage in USB. Send notification - A notification will be sent out when there		
	is no capacity for storage in USB.		
Action	<b>Stop recording user information</b> - When the capacity of log is full, the system will stop recording.		
	Backup and clean up all user infor, and start a new record - Only the newest events will be recorded by the system.		

ΟK

After finished the settings, click OK to save the configuration.

## VI-7-7 Support List

This page lists all models of VigorSwitch which can be managed by Vigor2862 via Central Management>>Switch.

Model	Status	Firmware Version
Vigor Switch P2261	V	v3.11
Vigor Switch G2260	V	v3.11
Vigor Switch P1280	V	v2.0.0

#### Central Management >> Switch >> Support List

# **VI-8 Central Management (External Devices)**

Vigor router can be used to connect with many types of external devices. In order to control or manage the external devices conveniently, open **External Devices** to make detailed configuration.

#### Central Management >> External Device

	al Device Syslog al Device Auto Discovery			
External D	evices Connected		<u>Refresh</u>	I
Below sh	ows available devices that	connected externally:		
<u>On Line</u>	VigorAP900, VigorAP900,	Connection Uptime: 02: 05: 36		
	IP Address:192.168.1.11		Account Clear	

#### For security reason:

If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

OK
----

#### Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
External Device Syslog	Check this box to display information of the detected device on Syslog.		
External Device Auto Discovery	Check this box to detect the external device automatically and display on this page.		

From this web page, check the box of **External Device Auto Discovery**. Later, all the available devices will be displayed in this page with icons and corresponding information. You can change the device name if required or remove the information for off-line device whenever you want.

#### External Device >> All Devices

External Device Syslog						
	al Device Auto Discovery					
External D	evices Connected					
Below sho	ows available devices that connected externally:					
<u>On Line</u>	VigorAP900, VigorAP900, Connection Uptime:18:15:27					
	IP Address:10.28.60.12	Account Clear				
<u>On Line</u>	P2261, Connection Uptime:18:15:17					
	IP Address: 192.168.1.226	Account Clear				

#### For security reason:

If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

OK

When you finished the configuration, click **OK** to save it.



Only DrayTek products can be detected by this function.

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# Part VII Others



USB

Define objects such as IP address, service type, keyword, file extension and others. These pre-defined objects can be applied in CSM.

USB device connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server or WAN interface. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications.

# **VII-1 Objects Settings**

Define objects such as IP address, service type, keyword, file extension and others. These pre-defined objects can be applied in CSM.

# Web User Interface

Objects Setting
IP Object
IP Group
IPv6 Object
IPv6 Group
Service Type Object
Service Type Group
Keyword Object
Keyword Group
File Extension Object
SMS/Mail Service Object
Notification Object
String Object
Country Object
CSM

## VII-1-1 IP Object

For IPs in a range and service ports in a limited range usually will be applied in configuring router's settings, therefore we can define them with *objects* and bind them with *groups* for using conveniently. Later, we can select that object/group for applying it. For example, all the IPs in the same department can be defined with an IP object (a range of IP address).

You can set up to 192 sets of IP Objects with different conditions.

### <u>Create from ARP Table</u> <u>Create from Routing Table</u>

IP Object	Profiles:			1	Set to Factory Default
View:	All 💌				Search
Index	Name	Address	Index	Name	Address
<u>1.</u>			<u>17.</u>		
<u>2.</u>			<u>18.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>19.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>20.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>21.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>22.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>23.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>24.</u>		
<u>9.</u>			<u>25.</u>		
<u>10.</u>			<u>26.</u>		
<u>11.</u>			<u>27.</u>		
<u>12.</u>			<u>28.</u>		
<u>13.</u>			<u>29.</u>		
<u>14.</u>			<u>30.</u>		
<u>15.</u>			<u>31.</u>		
<u>16.</u>			<u>32.</u>		

<< 1.32 | 33.64 | 65.96 | 97.128 | 129.160 | 161.192 >>

Next >>

Export IP Object	Restore IP Object
● Backup the current IP Objects with a CSV file	選擇檔案 未選擇檔案
O Download the default CSV template to edit	Restore
Download	

#### Note:

For better compatibility, it's suggested to edit IP Objets with the provided default CSV template.

Available	settings	are	exp	lained	as	follows:

Item	Description	
View	Use the drop down list to choose a type (Single Address, Range Address, Subnet Address, Mac Address or all) that IP object with the selected type will be shown on this page.	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Search	Type a string of the IP object that you wan to search.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the object profile.	
Address	Display the IP address configured for the object profile.	

Export IP Object	Usually, the IP objects can be created one by one through the web page of <b>Objects</b> >> <b>IP Object</b> . However, to a user who wants to save more time in bulk creating IP objects, a quick method is offered by Vigor router to modify the IP objects with a single file, a CSV file.
	All of the IP objects (or the template) can be exported as a file by clicking Download. Then the user can open the CSV file through Microsoft Excel and modify all the IP objects at the same time.
	Backup the current IP Objects with a CSV file - Click it to backup current IP objecsts as a CSV file. Such file can be restored for future use.
	<b>Download the default CSV template to edit</b> - After clicking it, press Download to store the default CSM template (a table without any input data) to your hard disk.
	<b>Download</b> - Download the CSV file from Vigor router and store in your hard disk.
Restore IP Object	Select - Click it to specify a predefined CSV file. Restore - Import the selected CSV file onto Vigor router.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IP Object

Profile Index : 1 Name:	RD Department
Interface:	Any
Address Type:	Range Address 🗸
Mac Address:	00 00 00 00 00
Start IP Address:	192.168.1.59
End IP Address:	192.168.1.65
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Invert Selection:	
	OK Clear Cancel

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Interface		

	specified with LAN/DMZ/RT/VPN interface will be opened for you to choose in Edit Filter Rule page.	
Address Type Determine the address type for the IP address.		
	Select <b>Single Address</b> if this object contains one IP address only.	
	Select <b>Range Address</b> if this object contains several IPs within a range.	
	Select <b>Subnet Address</b> if this object contains one subnet for IP address.	
	Select Any Address if this object contains any IP address.	
	Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address.	
	Range Address Any Address Single Address Range Address Subnet Address Mac Address	
MAC Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.	
Start IP Address	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.	
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.	
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.	
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IP addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.	

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration. Below is an example of IP objects settings.

Objects Setting >> IP Object

Index	Name	Index
<u>1.</u>	RD Department	<u>17.</u>
<u>2.</u>	Financial Dept	<u>18.</u>
<u>3.</u>	HR Department	<u>19.</u>
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>
6.		22.

## VII-1-2 IP Group

This page allows you to bind several IP objects into one IP group.

Objects Setting >> IP Group

IP Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IP Group

Name: Interface:	Administration
Available IP Objects	Selected IP Objects
1-RD Department 2-Financial Dept 3-HR Department	>>
	OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Interface	Choose WAN, LAN or Any to display all the available IP objects with the specified interface.
Available IP Objects	All the available IP objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
Selected IP Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# VII-1-3 IPv6 Object

You can set up to 64 sets of IPv6 Objects with different conditions.

Objects	Setting >>	IPv6 Object	t

Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
2.		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects	Setting	>>	IPv6	Object

Name:	
Address Type:	Range Address 🔽
Match Type:	💿 128 Bits 🛛 🔿 Suffix 64 Bits(Interface ID)
Mac Address:	
Start IP Address:	FE80::21D:AAFF:FEF7:C048 Select
End IP Address:	Select
Prefix Length:	0
Invert Selection:	

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Address Type	<ul> <li>Determine the address type for the IPv6 address.</li> <li>Select Single Address if this object contains one IPv6 address only.</li> <li>Select Range Address if this object contains several IPv6s within a range.</li> <li>Select Subnet Address if this object contains one subnet for IPv6 address.</li> <li>Select Any Address if this object contains any IPv6 address.</li> <li>Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address.</li> <li>Range Address</li> <li>Single Address</li> <li>Subnet Address</li> <li>Subnet Address</li> </ul>	
Match Type	When Range Address is selected as Address Type, please speecify the match type (128 Bits or Suffix 64 Bits) for the IPv6 address.	
Mac Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.	
Start IP Address	Type the start IPv6 address for Single Address type.	
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.	
Prefix Length	Type the number (e.g., 64) for the prefix length of IPv6 address.	
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IPv6 addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.	

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# VII-1-4 IPv6 Group

This page allows you to bind several IPv6 objects into one IPv6 group.

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group

IPv6 Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group

Name:		
Available IPv6 Objects	Selected IPv6 Objects	
	35	
	~~	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Available IPv6 Objects	All the available IPv6 objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
Selected IPv6 Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IPv6 objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# VII-1-5 Service Type Object

You can set up to 96 sets of Service Type Objects with different conditions.

Service Type Object	Profiles:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	
<< <u>1-32   33-64   65</u>	-96 >>		Next >>

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object Setup Profile Index : 1 www Name Protocol TCP ❤ 6 = 🗸 ~ 65535 Source Port 1 Destination Port = 🗸 1 ~ 65535 0K Clear Cancel ſ

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Protocol	Specify the protocol(s) which this profile will apply to. TCP ICP IGMP IGMP TCP UDP TCP/UDP Other	
Source/Destination Port	<ul> <li>Source Port and the Destination Port columns are available for TCP/UDP protocol. It can be ignored for other protocols. The filter rule will filter out any port number.</li> <li>(=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this profile.</li> <li>(!=) - when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.</li> <li>(&gt;) - the port number greater than this value is available.</li> <li>(&lt;) - the port number less than this value is available for this profile.</li> </ul>	

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

Name	Inde
www	<u>1</u> 7
SIP	18
	19
	www

# VII-1-6 Service Type Group

This page allows you to bind several service types into one group.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group

Service Type Group T	able:		Set to Factory Default
Group	Name	Group	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Group column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

ojects Setting >> Service Type Group Setup		
rofile Index : 1		
Name:	VoIP	
Available Service T	/pe Objects	Selected Service Type Objects
1-www 2-SIP		
		>>
		<b>«</b>
	ОК	Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Available Service Type Objects	All the available service objects that you have added on Objects Setting>>Service Type Object will be shown in this box.
Selected Service Type Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# VII-1-7 Keyword Object

You can set 200 keyword object profiles for choosing as black /white list in CSM >>URL Web Content Filter Profile.

yword Object Pro	files:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	
1-32 33-64 6	5-96   <u>97-128   129-160   161</u>	192   193-200 >>	Next

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

ects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup		
Limit of Contents: Max 3 Words and 63 Characters. Each word should be separated by a single space.		
You can replace a character with %HEX. Example: Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out		
Result: 1. backdoor 2. virus 3. keep out		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile, e.g., game. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Contents	Type the content for such profile. For example, type <i>gambling</i> as Contents. When you browse the webpage, the page with gambling information will be watched out and be passed/blocked based on the configuration on Firewall settings.

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## VII-1-8 Keyword Group

This page allows you to bind several keyword objects into one group. The keyword groups set here will be chosen as black /white list in CSM >>URL /Web Content Filter Profile.

Keyword Group Table	e:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group Setup

lame:	
vailable Keyword Objects	Selected Keyword Objects(Max 16 Objects)
1-Key-1 2-Key-2	
	>>
	~

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this group. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Available Keyword Objects	You can gather keyword objects from <b>Keyword Object</b> page within one keyword group. All the available Keyword objects that you have created will be shown in this box.	
Selected Keyword Objects	Click button to add the selected Keyword objects in this box.	

3. After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## VII-1-9 File Extension Object

This page allows you to set eight profiles which will be applied in CSM>>URL Content Filter. All the files with the extension names specified in these profiles will be processed according to the chosen action.

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object

File Extension Object	Profiles:		Set to Factory Default
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
1.		<u>5.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>6.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>7.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>8.</u>	

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- 1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Profile column for configuration in details.
- 2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Profile Index: 1	P	rofile Name	:				
Categories			Fi	le Extensio	ons		
Image Select All Clear All	.bmp .pct	□.dib □.pcx	□.gif □.pic	□.jpeg □.pict	.jpg .png	.jpg2 .tif	□.jp2 □.tiff
Video Select All Clear All	🗌 .asf 🗌 .qt	□.avi □.rm	.mov .wmv	.mpe .3gp	.mpeg .3gpp	.mpg .3gpp2	.mp4
Audio Select All Clear All	🗌 .aac 🗌 .ra	□.aiff □.ram	□.au □.vox	.mp3 .wav	□.m4a □.wma	🗌 .m4p	🗌 .ogg
Java Select All Clear All	□ .class □ .jse	□.jad □.jsp	🗌 .jar 🗌 .jtk	🗌 .jav	🗌 .java	🗌 .jcm	🗌 .js
ActiveX Select All Clear All	□ .alx □ .viv	.apb .vrm	.axs	ocx 🗌	olb. 🗌	ole .	.tlb
Compression							

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object Setup

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Profile Name	Type a name for this profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 7 characters.		

3. Type a name for such profile and check all the items of file extension that will be processed in the router. Finally, click **OK** to save this profile.

## VII-1-10 SMS/Mail Service Object

## **SMS Service Object**

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	e Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Cust	tom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Cust	tom 2	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile	Display the name for such SMS profile.
SMS Provider	Display the service provider which offers SMS service.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the SMS Provider tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server
Index	Profile Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

#### Objects Setting >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile Index: 1	
Profile Name	Line_down
Service Provider	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
Username	line1
Password	•••
Quota	10
Sending Interval	3 (seconds)

#### Note:

Only one message can be sent during the "Sending Interval" time.
 If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK	Clear	Cancel

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such SMS profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
Service Provider	Use the drop down list to specify the service provider which offers SMS service.
Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.
Quota	Type the number of the credit that you purchase from the service provider chosen above. Note that one credit equals to one SMS text message on the standard route.
Sending Interval	To avoid quota being exhausted soon, type time interval for sending the SMS.

Available settings are explained as follows:

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>	Line_	down	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
4.			kotsms.com.tw (TW)

## **Customized SMS Service**

Vigor router offers several SMS service provider to offer the SMS service. However, if your service provider cannot be found from the service provider list, simply use Index 9 and Index 10 to make customized SMS service. The profile name for Index 9 and Index 10 are fixed.

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	e Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Cust	tom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Cust	tom 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

You can click the number (e.g., #9) under Index column for configuration in details.

```
Objects Setting >> SMS / Mail Service Object
```

Profile	Index: 9
---------	----------

	Profile Name	Custom 1	
	Service Provider		
	Please contact with your SMS provid agricultures yours pat 5567/eani/sul		
	eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567/eapi/submission/send_sms/2/2.0? username=###txtUser###		
	&password=###txtPwd###&msisdn=###txtDest###&message=###txtMsg###		
	Username		
	Password		
	Quota	10	
	Sending Interval	3	(seconds)
otor			

Note:

1. Only one message can be sent during the "Sending Interval" time.

2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK	Clear	Cancel
----	-------	--------

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Display the name of this profile. It cannot be modified.	
Service Provider	Type the website of the service provider. Type the URL string in the box under the filed of Service Provider. You have to contact your SMS provider to obtain the exact URL string.	

Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31
	characters.
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
	The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.
Quota	Type the total number of the messages that the router will send out.
Sending Interval	Type the shortest time interval for the system to send SMS.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## **Mail Service Object**

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert** Service.

SMS Pr	ovider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index			Profile Name	
<u>1.</u>				
<u>2.</u>				
<u>3.</u>				
<u>4.</u>				
<u>5.</u>				
<u>6.</u>				
<u>7.</u>				
<u>8.</u>				
<u>9.</u>				
<u>10.</u>				

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile	Display the name for such mail server profile.

Each item is explained as follows:

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

1. Click the Mail Server tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

ofile Index: 1		
Profile Name	Mail_Notify	
SMTP Server	192.168.1.98	
SMTP Port	25	
Sender Address	carrie_ni@draytek.com	
Use SSL		
Authentication		
Username	John	
Password	••••	
Sending Interval	0 (seconds)	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Note: 1. Only one mail can be sent during the "Sending Interval" time.

2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK Clear	Cancel
----------	--------

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such mail service profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
SMTP Server	Type the IP address of the mail server.
SMTP Port	Type the port number for SMTP server.
Sender Address	Type the e-mail address of the sender.
Use SSL	Check this box to use port 465 for SMTP server for some e-mail server uses https as the transmission method.
Authentication	The mail server must be authenticated with the correct username and password to have the right of sending message out. Check the box to enable the function.
	Username - Type a name for authentication. The maximum length of the name you can set is 31 characters.
	<b>Password</b> - Type a password for authentication. The maximum length of the password you can set is 31 characters.

Sending Interval	Define the interval for the system to send the SMS out.
Schully interval	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index		Profile Name	
<u>1.</u>		Mail_Notify	
<u>2.</u>			
3.			

## VII-1-11 Notification Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service.

You can set an object with different monitoring situation.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Open Object Setting>>Notification Object, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Index	Profile Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	
5	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

**Objects Setting >> Notification Object** 

rofile Name			
Category		Status	
WAN	Disconnected	Reconnected	
VPN Tunnel	Disconnected	Reconnected	
Temperature Alert	Out of Range		
WAN Budget	🗖 Limit Reached		
Central VPN Management	CPE Offline CPE Config Backup CPE Config Restore CPE Firmware Upgra CPE VPN Profile Set	Fail ade Fail	
High Availability	Failover Occurred Config Sync Fail Router Unstable		

Clear

Cancel

#### Note:

When High Availability is enabled, "Sending Interval" of  $\underline{\text{SMS Provider profile}}$  should set to 0.

ΟK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for such notification profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Category	Display the types that will be monitored.
Status	Display the status for the category. You can check the box to be monitored.
	For example, the check box of CPE firmware upgrade fail under the category of Central VPN Management is checked. Once such profile is enabled, Vigor router system will send out notification to the recipient via SMS.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>	Notify_attack	WAN VPN
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		

## VII-1-12 String Object

This page allows you to set string profiles which will be applied in route policy (domain name selection for destination) and etc.

Objects Setting >> String Object

		10 💌 strings per page   Set to Factory Default
Index	String	Clear
1	123	
		Add

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Add	Click it to open the following page for adding a new string object.
	String     [Max.253 chars.]       OK     Cancel
Set to Factory Default	Click it to clear all of the settings in this page.
Index	Display the number link of the string profile.
String	Display the string defined.
Clear	Choose the string that you want to remove. Then click this check box to delete the selected string.

Below shows an example to apply string object (in Route Policy):

Load-Balance/Route Policy

<: 1	
🗷 Enable	
Comment	Delete
Criteria	
Protocol	Any 🔹
Source	<ul> <li>Any</li> <li>Src IP Range</li> <li>Src IP Subnet</li> </ul>
Destination	<ul> <li>Any</li> <li>Dest IP Range</li> <li>Bast IP Subset</li> </ul>
	Domain Name     Delete     Add
Destination Port	Any     Dest Port Start Dest Port End
Send via if Criteria Matched	

## VII-1-13 Country Object

The country object profile can determine which country/countries shall be blocked by the Vigor router's Firewall.

Country Objec	t Table:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

**Objects Setting >> Country Object** 

The country object, by grouping IP addresses for multiple countries, can be applied by other functions such as router policy destination (refer to the following figure for example).

#### Load-Balance/Route Policy

Enable	
Comment	Delete
Criteria	
Protocol	Any 🔻
Source	Any <b>v</b>
Destination	Country Object   I-UK_US
Destination Port	Any 🔻

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Open Object Setting>>Country Object, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

**Objects Setting >> Country Object** 

Profile Index : 1	
Name:	
Available Country	Selected Country
220-Taiwan 221-Tajikistan 222-Tanzania, United Republic 223-Thailand 224-Timor-Leste 225-Togo 226-Tokelau 227-Tonga 228-Trinidad and Tohago	f »»

Note:

The maximum number of Selected Country is 16.

OK	Clear	Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for such profile. The maximum length of the name you can set is 15 characters.
Countries	Check the box(es) for the country/countries to be blocked by Firewall. Note that one country profile can contain 1 up to 16
	countries.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Country Object

Country Object Tab	le:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
1.	Taiwan	<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	

# **Application Notes**

# A-1 How to Send a Notification to Specified Phone Number via SMS Service in WAN Disconnection

Follow the steps listed below:

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Configure relational objects first. Open Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Server Object to get the following page.

SMS Provider	Mail Server		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile	Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Custo	m 1	
<u>10.</u>	Custo	m 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Index 1 to Index 8 allows you to choose the built-in SMS service provider. If the SMS service provider is not on the list, you can configure Index 9 and Index 10 to add the new service provider to Vigor router.

3. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure the SMS Provider setting. In the following page, type the username and password and set the quota that the router can send the message out.

Profile Name	Local number
Service Provider	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
Username	abc5026
Password	•••
Quota	3
Sending Interval	3 (seconds)

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

4. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. Now you have finished the configuration of the SMS Provider profile setting.

SMS Provider	Mail Server	Set to Factory De
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>	Local number	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Custom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Custom 2	

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

5. Open **Object Settings>>Notification Object** to configure the event conditions of the notification.

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

Object Settings >> Notification Object

6. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure conditions for sending the SMS. In the following page, type the name of the profile and check the Disconnected and Reconnected boxes for WAN to work in concert with the topic of this paper.

**Objects Setting >> Notification Object** 

ofile Name	WAN_Notify		
Category		Status	
WAN	🗹 Disconnected	Reconnected	
VPN Tunnel	Disconnected	Reconnected	
Temperature Alert	🗌 Out of Range		
WAN Budget	🗖 Limit Reached		
Central VPN Management CPE Offline CPE Config Backup Fail CPE Config Restore Fail CPE Firmware Upgrade Fail CPE VPN Profile Setup Fail			
High Availability	Availability		

Note:

When High Availability is enabled, "Sending Interval" of <u>SMS Provider profile</u> should set to 0.

7. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. You have finished the configuration of the notification object profile setting.

		Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>	WAN_Notify	WAN
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

Object Settings >> Notification Object

8. Now, open Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service. Use the drop down list to choose SMS Provider and the Notify Profile (specify the time of sending SMS). Then, type the phone number in the field of Recipient (the one who will receive the SMS).

SMS Alert	Mail Ale	rt	<u>Se</u>	t to Factory Default
Index	<u>SMS Provider</u>	Recipient Number	Notify Profile	<u>Schedule(1-15)</u>
1 🗹	1 - John 💌	0910222356	1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
2 🗌	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
3 🗌	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
4	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
5 🗌	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
6 🗖	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
7 🗌	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
8 🔲	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
9 🗌	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 💌	
10 🗖	1 - John 💌		1 - WAN_Notificatio 🔽	

Applications >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

Note:

All the SMS Alert profiles share the same "Sending Interval" setting if they use the same SMS Provider.



9. Click OK to save the settings. Later, if one of the WAN connections fails in your router, the system will send out SMS to the phone number specified. If the router has only one WAN interface, the system will send out SMS to the phone number while reconnecting the WAN interface successfully.

## Remark: How the customize the SMS Provider

Choose one of the Index numbers (9 or 10) allowing you to customize the SMS Provider. In the web page, type the URL string of the SMS provider and type the username and password. After clicking **OK**, the new added SMS provider will be added and will be available for you to specify for sending SMS out.

Obi	ects	Settina	>>	SMS /	Mail	Service	Obiect

Profile Name	Custom 1		
Service Provider	clickatell		
			-11
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567,	GMS provide to get the exac /eapi/submission/send_sms/ #&msisdn=###txtDest###8	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###	_/;
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567,	/eapi/submission/send_sms/	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###	_//
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567, &password=###txtPwd##	/eapi/submission/send_sms/ #&msisdn=###txtDest###8	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###	_/;
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567 &password=###txtPwd## Username	/eapi/submission/send_sms/ #&msisdn=###txtDest###8 ilan123	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###	_/_

Note:

1. Only one message can be sent during the "Sending Interval" time.

2. If the "Sending Interval" was set to 0, there will be no limitation.

OK	Clear	Cancel

# **VII-2 USB Application**

USB device connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server or WAN interface. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications. After setting the configuration in USB Application, you can type the IP address of the Vigor router and username/password created in USB Application>>USB User Management on the client software. Then, the client can use the FTP site (USB storage disk) or share the SMB service through Vigor router.



Info

USB ports on Vigor router are allowed to connect to USB modem. Models of the modems supported by Vigor router can be seen from USB Application>>Modem Support List. For network connection via USB modem, refer to WAN>>Internet Access and WAN>>General Setup for detailed information.

# Web User Interface

USB Application USB General Settings USB User Management File Explorer USB Device Status Temperature Sensor Modem Support List SMB Client Support List Svetom Maintenance

## VII-2-1 USB General Settings

This page will determine the number of concurrent FTP connection, default charset for FTP server and enable SMB service. At present, the Vigor router can support USB storage disk with formats of FAT16 and FAT32 only. Therefore, before connecting the USB storage disk into the Vigor router, please make sure the memory format for the USB storage disk is FAT16 or FAT32. It is recommended for you to use FAT32 for viewing the filename completely (FAT16 cannot support long filename).

USB Application >> USB General Settings

USB General Settings				
General Settings				
Simultaneous FTP Connections	5 (Maximum 6)			
Default Charset	English			
SMB File Sharing Service (Network Neighborhood)				
🔿 Enable 💿 Disable				
Access Mode				
LAN Only CLAN And WAN				
NetBios Name Service				
Workgroup Name	WORKGROUP			
Host Name	Vigor			
Printer Server				
💿 Enable 🛛 Disable				

Item	Description
General Settings	<b>Simultaneous FTP Connections</b> - This field is used to specify the quantity of the FTP sessions. The router allows up to 6 FTP sessions connecting to USB storage disk at one time.
	<b>Default Charset -</b> At present, Vigor router supports four types of character sets. Default Charset is for English based file name.

	English Chinese(Simple) Chinese(Traditional) German	
SMB File Sharing Service	Click Enable to invoke SMB service (file sharing) via the router.	
Access Mode	LAN Only - Users coming from internet cannot connect to the SMB server of the router. LAN And WAN - Both LAN and WAN users can access SMB server of the router.	
NetBios Name Service	For the NetBios service of USB storage disk, you have to specify a workgroup name and a host name. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name can have as many as 15 characters and the host name can have as many as 23 characters. Both them cannot contain any of the following; : " <> * + = \   ?.	
	Workgroup Name - Type a name for the workgroup. Host Name - Type the host name for the router.	
Printer Server	Enable - Click it to make Vigor router act as a printer server (with USB printer attached).	

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## VII-2-2 USB User Management

This page allows you to set profiles for FTP/SMB users. Any user who wants to access into the USB storage disk must type the same username and password configured in this page. Before adding or modifying settings in this page, please insert a USB storage disk first. Otherwise, an error message will appear to warn you.

B User Mar	lagement				Set to Factory Default
Index	Username	Home Folder	Index	Username	Home Folder
<u>1.</u>			<u>9.</u>		
<u>2.</u>			<u>10.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>11.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>12.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>13.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>14.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>15.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>16.</u>		

Click index number to access into configuration page.

## USB Application >> USB User Management

Profile Index: 1				
FTP/SMB	User	📀 Enable	🔿 Disable	
Username	9	Carrie		]
Password	1	•••••		(Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm F	Password	•••••		]
Home Fol	der	/CA		] 🦻
Access Ru	ule			
File		🗹 Read	🗹 Write	✓ Delete
Directo	bry	🗹 List	🗹 Create	✓ Remove

Note:

The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - _ @  $\sim$  ` ! ( ) and space.

Item	Description
FTP/SMB User	Enable - Click this button to activate this profile (account) for FTP service or SMB User service. Later, the user can use the username specified in this page to login into FTP server. Disable - Click this button to disable such profile.
Username	Type the username for FTP/SMB users for accessing into FTP server (USB storage disk). Be aware that users cannot access into USB storage disk in anonymity. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the username specified here for accessing into USB storage disk. The length of the name is limited to 11 characters.
	Note: "Admin" could not be typed here as username, for the word is specified for accessing into web pages of Vigor router only. Also, it is reserved for FTP firmware upgrade usage.
	Note: FTP Passive mode is not supported by Vigor Router.
	Please disable the mode on the FTP client.
Password	Type the password for FTP/SMB users for accessing FTP server. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the password specified here for accessing into USB storage disk. The length of the password is limited to 11 characters.
Confirm Password	Type the password again to make confirmation.
Home Folder	It determines the folder for the client to access into. The user can enter a directory name in this field. Then, after clicking OK, the router will create the specific/new folder in the USB storage disk. In addition, if the user types "/" here, he/she can access into all of the disk folders and files in USB storage disk. Note: When write protect status for the USB storage disk is ON, you cannot type any new folder name in this field. Only
	"/" can be used in such case.
	You can click 🧭 to open the following dialog to add any new folder which can be specified as the Home Folder.

	🗟 http://197.168.1.5/Ror/Hpmerfolder.htm - Microsoft Internet Explorer 📃 📼 🔀
	USB User Management
	Choose Folder Folder Name
	Greate New Homis Falder Folder Norne: Toot Greate
	Note: The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-Z 0-9 \$ 96 1 (b ~ 1 ( ) and space. Only 11 characters are allowed.
Access Rule	It determines the authority for such profile. Any user, who uses such profile for accessing into USB storage disk, must follow the rule specified here.
	File - Check the items (Read, Write and Delete) for such profile.
	<b>Directory</b> -Check the items (List, Create and Remove) for such profile.

Before you click  $\mathbf{OK},$  you have to insert a USB storage disk into the USB interface of the Vigor router. Otherwise, you cannot save the configuration.

## VII-2-3 File Explorer

File Explorer offers an easy way for users to view and manage the content of USB storage disk connected on Vigor router.

USB Application >> File Explorer										
File Explo	orer									
<del>49</del>	<b>†</b>	<b>2</b>	Current Path: /							
			Name				Size	Delete	R	ename
	ad Filo									
↓ Upload File Select a file: Upload Upload										

Note: The folder can not be deleted when it is not empty.

Item	Description
** Refresh	Click this icon to refresh files list.
✤ Back	Click this icon to return to the upper directory.
Create	Click this icon to add a new folder.
Current Path	Display current folder.

•	Click this button to upload the selected file to the USB storage disk. The uploaded file in the USB diskette can be
	shared for other user through FTP.

## VII-2-4 USB Device Status

This page is to monitor the status for USB device connecting to Vigor router. . In addition, the status of the USB modem or USB printer or USB sensor connecting to Vigor router can be checked from such page. If you want to remove the storage disk from USB port in router, please click **Disconnect USB Disk** first. And then, remove the USB device later.

Disk	Modem	Printer	Sensor	Refresh
USB Mass Storage	<b>Device Status</b>			
Connection Stat	us: No Disk C	onnected		Disconnect USB Disk
Disk Capacity: O	МВ			
Free Capacity: O	MB <u>Refresh</u>			
USB Disk Users C	onnected			
Index	Service	IP	Address(Port)	Username

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

Item	Description
Connection Status	If there is no USB device connected to Vigor router, "No Disk Connected" will be shown here.
Disk Capacity	It displays the total capacity of the USB storage disk.
Free Capacity	It displays the free space of the USB storage disk. Click Refresh at any time to get new status for free capacity.
Index	It displays the number of the client which connects to FTP server.
IP Address	It displays the IP address of the user's host which connects to the FTP server.
Username	It displays the username that user uses to login to the FTP server.

Available settings are explained as follows:

When you insert USB device into the Vigor router, the system will start to find out such device within several seconds.

#### USB Application >> USB Device Status

Disk	Modem	Printer	Sensor	Refresh
USB Mass Stor	age Device Status			
Connection 9	Status: Disk Conr	iected		Disconnect USB Disk
Write Protec	t Status: No			
Disk Capacity	/: 2009 MB			
Free Capacit	y: 925 MB – <u>Refre</u> s	sh		
USB Disk User	's Connected			
Index	Service	IP /	Address(Port)	Username
Note: If the	rito protoct cwitch	of LICE dick is	turned on the	USB dick is in <b>PEAD ONLY</b> mode. No

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

## **VII-2-5** Temperature Sensor

A USB Thermometer is now available. It complements your installed DrayTek router installations which will help you monitor the server or data communications room environment and notify you if the server room or data communications room is overheating.



During summer in particular, it is important to ensure that your server or data communications equipment are not overheating due to cooling system failures.

The inclusion of a USB thermometer in compatible Vigor routers will continuously monitor the temperature of its environment. When a pre-determined threshold is reached you will be alerted by either an email or SMS so you can undertake appropriate action.

#### **Temperature Sensor Settings**

Temperature Chart	Temperature Sensor Settings
isplay Settings	
Temperature Calibration	0.00
Temperature Unit	💿 Celsius 🛛 Fahrenheit
larm Settings	
🔲 Enable Syslog Alarm	
Upper temperature limit	30.00
Lower temperature limit	18.00

USB Application >> Temperature Sensor Setting

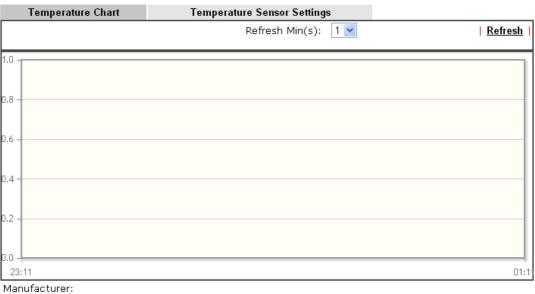
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Display Settings	Temperature Calibration - Type a value used for correcting the temperature error.
	Temperature Unit - Choose the display unit of the temperature. There are two types for you to choose.
Alarm Settings	Enable Syslog Alarm - The temperature log will be recorded on Syslog if it is enabled.
	Upper temperature limit/Lower temperature limit - Type the upper limit and lower limit for the system to send out temperature alert.

### **Temperature Chart**

Below shows an example of temperature graph:

USB Application >> Temperature Sensor Graph



Manufacturer: Product: Current Temperature: Average Temperature: Maximum Temperature: Minimum temperature:

## VII-2-6 Modem Support List

Such page provides the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

#### USB Application >> Modern Support List

The following compatibility test lists 3.5G/LTE modems **supported by Vigor router under certain environment or countries.** If the LTE modem you have is on the list but cannot work properly, please write an e-mail to support@draytek.com or consult your dealer for further information.

PPP mode	DHCP mode		
Brand	Model	LTE	Status
Aiko	Aiko 83D		Y
Alcatel	Alcatel L100V	<b>S</b>	Y
Alcatel	Alcatel W100	<b>S</b>	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C170		Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C270		Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C321		Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C330		Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C331		Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C502		Y
D-Link	D_LINK DWM221 B1	<b>S</b>	Y
Huawei	Huawei E169u		Y
Huawei	Huawei E173u-2		Y
Huawei	Huawei E220		Y
Huawei	Huawei E303D		Y
Huawei	Huawei E3131		Y
Huawei	Huawei E3276s-151	<b>S</b>	Y

## VII-2-7 SMB Client Support List

SMB Client Support List provides the test status information for applications with file sharing operated under different platforms.

#### USB Application >> SMB Client Support List

?

The following compatibility test lists suggested SMB clients supported by Vigor router.

Platform	Application	Status
Microsoft® Windows® XP	Built in	I
Microsoft® Windows Vista TM	Built in	Y
Microsoft® Windows® 7	Built in	Y
Microsoft® Windows® 8	Built in	M
Microsoft® Windows® 10	Built in	Y
OS X® 10.7.5	Built in	Y
OS X® 10.10	Built in	Y
Ubuntu 14.04	Built in	Y
Android TM	AndSMB	Y
Android TM	ES File Explorer	Y
Android TM	File Expert	Y
Android TM	File Manager	Y
Android TM	Solid Explorer	Y
Android TM	SharesFinder	Y
iOS	eXPlayer	Y
iOS	nPlayer	Y

Y: Tested and is supported.

I: Supported but has some issue.

M: Has not been tested but might be supported.

# **Application Notes**

# A-1 How can I get the files from USB storage device connecting to Vigor router?

Files on USB storage device can be reviewed by opening USB Application>>File Explorer. If it is necessary for you to delete, copy files on the device or write, paste files to the devcie, it must be done through SMB server or FTP server.

SMB service is based on the original USB FTP service. You will need to setup USB FTP first. We would like to give brief instructions on USB FTP setup here.

1. Plug the USB device to the USB port on the router. Make sure **Disk Connected** appears on the **Connection Status** as the figure shown below:

USB Application	n >> USB Disk Status		
USB Mass Store	age Device Status	_	
Connection S	tatus: Disk Connecte	ed	Disconnect USB Disk
Write Protect	Status: No		
Disk Capacity	: 2009 MB		
USB Disk User	s Connected		Refresh
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in READ-ONLY mode. No data can be written to it.

2. Then, please open USB Application >> USB General Settings to enable SMB service.

USB Application >> USB General Settings

USB General Settings	
General Settings	
Simultaneous FTP Connections	5 (Maximum 6)
Default Charset	English •
SMB File Sharing Service (Network Neighb	orhood)
🖲 Enable 🔍 Disable	
Access Mode	
LAN Only	
NetBios Name Service	
Workgroup Name	WORKGROUP
Host Name	Vigor

Note: 1. If character set is set to "English", only English long file name is supported.

 Multi-session FTP download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your FTP client has a multiconnection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you should limit client connections to 1 to improve performance.

3. A workgroup name must be different from the host name. The workgroup name can have up to 15 characters and the host name can have up to 15 characters.Names cannot contain any of the following: . ; : " < > * + = / \ | ?.

OK

3. Setup a user account for the FTP service by using USB Application >>USB User Management. Click Enable to enable FTP/SMB User account. Here we add a new account "user1" and assign authorities "Read", "Write" and "List" to it.

FTP/SMB User	💿 Enable 🔍 🔍 Disable
Username	user1
Password	(Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm Password	
Home Folder	<b>&gt;</b>
Access Rule	
File	🗹 Read 🛛 Write 🔲 Delete
Directory	🖉 List 📃 Creat <mark>e</mark> 🔲 Remove

Clear

Cancel

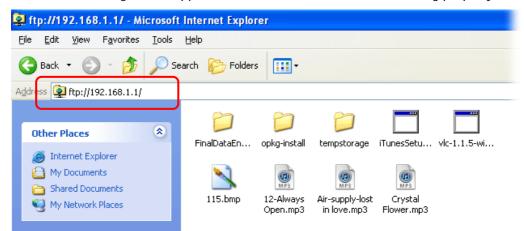
USB Application >> USB User Management

- 4. Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- 5. Make sure the FTP service is running properly. Please open a browser and type *ftp://192.168.1.1.* Use the account "user1" to login.

ОK

Log On <i>i</i>	As 🛛 🔀
?	Either the server does not allow anonymous logins or the e-mail address was not accepted.
	FTP server: 192.168.1.1
	User name: user1
	Password:
	After you log on, you can add this server to your Favorites and return to it easily.
A	FTP does not encrypt or encode passwords or data before sending them to the server. To protect the security of your passwords and data, use Web Folders (WebDAV) instead.
	Learn more about using Web Folders.
	Log on anonymously

6. When the following screen appears, it means the FTP service is running properly.



7. Return to USB Application >> USB Disk Status. The information for FTP server will be shown as below.

USB Application >> USB Disk Status

JSB Mass Storage Device Status							
Connection	Status: Disk Co	Disconnect US	B Disk				
Write Prote	Write Protect Status: No						
Disk Capaci	Disk Capacity: 2009 MB						
USB Disk Us	USB Disk Users Connected Refresh						
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username				
1.	FTP	192.168.1.10(1963)	user1	Drop			

Now, users in LAN of Vigor2862 can access into the USB storage device by typing ftp://192.168.1.1 on any browser. They can add or remove files / directories, depending on the Access Rule for FTP account settings in USB Application >>USB User Management.

# Part VIII Troubleshooting



This part will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration.

# **VIII-1 Diagnostics**

This section will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration. Please follow sections below to check your basic installation status stage by stage.

- Checking if the hardware status is OK or not.
- Checking if the network connection settings on your computer are OK or not.
- Pinging the router from your computer.
- Checking if the ISP settings are OK or not.
- Backing to factory default setting if necessary.

If all above stages are done and the router still cannot run normally, it is the time for you to contact your dealer or DrayTek technical support for advanced help.

# Web User Interface

Fisrt, take a look at the menu items under Diagnostics. Diagnostic Tools provide a useful way to view or diagnose the status of your Vigor router.

Diagnostics **Dial-out Triggering Routing Table ARP Cache Table IPv6 Neighbour Table DHCP Table** NAT Sessions Table **DNS** Cache Table **Ping Diagnosis Data Flow Monitor Traffic Graph VPN** Graph **Trace Route** Syslog Explorer **IPv6 TSPC Status DSL Status High Availability Status** Authentication Information **DoS Flood Table Route Policy Diagnosis** 

## VIII-1-1 Dial-out Triggering

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Dial-out Triggering** to open the web page. The internet connection (e.g., PPPoE) is triggered by a package sending from the source IP address.

Diagnostics >> Dial-out Triggering

HEX Format:	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 0	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
Decoded Format:	
0.0.0.0 -> 0.0.0.0 Pr 0 len 0 (0)	

Item	Description
Decoded Format	It shows the source IP address (local), destination IP (remote) address, the protocol and length of the package.

Refresh

Click it to reload the page.

## VIII-1-2 Routing Table

Click Diagnostics and click Routing Table to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

IPv4

Key	Destina	ation	Gateway		Interface	
~	192.168.1.0/	255.255.255.0	directly conr	hected	LAN1	
y Conne	cted S: Static	: R: RIP *: de	efault ~: privat			
	стец 3. этапс		elault (~, privat	e		
v6						
						Refre
			LAN1	 U	256	
80::/6	54		LAN2	U	256	 :: ::
80::/6 80::/6	54 54		LAN2 LAN3	U U	256 256	 :: :: ::
80::/6 80::/6 80::/6 80::/6	54 54 54		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4	U U U	256 256 256	
 80::/6 80::/6 80::/6 80::/6	54 54 54 54		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5	U U U U	256 256 256 256	
:80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6	54 54 54 54 54		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6	ប ប ប ប	256 256 256 256 256	 :: :: :: :: ::
:80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6 :80::/6	54 54 54 54 54 54 54		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DMZ	ប ប ប ប ប	256 256 256 256 256 256	 :: :: :: :: :: ::
280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6	54 54 54 54 54 54 54 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DM2 LAN1	ט ט ט ט ט ט	256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/8 200::/8	54 54 54 54 54 54 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN6 DM2 LAN1 LAN2	ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 700::/8 700::/8 700::/8	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DM2 LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3	ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט ט	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 DM2 LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DMZ LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DMZ LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6	а а а а а а а а а а а а	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/6 280::/8 700::/8 700::/8 700::/8 700::/8	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DMZ LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	54 54 54 54 54 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6 DMZ LAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 LAN5 LAN6	а а а а а а а а а а а а	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

## VIII-1-3 ARP Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **ARP Cache Table** to view the content of the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.

LANs V LANs	Netbios	Netbios Name A1000351	Netbios Name Interface	<u>Clear</u> Netbios Name Interface VLAN
LANs ) 2 }	Netbios	Netbios Name	Netbios Name Interface	<u>Clear</u> Netbios Name Interface VLAN
)   2 } 4				Netbios Name Interface VLAN
2 3 4				
} \$	A1000351	A1000351	A1000351 LAN1	A1000351 LAN1 VLAN0
5				

Diagnostics >> View ARP Cache Table

Show Comment

Item	Description
Show	Specify LAN and VLAN to display related information. In default, this page will display all of the information about LAN and VLAN.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

## VIII-1-4 IPv6 Neighbour Table

The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IPv6 address. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click Diagnostics and click IPv6 Neighbour Table to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View IPv6 Neighbour Table

IPv6 Address	Mac Address	Interface
FF02::2	33-33-00-00-00-02	LAN
FF02::1:3	33-33-00-01-00-03	LAN
FE80::3D5E:E74:8751:A44B	e8-9d-87-87-69-2f	LAN
FF02::1:FF51:A44B	33-33-ff-51-a4-4b	LAN
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC9:1E79	00-50-7f-c9-1e-79	LAN
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC8:4305	00-50-7f-c8-43-05	LAN
FF02::1	33-33-00-00-00-01	LAN
FF02::1	00-00-00-00-00	USB2
FF02::1:2	00-00-00-00-00-00	USB2
FE80::9D5C:CA86:5428:3CA7	00-26-2d-fe-63-4f	LAN
FF02::1:FF0A:673C	33-33-ff-0a-67-3c	LAN
<		>

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

## VIII-1-5 DHCP Table

The facility provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click Diagnostics and click DHCP Table to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses

Show :	ALL LANs 🛛 👻				
DHCP	IP Assignment Table	Other IP Assignment	Table		<u>Refresh</u>
		r On IP Pool: 192.1		3.1.209	
		MAC Address			
LAN1 1	192.168.1.10	00-50-7F-F1-05-FD	22:08:44		
	ID Assignment Table				Show Comment

DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table				<u> </u>	<u>etresh</u>
Index	IPv6 Address	IAID	Link-layer	Address	Lease

Item	Description
Index	It displays the connection item number.
IP Address	It displays the IP address assigned by this router for specified PC.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address for the specified PC that DHCP assigned IP address for it.
Leased Time	It displays the leased time of the specified PC.
HOST ID	It displays the host ID name of the specified PC.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

## **VIII-1-6 NAT Sessions Table**

Click Diagnostics and click NAT Sessions Table to open the list page.

Diagnostics >> NAT Sessions Table

```
NAT Active Sessions Table
```

Private IP	:Port #	Pseudo Port	Peer IP	:Port	Interface	
192.168.1.11	2491	52078	24.9.93.189	443	 WAN1	
192.168.1.11	2493	52080	207.46.25.2	80	WAN1	
192.168.1.10	3079	52665	207.46.5.10	80	WAN1	

Item	Description
Private IP:Port	It indicates the source IP address and port of local PC.
#Pseudo Port	It indicates the temporary port of the router used for NAT.
Peer IP:Port	It indicates the destination IP address and port of remote host.
Interface	It displays the representing number for different interface.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

## VIII-1-7 DNS Cache Table

Click Diagnostics and click DNS Cache Table to open the web page.

The record of domain Name and the mapping IP address for answering the DNS query from LAN will be stored on Vigor router's Cache temporarily and displayed on Diagnostics >> DNS Cache Table.

#### Diagnostics >> DNS Cache Table

IPv4 DNS Cache Table		
		<u>Clear</u> <u>Refresh</u>
Domain Name	IP Address	TTL (s)
		/

IPv6 DNS Cache Table

		<u>Clear</u> <u>Refresh</u>
Domain Name	IP Address	TTL(s)

#### Note:

The LAN DNS entry's TTL is static.

When an entry's TTL is larger than 0 s, this entry will be deleted from the table.

OK	
	OK

Item	Description
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.
When an entry's TTL is larger than	Check the box the type the value of TTL (time to live) for each entry. Click <b>OK</b> to enable such function.
	It means when the TTL value of each DNS query reaches the threshold of the value specified here, the corresponding record will be deleted from router's Cache automatically.

## VIII-1-8 Ping Diagnosis

Click Diagnostics and click Ping Diagnosis to open the web page.

#### Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis

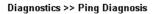
Ping Diagnosis			
⊙ IPV4 OIF	PV6		
Ping throu	ugh: Auto 💌	Source IP: 🛛 Auto 💌	
I	Host / IP 🛛 💌	IP Address:	]
Result	Host / IP DNS Gateway 1 Gateway 2 Gateway 3 Gateway 4	Run	<u>Clear</u>

#### Note:

1. If you want to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify which WAN to ping through, please select "Auto" in Ping Through.

2. If you select "Auto" in Source IP, we will fill Source IP according to the interface you ping through.

#### or



Ping Diagnosis		
○ IPV4		
Ping through: 🛛		
Ping IPv6 Addr V		
	VAN2 VAN3 Run	
Result	VAN4	<u>Clear</u>

#### Note:

1. If you want to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify which WAN to ping through, please select "Auto" in Ping Through.

2. If you select "Auto" in Source IP, we will fill Source IP according to the interface you ping through.

Item	Description
IPV4 /IPV6	Choose the interface for such function.
Ping through	Use the drop down list to choose the WAN/LTE interface that you want to ping through or choose Auto to be determined

	by the router automatically.
Ping to	Use the drop down list to choose the destination that you want to ping.
IP Address	Type the IP address of the Host/IP that you want to ping.
Ping IPv6 Address	Type the IPv6 address that you want to ping.
Run	Click this button to start the ping work. The result will be displayed on the screen.
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

## **VIII-1-9 Data Flow Monitor**

This page displays the running procedure for the IP address monitored and refreshes the data in an interval of several seconds. The IP address listed here is configured in Bandwidth Management. You have to enable IP bandwidth limit and IP session limit before invoking Data Flow Monitor. If not, a notification dialog box will appear to remind you enabling it.

#### Bandwidth Management >> Sessions Limit

Sessions Limit			
💽 Enab	le 🔘 Disable		
Default	Max Sessions:	100	
Limitatio	n List		
Index	Start IP	End IP	

Click Diagnostics and click Data Flow Monitor to open the web page. You can click IP Address, TX rate, RX rate or Session link for arranging the data display.

#### Diagnostics >> Data Flow Monitor

Enable Data Flow Monitor

		Ref	resh Seconds: 10 🔻 P	age: 1 🔻	<u>Refresh</u>
Index	IP Address	<u>TX rate(Kbps)</u>	<u>RX rate(Kbps)</u> 🛩	<u>Sessions</u>	Action APP QoS
_					
		Current / Peak / Speed	Current / Peak / Speed	Current / Peak	
WAN1		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0	
WAN2		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0	
WAN3		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0	
WAN4		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0	
Total		0 / 0 / Auto	0 / 0 / Auto	0/0	

Note: 1. Click "Block" to prevent specified PC from surfing Internet for 5 minutes.

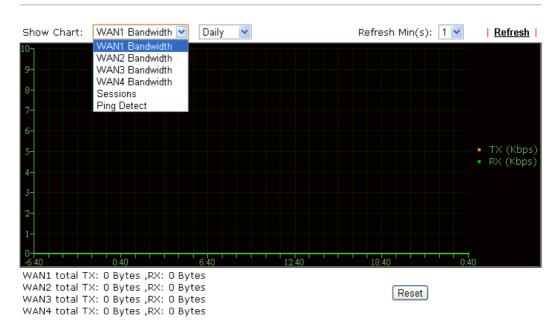
2. The IP blocked by the router will be shown in red, and the session column will display the remaining time that the specified IP will be blocked

Item	Description	
Enable Data Flow Monitor	Check this box to enable this function.	
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically. Refresh Seconds: 10 • 10 15 30	
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.	
Index	Display the number of the data flow.	
IP Address	Display the IP address of the monitored device.	
TX rate (kbps)	Display the transmission speed of the monitored device.	
RX rate (kbps)	Display the receiving speed of the monitored device.	
Sessions	Display the session number that you specified in Limit Session web page.	
Action	Block - can prevent specified PC accessing into Internet within 5 minutes.	

Page: 1   Sessions Action   APP QoS   1 Block   None		
	<b>Unblock</b> -The device with the IP address will be blocked for five minutes. The remaining time will be shown on the session column. Click it to cancel the IP address blocking.	
	Page:     1     Refresh       Sessions     Action     APP QoS       blocked / 299     Unblock     None	
APP QoS	Use the drop down list to change the priority in data transmission for the specified IP address (host). None Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default	
Current /Peak/Speed	Current means current transmission rate and receiving rate for WAN interface. Peak means the highest peak value detected by the router in data transmission. Speed means line speed specified in WAN>>General Setup. If you do not specify any rate at that page, here will display Auto for instead.	

## VIII-1-10 Traffic Graph

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Traffic Graph** to open the web page. Choose WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4 Bandwidth, Sessions, Ping Detect, daily or weekly for viewing different traffic graph. Click **Reset** to zero the accumulated RX/TX (received and transmitted) data of WAN. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.



#### Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph

The horizontal axis represents time. Yet the vertical axis has different meanings. For WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/LTE/WAN4 Bandwidth chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the transmitted and received packets in the past.

For Sessions chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the NAT sessions during the past.

## VIII-1-11 VPN Graph

Click Diagnostics and click VPN Graph to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> VPN Graph

VPN Log Details	VPN Graph	
LAN to LAN 💙 💙		

VPN Log Details	VPN Graph	
LAN to LAN V Current Date(2016-6 Daily	)-29) ▼  -29)	
Daily Current Date(2016-6		
<u>Weekly</u>		

## VIII-1-12 Trace Route

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Trace Route** to open the web page. This page allows you to trace the routes from router to the host. Simply type the IP address of the host in the box and click **Run**. The result of route trace will be shown on the screen.

Trace Route			
🖲 IPV4 🔍 IPV6			
Trace through: Auto			
Protocol: ICMP 🔹	]		
Host / IP Address:			
	Run		
Result	<u>Clear</u>		
	//		

or

#### Diagnostics >> Trace Route

Trace Route		
IPV4 IPV6		
Trace Host / IP Address:		
	Run	
Result		<u>Clear</u>
L		

Item	Description
IPv4 / IPv6	Click one of them to display corresponding information for it.
Trace through	Use the drop down list to choose the interface that you want to ping through.

Protocol	Use the drop down list to choose the protocol that you want to ping through.
Host/IP Address	It indicates the IP address of the host.
Trace Host/IP Address	It indicates the IPv6 address of the host.
Run	Click this button to start route tracing work.
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

## VIII-1-13 Syslog Explorer

Such page provides real-time syslog and displays the information on the screen.

#### For Web Syslog

This page displays the time and message for User/Firewall/call/WAN/VPN settings. You can check **Enable Web Syslog**, specify the type of Syslog and choose the display mode you want. Later, the event of Syslog with specified type will be shown for your reference.

Diagnostics >> Syslog Explorer

Time		Message
	Syslog Type User 💌 Display Mo	de Stop record when fulls
Enable Web Syslog		Export   Refresh   Clear
Web Syslog	USB Syslog	

Item	Description
Enable Web Syslog	Check this box to enable the function of Web Syslog.
Syslog Type	Use the drop down list to specify a type of Syslog to be displayed. User V User Firewall Call WAN VPN All
Export	Click this link to save the data as a file.
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
Clear	Click this link to clear information on this page.
Display Mode	There are two modes for you to choose.          Stop record when fulls         Stop record when fulls         Always record the new event         Stop record when fulls - When the capacity of syslog is full,

	the system will stop recording.
	Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.
Message	Display the information for each event.

#### For USB Syslog

This page displays the syslog recorded on the USB storage disk.

Diagnostics >> Syslog Explorer

Web Syslog	USB Syslog	
Note: The syslog will show while the sa	wed syslog file size is over 1MB.	
Folder: n/a File: n/a	Page: n/a Lo	g Type: n/a

Time Log Type Message

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.	
Log Type	Display the type of the record.	
Message	Display the information for each event.	

## VIII-1-14 IPv6 TSPC Status

IPv6 TSPC status web page could help you to diagnose the connection status of TSPC.

If TSPC has configured properly, the router will display the following page when the user connects to tunnel broker successfully.

Diagnostics >> IPv6 TSPC Status

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4	<u>Refresh</u>	
TSPC Enabled					
TSPC Connection	n Status				
Local Endpoint	v4 Address :	114.44.54.220			
Local Endpoint	v6 Address :	2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:10b9			
Router DNS na	ne :	88886666.broker.freenet6.net			
Remote Endpoi	nt v4 Address :	81.171.72.11			
Remote Endpoi	ntv6Address:	2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:10b8			
Tspc Prefix :		2001:05c0:1502:0d00:0000:0000:0000:0000			
Tspc Prefixlen :	Tspc Prefixlen :		56		
Tunnel Broker :	Tunnel Broker :		amsterdam.freenet6.net		
Tunnel Status :		Connected			

Item	Description	
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.	

## VIII-1-15 DSL Status

Such page is useful for RD debug or web technician.

Diagnostics >> DSL Status

	General		Tone Inform	nation	Defreeb
			Tone more	nauun	<u>Refresh</u>
ATU-R Inf	formation				
	Tupo	ADSL2/2+			
	Type: Hardware:	ADSL2/2+ Annex A			
	Haruware: Firmware:		00 00 01		
		07-07-02-			
	Power Mngt Mode:	DSL_G997_	_PMS_NA		
	Line State:	TRAINING			
	Running Mode:				
	Vendor ID:	b5004946	544e0000		
ATH-C Inf	formation				
	Vendor ID:	00000000	00000000 []	]	
ine Stat	1-41				
Ine Stat	ISUCS				
		<u>Downstrea</u>		<u>Upstream</u>	
	Actual Rate	0	Kbps	0	Kbps
	Attainable Rate	0	Kbps	0	Kbps
	Path Mode	Fast		Fast	
	Interleave Depth	0		0	
	Actual PSD	0.0	dB	0.0	dB
		<u>Near End</u>		Far End	
	Trellis	ON		ON	
	Bitswap	OFF		OFF	
	ReTx	0		0	
	SNR Margin				

## VIII-1-16 High Availability Status

All of the routers under the same DARP (DrayTek Address resolution Protocol) group can be viewed in such page. However, only partial information of the router status will be displayed.

Vigor routers with the following condtions will be treated as the same DARP group:

- HA enabled
- the same Redundancy method
- the same Group ID
- the same Authentication Key
- the same Management Interface

Open Diagnostics>>High Availablity Status.

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status

					<u>Details</u>	<u>HA Setup</u>   <u>Re</u>	<u>new   Refresh  </u>
Status	Router Name	IP	Role	Stable	WAN	Sync Status	Cached Time
1	<u>DrayTek</u>	<u>192.168.1.1</u>	Primary	No	All WANs Down - Eth	Ready Sync	-

Note:

1. High Availability Status table displays 10 routers maximum. The local router will always show in the first row of this table.

2. A Status of "!" indicates that an error has occurred, refer to the Details page for more information.

Item	Description
Details/Back	Details - Click it to display detailed status about HA configuration for the selected router.
	Back - Return to previous page.
HA Setup	Click it to open <b>Applications</b> >> <b>High Availability</b> for modifying the configuration.
Renew	Click it to get the newest status of other router (except the primary router).
Refresh	Click it to get the newest status of the primary router.
Status	"!" means an error has occurred. Refer to <b>Detailed</b> information and modify HA settings if required.
Router Name	Display the name of the device.
IP	Display the IPv4 address of such router.
Role	"Down" means the function of HA is disabled.
	"Primary" means such router stands for the primary router in HA.
	"Secondary" means such router stands for the secondary router in HA.
Stable	"No" means the primary router has not been determined yet. DARP is negotiating.
	"YES" means the primary router is determined.
WAN	"At Least One UP" means that at least one WAN interface connects to Internet.
	"All WANs Down" means that no WAN interface connects to Internet.
Sync Status	"Not Ready" means configuration synchronization is unable to execute, or configuration synchronization is disabled, or synchronization initialization executes but fails.
	"Ready" means configuration synchronization is ready to execute.
	"Progressing" means configuration synchronization is operating.
	"Fail" means configuration synchronization executed and failed; or wrong model name.
	"Equal" means the corresponding settings are equal to the primary router.
Cached Time	Display the time period since the last time to get the newest status of other router (except the primary router).

Cick the link of Router Name, IP or Details, the following page will be displayed on the screen.

[Local Router	]	<u>Back</u>   <u>HA Setup</u>   <u>Renew</u>   <u>Refresh</u>					
DrayTek	rayTek 192.168.1.3(FE80::21D:AAFF:FE5D:C9						
Role	Stable	WAN	Sync Status	Cached Time			
Primary	No !	All WANs Down - Eth !	Ready Sync	-			
		•					
Config Sync S	tatus	Not Ready	DHCPv6 Sync Status	Ready			
MAC		00:1d:aa:5d:c9:e0	HTTPs Port	443			
Model		Vigor2862ac	Firmware Version	3.8.8_RC10_STD			
Enable High A	vailability	Off !	Redundancy Method	Active-Standby			
Group ID		1	Priority ID	10			
Authentication	n Key	draytek	Management Interface	LAN1			
Update DDNS		Off	Protocol	IPv4			
Virtual IPv4		Off !					
			LAN1	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
			LAN2	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
			LAN3	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
Virtual IPv6		On	LAN4	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
			LAN5	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
			LAN6	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
			LAN7	FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101			
Enable Config	Sync	Off	Config Sync Interval	0 Day 0 Hour 15 Minute			

Diagnostics >> High Availability Status >> Details

#### Note:

Displays up to 10 routers. Each router can show up to 7 Virtual IPs.

## **VIII-1-17 Authentication Information**

#### **Authentication User List**

Such page displays authentication jobs made by Internal RADIUS or Local 802.1X.

When the mouse cursor moves to the name link under User Name, the connection message (including authentication failed information) about internal RADIUS or local 802.1X service will be shown by a popped up dialog box.

Diagnostics >> Authentication Information

Authentica	ntion User List	Authentication Informa	ation Log
			<u>Refresh</u>   <u>Clear</u>
User Name	Authentication Failure Times	User Name	Authentication Failure Times
<u>test_1</u>	Q	test_sales	Q

Note:

1.This is the authentication list for router's  $\underline{\text{Internal RADIUS}}$  or Local 802.1X

2.For those clients are authenticated by external RADIUS server, please find the information from the server.

#### Authentication Information Log

This page will display the complete authentication log information.

#### Diagnostics >> Authentication Information

Authentication User List		Auti	nentication Information Log
🗖 Enable			<u>Refresh</u>   <u>Clear</u>
	Syslog Type	ALL 🔽 Radius	Display Mode always record the new event 💌
Ti	me	802.1X ALL	Message

Item	Description	
Enable	Check the box to enable such function.	
Refresh	Click it to update current page.	
Clear	Click it to remove all of the records.	
Syslog Type	Specify RADIUS, 802.1X or All to display related authentication information log.	
Display Mode	Choose the mode you want to display the related information on the following table.	
	• Stop record when fulls - When the capacity of CVM log full, the system will stop recording.	
	• Always record the new event - only the newest events will be recorded by the system.	
Time	Display the time the user authenticated by Vigor2862 series.	
Message	Display authentication information done by Vigor2862 series.	

## VIII-1-18 DoS Flood Table

This page can display content of IP connection detected by DoS Flooding Defense mechanism. It is useful and convenient for network engineers (e.g., MIS engineer) to inspect the network environment to find out if there is any abnormal connection.

Information of IP traced and destination port used for SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP Flood attacks will be detected and shown respectively on different pages.

Moreover, IP address detected and suspected to attack the network system can be blocked shortly by clicking the **Block** button shown on pages of SYN Flood, UDP Flood and ICMP Flood.

v4				
SYN Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	White/Black IP List	Refresh
Tracing IP		Destinat	tion Port	
192.168.1.2	22	80		Block
192.168.1.2	205	40005(	٥)	Block

Diagnostics >> DoS Flood Table



	211 BUD		
	Dest	nation Port	
-			

Info

The icon - (③) - means there is something wrong (e.g., attacking the system) with that IP address.

However, if an IP address is comfirmed to be blocked due to its abnormal behavior, click the **Blocking IP List** tab to block it forever. For example, IP address "192.168.1.99" (displayed on the following web page) will be blocked forever.

Diagnostics >> DoS Flood Table

N Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	White/Black IP List	<u>Ret</u>
White	e Passing IP Lis	st:	Black Blocking IP List:	
		<u>~</u>	192.168.1.99	~
		~		~
192.18	8.1.89			
ſ	Add Remove	Clear All	Add Remove	Clear All

IPv6

YN Flood	UDP Flood	ICMP Flood	White/Black IP List	<u>Refresh</u>
Tracing IP		Destination Port		

Item	Description
Blocking IP	Type the IP address in this field and click add. It will be added to the IP List and appear in the right frame.
	IP list in the right frame will be blocked by Vigor system permanatly.
	<b>Remove</b> - It is used to remove selected IP address from the Blocking IP List.
Refresh	Click this link to refresh current page.

## VIII-1-19 Route Policy Diagnosis

With the analysis done by such page, possible path (static route, routing table or policy route) of the packets sent out of the router can be traced.

Diagnostics >> Route P  Test how the packets w			
Mode ⊙ Analyze a ○ Analyze m	single packet ultiple packets by uploa	iding an input file	
	ecify an IP 💌	192.168.1.2	Analyze
Diagnostics >> Route Po Test how the packets will Mode O Analyze a s	I be routed	ionut file	
● Analyze mul Input File 選擇檔案 未選打	tiple packets by uploadin 睪檔案	g an input file ( <u>download</u> an exa Analy	_

Item	Description
Mode	Analyze a single packet - Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how a single packet will be sent by a route policy.
	Analyze multiple packets Choose such mode to make Vigor router analyze how multiple packets in a specified file will be sent by a route policy.
Packet Information	Specify the nature of the packets to be analyzed by Vigor router.

	ICMP/UDP/TCP/ANY- Specify a protocol for diagnosis.				
	Src IP - Type an IP address as the source IP.				
	Dst IP - Type an IP address as the destination IP.				
	<b>Dst Port</b> - Use the drop down list to specify the destination port.				
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page				
Input File	It is available when Analyze multiple packets is selected as Mode.				
	Select - Click the download link to get a blank example file. Then, click such button to select that blank ".csv" file for saving the result of analysis.				
	Mode				
	<ul> <li>○ analyze how a packet will be sent</li> <li>○ ana ○ す載工作確認         ×     </li> </ul>				
	Input File 選擇檔案 Analyze 協存至 下載				
	下載後開啓儲存取消				
	Analyze - Click it to perform the job of analyzing. The analyzed result will be shown on the page. If required, click export analysis to export the result as a file.				
	Load BalanceRoute Policy >> Diagnose				
	Mode <ul> <li>analyze how a packet will be sent</li> <li>analyze how multiple packets as specified in the input file will be sent</li> </ul> Imput File <u>(download</u> an example input file)          Analyze              expont analyze/set				
	Input Packet Information Matched Poute Matched Policy Final Pault Profile (Proto Sire IP Dot IP Dot IP Fort Route Ponnty Policy Printy Tabovered Infortage Reason The policy Proto Sire IP Dot IP Cost Port				
	LA. Dranch ICMP 192.168.1.10 10.10.10.10 H/A No Match N/A Ho Match N/A Ho Match H/A				
	MY- branch         TCP         102.165.1.30         20.20.20         SD60         No Match         NUA         No Match         NUA         NUA				
	Note that the analysis was based on the current "load-balance/route policy" settings, we do not guarantee it will be 100% the same as the real case.				

# VIII-2 Checking If the Hardware Status Is OK or Not

Follow the steps below to verify the hardware status.

- 1. Check the power line and WLAN/LAN cable connections. Refer to "I-2 Hardware Installation" for details.
- 2. Turn on the router. Make sure the ACT LED blink once per second and the correspondent LAN LED is bright.

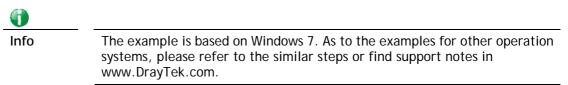


3. If not, it means that there is something wrong with the hardware status. Simply back to "I-2 Hardware Installation" to execute the hardware installation again. And then, try again.

# VIII-3 Checking If the Network Connection Settings on Your Computer Is OK or Not

Sometimes the link failure occurs due to the wrong network connection settings. After trying the above section, if the link is stilled failed, please do the steps listed below to make sure the network connection settings is OK.

#### **For Windows**



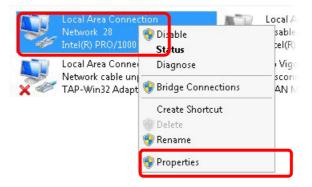
1. Open All Programs>>Getting Started>>Control Panel. Click Network and Sharing Center.

🙀 Fonts
🛃 Java
🚆 Network and Sharing Center
Personalization
P Recovery

2. In the following window, click Change adapter settings.



3. Icons of network connection will be shown on the window. Right-click on Local Area Connection and click on Properties.



4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP) and then click Properties.

🖁 Local Area Connect	ion Properties	>
Networking Sharing		
Connect using:		
🔮 Intel(R) PRO/10	000 MT Network Conne	ection
		Configure
This connection uses	the following items:	
🗹 🛃 Client for Mic		
🗹 🛃 Privacyware		
🛛 🗹 🛃 QoS Packet		
🗆 🔲 📑 File and Print	er Sharing for Microsoft	Networks
🖌 📥 Internet Prote	col Version 6 (TCP/IP)	-6)
🗹 📥 Internet Proto	col Version 4 (TCP/IP)	/4)
🔄 📑 🛥 Link-Layer To	opology Discovery Map	per 1/0 Driver
🔄 🔲 📥 Link-Layer To	opology Discovery Resp	ponder
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description		

5. Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Finally, click OK.

neral Alternate Configuration ou can get IP settings assigned aut nis capability. Otherwise, you need or the appropriate IP settings.					
Obtain an IP address automatic	cally	]			
IP address:					
Subnet mask:					
Default gateway:			1	×.	
<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address aut</li> </ul>	comatio	ally:			
C Use the following DNS server a	ddres	ses:			
Preferred DNS server:		<u></u>	i.	$\sim$	
Alternate DNS server:	Γ		2		
🗖 Validate settings upon exit				Adv	anced

#### For Mac OS

- 1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
- 2. Open the Application folder and get into Network.
- 3. On the Network screen, select Using DHCP from the drop down list of Configure IPv4.

● ⊖ ⊖	Network	e
5how All Displays S	wie wie startup Disk	
	Location: Automatic	
Т	Show: Built-in Ethernet	
Configure IPv		
IP Addres	s: 192.168.1.10	CP Lease
Subnet Mas Route	(If required)	)
DNS Server	5:	(Optional)
Search Domain	s:	(Optional)
IPv6 Addres	s: fe80:0000:0000:0000:020a:95ff:fe8d:72e4	
	Configure IPv6	?
Click the lock to	p prevent further changes. Assist me	Apply Now

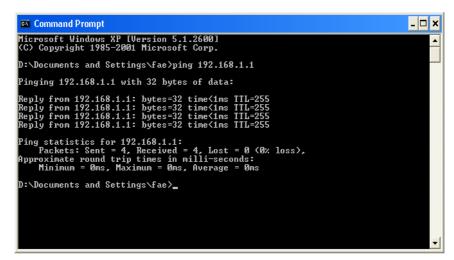
# **VIII-4 Pinging the Router from Your Computer**

The default gateway IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. For some reason, you might need to use "ping" command to check the link status of the router. The most important thing is that the computer will receive a reply from 192.168.1.1. If not, please check the IP address of your computer. We suggest you setting the network connection as get IP automatically. (Please refer to the previous section IX-3)

Please follow the steps below to ping the router correctly.

#### **For Windows**

- 1. Open the Command Prompt window (from Start menu> Run).
- 2. Type command (for Windows 95/98/ME) or cmd (for Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista/7). The DOS command dialog will appear.



- 3. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "Reply from 192.168.1.1:bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255" will appear.
- 4. If the line does not appear, please check the IP address setting of your computer.

#### For Mac OS (Terminal)

- 1. Double click on the current used MacOs on the desktop.
- 2. Open the Application folder and get into Utilities.
- 3. Double click **Terminal**. The Terminal window will appear.
- 4. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=xxxx ms" will appear.

000	Terminal - bash - 80x24	
Last login: Sat Ja Welcome to Darwin!	n 302:24:18 on ttyp1	2
Vigor10:~ draytek\$		
PING 192.168.1.1 (	192.168.1.1): 56 data bytes	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=0.755 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.697 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.716 ms	
64 bytes from 192.	168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.731 ms	
64 bytes from 192. ^C	168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=0.72 ms	
192.168.1.1 pi	ng statistics	
The second s	ted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss /max = 0.697/0.723/0.755 ms	

# VIII-5 Checking If the ISP Settings are OK or Not

If WAN connection cannot be up, check if the LEDs (according to the LED explanations listed on section 1.2) are correct or not. If the LEDs are off, please:

- Change the Physical Type from Auto negotiation to other values (e.g., 100M full duplex).
- Next, change the physical type of modem (e.g., DSL/FTTX(GPON)/Cable modem) offered by ISP with the same value configured in Vigor router. Check if the LEDs on Vigor router are on or not.
- If not, please install an additional switch for connecting both Vigor router and the modem offered by ISP. Then, check if the LEDs on Vigor router are on or not.
- If the problem of LEDs cannot be solved by the above measures, please contact with the nearest reseller, or send an e-mail to DrayTek FAE for technical support.
- Check if the settings offered by ISP are configured well or not.

When the LEDs are on and correct, yet the WAN connection still cannot be up, please:

• Open WAN >> Internet Access page and then check whether the ISP settings are set correctly. Click Details Page of WAN1~WAN4 to review the settings that you configured previously.

Off 💌 1166	
Dashboard Wizards Online Status	
WAN	
General Setup	
Internet Access	
Multi-PVC/VLAN	
WAN Budget	
LAN	
Hotspot Web Portal	
Load-Balance/Route Policy	
BGP Routing	
NAT	
Hardware Acceleration	
Firewall	
Hear Management	

nternet	Access				
Index	Display Name	<b>Physical Mode</b>	Access Mode		
WAN1		ADSL / VDSL2	None	~	Details Page
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	*	Details Page IP
WANЗ		USB	None	~	Details Page
WAN4		USB	None	*	Details Page

2.Device on USB port 2 applies WAN4 configuration.

Advanced You can configure DHCP client options here.

# VIII-6 Problems for 3G/4G Network Connection

When you have trouble in using 3G/4G network transmission, please check the following:

#### Check if USB LED lights on or off

You have to wait about 15 seconds after inserting 3G/4G USB Modem into your Vigor2862. Later, the USB LED will light on which means the installation of USB Modem is successful. If the USB LED does not light on, please remove and reinsert the modem again. If it still fails, restart Vigor2862.

#### USB LED lights on but the network connection does not work

Check the PIN Code of SIM card is disabled or not. Please use the utility of 3G/4G USB Modem to disable PIN code and try again. If it still fails, it might be the compliance problem of system. Please open DrayTek Syslog Tool to capture the connection information (WAN Log) and send the page (similar to the following graphic) to the service center of DrayTek.

<b>Dray</b> T	'ek		Syslog Utilit	y
Log Filter Keyword: Apply to: All Firewall VPN User Ad		-		
⊙ Show Syslog List		🔵 Show Tra	raffic Graph Pause	
System Time	Router Time	Host	Message	
2013-08-27 15:11:09	Aug 27 07:10:53	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:11:09	Aug 27 07:10:53	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:07	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router		
2013-08-27 15:10:06	Aug 27 07:09:51	Vigor-router	[USB]Usb Device Connected at Port 0	
				_
<				>

#### Transmission Rate is not fast enough

Please connect your Notebook with 3G/4G USB Modem to test the connection speed to verify if the problem is caused by Vigor2862. In addition, please refer to the manual of 3G/4G USB Modem for LED Status to make sure if the modem connects to Internet via HSDPA mode. If you want to use the modem indoors, please put it on the place near the window to obtain better signal receiving.

# VIII-7 Backing to Factory Default Setting If Necessary

Sometimes, a wrong connection can be improved by returning to the default settings. Try to reset the router by software or hardware. Such function is available in Admin Mode only.



Info

After pressing factory default setting, you will loose all settings you did before. Make sure you have recorded all useful settings before you pressing. The password of factory default is null.

#### Software Reset

System Maintenance >> Reboot System

You can reset the router to factory default via Web page. Such function is available in Admin Mode only.

Go to **System Maintenance** and choose **Reboot System** on the web page. The following screen will appear. Choose **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. After few seconds, the router will return all the settings to the factory settings.

Reboot Syst	em
	Do you want to reboot your router ?
	<ul> <li>Using current configuration</li> </ul>
	O Using factory default configuration
Auto Reboot	Reboot Now
	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,
	Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.
	OK Cancel

#### **Hardware Reset**

While the router is running (ACT LED blinking), press the Factory Reset button and hold for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED blinks rapidly, please release the button. Then, the router will restart with the default configuration.



After restore the factory default setting, you can configure the settings for the router again to fit your personal request.

# VIII-8 Contacting DrayTek

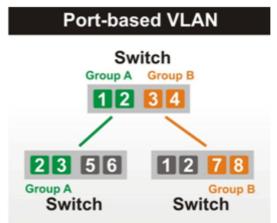
If the router still cannot work correctly after trying many efforts, please contact your dealer for further help right away. For any questions, please feel free to send e-mail to support@DrayTek.com.

# **Appendix I: VLAN Applications on Vigor Router**

Virtual Local Area Network is so-called VLAN. It offers the logical grouping technique to separate the physical ports of Ethernet switches, thus we can manage our local network easier, more flexible and secure. For instance, you're a networking administrator in your company and you're planning to isolate the visitors' traffics from your private network for security considerations because you cannot ensure that visitors' computer is clean. Or you want to separate your private network into several parts by divisions because there are too many computers in the same network segment and it results in the local traffics heavily. VLAN helps you to solve these situations, and DrayTek's products support bellow two popular types:

#### Port-based

It uses a matrix table of the physical ports to define the traffics how to exchange between each port, and the traffics will be isolated from the ports are not being ticked in the same line. It is the easiest way to setup an isolate network, but not a flexible way to maintain a growing network. Because the idea of port-based VLAN is grouping by physical ports, but the difficulty is how to handle the traffics between two or more Ethernet switches. Thus, VLAN is suitable for some circumstances, for example, the rental apartment, SOHO office...and so on. These clients may need two or three isolated networks only and setup a network in a simple way.



#### Tag-based

The idea of tag-based VLAN is to identify a virtual LAN with a specific ID, therefore, VLAN ID introduced by tag-based VLAN. Through VLAN ID, ports with different VID (VLAN ID) will be identified as in different LANs, so the traffics also will be isolated from each of VLANs. Many administrators who manage an enterprise network or even the internet service providers (ISP) adopt Tag-based VLAN popularly because it is convenient to maintain and manage a distributed network. Setting a large-scale network is easy by giving each of them with different VID and isolating the traffics at the same time. Besides the VLAN ID, there is another feature, Trunk, introduced. While the role of a port on an Ethernet switch is setup as a Trunk port, it means the VLAN ID will be kept while forwarding the packets between switches. By this feature, VLANs are able to distribute over two or more Ethernet switchs easily, moreover design a large and secured network is possible through Trunk port. When VLAN is being enabled on Vigor routers, the LAN ports are being turned into Trunk mode automatically. Therefore, a VLAN supported switch, like VigorSwitch G2260/P2261, or VigorSwitch G1240, is needed.

# Switch VID:100 VID:200 12 3 23 5 VID:100 VID:200 VID:100 VID:200 Switch 12 78 78 VID:100 VID:200 Switch Switch

Vigor routers ^[Note] support Tag-based feature both on LAN and WAN interfaces. The next we'll demonstrate our web design and how to configure the settings by introducing the functionalities of Vigor router.

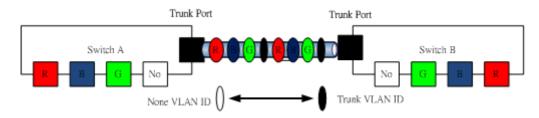
#### [Note]

Broadband router: Vigor2920/Vigor3200/Vigor2925/Vigo2960/Vigor3900

Modem router: Vigor2850/Vigor2862

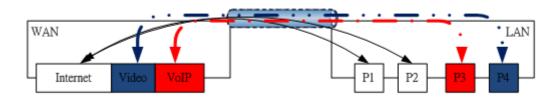
#### VLAN Packets on Vigor routers

Trunk mode of LAN



Trunk Port can carry the packets with VID but replace the Non-VID packet as the VID of Trunk port while forwarding the packets to another switch.

#### Bridge mode of WAN



P1 and P2 are doing NAT flow to access to the internet, but P3 and P4 will forward the packets between WAN and LAN ports directly.

#### Web User Interface

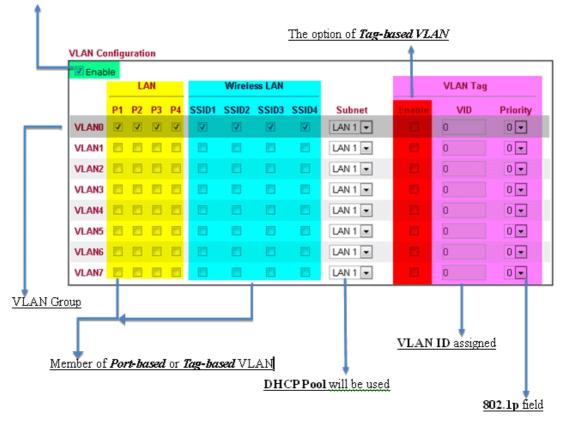
So far, there are two kinds of open system on Vigor router. One is DrayOS, which is DrayTek owned, and another is Linux-like which customized by DrayTek from OpenWRT. Here DrayOS system is going to be introduced to you because it is the most stable and superfast booting system in DrayTek products. If the UI style of yours is different from the following. It may not DrayOS system with new web style or maybe the Linux-like model.

#### WAN

Multi-VLA	N	L	1		
MUID-VLA	General				
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bri	idge
	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None		
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None		
3.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	] P3 🗌 P4 🗌 P
4.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 P
5.WANS	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 P
<u>6.</u> WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 P
Z.WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 P
8.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2	P3 P4 P
	N Header N Tag: rity:	0			
mbers	N Tag: rity: :1.Tag valu .Only one pen Port-ba: sical Memb 1	0       Image: Comparison of the set between channel can be untage connection of the set of	gged (equal to for this Channel		
abers Prio Note 2 0 Physic Physic Physic Physic Note WAN WAN ISP A	N Tag: rity: :1.Tag valu .Only one pen Port-ba tical Membo 1 P2 [ :3.P1 is res pen WAN Int for Router-F	0 o channel can be unta sed Bridge Connection ers P3 P4 P5 served for NAT use,a terface for this Channe borne Application: Ma atic or Dynamic IP	gged (equal to for this Channel nd cannot be o i nagement 💌	0) at a time.	
ng & ISP A	N Tag: rity: :1.Tag valu .Only one pen Port-bas sical Membo 1 P2 [ 3.P1 is res pen WAN Int for Router-I Setup: Sta ccess Setup	0 o channel can be unta sed Bridge Connection ers P3 P4 P5 served for NAT use,a terface for this Channe borne Application: Ma atic or Dynamic IP	gged (equal to for this Channel nd cannot be o i nagement 💌	0) at a time. onfigured for bridge mode WAN IP Network Settings Obtain an IP address auto	).
errs oers oers oo Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic Physic P	N Tag: rity: :1.Tag valu .Only one pen Port-ba ical Memb 1 P2 [ :3.P1 is res pen WAN Int for Router-t Setup: Sta ccess Setup Name	0 o channel can be unta sed Bridge Connection ers P3 P4 P5 served for NAT use,a terface for this Channe borne Application: Ma atic or Dynamic IP	gged (equal to for this Channel nd cannot be o i nagement 💌	0) at a time. onfigured for bridge mode WAN IP Network Settings Obtain an IP address auto	matically
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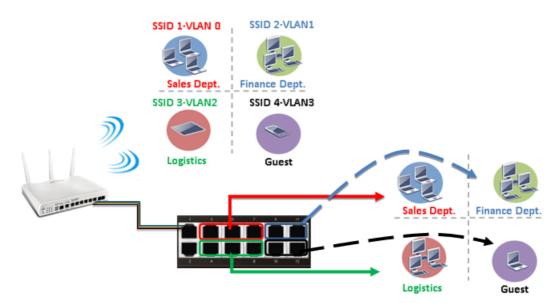
LAN

Enable Port-based VLAN by checking the option



#### **VLAN** applications on Vigor router

Multi Subnet (VLAN of LAN)



#### Port-based mode

	_	U	NN.			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Tag		
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority	
VLANO	V	8	۵	8	V			23	LAN 1 💌		0	0 -	
VLAN1	8	V	۵		8	V			LAN 2 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN2			9				V		LAN 3 📼		0	0 💌	
VLAN3				V					LAN 4 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 -	
VLAN5									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌	
VLAN7	23	83	23	83	13	23	13	23	LAN 1 💌	1	0	0 -	

#### Tag-based mode

🗷 Enab	le											
		V	٨N		Wireless LAN			NN VLAN Tag				
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAND									LAN 1 👻	<b>I</b>	10	0.
VLAN1		V				V		10	LAN 2 💌	V	20	0 💌
VLAN2			$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	8			V	8	LAN 3 📼	V	30	0 💌
VLAN3	۵			V				V	LAN 4 💌	2	40	0 💌
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 📼
VLAN5				63					LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN7	23			2				1	LAN 1 💌		0	0 -

By above settings, there are four private networks will be created and computers attached with each of LAN ports or SSIDs which are able to obtain a private IP address from each DHCP server (LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4). However, the traffics of the LAN port or SSID that are NOT being grouped in the same VLAN are unable to forward to each other. The benefit of Port-based is able to extend the wired ports by installing a cheaper dumb switch as many as you need, but Tag-based offers you a flexible and well-managed network. The networks are isolated, secured and reduce the broadcasting storm effectively in each of networks with VLAN.

- SSID 1-VLAN 0 Sales Dept. SsiD 3-VLAN0 SsiD 3-VLAN0 SsiD 4-VLAN1 SsiD 4-VLAN1 SsiD 4-VLAN1 SsiD 4-VLAN1 Suest Guest Logistics Suest
- Guest Network

#### Port-based mode

Z Enab	le	e LAN			LAN Wireless LAN								VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority				
VLANO		V	V	V		V		8	LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN1								V	LAN 2 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN2									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN3									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN5									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌				
VLAN7	83	23	23	23	23	23	23	1	LAN 1 💌	23	0	0 💌				

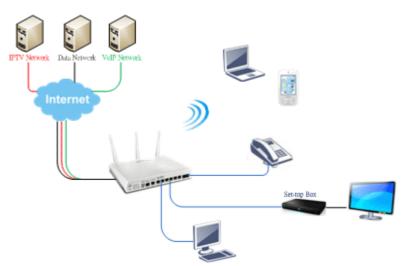
#### Tag-based mode

🗹 Enab	le											
		U	AN .			Wirele	ss LAN				VLAN Tag	1
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAND	8	2	$[ \overline{\mathcal{C}} ]$		1	V	1		LAN 1 💌	83	0	0 💌
VLAN1	V	۵	۵					V	LAN 2 💌	V	10	0 💌
VLAN2									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN3									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN4									LAN 1 💌		0	0 -
VLAN5							1		LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN6									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌
VLAN7									LAN 1 💌		0	0 💌

To deploy a guest network, which serves your guests the internet accessibility, but the traffics have to be isolated from your private network due to the security considerations, it can be done by above settings. However, a switch support VLAN function is need if VLAN Tag enabled.

Triple Play (Multi-WAN)

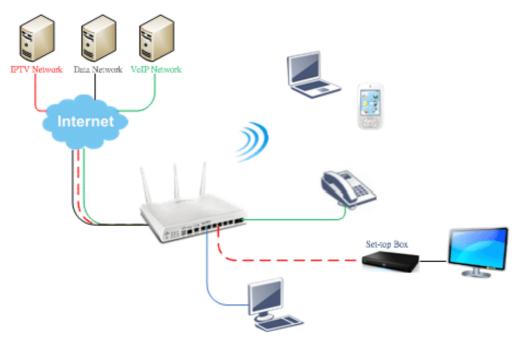
NAT mode with VLAN



Following settings, the set-top box (STB) is able to attach with any LAN port. Video streaming which your ISP provided will be played on your monitor.

WAN 1				1 a		7774374 64 10
Enable: Yes 💌				1. Setup the V	LAN ID of	n WAN1 profiles if
Display Name:				WAN is the m	imary inter	rface of IPTV service.
Physical Mode: Ethernet				wirits are pi	milary miler	Tacc of H 1 V Scholee.
Physical Type: Auto negotiation 💌						
Line Speed(Kbps):						
DownLink 0						
UpLink 0						
VLAN Tag insertion : Enable R Please configure	Internet Access	setting first)				
Tag value: 10 (0~4095)						
Priority: 0 (0~7) Active Mode: Always On Load Balance	e: 🗹		Course			
		Channel	General Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
		1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	r ore boose bringe
		2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
		3.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
Open the profile of WAN5 by clicking the	e ID	4.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
Open me prome or wArdy by clicking me	e ID.	5.WANS				
			No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
		6.WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
		<u>7.</u> WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
		<u>8.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P
General Settings VLAN Header VLAN Tag: Priority: 3 Note:1.Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and each channel. 2.Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0	0); P1	P2 P3	P4	P5		aind the service onto it.
VLAN Header VLAN Tag: 20 Priority: 3 Note:1.Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and each channel.	0) i P1 Note:3.P: configuri	P2 P3 1 is reser ed for brid	P4 ved for N dge mode ace for thi	P5 AT use,and canno a. s Channel	ot be	aind the service onto it.
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#### Bridge mode with VLAN



Multi-VLAN	1				
	General				
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge	
1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None		
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None		
3.	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4 P5	
<u>4.</u>	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	Enable P1 P2 P3 P4 P5	
5.WAN5	No	#11	******	n n. n. n. n. n.	
6.WAN6	No	Multi-VLAN Channel	3: 🧟 Enable	Disable	
ZWAN7	No	WAN Type : Ethe	rnet(WAN1) 💌		
<u>8.</u>	No				
		2.Only one chan Bridge mode Cable Physical Members P1 2 2 3	IST be set bet nel can be un	ween 1~4095 and unique for each channel. tagged (equal to 0) at a time. ,and cannot be configured for bridge mode.	

Set-top box (STB) or the other kinds of media devices are able to attach with Port4 or Port5 of LAN. Those devices that attached with Port4 or Port5 are able to access the services network directly which your ISP provided.

# Part IX Telnet Commands

Vigor2862 Series User's Guide

# Accessing Telnet of Vigor2862

This chapter also gives you a general description for accessing telnet and describes the firmware versions for the routers explained in this manual.

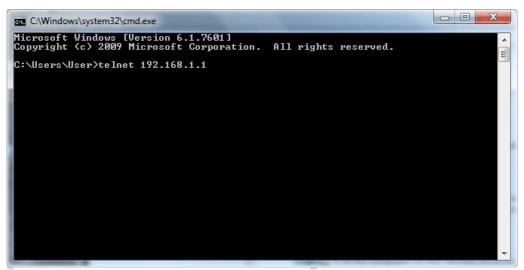
Info	

For Windows 7 user, please make sure the Windows Features of Telnet Client has been turned on under Control Panel>>Programs.

Programs (1)	
cmd	
₽ See more results	
cmd × Shut down +	

Type cmd and press Enter. The Telnet terminal will be open later.

In the following window, type Telnet 192.168.1.1 as below and press Enter. Note that the IP address in the example is the default address of the router. If you have changed the default, enter the current IP address of the router.



Next, type admin/admin for Account/Password. Then, type ?. You will see a list of valid/common commands depending on the router that your use.

Type ? for co	ommand help					
)rayTek> ?						
Valid comma	ands are:					
ads 1	vdsl	bpa	CSM	ddns	dos	
exit	internet	ip	ip6	ipf	log	
ldap	tacacsplus	mngt	msubnet	object	port	
portmaptime	рра	prn	qos	quit	show	
smb	SPV	switch	sys	testmail	fs	
ւքոք	usb	vigbrg	fullbrg	vlan	vpn	
ian	hsportal	wl	wl_dual	radius	local_8021	
ĸ						
vo 1	user	appqos	nand	apm	sfp	
ethoam	ha	swm	backupmode			

For users using previous Windows system (e.g., 2000/XP), simply click Start >> Run and type Telnet 192.168.1.1 in the Open box as below. Next, type admin/admin for Account/Password. And, type ? to get a list of valid/common commands.

Run	······································	×
2	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Interne resource, and Windows will open it for you.	et.
<u>O</u> pen:	telnet 192.168.1.1	-
	OK Cancel <u>B</u> rowse	

#### Telnet Command: adsl txpct /adsl rxpct

This command allows the user to adjust the percentage of data transmission (receiving/transmitting) for QoS application.

#### Syntax

adsl txpct [auto:percent]

adsl rxpct [auto:percent]

Parameter	Description
auto	It means auto detection of ADSL transmission packet.
percent	Specify the percentage of ADSL transmission packet. Available range is 10-100.

#### Example

```
> adsl txpct auto
% tx percentage : 80
> adsl txpct 75
% tx percentage : 75
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl status

This command is used to display current status of ADSL setting.

#### Syntax

adsl status [more | counts | hlog | qln | snr | bandinfo | olr]

#### Example

> adsl status			
	ATU-R Info	(hw: annex A, f/w: annex	Unknown)
Running Mode	: T1.413	State : TR	AINING
DS Actual Rate	: 0 bps	US Actual Rate :	0 bps
DS Attainable Rate	: 0 bps	US Attainable Rate:	0 bps
DS Path Mode	: Fast	US Path Mode :	Fast
DS Interleave Depth	: 0	US Interleave Depth:	0
NE Current Attenuation	: 0 dB	Cur SNR Margin :	0 dB
DS actual PSD	: 0.0 dB	US actual PSD :	0. 0 dB
ADSL Firmware Version	: 05-04-08-00	0-00-06	
	ATU-C Info	)	
Far Current Attenuation	: 0 dB	Far SNR Margin :	0 dB
CO ITU Version[0]	: 00000000	CO ITU Version[1]	: 00000000
DSLAM CHIPSET VENDOR	: < ADI >		
>			

#### Telnet Command: adsl ppp

This command can set the Internet Access mode for the router.

#### Syntax

adsl ppp [? | pvc_no vci vpi Encap Proto modu acqlP idle [Username Password]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	Display the command syntax of "adsl ppp".
pvc_no	It means the PVC number and the adjustable range is from 0 (Channel-1) to 7(Channel-8).
Encap	Different numbers represent different modes. 0 : VC_MUX, 1: LLC/SNAP, 2: LLC_Bridge, 3: LLC_Route, 4: VCMUX_Bridge 5: VCMUX_Route, 6: IPoE.
Proto	It means the protocol used to connect Internet. Different numbers represent different protocols. 0: PPPoA, 1: PPPoE, 2: MPoA.
Modu	0: T1.413, 2: G.dmt, 4: Multi, 5: ADSL2, 7:ADSL2_AnnexM 8:ADSL2+ 14:ADSL2+_AnnexM.
acqIP	It means the way to acquire IP address. Type the number to determine the IP address by specifying or assigned dynamically by DHCP server. 0 : fix_ip, 1: dhcp_client/PPPoE/PPPoA.(acquire IP method)
idle	Type number to determine the network connection will be kept for always or idle after a certain time. 1: always on, else idle timeout secs. Only for PPPoE/PPPoA.
Username	This parameter is used only for PPPoE/PPPoA
Password	This parameter is used only for PPPoE/PPPoA

You have to reboot the system when you set it on Route mode.

```
> adsl ppp o 35 8 1 1 4 1 -1 draytek draytek
pvc no.=0
vci=35
vpi=8
encap=LLC(1)
proto=PPPoE(1)
modu=MULTI(4)
```

```
AcquireIP: Dhcp_client(1)
Idle timeout:-1
Username=draytek
Password=draytek
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl bridge

This command can specify a LAN port (LAN1 to LAN4) for mapping to certain PVC, and the mapping port/PVC will be operated in bridge mode.

#### Syntax

adsl bridge [pvc_no/status/save/enable/disable] [on/off/clear/tag tag_no] [service type] [px ... ]

Parameter	Description
pvc_no	It means <i>pvc</i> number and must be between 0(Channel 1) to 7(Channel 8).
status	It means to shown the whole bridge status.
save	It means to save the configuration to flash.
enable	It means to enable the Multi-VLAN function.
disable	It means to disable the Multi-VLAN function.
on/off	It means to turn on/off bridge mode for the specific channel.
clear	It means to turn off and clear all the PVC settings.
tag tag_no	No tag: -1 Available number for tag: 0-4095
pri pri_no	The number 0 to 7 can be set to indicate the priority. "7" is the highest.
service type	Two number can be set:
	0: for Normal (all the applications will be processed with the same PVC).
	1: for the IGMP with different PVC which is used for special ISP.
рх	It means the number of LAN port (x=2~4). Port 1 is locked for NAT.

#### Syntax Description

```
> adsl bridge 4 on p2 p3
PVC Bridge p1 p2 p3 p4 Service Type Tag Pri
4 ON 0 0 1 0 Normal -1(OFF) 0
PVC 0 & 1 can't set for bridge mode.
Please use 'save' to save config.
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl idle

This command can make the router accessing into the idle status. If you want to invoke the router again, you have to reboot the router by using "reboot" command.

#### Syntax

adsl idle [on | tcpmessage | tcpmessage_off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	DSL is under test mode.
	DSL debug tool mode is off.
tcpmessage	DSL debug tool mode is on.
tcpmessage_off	DSL debug tool mode is off.

#### Example

```
> adsl idle on
% DSL is under [IDLE/QUIET] test mode.
% DSL debug tool mode is off.
> adsl idle tcpmessage
% Set DSL debug tool mode on. Please reboot system to take effect.
> adsl idle tcpmessage_off
% Set DSL debug tool mode off. Please reboot system to take effect.
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl drivemode

This command is useful for laboratory to measure largest power of data transmission. Please follow the steps below to set adsl drivermode.

- 1. Please connect dsl line to the DSLAM.
- 2. Waiting for dsl SHOWTIME.
- 3. Drop the dsl line.
- 4. Now, it is on continuous sending mode, and adsl2/2+ led is always ON.
- 5. Use 'adsl reboot' to restart dsl to normal mode.

#### Telnet Command: adsl reboot

This command can reboot the router.

```
> adsl reboot
% Adsl is Rebooting...
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl oamlb

This command is used to test if the connection between CPE and CO is OK or not.

#### Syntax

adsl oamlb [n][type] adsl oamlb chklink [on/off] adsl oamlb [log_on/log_off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
n	It means the total number of transmitted packets.	
type	It means the protocol that you can use. 1 - for F4 Seg-to-Seg (VP level) 2 - for F4 End-to-End (VP level) 4 - for F5 Seg-to-Seg (VC level) 5 - for F5 End-to-End (VC level)	
chklink	Check the DSL connection.	
Log_on/log_off	Enable or disable the OAM log for debug.	

#### Example

```
> adsl oamlb chklink on
OAM checking dsl link is ON.
> adsl oamlb F5 4
Tx cnt=0
Rx Cnt=0
>
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl vcilimit

This command can cancel the limit for vci value.

Some ISP might set the vci value under 32. In such case, we can cancel such limit manually by using this command. Do not set the number greater than 254.

#### Syntax

adsl vcilimit [n]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
n	The number shall be between 1 ~ 254.

```
> adsl vcilimit 33
change VCI limitation from 32 to 33.
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl annex

This command can display the annex interface of this router.

#### Example

```
> adsl annex
% hardware is annex B.
% modem code is annex B; built at 01/15,07:34.
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl automode

This command is used to add or remove ADSL modes (such as ANNEXL, ANNEXM and ANNEXJ) supported by Multimode.

#### Syntax

adsl automode [add/remove/set/default/show] [adsl_mode]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
add	It means to add ADSL mode.	
remove	It means to remove ADSL mode.	
set	It means to use default settings plus the new added ADSL mode.	
default	It means to use default settings.	
show	It means to display current setting.	
adsl_mode	There are three modes to be choose, ANNEXL, ANNEXM (annexA ADSL over POTS) and ANNEXJ (annexB: ADSL over ISDN).	

#### Example

```
> adsl automode set ANNEXJ
Automode supported : T1.413, G.DMT, ADSL2, ADSL2+, ANNEXJ,
> adsl automode default
Automode supported : T1.413, G.DMT, ADSL2, ADSL2+,
```

#### Telnet Command: adsl showbins

This command can display the allocation for each Bin (Tone) SNR, Gain, and Bits.

#### Syntax

adsl showbins [startbin endbin | up]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
startbin	The number is between 0 ~ 4092.
endbin	The number is between 4 ~ 4095.
up	Show upstream information.

```
> adsl showbins 2 30
DOWNSTREAM :
```

	SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi
Bin	dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts
	SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi
Bin	dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts

#### Telnet Command: adsl optn

This command allows you to configure DSL line feature.

#### Syntax

adsl optn FUNC [us/ds/bi [value/on/off]]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
FUNC	Available settings contain: 'bitswap', 'sra', 'aelem', 'g.vector', 'status', 'trellis', 'retx', 'default'.
us/ds/bi	us: upstream ds: downstream bi: bidirection. 'aelem' and 'g.vector' can be only on/off.
value	The value shall be hex digits. bitswap=0~2, sra=0,2,3,4.
on/off	Type "on" for enabling such function. Type "off" for disabling such function.

#### Example

> adsl optr	n default
trellis	[US] = ON, [DS] = ON.
bitswap	[US] = 0, [DS] = 0.
	[0: default(ON), 1: ON, 2: OFF]
sra	[US] = 0, [DS] = 0.
	[0: default(=3), 2: OFF, 3: ON , 4: DYNAMIC_SOS]
retx	[US] = ON, [DS] = ON.
aelem	ON
G.Vector	ON

#### Telnet Command: adsl savecfg

This command can save the configuration into FLASH with a file format of cfg.

#### Example

> adsl savecfg
% Xdsl Cfg Save OK!

#### Telnet Command: adsl vendorid

This command allows you to configure user-defined CPE vendor ID.

#### Syntax

adsl vendorid [status/on/off/ set vid0 vid1]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
status	Display current status of user-defined vendor ID.	
on	Enable the user-defined function.	
off	Disable the user-defined function.	
set vid0 vid1	It means to set user-defined vendor ID with vid0 and vid1. The vendor ID shall be set with HEX format, ex: 00fe7244: 79612f2	

#### Example

> adsl vendorid status
% User define CPE Vendor ID is OFF
% vid0:vid1 = 0x00fe7244:79612f21
> adsl vendorid on set vid0 vid1
% User define CPE Vendor ID is ON

#### Telnet Command: adsl atm

This command can set QoS parameter for ATM.

#### Syntax

adsl atm *pcr [pvc_no][PCR][max][status]* adsl atm s*cr [pvc_no][SCR]* adsl atm *mbs [pvc_no][MBS]* adsl atm *status* 

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
pvc_no	It means <i>pvc</i> number and must be between 0(Channel 1) to 7(Channel 8).	
PCR	It means Peak Cell Rate for upstream. The range for the number is "1" to "2539".	
max	It means to get the highest speed for the upstream.	
SCR	It means Sustainable Cell Rate.	
MBS	It means Maximum Burst Size.	
status	It means to display PCR/SCR/MBS setting.	

```
> adsl atm pcr 1 200 max
% PCR is 200 for pvc 1.
> adsl atm pcr status
    pvc channel PCR
```

0	1	0
1	2	200
2	3	0
3	4	0
4	5	0
5	б	0
6	7	0
7	8	0
> ac	lsl atm mbs	2 300 max
% ME	3S is 300 fo	r pvc 2.

#### Telnet Command: adsl pvcbinding

This command can configure PVC to PVC binding. Such command is available only for PPPoE and MPoA 1483 Bridge mode.

#### Syntax

adsl pvcbinding [pvc_x pvc_y | status | -1]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
pvc_x	It means the PVC number for the source.	
pvc_y	It means the PVC number that the source PVC will be bound to.	
status	Display a table for PVC binding group.	
-1	It means to clear specific PVC binding.	

#### Example

```
> adsl pvcbinding 3 5
set done. bind pvc3 to pvc5.
```

The above example means PVC3 has been bound to PVC5.

> adsl pvcbinding 3 -1
clear pvc-1 binding

The above example means the PVC3 binding group has been removed.

#### Telnet Command: adsl inventory

This command is used to display information about CO or CPE.

#### Syntax

adsl inventory [co/cpe]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
со	It means DSLAM (Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer) or CO (Central Office).	
сре	It means CPE (Customer Premise Equipment).	

```
> adsl inventory co
xDSL inventory info only available in showtime.
```

```
> adsl inventory cpe
G.994 vendor ID : 0XB5004946544E5444
G.994.1 country code : 0XB500
G.994.1 provider code : IFTN
G.994.1 vendor info : 0X5444
System vendor ID : 0XB5004946544E0000
System country code : 0XB500
System provider code : IFTN
System vendor info : 0X000
Version number
Version number(16 octets) : 0X332E382E325F524334615F5354440000
Self-test result : PASS
Transmission mode capability : 0X40004004C010400
>
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl status

This command is used to display current status of VDSL setting.

#### Syntax

vdsl status [more | counts | hlog | qln | snr | bandinfo | olr]

#### Example

> vc	dsl status						
		ATU-R	Info (hw:	annex A, f/w	: annex A	/B/C) -	
R	unning Mode	:		State	:	TRAIN	NING
D	S Actual Rate	:	0 bps				
D	S Attainable Rate	:	0 bps	US Attaina	able Rat	e :	0 bps
D	S Path Mode	:	Fast	US Path Mod	de	:	Fast
D	S Interleave Depth	:	0	US Interle	eave Dept	h :	0
N	E Current Attenuation	ı :	0 dB	Cur SNR M	largin	:	0 dB
D	S actual PSD	:	0. 0 dB	US actual	PSD	:	0. 0 dB
N	E CRC Count	:	0	FE CRC Coun	t	:	0
N	E CRC Count E ES Count	:	0	FE ES Count	t	:	0
Х	dsl Reset Times	:	0	Xdsl Link	Times	:	0
I	TU Version[0]	: b50	04946	ITU Versi	on[1]	: 5	44e0000
V	DSL Firmware Version	: 0	5-04-08-00	0-00-06			
P	ower Management Mode	: D:	SL_G997_PM	MS_NA			
Т	est Mode	: DIS	ABLE				
		ATU-C	C Info				
F	ar Current Attenuatio	on :	0 dB	Far SNR N	Margin	:	0 dB
C	0 ITU Version[0]	: 00	000000	CO ITU Ve	ersion[1]	:	00000000
D	SLAM CHIPSET VENDOR	: <	unknown >	>			
>							

#### Telnet Command: vdsl idle

This command can make the router accessing into the idle status. If you want to invoke the router again, you have to reboot the router by using "reboot" command.

#### Syntax

vdsl idle [on | tcpmessage | tcpmessage_off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	DSL is under test mode.
	DSL debug tool mode is off.

tcpmessage	DSL debug tool mode is on.
tcpmessage_off	DSL debug tool mode is off.

#### Example

```
> vdsl idle on
% DSL is under [IDLE/QUIET] test mode.
% DSL debug tool mode is off.
> vdsl idle tcpmessage
% Set DSL debug tool mode on. Please reboot system to take effect.
> vdsl idle tcpmessage_off
% Set DSL debug tool mode off. Please reboot system to take effect.
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl drivermode

This command is useful for laboratory to measure largest power of data transmission. Please follow the steps below to set vdsl drivermode.

- 1. Please connect dsl line to the DSLAM.
- 2. Waiting for dsl SHOWTIME.
- 3. Drop the dsl line.
- 4. Now, it is on continuous sending mode, and vdsl2/2+ led is always ON.
- 5. Use 'vdsl reboot' to restart dsl to normal mode.

#### Telnet Command: vdsl reboot

This command can reboot the DSL router.

#### Example

```
> vdsl reboot
% Adsl is Rebooting...
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl annex

This command can display the annex interface of this router.

#### Example

```
> vdsl annex
% hardware is annex A.
% ADSL modem code is annex A
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl showbins

This command can display the allocation for each Bin (Tone) SNR, Gain, and Bits.

#### Syntax

vdsl showbins [startbin endbin | up]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
startbin	The number is between 0 ~ 4092.
endbin	The number is between 4 ~ 4095.
ир	Show upstream information.

```
> vdsl showbins 2 30
DOWNSTREAM :
Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi
dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts
Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi - Bin SNR Gain Bi
dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts dB .1dB ts
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl optn

This command allows you to configure DSL line feature.

#### Syntax

vdsl optn FUNC [us/ds/bi [value/on/off]]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
FUNC	Available settings contain: 'bitswap', 'sra', 'aelem', 'g.vector', 'status', 'trellis', 'retx', 'default'.
us/ds/bi	us: upstream ds: downstream bi: bidirection. 'aelem' and 'g.vector' can be only on/off.
value	The value shall be hex digits. bitswap=0~2, sra=0,2,3,4.
on/off	Type "on" for enabling such function. Type "off" for disabling such function.

#### Example

> vdsl optr	ı default			
trellis	[US] =	ON, [DS] =	ON.	
bitswap	[US] =	0, [DS] =	0.	
	[0: defau]	lt(ON), 1: ON,	2: OFF]	
sra	[US] =	0, [DS] =	0.	
	[0: defau]	lt(=3), 2: OFF	, 3: ON ,	4: DYNAMIC_SOS]
retx	[US] =	ON, [DS] =	ON.	
aelem	ON			
G.Vector	ON			

#### Telnet Command: vdsl savecfg

This command can save the configuration into FLASH with a file format of cfg.

#### Example

```
> vdsl savecfg
% Xdsl Cfg Save OK!
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl vendorid

This command allows you to configure user-defined CPE vendor ID.

#### Syntax

vdsl vendorid [status/on/off/ set vid0 vid1]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
status	Display current status of user-defined vendor ID.
on	Enable the user-defined function.
off	Disable the user-defined function.
set vid0 vid1	It means to set user-defined vendor ID with vid0 and vid1. The vendor ID shall be set with HEX format, ex: 00fe7244: 79612f21.

#### Example

```
> vdsl vendorid status
% User define CPE Vendor ID is OFF
% vid0:vid1 = 0x00fe7244:79612f21
> vdsl vendorid on set vid0 vid1
% User define CPE Vendor ID is ON
```

#### Telnet Command: vdsl inventory

This command is used to display information about CO or CPE.

#### Syntax

vdsl inventory [co/cpe]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
СО	It means DSLAM (Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer) or CO (Central Office).
сре	It means CPE (Customer Premise Equipment).

> vdsl inventory co	
xDSL inventory info only ava:	ilable in showtime.
> vdsl inventory cpe	
G.994 vendor ID	: 0XB5004946544E5444
G.994.1 country code	: 0XB500
G.994.1 provider code	: IFTN
G.994.1 vendor info	: 0X5444
System vendor ID	: 0XB5004946544E0000
System country code	: 0XB500
System provider code	: IFTN
System vendor info	: 0X000
Version number	: 3.8.2_RC4a_STD
Version number(16 octets)	: 0X332E382E325F524334615F5354440000
Self-test result	: PASS
Transmission mode capability	: 0X40004004C010400
>	

#### Telnet Command: csm appe prof

Commands under CSM allow you to set CSM profile to define policy profiles for different policy of IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer) application.

"csm appe prof " is used to configure the APP Enforcement Profile name. Such profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

#### Syntax

csm appe prof -i INDEX [-v | -n NAME/setdefault]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	It means to specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the configuration of the CSM profile.
- <i>n</i> It means to set a name for the CSM profile.	
NAME	It means to specify a name for the CSM profile, less then 15 characters.
setdefault	Reset to default settings.

#### Example

```
> csm appe prof -i 1 -n games
The name of APPE Profile 1 was setted.
```

#### Telnet Command: csm appe set

It is used to configure group settings for  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IM}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathsf{Protocol}}\xspace$  and Others in APP Enforcement Profile.

csm appe set -i INDEX [-v GROUP| -e AP_IDX | -d AP_IDX | -a AP_IDX [ACTION]]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.
- V	View the IM/P2P/Protocol and Others configuration of the CSM profile.
-е	Enable to block specific application.
-d	Disable to block specific application.
-a	Set the action of specific application
GROUP	Specify the category of the application. Available options are: IM, P2P, Protocol and Others.
AP_IDX	Each application has independent index number for identification in CLI command. Specify the index number of the application here. If you have no idea of the inex number, do the following (Take IM as an example): Type "csm appe set -I 1 -v IM", the system will list all of the index numbers of the applications categorized under IM.
ACTION	Specify the action of the application, 0 or 1. 0: Block. All of the applications meet the CSM rule will be blocked. 1: Pass. All of the applications meet the CSM rule will be passed.

#### Example

```
>csm appe set -i 1 -a 1 1
Profile 1 - : <NULL> action set to Pass.
>
```

#### Telnet Command: csm appe show

It is used to display group (IM/P2P/Protocol and Others) information APP Enforcement Profile. csm appe show [-a/-i/-p/-t/-m]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-а	View the configuration status for All groups.
-i	View the configuration status of IM group.
-р	View the configuration status of P2P group.
- <i>t</i>	View the configuration status of protocol group.
-т	View the configuration status of Others group.

#### Example

>csm appe show -t				
	Index (M)essage,	Name (F)ile Transfer,	Version Advance (G)ame, (C)onference,	
PROTOCOL	52	DB2		
PROTOCOL	53	DNS		
PROTOCOL	54	FTP		
PROTOCOL	55	HTTP	1.1	
PROTOCOL	56	IMAP	4.1	
PROTOCOL	57	IMAP STARTTLS	4.1	
PROTOCOL	58	IRC	2.4.0	

#### Telnet Command: csm appe config

It is used to display the configuration status (enabled or disabled) for IM/P2P/Protocol/Other applications.

csm appe config -v INDEX [-i/-p/-t/-m]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	Specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 32.
- <i>i</i>	View the configuration status of IM group.
- <i>p</i>	View the configuration status of P2P group.
- <i>t</i>	View the configuration status of protocol group.
-т	View the configuration status of Others group.

```
> csm appe config -v 1 -m
```

Group	Туре	Index	Name Ena	ble A
	eviation: Mes eviation: : M		ransfer, Game, Conferen nd O	ce, and Other
OTHERS	TUNNEL	75	DNSCrypt	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	76	DynaPass	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	77	FreeU	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	78	HTTP Proxy	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	79	HTTP Tunnel	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	80	Hamachi	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	81	MS Teredo	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	82	MS Teredo	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	83	PGPNet	Disable
OTHERS	TUNNEL	84	Ping Tunnel	Disable
otal 66 APPs				

#### Telnet Command: csm appe interface

It is used to configure APPE signature download interface.

csm appe interface [AUTO/WAN#]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
AUTO	Vigor router specifies WAN interface automatically.
WAN	Specify the WAN interface for signature downloading.

```
> csm appe interface wan1
Download interface is set as "WAN1" now.
> csm appe interface auto
Download interface is set as "auto-selected" now.
```

#### Telnet Command: csm appe email

It is used to set notification e-mail for APPE signature based on the settings configured in System Maintenance>>SysLog/Mail Alert Setup (in which, the box of APPE Signature is checkd under Enable E-Mail Alert).

csm appe email [-e/-d/-s]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-е	Enable notification e-mail mechanism.	
-d	Disable notification e-mail mechanism.	
- <i>S</i>	Send an example e-mail.	

#### Example

```
> csm appe email -e
Enable APPE email.
```

#### Telnet Command: csm ucf

It is used to configure settings for URL control filter profile.

#### Syntax

csm ucf show csm ucf setdefault csm ucf msg *MSG* csm ucf obj *INDEX [-n PROFILE_NAME | -I [P/B/A/N] | uac | wf ]* csm ucf obj *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm ucf obj *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm ucf obj *INDEX -p VALUE* csm ucf obj *INDEX -I P/B/A/N* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf* 

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display all of the profiles.
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all of the profile.
msg MSG	It means de set the administration message. MSG means the content (less than 255 characters) of the message itself.
obj	It means to specify the object for the profile.
INDEX	It means to specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8.
-n	It means to set the profile name.
PROFILE_NAME	It means to specify the name of the profile (less than 16 characters)
- <i>p</i>	Set the priority (defined by the number specified in VALUE) for the profile.

VALUE	<ul> <li>Number 0 to 3 represent different conditions.</li> <li>0: It means Bundle: Pass.</li> <li>1: It means Bundle: Block.</li> <li>2: It means Either: URL Access Control First.</li> <li>3: It means Either: Web Feature First.</li> </ul>
-1	It means the log type of the profile. They are: P: Pass, B: Block, A: All, N: None
MSG	It means to specify the Administration Message, less then 255 characters
uac	It means to set URL Access Control part.
wf	It means to set Web Feature part.

# Telnet Command: csm ucf obj INDEX uac

It means to configure the settings regarding to URL Access Control (uac).

#### Syntax

csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -v* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -e* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -d* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -a P/B* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -i E/D* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -o KEY_WORD_Object_Index* csm ucf obj *INDEX uac -g KEY_WORD_Group_Index* 

Parameter	Description
INDEX	It means to specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8.

- V	It means to view the protocol configuration of the CSM profile.
-е	It means to enable the function of URL Access Control.
-d	It means to disable the function of URL Access Control.
-8	Set the action of specific application, P or B. B: Block. The web access meets the URL Access Control will be blocked.
	P: Pass. The web access meets the URL Access Control will be passed.
-i	Prevent the web access from any IP address.
	E: Enable the function. The Internet access from any IP address will be blocked.
	D: Disable the function.
-0	Set the keyword object.
KEY_WORD_Object_Index	Specify the index number of the object profile.
-g	Set the keyword group.
KEY_WORD_Group_Index	Specify the index number of the group profile.

```
> csm ucf obj 1 uac -i E
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[game]
Log:[none]
Priority Select : [Bundle : Pass]
[ ]Enable URL Access Control
Action: [pass]
[v]Prevent web access from IP address.
No Obj NO.
          Object Name
--- ------
 No Grp NO. Group Name
--- -----
> csm ucf obj 1 uac -a B
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[game]
Log: [none]
Priority Select : [Bundle : Pass]
[ ]Enable URL Access Control
Action:[block]
[v]Prevent web access from IP address.
No Obj NO. Object Name
--- -----
 No Grp NO.
          Group Name
--- -----
```

## Telnet Command: csm ucf obj INDEX wf

It means to configure the settings regarding to Web Feature (wf).

#### Syntax

csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -v* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -e* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -d* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -a P/B* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -s WEB_FEATURE* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -u WEB_FEATURE* csm ucf obj *INDEX wf -f File_Extension_Object_index* 

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
INDEX	It means to specify the index number of CSM profile, from 1 to 8.
- V	It means to view the protocol configuration of the CSM profile.
-е	It means to enable the restriction of web feature.
-d	It means to disable the restriction of web feature.
-a	Set the action of web feature, P or B. B: Block. The web access meets the web feature will be blocked. P: Pass. The web access meets the web feature will be passed.
-S	It means to enable the the Web Feature configuration. Features available for configuration are: c: Cookie p: Proxy u: Upload
-U	It means to cancel the web feature configuration.
-f	It means to set the file extension object index number.
File_Extension_Object_inde x	Type the index number (1 to 8) for the file extension object.

```
[ ]Enable Restrict Web Feature
Action:[pass]
File Extension Object Index : [0] Profile Name : []
[V] Cookie [ ] Proxy [ ] Upload
```

# Telnet Command: csm wcf

It means to configure the settings regarding to web control filter (wcf).

## Syntax

csm wcf show
csm wcf look
csm wcf cache
csm wcf server WCF_SERVER
csm wcf msg MSG
csm wcf setdefault
csm wcf obj INDEX -v
csm wcf obj INDEX -a P/B
csm wcf obj INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME
csm wcf obj INDEX -I N/P/B/A
csm wcf obj INDEX -o KEY_WORD Object Index
csm wcf obj INDEX -g KEY_WORD Group Index
csm wcf obj INDEX -w E/D/P/B
csm wcf obj INDEX -s CATEGORY/WEB_GROUP
$csm \; wcf \; obj \; \mathit{INDEX} \; \textit{-}u \; \mathit{CATEGORY} / \mathit{WEB_GROUP}$

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display the web content filter profiles.
Look	It means to display the license information of WCF.
Cache	It means to set the cache level for the profile.
Server WCF_SERVER	It means to set web content filter server.
Msg MSG	It means de set the administration message. MSG means the content (less than 255 characters) of the message itself.
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all of the profile.
obj	It means to specify the object profile.
INDEX	It means to specify the index number of web content filter profile, from 1 to 8.
- V	It means to view the web content filter profile.
-a	Set the action of web content filter profile, P or B. B: Block. The web access meets the web feature will be blocked. P: Pass. The web access meets the web feature will be passed.
-n	It means to set the profile name.
PROFILE_NAME	It means to specify the name of the profile (less than 16 characters)
-1	It means the log type of the profile. They are:

	P: Pass,
	B: Block,
	A: All,
	N: None
-0	Set the keyword object.
KEY_WORD_Object_Index	Specify the index number of the object profile.
- <i>g</i>	Set the keyword group.
KEY_WORD_Group_Index	Specify the index number of the group profile.
- <i>W</i>	It means to set the action for the black and white list.
	E:Enable,
	D:Disable,
	P:Pass,
	B:Block
-S	It means to choose the items under CATEGORY or WEB_GROUP.
-И	It means to discard items under CATEGORY or WEB_GROUP.
WEB_GROUP	Child_Protection, Leisure, Business, Chating, Computer Internet, Other
CATEGORY	Includes:
	Alcohol & Tobacco, Criminal Activity, Gambling, Hate & Intoleranc, Illegal Drug, Nudity, Pornography/Sexually Explicit, Weapons, Violence, School Cheating, Sex Education, Tasteless, Child Abuse Imges, Entertainment, Games, Sports, Travel, Leisure & Recreation, Fashin & Beauty, Business, Job Search, Web-based Emai, Chat, Instant Messaging, Anonymizers, Forums & Newsgroups, Computers & Technology, Download Sites, Streaming Media & Downloads, Phishing & Fraud, Search Engines & Portals, Social Networking, Spam Sites, Malware, Botnets, Hacking, Illegal Software, Information Security, Peer-to-eer, Advertisements & Pop-Ups, Arts, Transportation, Compromised, Dating & Personals, , Education, Finance, Government, Health & Medcine, News, Non-profits & NGOs, Personal Sites, Politics, Real Estate, Rligion, Restaurants & Dining, Shopping, Translators, General, Cults, Greetig cards, Image Sharing, Network Errors, Parked Domains, Private IP Addresses)

```
> csm wcf obj 1 -n test wcf
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[test_wcf]
[]White/Black list
Action:[block]
No Obj NO. Object Name
--- -----
No Grp NO. Group Name
--- -----
Action:[block]
Log:[block]
_____
child Protection Group:
 [v]Alcohol & Tobacco [v]Criminal & Activity [v]Gambling
 [v]Hate & Intolerance [v]Illegal Drug
                                [v]Nudity
 [v]Pornography & Sexually explicit [v]Violence
[v]Weapons
 [v]School Cheating
               [v]Sex Education [v]Tasteless
 [v]Child Abuse Images
_____
leisure Group:
 []Entertainment []Games
                                  [ ]Sports
                [ ]Leisure & Recreation [ ]Fashion & Beauty
 []Travel
>
```

#### Telnet Command: csm dnsf

It means to configure the settings regarding to DNS filter. csm dnsf enable *ON/OFF* csm dnsf syslog *N/P/B/A* csm dnsf service WCF_PROFILE csm dnsf service_ucf UCF_PROFILE csm dnsf time CACHE_TIME csm dnsf blockpage *show/on/off* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -n PROFILE_NAME* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -1 N/P/B/A* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -w WCF_PROFILE* csm dnsf profile_edit *INDEX -u UCF_PROFILE* 

## csm dnsf profile_edit INDEX -c CACHE_TIME

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable	Enable or disable DNS Filter.
	ON: enable.
	OFF: disable.
syslog	Determine the content of records transmitting to Syslog. P: Pass. Records for the packets passing through DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	B: Block. Records for the packets blocked by DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	A: All. Records for the packets passing through or blocked by DNS filter will be sent to Syslog.
	N: None. No record will be sent to Syslog.
service WCF_PROFILE	WCF_PROFILE: Specify a WCF profile as the base of DNS filtering. Type a number to indicate the index number of WCF profile (1 is first profile, 2 is second profile, and so on).
time CACHE_TIME	CACHE_TIME: It means to set the time for cache to live (available values are 1 to 24; 1 is one hour, 2 is two hours, and so on) for DNS filter.
blockpage	DNS sends block page for redirect port. When a web page is blocked by DNS filter, the router system will send a message page to describe that the page is not allowed to be visisted.
	ON: Enable the function of displaying message page.
	OFF: Disable the function of displaying message page.
	SHOW: Display the function of displaying message page is ON or OFF.
profile_show	Display the table of the DNS filter profile.
profile_edit	Modify the content of the DNS filter profile.
-n PROFILE_NAME	PROFILE_NAME: Type the name of the DNS filter profile that you want to modify.
-I N/P/B/A	Specify the log type of the profile.
	P: Pass.
	B: Block.
	A: All.
	N: None.
-w WCF_PROFILE	WCF_PROFILE: Type the index number of the WCF profile.
-u UCF_PROFILE	UCF_PROFILE: Type the index number of the UCF profile.
-c CACHE_TIME	-c means to set the cache time for DNS filter.
	CACHE_TIME: It means to set the time for cache to live (available values are 1 to 24; 1 is one hour, 2 is two hours, and so on) for DNS filter.

```
> csm dnsf service 2
dns service set up!!!
>csm dnsf service 3
wcf profile 3 is empty.....
>csm dnsf cachetime 1
dns cache time set up!!!
```

# Telnet Command: ddns log

Displays the DDNS log.

#### Example

>ddns log >

# Telnet Command: ddns time

Sets and displays the DDNS time.

## Syntax

ddns time <update in minutes>

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Update in minutes	Type the value as DDNS time. The range is from 1 to 14400.

## Example

```
> ddns time
ddns time <update in minutes>
Valid: 1 ~ 1440
%Now: 1440
> ddns time 1000
ddns time <update in minutes>
Valid: 1 ~ 1440
%Now: 1000
```

## Telnet Command: dos

This command allows users to configure the settings for DoS defense system.

## Syntax

dos [-V | D | A]
dos [-s ATTACK_F [THRESHOLD][ TIMEOUT]]
dos [-a | e [ATTACK_F][ATTACK_0] | d [ATTACK_F][ATTACK_0]]

Parameter	Description
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the configuration of DoS defense system.
-D	It means to deactivate the DoS defense system.
-A	It means to activate the DoS defense system.
-S	It means to enable the defense function for a specific attack and set its parameter(s).
ATTACK_F	It means to specify the name of flooding attack(s) or portscan, e.g., synflood, udpflood, icmpflood, or postscan.
THRESHOLD	It means the packet rate (packet/second) that a flooding attack will be detected. Set a value larger than 20.

TIMEOUT	It means the time (seconds) that a flooding attack will be blocked. Set a value larger than 5.
-a	It means to enable the defense function for all attacks listed in ATTACK_0.
-е	It means to enable defense function for a specific attack(s).
ATTACK_0	It means to specify a name of the following attacks: ip_option, tcp_flag, land, teardrop, smurf, pingofdeath, traceroute, icmp_frag, syn_frag, unknow_proto, fraggle.
-d	It means to disable the defense function for a specific attack(s).

```
>dos -A
The Dos Defense system is Activated
>dos -s synflood 50 10
Synflood is enabled! Threshold=50 <pke/sec> timeout=10 <pke/sec>
```

## Telnet Command: exit

Type this command will leave telnet window.

## **Telnet Command: Internet**

This command allows you to configure detailed settings for WAN connection.

#### Syntax

internet -W n -M n [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

Parameter	Description
-M n	M means to set Internet Access Mode (Mandatory) and n means different modes (represented by 0 - 3) n=0: Offline n=1: PPPoE n=2: Dynamic IP n=3: Static IP
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-S <isp name=""></isp>	It means to set ISP Name (max. 23 characters).
-P <on off=""></on>	It means to enable PPPoE Service.
-u <username></username>	It means to set username (max. 49 characters) for Internet accessing.
-p <password></password>	It means to set password (max. 49 characters) for Internet accessing.
-a n	It means to set PPP Authentication Type and n means different types (represented by 0-1). n=0: PAP/CHAP (this is default setting) n=1: PAP Only
-t n	It means to set connection duration and n means different conditions.

	n=-1: Always-on	
	n=1 ~ 999: Idle time for offline (default 180 seconds)	
-i <ip address=""></ip>	It means that <i>PPPoE server</i> will assign an IP address specified here for CPE (PPPoE client). If you type 0.0.0.0 as the <ip address="">, ISP will assign suitable IP address for you. However, if you type an IP address here, the router will use that one as a fixed IP.</ip>	
-w <ip address=""></ip>	It means to assign WAN IP address for such connection. Please type an IP address here for WAN port.	
-n <netmask></netmask>	It means to assign netmask for WAN connection. You have to type 255.255.255.xxx (x is changeable) as the netmask for WAN port.	
-g <gateway></gateway>	It means to assign gateway IP for such WAN connection.	
-V	It means to view Internet Access profile.	
-C <sim code="" pin=""></sim>	Set (PPP mode) SIM PIN code (max. 15 characters).	
-0 <init string=""></init>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Initial String (max. 47 characters).	
-T <init string2=""></init>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Initial String2 (max. 47 characters)	
-D <dial string=""></dial>	Set (PPP mode) Modem Dial String (max. 31 characters).	
-v <service name=""></service>	Set (PPP mode) Service Name (max. 23 characters).	
-m <ppp username=""></ppp>	Set (PPP mode) PPP Username (max. 63 characters).	
-o <ppp password=""></ppp>	Set (PPP mode) PPP Password (max. 62 characters).	
-e n	Set (PPP mode) PPP Authentication Type. n= 0: PAP/CHAP (default), 1: PAP Only	
-q n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-One	
-x n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Two	
-y n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Three	
-z n	(PPP mode) Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup-Four	
-Q <mode></mode>	Set (PPP mode or DHCP mode) WAN Connection Detection Mode. <mode> 0: ARP Detect; 1: Ping Detect</mode>	
-I <ping ip=""></ping>	Set (PPP mode or DHCP mode) WAN Connection Detection Ping IP. <ping ip="">= ppp.qqq.rrr.sss: WAN Connection Detection Ping IP</ping>	
-L n	Set (PPP mode) WAN Connection Detection TTL (1-255) value.	
-E <sim code="" pin=""></sim>	Set (DHCP mode) SIM PIN code (max. 19 characters).	
-G <mode></mode>	Set (DHCP mode) Network Mode. <mode> 0: 4G/3G/2G; 1: 4G Only; 2: 3G Only; 3: 2G Only</mode>	
-N <apn name=""></apn>	Set (DHCP mode) APN Name (max. 47 characters)	
-U n	(DHCP mode) MTU(1000-1440)	

>internet -M 1 -S tcom -u username -p password -a 0 -t -1 -i 0.0.0.0
WAN1 Internet Mode set to PPPoE/PPPoA

```
WAN1 ISP Name set to tcom
WAN1 Username set to username
WAN1 Password set successful
WAN1 PPP Authentication Type set to PAP/CHAP
WAN1 Idle timeout set to always-on
WAN1 Gateway IP set to 0.0.0.0
> internet -V
WAN1 Internet Mode:PPPoE
ISP Name: tcom
Username: username
Authentication: PAP/CHAP
Idle Timeout: -1
WAN IP: Dynamic IP
```

## Telnet Command: ip pubsubnet

This command allows users to enable or disable the IP routing subnet for your router.

#### Syntax

ip 2ndsubnet <Enable/Disable>

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Enable	Enable the function.
Disable	Disable the function.

#### Example

```
> ip 2ndsubnet enable
2nd subnet enabled!
```

## Telnet Command: ip pubaddr

This command allows to set the IP routed subnet for the router.

#### Syntax

ip pubaddr ?

ip pubaddr <public subnet IP address>

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	Display an IP address which allows users set as the public subnet IP address.
public subnet IP address	Specify an IP address. The system will set the one that you specified as the public subnet IP address.

```
> ip pubaddr ?
% ip addr <public subnet IP address>
```

```
% Now: 192.168.0.1
> ip pubaddr 192.168.2.5
% Set public subnet IP address done !!!
```

## Telnet Command: ip pubmask

This command allows users to set the mask for IP routed subnet of your router.

#### Syntax

ip pubmask ?

ip pubmask <public subnet mask>

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	Display an IP address which allows users set as the public subnet mask.
public subnet IP address	Specify a subnet mask. The system will set the one that you specified as the public subnet mask.

## Example

```
> ip pubmask ?
% ip pubmask <public subnet mask>
% Now: 255.255.255.0
> ip pubmask 255.255.0.0
% Set public subnet mask done !!!
```

# Telnet Command: ip aux

This command is used for configuring WAN IP Alias.

## Syntax

ip aux add [IP] [Join to NAT Pool][wanX]
ip aux remove [index]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
add	It means to create a new WAN IP address.
remove	It means to delete an existed WAN IP address.
IP	It means the auxiliary WAN IP address.
Join to NAT Pool	0 (disable) or 1 (enable).
wanX	Add or remove an address for WAN interface.
index	Type the index number of the table displayed on your screen.

```
> ip aux add 192.168.1.65 1
```

```
% 192.168.1.65 has added in index 2.
```

```
> ip aux ?%% ip aux add [IP] [Join to NAT Pool]
%% ip aux remove [Index]
<del>%</del>
     Where IP = Auxiliary WAN IP Address.
         Join to NAT Pool = 0 or 1.
88
%%
         Index = The Index number of table.
Now auxiliary WAN1 IP Address table:
Index no.
           Status IP address NAT IP pool
_____
           Disable 0.0.0.0 Yes
  1
  2
           Enable 192.168.1.65 Yes
```

When you type *ip aux*?, the current auxiliary WAN IP Address table will be shown as the following:

Index no.	Status	IP address	IP pool
1		172.16.3.229	Yes
2		172.16.3.56	No
2			1.0
3	Enable	172.16.3.113	No

# Telnet Command: ip addr

This command allows users to set/add a specified LAN IP your router.

#### Syntax

ip addr [IP address]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the LAN IP address.

#### Example

```
>ip addr 192.168.50.1
% Set IP address OK !!!
```

# 0

Info

When the LAN IP address is changed, the start IP address of DHCP server are still the same. To make the IP assignment of the DHCP server being consistent with this new IP address (they should be in the same network segment), the IP address of the PC must be fixed with the same LAN IP address (network segment) set by this command for accessing into the web user interface of the router. Later, modify the start addresses for the DHCP server.

# Telnet Command: ip nmask

This command allows users to set/add a specified netmask for your router.

#### Syntax

ip nmask [IP netmask]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP netmask	It means the netmask of LAN IP.

#### Example

```
> ip nmask 255.255.0.0
% Set IP netmask OK !!!
```

## Telnet Command: ip arp

ARP displays the matching condition for IP and MAC address.

#### Syntax

ip arp add [IP address] [MAC address] [LAN or WAN]

ip arp del [IP address] [LAN or WAN]

ip arp flush

ip arp status

ip arp accept [0/1/2/3/4/5status]

ip arp setCacheLife [time]

In which, **arp add** allows users to add a new IP address into the ARP table; **arp del** allows users to remove an IP address; **arp flush** allows users to clear arp cache; **arp status** allows users to review current status for the arp table; **arp accept** allows to accept or reject the source /destination MAC address; arp **setCacheLife** allows users to configure the duration in which ARP caches can be stored on the system. If **ip arp setCacheLife** is set with "60", it means you have an ARP cache at 0 second. Sixty seconds later without any ARP messages received, the system will think such ARP cache is expired. The system will issue a few ARP request to see if this cache is still valid.

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the LAN IP address.
MAC address	It means the MAC address of your router.
LAN or WAN	It indicates the direction for the arp function.
0/1/2/3/4/5	<ul> <li>0: disable to accept illegal source mac address</li> <li>1: enable to accept illegal source mac address</li> <li>2: disable to accept illegal dest mac address</li> <li>3: enable to accept illegal dest mac address</li> <li>4: Decline VRRP mac into arp table</li> <li>5: Accept VRRP mac into arp table</li> <li>status: display the setting status.</li> </ul>
Time	Available settings will be 10, 20, 30,2550 seconds.

```
> ip arp accept status
Accept illegal source mac arp: disable
Accept illegal dest mac arp: disable
Accept VRRP mac into arp table: disable
> ip arp status
[ARP Table]
Index IP Address MAC Address Netbios Name
1 192.168.1.113 00-05-5D-E4-D8-EE A1000351
```

#### Telnet Command: ip dhcpc

This command is available for WAN DHCP.

#### Syntax

ip dhcpc option ip dhcpc option -h/l ip dhcpc option -d [idx] ip dhcpc option -e [1 or 0] -w [wan unmber] -c [option number] -v [option value] ip dhcpc option -e [1 or 0] -w [wan unmber] -c [option number] -x "[option value]" ip dhcpc option -u [idx unmber] ip dhcpc release [wan number] ip dhcpc renew [wan number] ip dhcpc status

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
option	It is an optional setting for DHCP server.
	-h: display usage
	-I: list all custom set DHCP options
	-d: delete custom dhcp client option by index number
	-e: enable/disable option feature, 1:enable, 0:disable
	-w: set WAN number (e.g., 1=WAN1)
	-c: set option number: 0~255
	-v: set option value by string
	-x: set option value by raw byte (hex)
	-u: update by index number
release	It means to release current WAN IP address.
renew	It means to renew the WAN IP address and obtain another new one.
status	It displays current status of DHCP client.

```
>ip dhcpc status
I/F#3 DHCP Client Status:
```

DHCP Server IP	:	172.16.3.7
WAN Ipm	:	172.16.3.40
WAN Netmask	:	255.255.255.0
WAN Gateway	:	172.16.3.1
Primary DNS	:	168.95.192.1
Secondary DNS	:	0.0.0
Leased Time	:	259200
Leased Time T1	:	129600
Leased Time T2	:	226800
Leased Elapsed	:	259194
Leased Elapsed T1	:	129594
Leased Elapsed T2	:	226794

## Telnet Command: ip ping

This command allows users to ping IP address of WAN1/WAN2/PVC3/PVC4/PVC5 for verifying if the WAN connection is OK or not.

#### Syntax

ip ping [IP address] [WAN1 /PVC3/PVC4/PVC5]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the WAN IP address.
WAN1/PVC3/PVC4/PVC5	It means the WAN port /PVC that the above IP address passes through.

## Example

```
>ip ping 172.16.3.229 WAN1
Pinging 172.16.3.229 with 64 bytes of Data:
Receive reply from 172.16.3.229, time=0ms
Receive reply from 172.16.3.229, time=0ms
Packets: Sent = 5, Received = 5, Lost = 0 <0% loss>
```

#### Telnet Command: ip tracert

This command allows users to trace the routes from the router to the host.

#### Syntax

ip tracert [Host/IP address] [WAN1/WAN2/WAN3/WAN4/WAN5] [Udp/Icmp]

Parameter	Description
IP address	It means the target IP address.
WAN1/WAN2	It means the WAN port that the above IP address passes through.
Udp/Icmp	It means the UDP or ICMP.

```
>ip tracert 22.128.2.62 WAN1
Traceroute to 22.128.2.62, 30 hops max
1
   172.16.3.7 10ms
2
   172.16.1.2 10ms
3
  Request Time out.
4
   168.95.90.66
                  50ms
5
   211.22.38.134 50ms
6
   220.128.2.62 50ms
Trace complete
```

# Telnet Command: ip telnet

This command allows users to access specified device by telnet.

#### Syntax

ip telnet [IP address][Port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP address	Type the WAN or LAN IP address of the remote device.
Port	Type a port number (e.g., 23). Available settings: 0 ~65535.

#### Example

```
> ip telnet 172.17.3.252 23
```

#### Telnet Command: ip rip

This command allows users to set the RIP (routing information protocol) of IP.

#### Syntax

ip rip [0/1/2]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
0/1/2	0 means disable; 1 means first subnet and 2 means second subnet.

```
> ip rip 1
%% Set RIP 1st subnet.
```

## Telnet Command: ip wanrip

This command allows users to set the RIP (routing information protocol) of WAN IP.

#### Syntax

ip wanrip [ifno] -e [0/1]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface. 1: WAN1,2: WAN2, 3: PVC3,4: PVC4,5: PVC5 Note: PVC3 ~PVC5 are virtual WANs.
-e	It means to disable or enable RIP setting for specified WAN interface. 1: Enable the function of setting RIP of WAN IP. 0: Disable the function.

```
> ip wanrip ?
Valid ex: ip wanrip <ifno> -e <0/1>
<ifno> 1: WAN1,2: WAN2
      3: PVC3,4: PVC4,5: PVC5
-e < 0/1 > 0: disable, 1: enable
Now status:
WAN[1] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[2] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[3] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[4] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[5] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[6] Rip Protocol enable
WAN[7] Rip Protocol enable
> ip wanrip 5 -e 1
> ip wanrip ?
Valid ex: ip wanrip <ifno> -e <0/1>
<ifno> 1: WAN1,2: WAN2
      3: PVC3,4: PVC4,5: PVC5
-e <0/1> 0: disable, 1: enable
Now status:
WAN[1] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[2] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[3] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[4] Rip Protocol disable
WAN[5] Rip Protocol enable
```

## Telnet Command: ip route

This command allows users to set static route.

#### Syntax

ip route add [dst] [netmask][gateway][ifno][rtype] ip route del [dst] [netmask][rtype] ip route status ip route cnc ip route default [wan1/wan2/off/?] ip route clean [1/0]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
add	It means to add an IP address as static route.
del	It means to delete specified IP address.
status	It means current status of static route.
dst	It means the IP address of the destination.
netmask	It means the netmask of the specified IP address.
gateway	It means the gateway of the connected router.
ifno	It means the connection interface. 3=WAN1 5=WAN3,6=WAN4,7=WAN5 However, WAN3, WAN4, WAN5 are router-borne WANs
rtype	It means the type of the route. default : default route; static: static route.
cnc	It means current IP range for CNC Network.
default	Set WAN1/WAN2/off as current default route.
clean	Clean all of the route settings. 1: Enable the function. 0: Disable the function.

```
> ip route add 172.16.2.0 255.255.0 172.16.2.4 3 static
> ip route status
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private
C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, LAN1
S 172.16.2.0/ 255.255.255.0 via 172.16.2.4, WAN1
```

## Telnet Command: ip igmp_proxy

This command allows users to enable/disable igmp proxy server.

#### Syntax

- ip igmp_proxy set
- ip igmp_proxy reset
- ip igmp_proxy wan
- ip igmp_proxy t_home[on/off/show/help]
- ip igmp_proxy query
- ip igmp_proxy ppp [0/1]
- ip igmp_proxy status

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
set	It means to enable proxy server.
reset	It means to disable proxy server.
wan	It means to specify WAN interface for IGMP service.
t_home	It means to specify t_home proxy server for using.
On/off/show/help	It means to turn on/off/display or get more information of the T_home service.
query	It means to set IGMP general query interval. The default value is 125000 ms.
ррр	0 - No need to set IGMP with PPP header. 1 - Set IGMP with PPP header.
status	It means to display current status for proxy server.

```
> ip igmp t_home on
%T-Home Setting:
%T-Home Service is turned on.
%WAN1 : Enabled, connection type: PPPoE, without tag for ADSL
%WAN5 : Enabled, connection type: DHCP, tag: 8
%: PVC4(WAN5) is bound to PVC0(WAN1), protocol=MPoA 1483 Bridge
%IGMP Proxy Interface: WAN5(PVC)
%WAN5 for Router-borne Application/ IPTV on/off: ON
> ip igmp_proxy query 130000
This command is for setting IGMP General Query Interval
The default value is 125000 ms
Current Setting is:130000 ms
```

## Telnet Command: ip dmz

Specify MAC address of certain device as the DMZ host.

#### Syntax

ip dmz [mac]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
mac	It means the MAC address of the device that you want to specify

#### Example

```
>ip dmz ?
% ip dmz <mac>, now : 00-00-00-00-00
> ip dmz 11-22-33-44-55-66
> ip dmz ?
% ip dmz <mac>, now : 11-22-33-44-55-66
>
```

## Telnet Command: ip session

This command allows users to set maximum session limit number for the specified IP; set message for exceeding session limit and set how many seconds the IP session block works.

#### Syntax

ip session on

ip session off

ip session default [num]

ip session defaultp2p [num]

ip session status

ip session show

ip session *timer* [num]

ip session [block/unblock][IP]

ip session [add/del][IP1-IP2][num][p2pnum]

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on session limit for each IP.
off	It means to turn off session limit for each IP.
default [num]	It means to set the default number of session num limit.
DefautIp2p [num]	It means to set the default number of session num limit for p2p.
status	It means to display the current settings.
show	It means to display all session limit settings in the IP range.
timer [num]	It means to set when the IP session block works. The unit is second.

[block/unblock][IP]	It means to block/unblock the specified IP address. Block: The IP cannot access Internet through the router. Unblock: The specified IP can access Internet through the router.
add	It means to add the session limits in an IP range.
del	It means to delete the session limits in an IP range.
IP1-IP2	It means the range of IP address specified for this command.
num	It means the number of the session limits, e.g., 100.
p2pnum	It means the number of the session limits, e.g., 50 for P2P.

```
>ip session default 100
> ip session add 192.168.1.5-192.168.1.100 100 50
> ip session on
> ip session status
IP range:
    192.168.1.5 - 192.168.1.100 : 100
Current ip session limit is turn on
Current default session number is 100
```

# Telnet Command: ip bandwidth

This command allows users to set maximum bandwidth limit number for the specified IP.

#### Syntax

ip bandwidth on
ip bandwidth off
ip bandwidth default [tx_rate][rx_rate]
ip bandwidth status
ip bandwidth show
ip bandwidth [add/del] [IP1-IP2][tx][rx][shared]

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on the IP bandwidth limit.
off	It means to turn off the IP bandwidth limit.
default [tx_rate][rx_rate]	It means to set default tx and rx rate of bandwidth limit. The range is from 0 - 65535 Kpbs.
status	It means to display the current settings.
show	It means to display all the bandwidth limits settings within the IP range.
add	It means to add the bandwidth within the IP range.
del	It means to delete the bandwidth within the IP range.
IP1-IP2	It means the range of IP address specified for this command.

tx	It means to set transmission rate for bandwidth limit.
rx	It means to set receiving rate for bandwidth limit.
shared	It means that the bandwidth will be shared for the IP range.

```
> ip bandwidth default 200 800
> ip bandwidth add 192.168.1.50-192.168.1.100 10 60
> ip bandwidth status
IP range:
   192.168.1.50 - 192.168.1.100 : Tx:10K Rx:60K
Current ip Bandwidth limit is turn off
Auto adjustment is off
```

## Telnet Command: ip bindmac

This command allows users to set IP-MAC binding for LAN host.

#### Syntax

ip bindmac on

ip bindmac off

ip bindmac strict_on

ip bindmac show

ip bindmac add [IP][MAC][Comment]

ip bindmac del [IP]/all

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on IP bandmac policy. Even the IP is not in the policy table, it can still access into network.
off	It means to turn off all the bindmac policy.
strict_on	It means that only those IP address in IP bindmac policy table can access into network.
show	It means to display the IP address and MAC address of the pair of binded one.
add	It means to add one ip bindmac.
del	It means to delete one ip bindmac.
IP	It means to type the IP address for binding with specified MAC address.
МАС	It means to type the MAC address for binding with the IP address specified.
Comment	It means to type words as a brief description.
All	It means to delete all the IP bindmac settings.

> ip bindmac add 192.168.1.46 00:50:7f:22:33:55 just for test > ip bindmac show ip bind mac function is turned ON IP : 192.168.1.46 bind MAC : 00-50-7f-22-33-55 Comment : just

## Telnet Command: ip maxnatuser

This command is used to set the maximum number of NAT users.

#### Syntax

ip maxnatuser user no

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
User no	A number specified here means the total NAT users that Vigor router supports. 0 - It means no limitation.

## Example

> ip maxnatuser 100
% Max NAT user = 100

## Telnet Command: ip policy_rt

This command is used to set the IP policy route profile.

## Syntax

ip policy_rt [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

Parameter	Description
<command/> <parameter>/]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
General Setup for Policy Rout	e
-i [value]	Specify an index number for setting policy route profile. Value: 1 to 60. "-1" means to get a free policy index automatically.
-e [0/1]	<ul><li>0: Disable the selected policy route profile.</li><li>1: Enable the selected policy route profile.</li></ul>
-o [value]	Determine the operation of the policy route. Value: add - Create a new policy rotue profile. del - Remove an existed policy route profile. edit - Modify an existed policy route profile. flush - Reset policy route to default setting.
-1 [any/range]	Specify the source IP mode. Range: Indicate a range of IP addresses. Any: It means any IP address will be treated as source IP address.
-2 [any/ip_range/ip_subnet/do main]	Specify the destination IP mode. Any: No need to specify an IP address for any IP address will be treated as destination IP address. ip_range: Indicates a range of IP addresses. ip_subnet: Indicates the IP subnet. domain: Indicates the domain name.
-3 [any/range]	Specify the destination port mode. Range: Indicate a range of port number.

	Any: It means any port number can be used as destination port.
-G [default/specific]	Specify the gateway mode.
-L [default/specific]	Specify the failover gateway mode.
-s [value]	Indicate the source IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.0)
-S [value]	Indicate the source IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.100)
-d [value]	Indicate the destination IP start. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.0)
-D [value]	Indicate the destination IP end. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.2.100)
-p [value]	Indicate the destination port start. Value: Type a number (1 ~ 65535) as the port start (e.g., 1000).
-P [value]	Indicate the destination port end. Value: Type a number (1 ~ 65535) as the port end (e.g., 2000).
-y [value]	Indicate the priority of the policy route profile. Value: Type a number (0 ~ 250). The default value is "150".
-I [value]	Indicate the interface specified for the policy route profile. Value: Available interfaces include, LAN1 ~ LAN8, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 ~ WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 ~ VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 ~ WAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8
-g [value]	Indicate the gateway IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.3.1)
-I [value]	Indicate the failover IP address. Value: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.4.1)
-t [value]	It means "protocol". Value: Available settings include "TCP", "UDP", "TCP/UDP", "ICMP" and "Any".
-n [0/1]	Indicates the function of "Force NAT". 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function.
-a [0/1]	Indicates to enable the function of failover. 0: Disable the function. 1: Enable the function.
-f [value]	It means to specify the interface for failover. Value: Avaialbe interfaces include, NO_FAILOVER, Default_WAN, Policy1 ~ Policy60 LAN1 ~ LAN8 IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ_Subnet, WAN1 ~ WAN5, VPN_PROFILE_1 ~ VPN_PROFILE_100, WAN1 4 IP_ALLAS 1 ~ WAN 4 IP_ALLAS 0
h. F 1	WAN_1_IP_ALIAS_1 ~ WAN_4_IP_ALIAS_8
-b [value]	It means "failback".

	Value: Available settings include,
	0: Disable the function of "failback".
	1: Enable the function of "failback".
	-v: View current failback setting.
Diagnose for Policy Route	
-s [value]	It means "source IP".
	Value: Available settings include:
	Any: It indicates any IP address can be used as source IP address.
	"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx": The type format (e.g, 192.168.1.0).
-d [value]	It means "destination IP".
	Value : Available settings include:
	Any: It indicates any IP address can be used as destination IP address.
	"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx": Specify an IP address.
-p [value]	It means "destination port".
	Value: Specify a number or type Any (indicating any number).
-t [value]	It means "protocol".
	Value: Available settings include "ICMP", "TCP", "UDP" and "Any".

# Telnet Command: ip dnsforward

This command is used to set LAN DNS profile for conditional DNS forwarding.

```
ip dnsforward [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]
```

Parameter	Description
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a <ip address=""></ip>	Set forwarded DNS server IP Address.
-d <dns mapping<br="" server="">index number&gt;</dns>	Delete the selected LAN DNS profile.
-e <0/1>	0: disable such function. 1: enable such function.

-i <profile index<br="" setting="">number&gt;</profile>	Type the index number of the profile.
-/	List the content of LAN DNS profile (including domain name, IP address and message).
-n <domain name=""></domain>	Set domain name.
-p <profile name=""></profile>	Set profile name for LAN DNS.
-r	Reset the settings for selected profile.

```
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -n ftp.drayTek.com
% Configure Setl's DomainName:ftp.drayTek.com
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -a 172.16.1.1
% Configure Setl's IP:172.16.1.1
> ip dnsforward -i 1 -1
% Idx: 1
% State: Disable
% Profile: test
% Domain Name: ftp.drayTek.com
% DNS Server IP: 172.16.1.1
>
```

## Telnet Command: ip6 addr

This command allows users to set the IPv6 address for your router.

#### Syntax

ip6 addr -s [prefix] [prefix-length] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] ip6 addr -d [prefix] [prefix-length] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] ip6 addr -a [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to add a static ipv6 address.
-d	It means to delete an ipv6 address.
-a	It means to show current address(es) status.
-U	It means to show only unicast addresses.
prefix	It means to type the prefix number of IPv6 address.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.

```
> ip6 addr -a
LAN
Unicast Address:
FE80::250:7FFF:FE00:0/64 (Link)
Multicast Address:
```

```
FF02::2
FF02::1:FF00:0
FF02::1
```

# Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp req_opt

This command is used to configure option-request settings for DHCPv6 client.

## Syntax

ip6 dhcp req_opt [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#] [-<command> <parameter>/ ... ]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
req_opt	It means option-request.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-5	It means to ask the SIP.
-S	It means to ask the SIP name.
-d	It means to ask the DNS setting.
-D	It means to ask the DNS name.
-n	It means to ask NTP.
- <i>i</i>	It means to ask NIS.
-/	It means to ask NIS name.
- <i>p</i>	It means to ask NISP.
-Р	It means to ask NISP name.
-b	It means to ask BCMCS.
-В	It means to ask BCMCS name.
-r	It means to ask refresh time.
Parameter	<ol> <li>the parameter related to the request will be displayed.</li> <li>the parameter related to the request will not be displayed.</li> </ol>

## Example

```
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -S 1
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -r 1
> ip6 dhcp req_opt WAN2 -a
% Interface WAN2 is set to request following DHCPv6 options:
% sip name
>
```

## Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp client

This command allows you to use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

#### Syntax

ip6 dhcp client [WAN1/WAN2/iface#] [-<command> <parameter>/ ... ]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
client	It means the dhcp client settings.
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-а	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-p [IAID]	It means to request identity association ID for Prefix Delegation.
-n [IAID]	It means to request identity association ID for Non-temporary Address.
-c [parameter]	It means to send rapid commit to server.
-i [parameter]	It means to send information request to server.
-e[parameter]	It means to enable or disable the DHCPv6 client. 1: Enable 0: Disable

# Example

> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -p 2008::1
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -a
Interface WAN2 has following DHCPv6 client settings:
DHCPv6 client enabled
request IA_PD whose IAID equals to 2008
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -n 1023456
> ip6 dhcp client WAN2 -a
Interface WAN2 has following DHCPv6 client settings:
DHCPv6 client enabled
request IA_NA whose IAID equals to 2008
> system reboot

# Telnet Command: ip6 dhcp server

This command allows you to configure DHCPv6 server.

# Syntax

ip6 dhcp server [-<command> <parameter>/ ... ]

Parameter	Description
server	It means the dhcp server settings.
[ <command/> <parameter>[]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a	It means to show current DHCPv6 status.
-i <pool_min_addr></pool_min_addr>	It means to set the start IPv6 address of the address pool.
-x <pool_max_addr></pool_max_addr>	It means to set the end IPv6 address of the address pool.
-d <addr></addr>	It means to set the first DNS IPv6 address.
-D <addr></addr>	It means to set the second DNS IPv6 address.
-c <parameter></parameter>	It means to send rapid commit to server. 1: Enable

	0: Disable
-e <parameter></parameter>	It means to enable or disable the DHCPv6 server.
	1: Enable
	0: Disable

> ip6 dhcp server -d FF02::1
> ip6 dhcp server -i ff02::1
> ip6 dhcp server -x ff02::3
> ip6 dhcp server -a
<pre>% Interface LAN has following DHCPv6 server settings:</pre>
<pre>% DHCPv6 server disabled</pre>
<pre>% maximum address of the pool: FF02::3</pre>
<pre>% minimum address of the pool: FF02::1</pre>
<pre>% 1st DNS IPv6 Addr: FF02::1</pre>

# Telnet Command: ip6 internet

This command allows you to configure settings for accessing Internet.

## Syntax

ip6 internet -W n -M n [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description
-W n	W means to set WAN interface and <b>n</b> means different selections. Default is WAN1.
	n=1: WAN1
	n=2: WAN2
	n=3: WAN3
	n=X: WANx
-M n	M means to set Internet Access Mode (Mandatory) and n means different modes (represented by 0 - 5)
	n= 0: Offline,
	n=1: PPP,
	n=2: TSPC,
	n=3: AICCU,
	n=4: DHCPv6,
	n=5: Static
	n=6:6in4-Static
	n=7:6rd
[ <command/>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
<parameter>/]</parameter>	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
- <i>m n</i>	It means to set IPv6 MTU.
	N = any value (0 means "unspecified").
-u <username></username>	It means to set Username.

	<ul> <li><username>= type a name as the username (maximum 63 characters).</username></li> </ul>
-p <password></password>	It means to set Password. <password> = type a password (maximum 63 characters).</password>
-s <server></server>	It means to set Tunnel Server IP. <server>= IPv4 address or URL (maximum 63 characters).</server>
-d <server></server>	It means to set the primary DNS Server IP. <server>= type an IPv6 address for first DNS server.</server>
-D <server></server>	It means to set the secondary DNS Server IP. <server>= type an IPv6 address for second DNS server.</server>
-t <dhcp none="" ra=""></dhcp>	It means to set IPv6 PPP WAN test mode for DHCP or RADVD. <dhcp none="" ra="">= type IPv6 address.</dhcp>
- <i>V</i>	It means to view IPv6 Internet Access Profile.
-0	It means to set AICCU always on. 1=On, 0=Off

```
> ip6 internet -W 2 -M 2 -u 88886666 -p draytek123456 -s
amsterdam.freenet6.net
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> system reboot
```

# Telnet Command: ip6 neigh

This command allows you to display IPv6 neighbour table.

## Syntax

ip6 neigh -s[ inet6_addr] [eth_addr] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 neigh -d [inet6_addr] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 neigh -a [inet6_addr] [-N LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to add a neighbour.
-d	It means to delete a neighbour.
-a	It means to show neighbour status.
inet6_addr	Type an IPv6 address
eth_addr	Type submask address.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2	Specify an interface for the neighbor.

<pre>&gt; ip6 neigh -s 2001:2222:3333::1111 00:50:7F:11:ac:22:WAN2</pre>				
> ip6 neigh -a				
I/F ADDR	MAC	STATE		
LAN FF02::1	33-33-00-00-00-01	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:5C0:1400:B::10B8	00-00-00-00-00-00	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:2222:3333::1111	00-00-00-00-00-00	CONNECTED		
WAN2 2001:2222:6666::1111	00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00	CONNECTED		
WAN2 ::	00-00-00-00-00-00	CONNECTED		
LAN ::		NONE		
>				

# Telnet Command: ip6 pneigh

This command allows you to add a proxy neighbour.

#### Syntax

ip6 pneigh -s inet6_addr [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 pneigh -d inet6_addr [LAN/WAN1/WAN2] ip6 pneigh -a [inet6_addr] [-N LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to add a proxy neighbour.
-d	It means to delete a proxy neighbour.
-a	It means to show proxy neighbour status.
inet6_addr	Type an IPv6 address
LAN/WAN1/WAN2	Specify an interface for the proxy neighbor.

#### Example

> ip6 neigh -s FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:300 LAN
% Neighbour FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:300 successfully added!

## Telnet Command: ip6 route

This command allows you to

#### Syntax

ip6 route -s [prefix] [prefix-length] [gateway] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#> [-D] ip6 route -d [prefix] [prefix-length] ip6 route -a [LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-S	It means to add a route.
-d	It means to delete a route.
-a	It means to show the route status.
-D	It means that such route will be treated as the default route.
prefix	It means to type the prefix number of IPv6 address.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
gateway	It means the gateway of the router.
LAN/WAN1/WAN2/iface#	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.

```
> ip6 route -s FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:500 16 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:100 LAN
% Route FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:500/16 successfully added!
> ip6 route -a LAN
```

PREFIX/PREFIX-LEN _EXP	IRES	NEXT-HOP	I/F	METRIC	STATE	FLAGS
FE80::/128			LAN	0	UNICAST	U
	0	::				
FE80::250:7FFF:FE00:0/1	L28		LAN	0	UNICAST	U
	0	::				
FE80::/64			LAN	256	UNICAST	U
	0					
FE80::/16			LAN	1024	UNICAST	UGA
	0	FE80::250:7FF	F:FE12	:100		
FF02::1/128			LAN	0	UNICAST	UC
	0	FF02::1				
FF00::/8			LAN	256	UNICAST	U
	0					
::/0			LAN	-1	UNREACHABL	E !
	0					

## Telnet Command: ip6 ping

This command allows you to pin an IPv6 address or a host.

## Syntax

ip6 ping [IPV6 address/Host] [LAN/WAN1/WAN2]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
IPV6 address/Host	It means to specify the IPv6 address or host for ping.	
LAN/WAN1/WAN2	It means to specify LAN or WAN interface for such address.	

```
> ip6 ping 2001:4860:4860::8888 WAN2
Pinging 2001:4860:4860::8888 with 64 bytes of Data:
Receive reply from 2001:4860:4860::8888, time=330ms
Packets: Sent = 5, Received = 5, Lost = 0 <% loss>
>
```

# Telnet Command: ip6 tracert

This command allows you to trace the routes from the router to the host.

#### Syntax

ip6 tracert [IPV6 address/Host]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IPV6 address/Host	It means to specify the IPv6 address or host for ping.

#### Example

> ip6 tracert 2001:4860:4860	::8888
traceroute to 2001:4860:4860:	:8888, 30 hops max through protocol ICMP
1 2001:5C0:1400:B::10B8	340 ms
2 2001:4DE0:1000:A22::1	330 ms
3 2001:4DE0:A::1	330 ms
4 2001:4DE0:1000:34::1	340 ms
5 2001:7F8:1: :A501:5169:1	330 ms
6 2001:4860::1:0:4B3	350 ms
7 2001:4860::8:0:2DAF	330 ms
8 2001:4860::2:0:66 ^E	340 ms
9 Request timed out.	*
10 2001:4860:4860::8888	350 ms
Trace complete.	
>	

## Telnet Command: ip6 tspc

This command allows you to display TSPC status.

#### Syntax

ip6 tspc [ifno]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface.
	Ifno=1 (means WAN1)
	Info=2 (means WAN2)

```
> ip6 tspc 2
Local Endpoint v4 Address : 111.243.177.223
Local Endpoint v6 Address : 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:10b9
Router DNS name : 8886666.broker.freenet6.net
Remote Endpoint v4 Address :81.171.72.11
Remote Endpoint v6 Address : 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:10b8
Tspc Prefixlen : 56
Tunnel Broker: Amsterdam.freenet.net
```

```
Status: Connected
```

>

# Telnet Command: ip6 radvd

This command allows you to enable or disable RADVD server.

## Syntax

lp6 radvd -s [1/0] [lifetime]

ip6 radvd -V

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-5	It means to enable or disable the default lifetime of the RADVD server. 1: Enable the RADVD server. 0: Disable the RADVD server.
Lifetime	It means to set the lifetime. The lifetime associated with the default router in units of seconds. It's used to control the lifetime of the prefix. The maximum value corresponds to 18.2 hours. A lifetime of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router and should not appear on the default router list. Type the number (unit: second) you want.
-1/	It means to show the RADVD configuration.
-r	It means RA default test.
-r [num]	It means RA test for item [num].

## Example

```
> ip6 radvd -s 1 1800
> ip6 radvd -V
% IPv6 Radvd Config:
Radvd : Enable, Default Lifetime : 1800 seconds
```

# Telnet Command: ip6 mngt

This command allows you to manage the settings for access list.

## Syntax

ip6 mngt list

ip6 mngt list [add<index> <prefix> <prefix-length>/remove <index>/flush]

ip6 mngt status

ip6 mngt [http/telnet/ping/https/ssh] [on/off]

Parameter	Description
list	It means to show the setting information of the access list.
status	It means to show the status of IPv6 management.
add	It means to add an IPv6 address which can be used to execute

	management through Internet.
index	It means the number (1, 2 and 3) allowed to be configured for IPv6 management.
prefix	It means to type the IPv6 address which will be used for accessing Internet.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
remove	It means to remove (delete) the specified index number with IPv6 settings.
flush	It means to clear the IPv6 access table.
http/telnet/ping/https/ssh	These protocols are used for accessing Internet.
on/off	It means to enable (on) or disable (off) the Internet accessing through http/telnet/ping.

```
> ip6 mngt list add 1 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1010 128
> ip6 mngt list add 2 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1020 128
> ip6 mngt list add 3 FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:2080 128
> ip6 mngt list
% IPv6 Access List :
Index IPv6 Prefix
                    Prefix Length
1
     FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1010
                                 128
2
     FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:1020
                                 128
3
     FE80::250:7FFF:FE12:2080
                                 128
> ip6 mngt status
% IPv6 Remote Management :
             http : off,
telnet : off,
                        ping : off
```

## Telnet Command: ip6 online

This command allows you to check the online status of IPv6 LAN /WAN.

## Syntax

ip6 online [ifno]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface.
	0=LAN1
	1=WAN1
	2=WAN2

```
> ip6 online 0
% LAN 1 online status :
% Interface : UP
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
```

```
% Tx packets = 408, Tx bytes = 32160, Rx packets = 428, Rx bytes =
33636
> ip6 online 1
% WAN 1 online status :
% IPv6 WAN1 Disabled
% Default Gateway : ::
% UpTime : 0:00:00
% Interface : DOWN
% IPv6 DNS Server: :: Static
% Tx packets = 0, Tx bytes = 0, Rx packets = 0, Rx bytes = 0
```

### Telnet Command: ip6 aiccu

This command allows you to set IPv6 settings for WAN interface with connection type of AICCU.

#### Syntax

ip6 aiccu [ifno]

ip6 aiccu subnet [add <ifno> <prefix> <prefix-length>/remove <ifno>/show <info>]

Parameter	Description
ifno	It means the connection interface. 1=WAN1 2=WAN2
add	It means to add an IPv6 address which can be used to execute management through Internet.
prefix	It means to type the IPv6 address which will be used for accessing Internet.
prefix-length	It means to type a fixed value as the length of the prefix.
remove	It means to remove (delete) the specified index number with IPv6 settings.
show	It means to display the AICCU status.

#### Syntax Description

#### Example

```
> ip6 aiccu subnet add 2 2001:1111:0000::1111 64
> ip6 aiccu 2
Status: Connecting
>ip6 aiccu subnet show 2
IPv6 WAN2 AICCU Subnet Prefix Config:
2001:1111::1111/64
>
```

# Telnet Command: ip6 ntp

This command allows you to set IPv6 settings for NTP (Network Time Protocols) server.

### Syntax

ip6 ntp -h ip6 ntp -v ip6 ntp -p [0/1]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-h	It is used to display the usage of such command.
-V	It is used to show the NTP state.
-p <0/1>	It is used to specify NTP server for IPv6. 0 - Auto 1 - First Query IPv6 NTP Server.

### Example

```
> ip6 ntp -p 1
% Set NTP Priority: IPv6 First
```

## Telnet Command: ipf view

IPF users to view the version of the IP filter, to view/set the log flag, to view the running IP filter rules.

## Syntax

ipf view [-VcdhrtzZ]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
- <i>V</i>	It means to show the version of this IP filter.
-С	It means to show the running call filter rules.
-d	It means to show the running data filter rules.
-h	It means to show the hit-number of the filter rules.
-r	It means to show the running call and data filter rules.
- <i>t</i>	It means to display all the information at one time.
-Z	It means to clear a filter rule's statistics.
-Z	It means to clear IP filter's gross statistics.

## Example

```
> ipf view -V -c -d
ipf: IP Filter: v3.3.1 (1824)
Kernel: IP Filter: v3.3.1
Running: yes
Log Flags: 0x80947278 = nonip
Default: pass all, Logging: available
```

## Telnet Command: ipf set

This command is used to set general rule for firewall.

Syntax

ipf set [Options] ipf set [SET_NO] rule [RULE_NO] [Options]

#### Parameter Description Options There are several options provided here, such as -v, -c [SET_NO], -d [SET_NO], ... and etc. SET_NO It means to specify the index number (from 1 to 12) of filter set. RULE_NO It means to specify the index number (from 1 to 7) of filter rule set. Type "-v" to view the configuration of general set. -V It means to setup Call Filter, e.g., -c 2. The range for the index -c [SET_NO] number you can type is "0" to "12" (0 means "disable). -d [SET_NO] It means to setup Data Filter, e.g., -d 3. The range for the index number you can type is "0" to "12" (0 means "disable). -I [VALUE] It means to setup Log Flag, e.g., -12 Type "0" to disable the log flag. Type "1" to display the log of passed packet. Type "2" to display the log of blocked packet. Type "3" to display the log of non-matching packet. - p [VALUE] It means to setup actions for packet not matching any rule, e.g., -p Type "0" to let all the packets pass; Type "1" to block all the packets. It means to configure IM/P2P for the packets not matching with any -M [P2P_NO] rule, e.g., -M 1 Type "0" to let all the packets pass; Type "1" to block all the packets. -U [URL_NO] It means to configure URL content filter for the packets not matching with any rule, e.g., -U1 Type "0" to let all the packets pass;

Type "1" to block all the packets.

It means to set the QoS class.

It means to configure the advanced settings.

It means to configure the load-balance policy.

It means to accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets.

It means to set the maximum count for session limitation.

#### Syntax Description

#### Example

-a [AD_SET]

-f [VALUE]

-E [VALUE]

-F [VALUE]

-Q [VALUE]

```
> ipf set -c 1 #set call filter start from set 1
Setting saved.
> ipf set -d 2 #set data filter start from set 2
Setting saved.
> ipf set -v
Call Filter: Enable (Start Filter Set = 1)
Data Filter: Enable (Start Filter Set = 2)
```

```
Log Flag : None
Actions for packet not matching any rule:
 Pass or Block : Pass
 CodePage
            : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
 Max Sessions Limit: 60000
 Current Sessions : 0
            : Non-Strict
 Mac Bind IP
 QOS Class
            : None
 APP Enforcement : None
 URL Content Filter: None
 Load-Balance policy : Auto-select
 _____
 CodePage
                  : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
 Window size
                  : 65535
 Session timeout
                   : 1440
 DrayTek Banner
                   : Enable
 _____
 Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets
                                     : Enable
 Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets: Enable
 _____
 Strict Security Checking
  [ ]APP Enforcement
>
```

# Telnet Command: ipf rule

This command is used to set filter rule for firewall.

## Syntax

ipf rule s r [-<command> <parameter> / ...

ipf rule s r -v

Syntax	Description

Parameter	Description
S	Such word means Filter Set, range form 1~12.
r	Such word means Filter Rule, range from 1~7.
<command/> <parameter></parameter>	The following lists all of the available commands with parameters.
-е	It means to enable or disable the rule setting. 0- disable 1- enable
-s o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify source IP object and IP group. o - indicates "object". g - indicates "group". obj - indicates index number of object or index number of group. Available settings range from 1-192. For example, "-s g 3" means the third source IP group profile.
-s u <address type=""> <start ip<br="">Address&gt; <end address="" ip=""> / <address mask=""></address></end></start></address>	It means to configure <b>source</b> IP address including address type, start IP address, end IP address and address mask. u - It means "user defined". <i>Address Type</i> - Type the number (representing different address

	type).
	0 - Subnet Address
	1 - Single Address
	2 - Any Address
	3 - Range Address
	Example:
	Set Subnet Address => -s u 0 192.168.1.10 255.255.255.0
	Set Single Address => -s u 1 192.168.1.10
	Set Any Address => -s u 2
	Set Range Address => -s u 3 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.15
-d u <address type=""> <start ip<br="">Address&gt; <end address="" ip="">   <address mask=""></address></end></start></address>	It means to configure destination IP address including address type, start IP address, end IP address and address mask.
<auuress mask=""></auuress>	u - It means "user defined".
	Address Type - Type the number (representing different address
	type). 0 - Subnet Address
	1 - Single Address
	2 - Any Address
	3 - Range Address
	Example:
	Set Subnet Address => -d u 0 192.168.1.10 255.255.255.0
	Set Single Address => -d u 1 192.168.1.10
	Set Any Address => -d u 2
	Set Range Address => -d u 3 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.15
-d o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify destination IP object and IP group.
	o - indicates "object".
	g - indicates "group"
	<obj>- indicates index number of object or index number of group. Available settings range from 1-192. For example, "-d g 1" means the first destination IP group profile.</obj>
-S o:g <obj></obj>	It means to specify Service Type object and IP group.
5 5	o - indicates "object".
	g - indicates "group"
	<ul> <li><obj> - indicates index number of object or index number of group.</obj></li> <li>Available settings range from 1-96. For example, "-S 0 1" means the first service type object profile.</li> </ul>
-S u <protocol> <source_portvalue></source_portvalue></protocol>	It means to configure advanced settings for Service Type, such as protocol and port range.
<destination_port_vale></destination_port_vale>	u - it means "user defined".
	<pre><pre>cprotocol&gt; - It means TCP(6),UDP(17), TCP/UDP(255).</pre></pre>
	<source_port_value> -</source_port_value>
	1 - Port OP, range is 0-3. 0:= =, 1:!=, 2:>, 3:<
	3 - Port range of the Start Port Number, range is
	1-65535.
	5 - Port range of the End Port Number, range is 1-65535.
	<destination_port_value>:</destination_port_value>
	2 - Port OP, range is 0-3, 0:==, 1:!=, 2:>, 3:<
	4 - Port range of the Start Port Number, range is 1-65535.
	6 - Port range of the End Port Number, range is 1-65535.
-F	It means the Filter action you can specify.
	0 -Pass Immediately,
	1 - Block Immediately,
	I – BIOCK IMMEDIALEIV.

	2 - Pass if no further match,
	3 - Block if no further match.
-9	It means the classification for QoS.
9	1- Class 1,
	2 - Class 2,
	3 - Class 3,
	4 - Other
-1	It means load balance policy.
,	Such function is used for "debug" only.
-Е	It means to enable APP Enforcement.
-a <index></index>	It means to specify which APP Enforcement profile will be applied.
	<pre><index> - Available settings range from 0 ~ 32. "0" means no profile will be applied.</index></pre>
-u <index></index>	It means to specify which URL Content Filter profile will be applied
	<index> – Available settings range from 0 ~ 8. "0" means no profile will be applied.</index>
-С	It means to set code page. Different number represents different code page.
	0. None
	1. ANSI(1250)-Central Europe
	2. ANSI(1251)-Cyrillic
	3. ANSI(1252)-Latin I
	4. ANSI(1253)-Greek
	5. ANSI(1254)-Turkish
	6. ANSI(1255)-Hebrew
	7. ANSI(1256)-Arabic
	8. ANSI(1257)-Baltic
	9. ANSI(1258)-Viet Nam
	10. OEM(437)-United States
	11. OEM(850)-Multilingual Latin I
	12. OEM(860)-Portuguese
	13. OEM(861)-Icelandic
	14. OEM(863)-Canadian French
	15. OEM(865)-Nordic
	16. ANSI/OEM(874)-Thai
	17. ANSI/OEM(932)-Japanese Shift-JIS
	18. ANSI/OEM(936)-Simplified Chinese GBK
	19. ANSI/OEM(949)-Korean
	20. ANSI/OEM(950)-Traditional Chinese Big5
-C <windows size=""></windows>	It means to set Window size and Session timeout (Minute).
<session_timeout></session_timeout>	Windows Size> - Available settings range from 1 ~ 65535.
	<session_timeout> - Make the best utilization of network resources.</session_timeout>
	It is used to show current filter/rule settings.

```
> ipf rule 2 1 -e 1 -s "o 1" -d "o 2" -S "o 1" -F 2
> ipf rule 2 1 -v
Filter Set 2 Rule 1:
```

```
Status : Enable
Comments: xNetBios -> DNS
Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: <null>, <null>, <null>, <null>,
          : LAN -> WAN
Direction
Source IP : Group1,
Destination IP: Group2,
Service Type : TCP/UDPGroup1,
Fragments : Don't Care
Pass or Block
             : Block Immediately
Branch to Other Filter Set: None
Max Sessions Limit : 32000
Current Sessions : 0
Mac Bind IP : Non-Strict
Oos Class
                  : None
APP Enforcement : None
URL Content Filter : None
                   : None
Load-Balance policy
                   : Auto-select
                 : Disable
Loq
_____
____
                   : ANSI(1252)-Latin I
CodePage
Window size
                   : 65535
Session timeout
                    : 1440
DrayTek Banner
                    : Enable
 _____
_ _ _
 Strict Security Checking
  [ ]APP Enforcement
```

## Telnet Command: ipf flowtrack

This command is used to set and view flowtrack sessions.

#### Syntax

ipf flowtrack set [-re]
ipf flowtrack view [-f]
ipf flowtrack [-i][-p][-t]

Parameter	Description
-r	It means to refresh the flowtrack.
-е	It means to enable or disable the flowtrack.
-f	It means to show the sessions state of flowtrack. If you do not specify any IP address, then all the session state of flowtrack will be displayed.

-b	It means to show all of IP sessions state.
- i [IP address]	It means to specify IP address (e.g,, -i 192.168.2.55).
-p[value]	It means to type a port number (e.g., -p 1024). Available settings are 0 ~ 65535.
-t [value]	It means to specify a protocol (e.g., -t tcp). Available settings include: tcp udp icmp

```
>ipf flowtrack set -r
Refresh the flowstate ok
> ipf flowtrack view -f
Start to show the flowtrack sessions state:
ORIGIN>>
          192.168.1.11:59939 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
                                                  53 ,ifno=0
REPLY >>
              8.8.8.8:
                         53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11:59939 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93023180(3920), flag=203
ORIGIN>>
         192.168.1.11:15073 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
                                                  53 ,ifno=0
REPLY >>
              8.8.8.8:
                         53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11:15073 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93025100(2000), flag=203
                                                  53 ,ifno=0
ORIGIN>> 192.168.1.11: 7247 ->
                                       8.8.8.8:
REPLY >>
              8.8.8.8:
                        53 ->
                                 192.168.1.11: 7247 ,ifno=3
      proto=17, age=93020100(7000), flag=203
End to show the flowtrack sessions state
> ipf flowtrack set -e
Current flow_enable=0
> ipf flowtrack set -e
Curretn flow_enable=1
```

## Telnet Command: Log

This command allows users to view log for WAN interface such as call log, IP filter log, flush log buffer, etc.

#### Syntax

log [-cfhiptwx?] [-F a | c | f | w]

Parameter	Description
-С	It means to show the latest call log.
-f	It means to show the IP filter log.
-F	It means to show the flush log buffer. a: flush all logs c: flush the call log f: flush the IP filter log w: flush the WAN log

-h	It means to show this usage help.
- <i>p</i>	It means to show PPP/MP log.
- <i>t</i>	It means to show all logs saved in the log buffer.
-W	It means to show WAN log.
-X	It means to show packet body hex dump.

```
> log -w
25:36:25.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4
      Client IP = 0.0.0.0
      Your IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Next server IP = 0.0.0.0
      Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.0
25:36:33.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4
      Client IP = 0.0.0.0
      Your IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Next server IP = 0.0.0.0
      Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.0
25:36:41.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4
      Client IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Your IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Next server IP = 0.0.0.0
      Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.0
25:36:49.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4
      Client IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Your IP
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Next server IP = 0.0.0.0
      Relay agent IP = 0.0.0.0
25:36:57.580 ---->DHCP (WAN-5) Len = 548XID = 0x7880fdd4
      Client IP
                  = 0.0.0.0
                   = 0.0.0.0
      Your IP
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
___
```

## Telnet Command: mngt ftpport

This command allows users to set FTP port for management.

#### Syntax

mngt ftpport [FTP port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
FTP port	It means to type the number for FTP port. The default setting is 21.

```
> mngt ftpport 21
% Set FTP server port to 21 done.
```

## Telnet Command: mngt httpport

This command allows users to set HTTP port for management.

## Syntax

mngt httpport [Http port]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Http port	It means to enter the number for HTTP port. The default setting is 80.

#### Example

> mngt httpport 80 % Set web server port to 80 done.

## Telnet Command: mngt httpsport

This command allows users to set HTTPS port for management.

#### Syntax

mngt httpsport [Https port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Https port	It means to type the number for HTTPS port. The default setting is 443.

#### Example

> mngt httpsport 443
% Set web server port to 443 done.

#### Telnet Command: mngt telnetport

This command allows users to set telnet port for management.

## Syntax

mngt telnetport [Telnet port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
Telnet port	It means to type the number for telnet port. The default setting is 23.

#### Example

```
> mngt telnetport 23
```

```
% Set Telnet server port to 23 done.
```

## Telnet Command: mngt sshport

This command allows users to set SSH port for management.

#### Syntax

mngt sshport [ssh port]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ssh port	It means to type the number for SSH port. The default setting is 22.

#### Example

> mngt sshport	23
% Set ssh port	to 23 done.

# Telnet Command: mngt ftpserver

This command can enable/disable FTP server.

## Syntax

mngt ftpserver [enable]

mngt ftpserver [disable]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable	It means to activate FTP server function.
disable	It means to inactivate FTP server function.

#### Example

```
> mngt ftpserver enable
%% FTP server has been enabled.
> mngt ftpserver disable
%% FTP server has been disabled.
```

## Telnet Command: mngt noping

This command is used to pass or block Ping from LAN PC to the internet.

## Syntax

mngt noping [on] mngt noping [off] mngt noping [viewlog] mngt noping [clearlog]

Parameter	Description
on	All PING packets will be forwarded from LAN PC to Internet.
off	All PING packets will be blocked from LAN PC to Internet.
viewlog	It means to display a log of ping action, including source MAC and source IP.

clearlog

It means to clear the log of ping action.

#### Example

```
> mngt noping off
No Ping Packet Out is OFF!!
```

### Telnet Command: mngt defenseworm

This command can block specified port for passing through the router.

#### Syntax

mngt defenseworm [on] mngt defenseworm [off] mngt defenseworm [add port] mngt defenseworm [del port] mngt defenseworm [viewlog] mngt defenseworm [clearlog]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to activate the function of defense worm packet out.
off	It means to inactivate the function of defense worm packet out.
add port	It means to add a new TCP port for block.
del port	It means to delete a TCP port for block.
viewlog	It means to display a log of defense worm packet, including source MAC and source IP.
clearlog	It means to remove the log of defense worm packet.

#### Example

```
> mngt defenseworm add 21
Add TCP port 21
Block TCP port list: 135, 137, 138, 139, 445, 21
> mngt defenseworm del 21
Delete TCP port 21
Block TCP port list: 135, 137, 138, 139, 445
```

### Telnet Command: mngt rmtcfg

This command can allow the system administrators to login from the Internet. By default, it is not allowed.

#### Syntax

mngt rmtcfg [status]
mngt rmtcfg [enable]
mngt rmtcfg [disable]
mngt rmtcfg [http/https/ftp/telnet/ssh/tr069] [on/off]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
status	It means to display current setting for your reference.
enable	It means to allow the system administrators to login from the Internet.
disable	It means to deny the system administrators to login from the Internet.
http/https/ftp/telnet/ssh/t r069	It means to specify one of the servers/protocols for enabling or disabling.
on/off	on - enable the function. off - disable the function.

### Example

```
> mngt rmtcfg ftp on
Enable server fail
Remote configure function has been disabled
please enable by enter mngt rmtcfg enable
> mngt rmtcfg enable
%% Remote configure function has been enabled.
> mngt rmtcfg ftp on
%% FTP server has been enabled.
```

## Telnet Command: mngt lanaccess

This command allows users to manage accessing into Vigor router through LAN port.

#### Syntax

mngt lanaccess -e [0/1] -s [value] -i [value]

mngt lanaccess -f

mngt lanaccess -d

mngt lanaccess -v

mngt lanaccess -h

Parameter	Description
-e[0/1]	It means to enable/disable the function. 0-disable the function. 1-enable the function.
-s[value]	It means to specify service offered. Available values include: FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, TELNET, SSH, None, All
-i[value]	It means the interface which is allowed to access. Available values include: LAN2~LAN6, DMZ, IP Routed Subnet, None, All Note: LAN1 is always allowed for accessing into the router.
-f	It means to flush all of the settings.
-d	It means to restore the factory default settings.

- <i>V</i>	It means to view current settings.
-h	It means to get the usage of such command.

> mngt lanaccess -e 1
> mngt lanaccess -s FTP,TELNET
> mngt lanaccess -i LAN3
>> mngt lanaccess -v
Current LAN Access Control Setting:
* Enable:Yes
* Service:
- FTP:Yes
- HTTP:No
- HTTPS:No
- TELNET:Yes
- SSH:No
* Subnet:
- LAN 2: disabled
- LAN 3: enabled
- LAN 4: disabled
- LAN 5: disabled
- LAN 6: disabled
- DMZ: disabled
- IP Routed Subnet: disabled
Note: the settings do NOT apply to LAN1, LAN1 is always allowed to access the router

## Telnet Command: mngt echoicmp

This command allows users to reject or accept PING packets from the Internet.

#### Syntax

mngt echoicmp [enable]

mngt echoicmp [disable]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable	It means to accept the echo ICMP packet.
disable	It means to drop the echo ICMP packet.

#### Example

```
> mngt echoicmp enable
%% Echo ICMP packet enabled.
```

## Telnet Command: mngt accesslist

This command allows you to specify that the system administrator can login from a specific host or network. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.

## Syntax

mngt accesslist *list* mngt accesslist *add* [index][ip addr][mask] mngt accesslist *remove* [index] mngt accesslist *flush* 

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
list	It can display current setting for your reference.
add	It means adding a new entry.
index	It means to specify the number of the entry.
ip addr	It means to specify an IP address.
mask	It means to specify the subnet mask for the IP address.
remove	It means to delete the selected item.
flush	It means to remove all the settings in the access list.

## Example

## Telnet Command: mngt snmp

This command allows you to configure SNMP for management.

## Syntax

mngt snmp [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-e <1/2>	<ol> <li>Enable the SNMP function.</li> <li>Disable the SNMP function.</li> </ol>
-g <community name=""></community>	It means to set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. (max. 23 characters)
-s <community name=""></community>	It means to set community by typing a proper name. (max. 23 characters)
-m <ip address=""></ip>	It means to set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.
-t <community name=""></community>	It means to set trap community by typing a proper name. (max. 23 characters)
-n <ip address=""></ip>	It means to set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the

	trap community.
-T <seconds></seconds>	It means to set the trap timeout <0~999>.
-1/	It means to list SNMP setting.

```
> mngt snmp -e 1 -g draytek -s DK -m 192.168.1.1 -t trapcom -n 10.20.3.40
-T 88
SNMP Agent Turn on!!!
Get Community set to draytek
Set Community set to DK
Manager Host IP set to 192.168.1.1
Trap Community set to trapcom
Notification Host IP set to 10.20.3.40
Trap Timeout set to 88 seconds
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet switch

This command is used to configure multi-subnet.

#### Syntax

msubnet switch [2/3/4/5/6][On/Off]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On means turning on the subnet for the specified LAN interface. Off means turning off the subnet.

## Example

```
> msubnet switch 2 On
% LAN2 Subnet On!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

#### Telnet Command: msubnet addr

This command is used to configure IP address for the specified LAN interface.

#### Syntax

msubnet addr [2/3/4/5/6][IP address]

Parameter Description	
-----------------------	--

2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
IP address	Type the private IP address for the specified LAN interface.

```
> msubnet addr 2 192.168.5.1
% Set LAN2 subnet IP address done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet nmask

This command is used to configure net mask address for the specified LAN interface.

### Syntax

msubnet nmask [2/3/4/5/6][IP address]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
IP address	Type the subnet mask address for the specified LAN interface.

#### Example

```
> msubnet nmask 2 255.255.0.0
% Set LAN2 subnet mask done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet status

This command is used to display current status of subnet.

## Syntax

msubnet status [2/3/4/5/6]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface. 2=LAN2

3=LAN3
4=LAN4
5=LAN5
6=LAN6

```
> msubnet status 2
% LAN2 Off: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0, PPP Start IP: 0.0.0.60
% DHCP server: Off
% Dhcp Gateway: 0.0.0.0, Start IP: 0.0.0.10, Pool Count: 50
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet dhcps

This command allows you to enable or disable DHCP server for the subnet.

#### Syntax

msubnet dhcps [2/3/4/5/6][On/Off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On means enabling the DHCP server for the specified LAN interface. Off means disabling the DHCP server.

### Example

```
> msubnet dhcps 3 off
% LAN3 Subnet DHCP Server disabled!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet nat

This command is used to configure the subnet for NAT or Routing usage.

#### Syntax

msubnet nat [2/3/4/5/6] [On/Off]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5

6=LAN6
On - It means the subnet will be configured for NAT usage. Off - It means the subnet will be configured for Routing usage.
on - It means the sublet will be configured for Routing usage.

```
>> msubnet nat 2 off
% LAN2 Subnet is for Routing usage!
%Note: If you have multiple WAN connections, please be reminded to setup
a Load-Balance policy so that packets from this subnet will be forwarded
to the right WAN interface!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

#### Telnet Command: msubnet gateway

This command is used to configure an IP address as the gateway used for subnet.

#### Syntax

msubnet gateway [2/3/4] [Gateway IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
Gateway IP	Specify an IP address as the gateway IP.

#### Example

```
> msubnet gateway 2 192.168.1.13
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Gateway IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

### Telnet Command: msubnet ipcnt

This command is used to defined the total number allowed for each LAN interface.

### Syntax

msubnet ipcnt [2/3/4] [IP counts]

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3

	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
IP counts	Specify a total number of IP address allowed for each LAN interface.
	The available range is from 0 to 220.

```
>msubnet ipcnt 2 15
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet talk

This command is used to establish a route between two LAN interfaces.

### Syntax

msubnet talk [1/2/3/4/5/6] [1/2/3/4/5/6] [On/Off]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
1/2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	1=LAN1
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
On/Off	On - It means Off - It means

### Example

```
>msubnet talk 1 2 on
% Enable routing between LAN1
                                  and LAN2
                                                  !
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet talk ?
% msubnet talk <1/2/3/4/5/6> <1/2/3/4/5/6> <On/Off>
% where 1:LAN1, 2:LAN2, 3:LAN3, 4:LAN4, 5:LAN5, 6:LAN6
% Now:
Ŷ
            LAN1
                 LAN2 LAN3
                               LAN4 LAN5
                                            LAN6
% LAN1
              V
% LAN2
              V
                    V
% LAN3
                          V
% LAN4
                                V
% LAN5
                                      V
% LAN6
                                            v
>
```

# Telnet Command: msubnet startip

This command is used to configure a starting IP address for DCHP.

#### Syntax

msubnet startip [2/3/4/5/6] [Gateway IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
Gateway IP	Type an IP address as the starting IP address for a subnet.

#### Example

```
> msubnet startip 2 192.168.2.90
%Set LAN2 Dhcp Start IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet startip ?
% msubnet startip <2/3/4/5/6> <Gateway IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.2.90; LAN3 192.168.3.10; LAN4 192.168.4.10; LAN5
192.168.5.1
0; LAN6 192.168.6.10
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet pppip

This command is used to configure a starting IP address for PPP connection.

#### Syntax

msubnet pppip [2/3/4/5/6] [Start IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
Start IP	Type an IP address as the starting IP address for PPP connection.

```
> msubnet pppip 2 192.168.2.250
% Set LAN2 PPP(IPCP) Start IP done !!!
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
```

```
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
> msubnet pppip ?
% msubnet pppip <2/3/4/5/6> <Start IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.2.250; LAN3 192.168.3.200; LAN4 192.168.4.200; LAN5
192.168.5.200; LAN6 192.168.6.200
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet nodetype

This command is used to specify the type for node which is required by DHCP option.

### Syntax

msubnet nodetype [2/3/4/5/6][count]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
count	Choose the following number for specifying different node type.
	1= B-node
	2= P-node
	4= M-node
	8= H-node
	0= Not specify any type for node.

## Example

```
> msubnet nodetype ?
% msubnet nodetype <2/3/4/5/6> <count>
% Now: LAN2 0; LAN3 0; LAN4 0; LAN5 0; LAN6 0
% count: 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
> msubnet nodetype 2 1
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Node Type done !!!
> msubnet nodetype ?
% msubnet nodetype <2/3/4/5/6> <count>
% Now: LAN2 1; LAN3 0; LAN4 0; LAN5 0; LAN6 0
% count: 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet primWINS

This command is used to configure primary WINS server.

## Syntax

msubnet primWINS [2/3/4/5/6] [WINS IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
WINS IP	Type the IP address as the WINS IP.

### Example

```
>> msubnet primWINS ?
% msubnet primWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 0.0.0.0; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0; LAN6
0.0.0
> msubnet primWINS 2 192.168.3.5
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Primary WINS IP done !!!
> msubnet primWINS ?
% msubnet primWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.3.5; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0; LAN6
0.0.0
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet secWINS

This command is used to configure secondary WINS server.

#### Syntax

msubnet secWINS [2/3/4/5/6] [WINS IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
WINS IP	Type the IP address as the WINS IP.

```
>> msubnet secWINS 2 192.168.3.89
% Set LAN2 Dhcp Secondary WINS IP done !!!
> msubnet secWINS ?
% msubnet secWINS <2/3/4/5/6> <WINS IP>
% Now: LAN2 192.168.3.89; LAN3 0.0.0.0; LAN4 0.0.0.0; LAN5 0.0.0.0;
```

LAN6 0.0.0.0

### Telnet Command: msubnet tftp

This command is used to set TFTP server for multi-subnet.

#### Syntax

msubnet tftp [2/3/4/5/6] [TFTP server name]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
2/3/4/5/6	It means LAN interface.
	2=LAN2
	3=LAN3
	4=LAN4
	5=LAN5
	6=LAN6
TFTP server name	Type a name to indicate the TFTP server.

### Example

```
> msubnet tftp ?
% msubnet tftp <2/3/4/5/6> <TFTP server name>
% Now: LAN2
     LAN3
     LAN4
     LAN5
     LAN6
> msubnet tftp 2 publish
% Set LAN2 TFTP Server Name done !!!
> msubnet tftp ?
% msubnet tftp <2/3/4/5/6> <TFTP server name>
% Now: LAN2 publish
     LAN3
     LAN4
     LAN5
     LAN6
```

## Telnet Command: msubnet mtu

This command allows you to configure MTU value for LAN/DMZ/IP Routed Subnet.

### Syntax

msubnet mtu [interface][value]

Parameter	Description
interface	Available settings include LAN1~LAN6, IP_Routed_Subnet, and DMZ.
value	1000 ~ 1508 (Bytes), default: 1500 (Bytes)

```
> msubnet mtu LAN1 1492
> msubnet mtu ?
Usage:
 >msubnet mtu <interface> <value>
 <interface>: LAN1~LAN6, IP_Routed_Subnet, DMZ
 <value>: 1000 ~ 1508 (Bytes), default: 1500 (Bytes)
 e.x: >msubnet mtu LAN1 1492
Current Settings:
  LAN1 MTU:
                    1492 (Bytes)
  LAN2 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN3 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN4 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN5 MTU:
                    1500 (Bytes)
  LAN6 MTU:
                     1500 (Bytes)
                     1500 (Bytes)
  DMZ MTU:
  IP Routed Subnet MTU: 1500 (Bytes)
```

## Telnet Command: object ip obj

This command is used to create an IP object profile.

#### Syntax

object ip obj setdefault object ip obj *INDEX -v* object ip obj *INDEX -n NAME* object ip obj *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip obj *INDEX -s INVERT* object ip obj I*NDEX -a TYPE [START_IP] [END/MASK_IP]* 

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified object profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified object profile. Example: $object \ ip \ obj \ 1 \ -v$
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object ip obj 9 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP object. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN

	INTERFACE=3, means WAN Example: object ip obj 8 -i 0
-s INVERT	It means to set invert seletion for the object profile. INVERT=0, means disableing the function. INVERT=1, means enabling the function. Example: object ip obj 3 -s 1
-a TYPE	It means to set the address type and IP for the IP object profile. TYPE=0, means Mask TYPE=1, means Single TYPE=2, means Any TYPE=3, means Rang Example: object ip obj 3 -a 2
[START_IP]	When the TYPE is set with 2, you have to type an IP address as a starting point and another IP address as end point. Type an IP address.
[END/MASK_IP]	Type an IP address (different with START_IP) as the end IP address.

```
> object ip obj 1 -n marketing
> object ip obj 1 -a 1 192.168.1.45
> object ip obj 1 -v
IP Object Profile 1
Name :[marketing]
Interface:[Any]
Address type:[single]
Start ip address:[192.168.1.45]
End/Mask ip address:[0.0.0.0]
Invert Selection:[0]
```

# Telnet Command: object ip grp

This command is used to integrate several IP objects under an IP group profile.

## Syntax

object ip grp setdefault object ip grp *INDEX -v* object ip grp *INDEX -n NAME* object ip grp *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip grp *INDEX -a IP_OBJ_INDEX* 

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified group profile. Example: $object \ ip \ grp \ 1 \ -v$
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP group. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.

	Example: object ip grp 8 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP group. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN INTERFACE=2, means WAN Example: <i>object ip grp 3 -i 0</i>
-a IP_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify IP object profiles for the group profile. Example: $:object \ ip \ grp \ 3 \ -a \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5$ The IP object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
> object ip grp 2 -n First
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Any]
Included ip object index:
[0:][0]
[1:][0]
[2:][0]
[3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
[6:][0]
[7:][0]
> object ip grp 2 -i 1
> object ip grp 2 -a 1 2
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Lan]
Included ip object index:
[0:][1]
[1:][2]
[2:][0]
 [3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

## Telnet Command: object ipv6 obj

This comman is used to create an IP object profile.

## Syntax

object ip obj setdefault object ip obj *INDEX -v* object ip obj *INDEX -n NAME* object ip obj *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip obj *INDEX -s INVERT* object ip obj I*NDEX -a TYPE [START_IP] [END/MASK_IP]* 

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified object profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified object profile. Example: $object \ ip \ obj \ 1 \ -v$
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object ip obj 9 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP object. INTERFACE=0, means any INTERFACE=1, means LAN INTERFACE=3, means WAN Example: object ip obj 8 -i 0
-s INVERT	It means to set invert seletion for the object profile. INVERT=0, means disableing the function. INVERT=1, means enabling the function. Example: $object$ ip $obj$ 3 -s 1
-a TYPE	It means to set the address type and IP for the IP object profile. TYPE=0, means Mask TYPE=1, means Single TYPE=2, means Any TYPE=3, means Rang Example: object ip obj 3 -a 2
[START_IP]	When the TYPE is set with 2, you have to type an IP address as a starting point and another IP address as end point. Type an IP address.
[END/MASK_IP]	Type an IP address (different with START_IP) as the end IP address.

```
> object ip obj 1 -n marketing
> object ip obj 1 -a 1 192.168.1.45
> object ip obj 1 -v
IP Object Profile 1
Name :[marketing]
```

```
Interface:[Any]
Address type:[single]
Start ip address:[192.168.1.45]
End/Mask ip address:[0.0.0.0]
Invert Selection:[0]
```

# Telnet Command: object ipv6 grp

This command is used to integrate several IP objects under an IP group profile.

## Syntax

object ip grp setdefault object ip grp *INDEX -v* object ip grp *INDEX -n NAME* object ip grp *INDEX -i INTERFACE* object ip grp *INDEX -a IP_OBJ_INDEX* 

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
-V	It means to view the information of the specified group profile.
	Example: object ip grp 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP group.
	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
	Example: object ip grp 8 -n bruce
-i INTERFACE	It means to define an interface for the IP group.
	INTERFACE=0, means any
	INTERFACE=1, means LAN
	INTERFACE=2, means WAN
	Example: object ip grp 3 -i 0
-a IP_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify IP object profiles for the group profile.
	Example: :object ip grp 3 -a 1 2 3 4 5
	The IP object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
> object ip grp 2 -n First
IP Group Profile 2
Name :[First]
Interface:[Any]
Included ip object index:
[0:][0]
[1:][0]
[2:][0]
[3:][0]
[4:][0]
[5:][0]
[6:][0]
```

```
[7:][0]
> object ip grp 2 -i 1
> object ip grp 2 -a 1 2
IP Group Profile 2
Name
       :[First]
Interface:[Lan]
Included ip object index:
 [0:][1]
 [1:][2]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

# Telnet Command: object service obj

This command is used to create service object profile.

## Syntax

object service obj setdefault object service obj *INDEX -v* object service obj *INDEX -n NAME* object service obj *INDEX -p PROTOCOL* object service obj *INDEX -s CHK [START_P] [END_P]* object service obj *INDEX -d CHK [START_P] [END_P]* 

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified service object profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified service object profile.
	Example: object service obj 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the IP object.
	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
	Example: object service obj 9 -n bruce
-i PROTOCOL	It means to define a PROTOCOL for the service object profile.
	PROTOCOL =0, means any
	PROTOCOL =1, means ICMP
	PROTOCOL =2, means IGMP
	PROTOCOL =6, means TCP PROTOCOL =17, means UDP
	PROTOCOL =255, means TCP/UDP
	Other values mean other protocols.
	Example: object service obj 8 -i 0
СНК	It means the check action for the port setting.
	0=equal(=), when the starting port and ending port values are the

	same, it indicates one port; when the starting port and ending port values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.
	1=not equal(!=), when the starting port and ending port values are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the starting port and ending port values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.
	2=larger(>), the port number greater than this value is available
	3=less(<), the port number less than this value is available for this profile.
-s CHK [START_P] [END_P]	It means to set souce port check and configure port range (1~65565) for TCP/UDP.
	END_P, type a port number to indicate source port.
	Example: object service obj 3 -s 0 100 200
-d CHK [START_P] [END_P]	It means to set destination port check and configure port range (1~65565) for TCP/UDP.
	END_P, type a port number to indicate destination port.
	Example: object service obj 3 -d 1 100 200

```
> object service obj 1 -n limit
> object service obj 1 -p 255
> object service obj 1 -s 1 120 240
> object service obj 1 -d 1 200 220
> object service obj 1 -v
Service Object Profile 1
Name :[limit]
Protocol:[255]
Source port check action:[!=]
Source port range:[120~240]
Destination port check action:[!=]
```

## Telnet Command: object service grp

This command is used to integrate several service objects under a service group profile.

## Syntax

object service grp setdefault object service grp *INDEX -v* object service grp *INDEX -n NAME* object service grp *INDEX -a SER_OBJ_INDEX* 

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified group profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified group profile. Example: object service grp 1 -v
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the service group.

	NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters. Example: object service grp 8 -n bruce
-a SER_OBJ_INDEX	It means to specify service object profiles for the group profile.
	Example: : <i>object service grp 3 –a 1 2 3 4 5</i> The service object profiles with index number 1,2,3,4 and 5 will be group under such profile.

```
>object service grp 1 -n Grope_1
Service Group Profile 1
       :[Grope_1]
Name
Included service object index:
 [0:][0]
 [1:][0]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
> object service grp 1 -a 1 2
Service Group Profile 1
Name
       :[Grope_1]
Included service object index:
 [0:][1]
 [1:][2]
 [2:][0]
 [3:][0]
 [4:][0]
 [5:][0]
 [6:][0]
 [7:][0]
```

# Telnet Command: object kw

This command is used to create keyword profile.

# Syntax

- object kw obj setdefault
- object kw obj show PAGE
- object kw obj INDEX -v
- object kw obj INDEX -n NAME

object kw obj INDEX -a CONTENTS

Parameter	Description
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
show PAGE	It means to show the contents of the specified profile.

	PAGE: type the page number.
show	It means to show the contents for all of the profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number of the specified keyword profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified keyword profile.
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the keyword profile. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
-a CONTENTS	It means to set the contents for the keyword profile. Example: object kw obj 40 -a test

```
> object kw obj 1 -n children
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[]
> object kw obj 1 -a gambling
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[gambling]
> object kw obj 1 -v
Profile 1
Name :[children]
Content:[gambling]
```

# Telnet Command: object fe

This command is used to create File Extension Object profile.

## Syntax

object fe show object fe setdefault object fe obj *INDEX - v* object fe obj *INDEX - n NAME* object fe obj *INDEX - e CATEGORY/FILE_EXTENSION* object fe obj *INDEX - d CATEGORY/FILE_EXTENSION* 

Parameter	Description
show	It means to show the contents for all of the profiles.
setdefault	It means to return to default settings for all profiles.
INDEX	It means the index number (from 1 to 8) of the specified file extension object profile.
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the information of the specified file extension object profile.
-n NAME	It means to define a name for the file extension object profile. NAME: Type a name with less than 15 characters.
-е	It means to enable the specific CATEGORY or FILE_EXTENSION.

-d	It means to disable the specific CATEGORY or FILE_EXTENSION
CATEGORY / FILE_EXTENSION	CATEGORY:
	Image, Video, Audio, Java, ActiveX, Compression, Executation
	Example: object fe obj 1 -e Image
	FILE_EXTENSION:
	".bmp", ".dib", ".gif", ".jpeg", ".jpg", ".jpg2", ".jp2", ".pct",
	".pcx", ".pic", ".pict", ".png", ".tif", ".tiff", ".asf", ".avi",
	".mov", ".mpe", ".mpeg", ".mpg", ".mp4", ".qt", ".rm", ".wmv",
	".3gp", ".3gpp", ".3gpp2", ".3g2", ".aac", ".aiff", ".au", ".mp3",
	".m4a", ".m4p", ".ogg", ".ra", ".ram", ".vox", ".wav", ".wma",
	".class", ".jad", ".jar", ".jav", ".java", ".jcm", ".js", ".jse",
	".jsp", ".jtk", ".alx", ".apb", ".axs", ".ocx", ".olb", ".ole",
	".tlb", ".viv", ".vrm", ".ace", ".arj", ".bzip2", ".bz2", ".cab",
	".gz", ".gzip", ".rar", ".sit", ".zip", ".bas", ".bat", ".com",
	".exe", ".inf", ".pif", ".reg", ".scr"
	Example: object fe obj 1 -e .bmp

```
> object fe obj 1 -n music
> object fe obj 1 -e Audio
> object fe obj 1 -v
Profile Index: 1
Profile Name:[music]
_____
_____
Image category:
[].bmp [].dib [].gif [].jpg [].jpg [].jpg2 [].jp2 [].pct
[].pcx [].pic [].pict [].png [].tif [].tiff
_____
_____
Video category:
[].asf [].avi [].mov [].mpe [].mpeg [].mpg [v].mp4 [].qt
[].rm [v].wmv [].3gp [].3gpp [].3gpp2 [].3g2
_____
____
Audio category:
[v].aac [v].aiff [v].au [v].mp3 [v].m4a [v].m4p [v].ogg [v].ra
[v].ram [v].vox [v].wav [v].wma
_____
Java category:
[].class [].jad [].jar [].jav [].java [].jcm [].js [].jse
[].jsp [].jtk
_____
_____
ActiveX category:
[].alx [].apb [].axs [].ocx [].olb [].ole [].tlb [].viv
[].vrm
_____
_____
Compression category:
[].ace [].arj [].bzip2 [].bz2 [].cab [].gz [].gzip [].rar
[].sit [].zip
```

```
------
Executation category:
[].bas [].bat [].com [].exe [].inf [].pif [].reg [].scr
```

# Telnet Command: port

This command allows users to set the speed for specific port of the router.

## Syntax

port [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, wan2, all] [AN, 100F, 100H, 10F, 10H, status]
port status
port sniff [on,off,port,txrx,restart,status]
port 802.1x[enable,disable,status,addport,delport]
port jumbo
port wanfc

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description			
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, wan2, all	It means the number of LAN port and WAN port.			
AN 10H	It means the physical type for the specific port.			
	AN: auto-negotiate.			
	100F: 100M Full Duplex.			
	100H: 100M Half Duplex.			
	10F: 10M Full Duplex.			
	10H: 10M Half Duplex.			
status	It means to view the Ethernet port status.			
sniff [on,off,port,txrx,restart,sta tus]				
802.1x[enable,disable,statu s,addport,delport]				
wanfc	It means to set WAN flow control.			

### Example

> port 1 100F %Set Port 1 Force speed 100 Full duplex OK !!!

# Telnet Command: portmaptime

This command allows you to set a time of keeping the session connection for specified protocol.

### Syntax

portmaptime [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description		
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.		
-t <sec></sec>	It means "TCP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP session timeout.</sec>		
-U <sec></sec>	It means "UDP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the UDP session timeout.</sec>		
-i <sec></sec>	It means "IGMP" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the IGMP session timeout.</sec>		
-W <sec></sec>	It means "TCP WWW" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP WWW session timeout.</sec>		
-s <sec></sec>	It means "TCP SYN" protocol. <sec>: Type a number to set the TCP SYN session timeout.</sec>		
-f	It means to flush all portmaps (useful for diagnostics).		
-I <list></list>	List all settings.		

# Example

```
> portmaptime -t 86400 -u 300 -i 10
> portmaptime -l
----- Current setting -----
TCP Timeout : 86400 sec.
UDP Timeout : 300 sec.
IGMP Timeout : 10 sec.
TCP WWW Timeout: 60 sec.
TCP SYN Timeout: 60 sec.
```

# Telnet Command: ppa

This command allows you to configure PPA mode.

ppa [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

ppa n [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

Parameter	Description	
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.	
-m <mode></mode>	Specify a mode. 1=auto 2=manual(traffic) 3=manual(qos) 4=manual(specific hosts) 0=disable	
-p <proto></proto>	Specify a protocol. proto - 1-TCP; 2-UDP; 3-Both.	
-b 1/0	Enable/disable TWO-way hardware acceleration.	
-M enable/disable	Enable/disable the multicast hardware acceleration.	
-S	Show multicast table in HW accleration	

- <i>V</i>	Show PPA_WAN_Table and PPA_LAN_Table for reference.		
-С	Clean all settings.		
-X	Show hardware acceleration information.		
-k	Clean the PPA table.		
ppa n - used in QoS or specific host			
-l <rule></rule>	Specify an index number of rule profile for QoS mode.		
-h <host></host>	Type an IP address for Specific Host mode.		
-s <start port=""></start>	Specify a starting port number for Specific Host mode.		
-e <end port=""></end>	Specify an ending port number for Specific Host mode		

#### Example

```
> ppa -m 1 -p 1 -b 0
Set ok! The PPA mode is Auto
% You need to set the Manual mode first !
%TWO way accleration is disable
> ppa -v
% PPA mode is Auto
%PPA Protocol TCP 1, UDP 0
%PPA two way disable
%PPA time is 10
%PPA range is 192
%PPA LAN entries 0
%PPA WAN entries 0
DrayTek> ppa -x
WAN1 status : Enable
WAN1 phy_type : ADSL
WAN1 session check = NULL
WAN2 status : Enable
WAN2 phy_type : ETHERNET
WAN2 session check = hw_acc_for_ether_XDSL
```

## Telnet Command: prn

This command allows you to view current status (interface and driver) of USB printer.

#### Syntax

prn status

prn debug

```
> prn status
Interface: USB bus 2.0
Printer: NotReady
> prn debug
conn[0] :
none
```

```
conn[1] :
none
conn[2] :
none
conn[3] :
none
LPD_data_total=0
usblp_ptr=0
UsbPrintReady=0, UsbIsPrinting=0
```

# Telnet Command: qos setup

This command allows user to set general settings for QoS.

### Syntax

qos setup [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.	
-h	Type it to display the usage of this command.	
-m <mode></mode>	<ul> <li>It means to define which traffic the QoS control settings will apply to and eable QoS control.</li> <li>0: disable.</li> <li>1: in, apply to incoming traffic only.</li> <li>2: out, apply to outgoing traffic only.</li> <li>3: both, apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic.</li> <li>Default is enable (for outgoing traffic).</li> </ul>	
-i <bandwidth></bandwidth>	It means to set inbound bandwidth in kbps (Ethernet WAN only) The available setting is from 1 to 100000.	
-o <bandwidth></bandwidth>	It means to set outbound bandwidth in kbps (Ethernet WAN only). The available setting is from 1 to 100000.	
-r <index:ratio></index:ratio>	It means to set ratio for class index, in %.	
-u <mode></mode>	It means to enable bandwidth control for UDP. 0: disable 1: enable Default is disable.	
-p <ratio></ratio>	It means to enable bandwidth limit ratio for UDP.	
-t <mode></mode>	It means to enable/disable Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize. 0: disable 1: enable	
- <i>V</i>	Show all the settings.	
-D	Set all to factory default (for all WANs).	
[]	It means that you can type in several commands in one line.	

# Example

> qos setup -m 3 -i 9500 -o 8500 -r 3:20 -u 1 -p 50 -t 1

```
WAN1 QOS mode is both
Wan 1 is XDSL model ,don,t need to set up
Wan 1 is XDSL model ,don,t need to set up
WAN1 class 3 ratio set to 20
WAN1 udp bandwidth control set to enable
WAN1 udp bandwidth limit ratio set to 50
WAN1 Outbound TCP ACK Prioritizel set to enable
QoS WAN1 set complete; restart QoS
>
```

# Telnet Command: qos class

This command allows user to set QoS class.

#### Syntax

qos class -c [no] -[a/e/d] [no][-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description		
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.		
-h	Type it to display the usage of this command.		
-C <no></no>	Specify the inde number for the class. Available value for <no> contains 1, 2 and 3. The default setting is class 1.</no>		
-n <name></name>	It means to type a name for the class.		
-a	It means to add rule for specified class.		
-e <no></no>	It means to edit specified rule. <no>: type the index number for the rule.</no>		
-d <no></no>	It means to delete specified rule. <no>: type the index number for the rule.</no>		
-m <mode></mode>	It means to enable or disable the specified rule. 0: disable, 1: enable		
-I <addr></addr>	Set the local address. Addr1 - It means Single address. Please specify the IP address directly, for example, "-1 172.16.3.9". addr1:addr2 - It means Range address. Please specify the IP addresses, for example, "-1 172.16.3.9: 172.16.3.50." addr1:subnet - It means the subnet address with start IP address. Please type the subnet and the IP address, for example, "-1 172.16.3.9:255.255.0.0".0 any - It means Any address. Simple type "-1" to specify any address for this command.		
-r <addr></addr>	Set the remote address. <i>addr1</i> - It means Single address. Please specify the IP address directly, for example, <i>"-I 172.16.3.9"</i> . <i>addr1:addr2</i> - It means Range address. Please specify the IP addresses, for example, <i>"-I 172.16.3.9: 172.16.3.50."</i>		

	addr1:subnet - It means the subnet address with start IP address. Please type the subnet and the IP address, for example, "-1 172.16.3.9:255.255.0.0".0 any - It means Any address. Simple type "-1" to specify any address for this command.
-p <dscp id=""></dscp>	Specify the ID.
-s <service type=""></service>	Specify the service type by typing the number. The available types are listed as below: 1:ANY 2:DNS 3:FTP 4:GRE 5:H.323 6:HTTP 7:HTTPS 8:IKE 9:IPSEC-AH 10:IPSEC-ESP 11:IRC 12:L2TP 13:NEWS 14:NFS 15:NNTP 16:PING 17:POP3 18:PPTP 19:REAL-AUDIO 20:RTSP 21:SFTP 22:SIP 23:SMTP 24:SNMP 25:SNMP-TRAPS 26:SQL-NET 27:SSH 28:SYSLOG 29:TELNET 30:TFTP
-S <d s=""></d>	Show the content for specified DSCP ID/Service type.
-V <1/2/3>	Show the rule in the specified class.
[]	It means that you can type in several commands in one line.

#### Example

```
> qos class -c 2 -n draytek -a -m 1 -l 192.168.1.50:192.168.1.80
Following setting will set in the class2
class 2 name set to draytek
Add a rule in class2
Class2 the 1 rule enabled
Set local address type to Range, 192.168.1.50:192.168.1.80
```

# Telnet Command: qos type

This command allows user to configure protocol type and port number for QoS.

### Syntax

qos type [-a <service name> | -e <no> | -d <no>].

Parameter	Description			
-a <name></name>	It means to add rule.			
-e <no></no>	It means to edit user defined service type. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.			
-d <no></no>	It means to delete user defined service type. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.			
-n <name></name>	It means the name of the service.			
-t <type></type>	It means protocol type. 6: tcp(default) 17: udp 0: tcp/udp <1~254>: other			
-p <port></port>	It means service port. The typing format must be [start:end] (ex., 510:330).			
-1	List user defined types. "no" means the index number. Available numbers are 1~40.			

# Example

```
> qos type -a draytek -t 6 -p 510:1330
service name set to draytek
service type set to 6:TCP
Port type set to Range
Service Port set to 510 ~ 1330
>
```

# Telnet Command: quit

This command can exit the telnet command screen.

### Telnet Command: show lan

This command displays current status of LAN IP address settings.

> show lan			
The LAN settings:			
ip	mask dhc	p star_ip	pool gateway
 [V]LAN1 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.1.10	200
[X]LAN2 192.168.2.1 192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.2.10	100
[X]LAN3 192.168.3.1 192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.3.10	100
[X]LAN4 192.168.4.1 192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.4.10	100
[X]LAN5 192.168.5.1 192.168.5.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.5.10	100
[X]LAN6 192.168.6.1 192.168.6.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 192.168.6.10	100
[X]Route 192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	[V] 0.0.0.0	0 192.168.0.1

# Telnet Command: show dmz

This command displays current status of DMZ host.

### Example

```
> show dmz
% WAN1 DMZ mapping status:
Index Status WAN1 aux IP Private IP
------
1 Disable 172.16.3.221
2 Disable 192.168.1.65
```

# Telnet Command: show dns

This command displays current status of DNS setting

### Example

> show	dns
9°9	Domain name server settings:
00	Primary DNS: [Not set]
olo	Secondary DNS: [Not set]

# Telnet Command: show openport

This command displays current status of open port setting.

#### Example

# Telnet Command: show nat

This command displays current status of NAT.

> show nat						
Port	Port Redirection Running Table:					
Index	Protocol	Public Port	: Private IP	Private Port		
1	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
2	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
3	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
4	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
5	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
6	0	0 (	0.0.0.0	0		
7	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
8	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
9	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		
10	0	0 (	0.0.0	0		

11	0	0	0.0.0	0
12	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
13	0	0	0.0.0	0
14	0	0	0.0.0	0
15	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
16	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
17	0	0	0.0.0	0
18	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
19	0	0	0.0.0	0
20	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
MORI	E ['q'	: Quit,	'Enter': New Lines,	'Space Bar': Next Page]

# Telnet Command: show portmap

This command displays the table of NAT Active Sessions.

#### Example

### Telnet Command: show pmtime

This command displays the reuse time of NAT session.

Level0: It is the default setting.

Level1: It will be applied when the NAT sessions are smaller than 25% of the default setting.

Level2: It will be applied when the NAT sessions are smaller than the eighth of the default setting.

### Example

```
> show pmtime
Level0 TCP=86400001 UDP=300001 ICMP=10001
Level1 TCP=600000 UDP=90000 ICMP=7000
Level2 TCP=60000 UDP=30000 ICMP=5000
```

### Telnet Command: show session

This command displays current status of current session.

```
> show session
% Maximum Session Number: 10000
% Maximum Session Usage: 49
% Current Session Usage: 0
% Current Session Used(include waiting for free): 0
% WAN1 Current Session Usage: 0
```

## Telnet Command: show status

This command displays current status of LAN and WAN connections.

#### Example

```
> show status
System Uptime:20:36:35
LAN Status
Primary DNS:8.8.8.8 Secondary DNS:8.8.4.4
IP Address:192.168.1.1
                       Tx Rate:12923 Rx Rate:8152
WAN 1 Status: Disconnected
                       Name:tcom
Enable:Yes
           Line:xDSL
Mode:Static IP Up Time:0:00:00 IP:172.16.3.221 GW
IP:172.16.3.2
           TX Rate:0 RX Packets:0 RX Rate:0
TX Packets:0
ADSL Information: ADSL Firmware Version:05-04-04-04-00-01
Mode:
                 State:TRAINING TX Block:0 RX Block:0
Corrected Blocks:0 Uncorrected Blocks:0
UP Speed:0 Down Speed:0 SNR Margin:0 Loop Att.:0
```

### Telnet Command: show adsl

This command displays current status of ADSL.

> Vigor> show adsl
ATU-R Info (hw: annex A, f/w: annex A)
Running Mode : T1.413 State : TRAINING
DS Actual Rate : 0 bps US Actual Rate : 0 bps
DS Attainable Rate : 0 bps US Attainable Rate : 0 bps
DS Path Mode : Fast US Path Mode : Fast
DS Interleave Depth : 0 US Interleave Depth : 0
NE Current Attenuation : 0 dB Cur SNR Margin : 0 dB
DS actual PSD : 0.0 dB US actual PSD : 0.0 dB
ADSL Firmware Version : 05-04-04-00-01
ATU-C Info
Far Current Attenuation : 0 dB Far SNR Margin : 0 dB
CO ITU Version[0] : 00000000 CO ITU Version[1] : 00000000
DSLAM CHIPSET VENDOR : < ADI >

# Telnet Command: show statistic

This command displays statistics for WAN interface.

# Syntax

show statistic

show statistic reset [interface]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
reset	It means to reset the transmitted/received bytes to Zero.
interface	It means to specify WAN1 ~WAN5 (including multi-PVC) interface for displaying related statistics.

> sho	w stat	isti	С				
WAN1	total	TX:	0	Bytes	,RX:	0	Bytes
WAN2	total	TX:	0	Bytes	,RX:	0	Bytes
WAN3	total	TX:	0	Bytes	,RX:	0	Bytes
WAN4	total	TX:	0	Bytes	,RX:	0	Bytes
WAN5	total	TX:	0	Bytes	,RX:	0	Bytes
>							

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp badip

This command is reserved for future using.

# Syntax

srv dhcp badip

### Example

> srv dhcp badip
>

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp public

This command allows users to configure DHCP server for second subnet.

### Syntax

srv dhcp public start [IP address]
srv dhcp public cnt [IP counts]
srv dhcp public status
srv dhcp public add [MAC Addr XX-XX-XX-XX-XX]
srv dhcp public del [MAC Addr XX-XX-XX-XX-XX/all/ALL]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
start	It means the starting point of the IP address pool for the DHCP server.
IP address	It means to specify an IP address as the starting point in the IP address pool.
cnt	It means the IP count number.
IP counts	It means to specify the number of IP addresses in the pool. The maximum is 10.
status	It means the execution result of this command.
add	It means creating a list of hosts to be assigned.
del	It means removing the selected MAC address.
MAC Addr	It means to specify MAC Address of the host.
all/ALL	It means all of the MAC addresses.

```
Vigor> ip route add 192.168.1.56 255.255.0 192.168.1.12 3 default
Vigor> srv dhcp public status
Index MAC Address
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp dns1

This command allows users to set Primary IP Address for DNS Server in LAN.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp dns1 [?] srv dhcp dns1 [DNS IP address]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current IP address of DNS 1 for the DHCP server.
DNS IP address	It means the IP address that you want to use as DNS1. Note: The IP Routed Subnet DNS must be the same as NAT Subnet DNS).

#### Example

```
> srv dhcp dns1 168.95.1.1
% srv dhcp dns1 <DNS IP address>
% Now: 168.95.1.1
(IP Routed Subnet dns same as NAT Subnet dns)
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp dns2

This command allows users to set Secondary IP Address for DNS Server in LAN.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp dns2 [?] srv dhcp dns2 [DNS IP address]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current IP address of DNS 2 for the DHCP server.
DNS IP address	It means the IP address that you want to use as DNS2. Note: The IP Routed Subnet DNS must be the same as NAT Subnet DNS).

```
> srv dhcp dns2 10.1.1.1
% srv dhcp dns2 <DNS IP address>
% Now: 10.1.1.1
(IP Routed Subnet dns same as NAT Subnet dns)
```

## Telnet Command: srv dhcp frcdnsmanl

This command can force the router to invoke DNS Server IP address.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp frcdnsmanl [on]
srv dhcp frcdnsmanl [off]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display the current status.
on	It means to use manual setting for DNS setting.
Off	It means to use auto settings acquired from ISP.

### Example

> srv dhcp frcdnsmanl on
% Domain name server now is using manual settings!
> srv dhcp frcdnsmanl off
% Domain name server now is using auto settings!

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp gateway

This command allows users to specify gateway address for DHCP server.

### Syntax

srv dhcp gateway [?]
srv dhcp gateway [Gateway IP]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current gateway that you can use.
Gateway IP	It means to specify a gateway address used for DHCP server.

```
> srv dhcp gateway 192.168.2.1
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp ipcnt

This command allows users to specify IP counts for DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp ipcnt [?]

srv dhcp ipcnt [IP counts]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current used IP count number.
IP counts	It means the number that you have to specify for the DHCP server.

#### Example

```
> srv dhcp ipcnt ?
% srv dhcp ipcnt <IP counts>
% Now: 150
```

### Telnet Command: srv dhcp off

This function allows users to turn off DHCP server. It needs rebooting router, please type "sys reboot" command to reboot router.

#### Telnet Command: srv dhcp on

This function allows users to turn on DHCP server. It needs rebooting router, please type "sys reboot" command to reboot router.

#### Telnet Command: srv dhcp relay

This command allows users to set DHCP relay setting.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp relay servip [server ip]

srv dhcp relay subnet [index]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
server ip	It means the IP address that you want to used as DHCP server.
Index	It means subnet 1 or 2. Please type 1 or 2. The router will invoke this function according to the subnet 1 or 2 specified here.

```
> srv dhcp relay servip 192.168.1.46
> srv dhcp relay subnet 2
> srv dhcp relay servip ?
% srv dhcp relay servip <server ip>
% Now: 192.168.1.46
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp startip

### Syntax

srv dhcp startip [?]
srv dhcp startip [IP address]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current used start IP address.
IP address	It means the IP address that you can specify for the DHCP server as the starting point.

### Example

```
> srv dhcp startip 192.168.1.53
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp status

This command can display general information for the DHCP server, such as IP address, MAC address, leased time, host ID and so on.

> srv dhcp status					
DHCP server: Re	elay Agent				
Default gateway	Default gateway: 192.168.1.1				
Index IP Addr	ess MAC Address	Leased Time	HOST ID		
1 192.168.	1.113 00-05-5D-E4-D8-EE	17:20:08	A1000351		

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp leasetime

This command can set the lease time for the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp leasetime [?]

srv dhcp leasetime [Lease Time (sec)]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
?	It means to display current leasetime used for the DHCP server.
Lease Time (sec)	It means the lease time that DHCP server can use. The unit is second.

### Example

> srv dhcp leasetime ?	
% srv dhcp leasetime <lease< th=""><th>e Time (sec.)&gt;</th></lease<>	e Time (sec.)>
% Now: 86400	
>	

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp nodetype

This command can set the node type for the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp nodetype <count>

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
count	It means to specify a type for node.
	1. B-node
	2. P-node
	4. M-node
	8. H-node

```
> srv dhcp nodetype 1
> srv dhcp nodetype ?
%% srv dhcp nodetype <count>
%% 1. B-node 2. P-node 4. M-node 8. H-node
% Now: 1
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp primWINS

This command can set the primary IP address for the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp primWINS [WINS IP address]

srv dhcp primWINS clear

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
WINS IP address	It means the IP address of primary WINS server.
clear	It means to remove the IP address settings of primary WINS server.

#### Example

```
> srv dhcp primWINS 192.168.1.88
> srv dhcp primWINS ?
%% srv dhcp primWINS <WINS IP address>
%% srv dhcp primWINS clear
% Now: 192.168.1.88
```

### Telnet Command: srv dhcp secWINS

This command can set the secondary IP address for the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp secWINS [WINS IP address]

srv dhcp secWINS clear

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
WINS IP address	It means the IP address of secondary WINS server.
clear	It means to remove the IP address settings of second WINS server.

```
> srv dhcp secWINS 192.168.1.180
> srv dhcp secWINS ?
%% srv dhcp secWINS <WINS IP address>
%% srv dhcp secWINS clear
% Now: 192.168.1.180
```

# Telnet Command: srv dhcp expired_RecycleIP

This command can set the time to check if the IP address can be assigned again by DHCP server or not.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp expRecycleIP <sec time>

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
sec time	It means to set the time (5~300 seconds) for checking if the IP can be assigned again or not.

#### Example

```
Vigor> srv dhcp expRecycleIP 250
% DHCP expired_RecycleIP = 250
```

### Telnet Command: srv dhcp tftp

This command can set the TFTP server as the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

srv dhcp tftp <TFTP server name>

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
TFTP server name	It means to type the name of TFTP server.

#### Example

```
> srv dhcp tftp TF123
> srv dhcp tftp ?
%% srv dhcp tftp <TFTP server name>
% Now: TF123
```

### Telnet Command: srv dhcp option

This command can set the custom option for the DHCP server.

#### Syntax

```
srv dhcp option -h
srv dhcp option -l
srv dhcp option -d [idx]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -v [option value]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -a [option value]
srv dhcp option -e [1 or 0] -c [option number] -x [option value]
srv dhcp option -u [idx unmber]
```

Parameter	Description
-h	It means to display usage of this command.
-/	It means to display all the user defined DHCP options.
-d[idx]	It means to delete the option number by specifying its index number.
-е [1 or 0]	It means to enable/disable custom option feature. 1:enable 0:disable
-С	It means to set option number. Available number ranges from 0 to 255.
-V	It means to set option number by typing string.
-а	It means to set the option value by specifying the IP address.
-X	It means to set option number with the format of Hexadecimal characters.
-U	It means to update the option value of the sepecified index.
idx number	It means the index number of the option value.

> srv dhcp option -e 1 -c 18	-v /path		
> srv dhcp option -1			
<pre>% state idx interface</pre>	opt type	data	
% enable 1 ALL LAN	18 ASCII	/path	

# Telnet Command: srv nat dmz

This command allows users to set DMZ host. Before using this command, please set WAN IP Alias first.

#### Syntax

srv nat dmz n m [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
n	It means to map selected WAN IP to certain host. 1: wan1 2: wan2
m	It means the index number of the DMZ host. Default setting is "1" (WAN 1). It is only available for Static IP mode. If you use other mode, you can set 1 ~ 8 in this field. If WAN IP alias has been configured, then the number of DMZ host can be added more.
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-e	It means to enable/disable such feature. 1:enable 0:disable
-i	It means to specify the private IP address of the DMZ host.
-r	It means to remove DMZ host setting.
- <i>V</i>	It means to display current status.

#### Example

```
> srv nat dmz 1 1 -i 192.168.1.96
> srv nat dmz -v
% WAN1 DMZ mapping status:
Index Status WAN1 aux IP Private IP
1 Disable 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.96
```

# Telnet Command: srv nat ipsecpass

This command allows users to enable or disable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.

#### Syntax

srv nat ipsecpass [options]

Parameter	Description
[options]	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
on	It means to enable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.
off	It means to disable IPSec ESP tunnel passthrough and IKE source port (500) preservation.

status

It means to display current status for checking.

### Example

```
> srv nat ipsecpass status
%% Status: IPsec ESP pass-thru and IKE src_port:500 preservation is
OFF.
```

## Telnet Command: srv nat openport

This command allows users to set open port settings for NAT server.

### Syntax

srv nat openport n m [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
n	It means the index number for the profiles. The range is from 1 to 20.
т	It means to specify the sub-item number for this profile. The range is from 1 to 10.
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-a <enable></enable>	It means to enable or disable the open port rule profile. 0: disable 1:enable
-c <comment></comment>	It means to type the description (less than 23 characters) for the defined network service.
-i <local ip=""></local>	It means to set the IP address for local computer. Local ip: Type an IP address in this field.
-w <idx></idx>	It means to specify the public IP. 1: WAN1 Default, 2: WAN1 Alias 1, and so on.
-p <protocol></protocol>	Specify the transport layer protocol. Available values are TCP, UDP and ALL.
-s <start port=""></start>	It means to specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host. The range is from 0 to 65535.
-e <end port=""></end>	It means to specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host. The range is from 0 to 65535.
-V	It means to display current settings.
-r <remove></remove>	It means to delete the specified open port setting. remove: Type the index number of the profile.
-f <flush></flush>	It means to return to factory settings for all the open ports profiles.

```
> srv nat openport 1 1 -a 1 -c games -i 192.168.1.100 -w 1 -p TCP -s
23 -e 83
> srv nat openport -v
```

```
%% Status: Enable
%% Comment: games
%% Private IP address: 192.168.1.100
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
TCP
           23
                   83
1.
%% Status: Disable
%% Comment:
%% Private IP address: 0.0.0.0
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
%% Status: Disable
%% Comment:
%% Private IP address: 0.0.0.0
Index Protocal Start Port End Port
>
```

# Telnet Command: srv nat portmap

This command allows users to set port redirection table for NAT server.

### Syntax

srv nat portmap *add* [*idx*][*serv name*][*proto*][*pub port*][*pri ip*][*pri port*][*wan1/wan2*] srv nat portmap *del* [*idx*] srv nat portmap *disable* [*idx*] srv nat portmap *enable* [*idx*] [*proto*] srv nat portmap *flush* srv nat portmap *table* 

Parameter	Description
Add[idx]	It means to add a new port redirection table with an index number. Available index number is from 1 to 10.
serv name	It means to type one name as service name.
proto	It means to specify TCP or UDP as the protocol.
pub port	It means to specify which port can be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host.
pri ip	It means to specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service.
pri port	It means to specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.
wan1/wan2	It means to specify WAN interface for the port redirection.
del [idx]	It means to remove the selected port redirection setting.
disable [idx]	It means to inactivate the selected port redirection setting.
enable [idx]	It means to activate the selected port redirection setting.
flush	It means to clear all the port mapping settings.

It means to display Port Redirection Configuration Table.

#### Example

> srv nat portmap add > srv nat portmap tab		cp 80 i	192.168.	.1.11 100	wan	11
NAT Port Redirection	Configurat	tion Ta	able:			
Index Service Name Port ifno	Protocol	Publi	c Port	Private	IP	Private
1 game -1	6	80	192.168	8.1.11		100
2	0	0			0	-2
3	0	0			0	-2
4	0	0			0	-2
5	0	0			0	-2
6	0	0			0	-2
7	0	0			0	-2
8	0	0			0	-2
9	0	0			0	-2
10	0	0			0	-2
11	0	0			0	-2
12	0	0			0	-2
13	0	0			0	-2
14	0	0			0	-2
15	0	0			0	-2
16	0	0			0	-2
17	0	0			0	-2
18	0	0			0	-2
19	0	0			0	-2
20	0	0			0	-2
Protocol: 0 = Disable	e, 6 = TCP,	, 17 =	UDP			

#### Telnet Command: srv nat status

This command allows users to view NAT Port Redirection Running Table.

```
> srv nat status
NAT Port Redirection Running Table:
Index Protocol Public Port Private IP
                                            Private Port
1
           б
                     80 192.168.1.11
                                                 100
 2
           0
                      0 0.0.0.0
                                                 0
 3
           0
                        0.0.0.0
                                                 0
                      0
 4
                         0.0.0.0
           0
                      0
                                                 0
```

```
table
```

5	0	0	0.0.0	0
6	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
7	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
8	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
9	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
10	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
11	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
12	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
13	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
14	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
15	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
16	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
17	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
18	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
19	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
20	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
]	MORE ['q'	: Quit,	'Enter': New Lines,	'Space Bar': Next Page]

# Telnet Command: srv nat showall

This command allows users to view a summary of NAT port redirection setting, open port and DMZ settings.

### Example

```
> srv nat showall ?
Index Proto WAN IP:Port
                            Private IP:Port
                                              Act
**********
* * * *
    TCP 0.0.0:80
R01
                           192.168.1.11:100
                                              Y
001
    TCP 0.0.0:23~83
                           192.168.1.100:23~83
                                              Y
D01
    All
        0.0.0.0
                           192.168.1.96
                                              Y
R:Port Redirection, O:Open Ports, D:DMZ
```

### Telnet Command: switch -i

This command is used to obtain the TX (transmitted) or RX (received) data for each connected switch.

### Syntax

switch -i [switch idx_no] [option]

Parameter	Description
switch idx_no	It means the index number of the switch profile.
option	The available commands with parameters are listed below. <i>cmd</i> <i>acc</i>

	traffic [on/off/status/tx/rx]
cmd	It means to send command to the client.
acc	It means to set the client authentication account and password.
traffic [on/off/status/tx/rx]	It means to turn on/off or display the data transmission from the client.

#### Example

```
> switch -i 1 traffic on
External Device NO. 1 traffic statistic function is enable
```

# Telnet Command: switch on

This command is used to turn on the auto discovery for external devices.

#### Example

```
> switch on
Enable Extrnal Device auto discovery!
```

### Telnet Command: switch off

This command is used to turn off the auto discovery for external devices.

#### Example

```
> switch off
Disable External Device auto discovery!
```

### Telnet Command: switch list

This command is used to display the connection status of the switch.

#### Example

# Telnet Command: switch clear

This command is used to reset the switch table and reboot the router.

#### Syntax

switch clear [idx]

Parameter	Description
idx	It means the index number of each item shown on the table. The range is from 1 to 8.
-f	It means to clear all of the data.

# Example

```
> switch clear 1
Switch Data clear successful
> switch clear -f
Switch Data clear successful
```

# Telnet Command: switch query

This command is used to enable or disable the switch query.

# Example

```
> switch query on
Extern Device status query is Enable
> switch query off
Extern Device status query is Disable
```

# Telnet Command: sys admin

This command is used for RD engineer to access into test mode of Vigor router.

# Telnet Command: sys adminuser

This command is used to create user account and specify LDAP server. The server will authenticate the local user who wants to access into the web user interface of Vigor router.

### Syntax

sys adminuser [option]

sys adminuser edit [index] username password

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
option	Available options includes: Local [0-1] LDAP [0-1] edit [INDEX] delete [INDEX] view [INDEX]
Local [0-1]	0 - Disable the local user. 1 - Enable the local user.
LDAP [0-1]	0 - Disable the LDAP. 1 - Enable the LDAP.
edit [INDEX] username password	Edit an existed user account or create a new local user account. [INDEX] - 1 ~8. There are eight profiles to be added / edited. Username - Type a new name for local user. Password - Type a password for local user.
delete [INDEX]	Delete a local user account.
view [INDEX]	Show the user account/password detail information.

```
> > sys adminuser Local 1
```

```
Local User has enabled!
> sys adminuser LDAP 1
LDAP has enabled!
>> sys adminuser edit 1 carrie test123
Updated!
>> sys adminuser view 1
Index:1
User Name:carrie
User Password:test123
```

# Telnet Command: sys bonjour

This command is used to disable/enable and configure the Bonjour service.

### Syntax

sys bonjour [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-e <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable bonjour service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-h <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable http (web) service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-t <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable telnet service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-f <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable FTP service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-s <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable SSH service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-p <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable printer service (0: disable, 1: enable).
-6 <enable></enable>	It is used to disable/enable IPv6 (0: disable, 1: enable).

```
> sys bonjour -s 1
>
```

# Telnet Command: sys cfg

This command reset the router with factory default settings. When a user types this command, all the configuration will be reset to default setting.

#### Syntax

sys cfg default

sys cfg status

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
default	It means to reset current settings with default values.
status	It means to display current profile version and status.

### Example

```
> sys cfg status
Profile version: 3.0.0 Status: 1 (0x491e5e6c)
> sys cfg default
>
```

# Telnet Command: sys cmdlog

This command displays the history of the commands that you have typed.

#### Example

```
> sys cmdlog
% Commands Log: (The lowest index is the newest !!!)
[1] sys cmdlog
[2] sys cmdlog ?
[3] sys ?
[4] sys cfg status
[5] sys cfg ?
```

### Telnet Command: sys ftpd

This command displays current status of FTP server.

#### Syntax

sys ftpd on

sys ftpd off

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on the FTP server of the system.
off	It means to turn off the FTP server of the system.

```
> sys ftpd on
% sys ftpd turn on !!!
```

# Telnet Command: sys domainname

This command can set and remove the domain name of the system when DHCP mode is selected for WAN.

#### Syntax

sys domainname [wan1/wan2] [Domain Name Suffix]

sys domainname [wan1/wan2] clear

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1/wan2	It means to specify WAN interface for assigning a name for it.
Domain Name Suffix	It means the name for the domain of the system. The maximum number of characters that you can set is 40.
clear	It means to remove the domain name of the system.

### Example

> sys domainname wan1 clever
> sys domainname wan2 intellegent
> sys domainname ?
<pre>% sys domainname <wan1 wan2=""> <domain (max.="" 40="" characters)="" name="" suffix=""></domain></wan1></pre>
% sys domainname <wan1 wan2=""> clear</wan1>
<pre>% Now: wan1 == clever, wan2 ==intelligent</pre>
>

# Telnet Command: sys iface

This command displays the current interface connection status (UP or Down) with IP address, MAC address and Netmask for the router.

> sys iface	
Interface 0 Ethernet:	
Status: UP	
IP Address: 192.168.1.1	Netmask: 0xFFFFFF00 (Private)
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0xFFFFFFF
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-00	
Interface 4 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-02	
Interface 5 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-03	
Interface 6 Ethernet:	
Status: DOWN	
IP Address: 0.0.0.0	Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-04	

```
Interface 7 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
IP Address: 0.0.0.0
                          Netmask: 0x00000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-05
Interface 8 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
IP Address: 0.0.0.0
                           Netmask: 0x0000000
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-06
Interface 9 Ethernet:
Status: DOWN
                      Netmask: 0x00000000
IP Address: 0.0.0.0
MAC: 00-50-7F-00-00-07
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
___
>
```

### Telnet Command: sys name

This command can set and remove the name for the router when DHCP mode is selected for WAN.

#### Syntax

sys name [wan1] [ASCII string]

sys name [wan1] clear

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1	It means to specify WAN interface for assigning a name for it.
ASCII string	It means the name for router. The maximum character that you can set is 20.

#### Example

>	sys name wan1 drayrouter
>	sys name ?
00	sys name <wan1 wan2=""> <ascii (max.="" 20="" characters)="" string=""></ascii></wan1>
00	sys name <wan1 wan2=""> clear</wan1>
010	Now: wan1 == drayrouter, wan2 ==

Note: Such name can be used to recognize router's identification in SysLog dialog.

# Telnet Command: sys passwd

This command allows users to set password for the administrator.

sys passwd [ASCII string]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ASCII string	It means the password for administrator. The maximum character that you can set is 23.

# Example

```
> sys passwd admin123
>
```

# Telnet Command: sys reboot

This command allows users to restart the router immediately.

### Example

> sys reboot >

# Telnet Command: sys autoreboot

This command allows users to restart the router automatically within a certain time.

### Syntax

sys autoreboot [on/off/hour(s)]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	On - It means to enable the function of auto-reboot. Off - It means to disable the function of auto-reboot.
hours	It means to set the time schedule for router reboot. For example, if you type "2" in this field, the router will reboot with an interval of two hours.

### Example

```
> sys autoreboot on
autoreboot is ON
> sys autoreboot 2
autoreboot is ON
autoreboot time is 2 hour(s)
```

# Telnet Command: sys commit

This command allows users to save current settings to FLASH. Usually, current settings will be saved in SRAM. Yet, this command will save the file to FLASH.

# Example

> sys commit

>

### Telnet Command: sys tftpd

This command can turn on TFTP server for upgrading the firmware.

#### Example

```
> sys tftpd
% TFTP server enabled !!!
```

### Telnet Command: sys cc

This command can display current country code and wireless region of this device.

#### Example

```
> sys cc
Country Code : 0x 0 [International]
Wireless Region Code: 0x30
>
```

# Telnet Command: sys version

This command can display current version for the system.

#### Example

```
> sys version
Router Model: Vigor2862Vn+ Version: 3.7.4.1 English
Profile version: 3.0.0 Status: 1 (0x49165e6c)
Router IP: 192.168.1.1 Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Firmware Build Date/Time: Mar 20 2014 14:09:50
Router Name: drayrouter
Revision: 40055 2860_374
VDSL2 Firmware Version: 05-04-08-00-00-06
```

#### Telnet Command: sys qrybuf

This command can display the system memory status and leakage list.

```
> sys qrybuf
System Memory Status and Leakage List
Buf sk_buff ( 200B), used#: 1647, cached#:
                                           30
Buf KMC4088 (4088B), used#: 0, cached#:
                                           8
Buf KMC2552 (2552B), used#: 1641, cached#:
                                           42
Buf KMC1016 (1016B), used#: 7, cached#:
                                           1
Buf KMC504 ( 504B), used#: 8, cached#:
                                           8
Buf KMC248 ( 248B), used#: 26, cached#:
                                          22
Buf KMC120 ( 120B), used#: 67, cached#:
                                          61
Buf KMC56 ( 56B), used#: 20, cached#:
                                         44
Buf KMC24 ( 24B), used#: 58, cached#:
                                         70
```

```
Dynamic memory: 13107200B; 4573168B used; 190480B/0B in level 1/2
cache.
FLOWTRACK Memory Status
# of free = 12000
# of maximum = 0
# of flowstate = 12000
# of lost by siganture = 0
# of lost by list = 0
```

# Telnet Command: sys pollbuf

This command can turn on or turn off polling buffer for the router.

#### Syntax

sys pollbuf [on]
sys pollbuf [off]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on pulling buffer.
off	It means to turn off pulling buffer.

### Example

```
> sys pollbuf on
% Buffer polling is on!
> sys pollbuf off
% Buffer polling is off!
```

### Telnet Command: sys britask

This command can improve triple play quality.

### Syntax

sys britask [on]

sys britask [off]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on	It means to turn on the bridge task for improving the triple play quality.
off	It means to turn off the bridge task.

```
> sys britask on
% bridge task is ON, now
```

# Telnet Command: sys tr069

This command can set CPE settings for applying in VigorACS.

#### Syntax

sys tr069 get [parm] [option] sys tr069 set [parm] [value] sys tr069 getnoti [parm] sys tr069 setnoti [parm] [value] sys tr069 log sys tr069 debug [on/off] sys tr069 save sys tr069 inform [event code] sys tr069 port [port num] sys tr069 cert_auth [on/off]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
get [parm] [option]	It means to get parameters for tr-069. option= <nextlevel>: only gets nextlevel for GetParameterNames.</nextlevel>
set [parm] [value]	It means to set parameters for tr-069.
getnoti [parm]	It means to get parameter notification value.
setnoti [parm] [value]	It means to set parameter notification value.
log	It means to display the TR-069 log.
debug [on/off]	on: turn on the function of sending debug message to syslog. off: turn off the function of sending debug message to syslog.
save	It means to save the parameters to the flash memory of the router.
Inform [event code]	It means to inform parameters for tr069 with different event codes. [event code] includes: 0-"0 BOOTSTRAP", 1-"1 BOOT", 2-"2 PERIODIC", 3-"3 SCHEDULED", 4-"4 VALUE CHANGE", 5-"5 KICKED", 6-"6 CONNECTION REQUEST", 7-"7 TRANSFER COMPLETE", 8-"8 DIAGNOSTICS COMPLETE", 9-"M Reboot"
port [port num]	It means to change tr069 listen port number.
cert_auth [on/off]	on: turn on certificate-based authentication. off: turn off certificate-based authentication.

```
> sys tr069 get Int. nextlevel
Total number of parameter is 24
```

```
Total content length of parameter is 915
InternetGatewayDevice.LANDeviceNumberOfEntries
InternetGatewayDevice.WANDeviceNumberOfEntries
InternetGatewayDevice.DeviceInfo.
InternetGatewayDevice.ManagementServer.
InternetGatewayDevice.Time.
InternetGatewayDevice.Layer3Forwarding.
InternetGatewayDevice.LANDevice.
InternetGatewayDevice.WANDevice.
InternetGatewayDevice.Services.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_InternetAcc.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_LAN.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_NAT.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Firewall.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Bandwidth.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Applications.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_VPN.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_VoIP.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_WirelessLAN.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_System.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Status.
InternetGatewayDevice.X_00507F_Diagnostics.
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
```

# Telnet Command: sys sip_alg

This command can turn on/off SIP ALG (Application Layer Gateway) for traversal.

#### Syntax

sys sip_alg [1]
sys sip_alg [0]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
1	It means to turn on SIP ALG.
0	It means to turn off SIP ALG.

```
> sys sip_alg ?
usage: sys sip_alg [value]
0 - disable SIP ALG
1 - enable SIP ALG
current SIP ALG is disabled
```

# Telnet Command: sys license

This command can process the system license.

#### Syntax

sys license *licmsg* sys license *licauth* sys license *regser* sys license *licera* sys license *licifno* sys license *lic_wiz* [set/reg/qry] sys license *dev_chg* sys license *dev_key* 

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
licmsg	It means to display license message.
licauth	It means the license authentication time setting.
regser	It means the license register server setting.
licera	It means to erase license setting.
licifno	It means license and signature download interface setting.
lic_wiz [set/reg/qry]	It means the license wizard setting. qry: query service support status set [idx] [trial] [service type] [sp_id] [start_date] [License Key] reg: register service in portal
dev_chg	It means to change the device key.
dev_key	It means to show device key.

```
> sys license licifno
License and Signature download interface setting:
licifno [AUTO/WAN#]
Ex: licifno wan1
Download interface is "auto-selected" now.
```

# Telnet Command: sys diag_log

This command is used for RD debug.

### Syntax

sys diag_log [status| enable| disable| flush| lineno [w] | level [x] | feature [on/off] [y]| log]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
status	It means to show the status of diagnostic log.
enable	It means to enable the function of diag_log.
disable	It means to disenable the function of diag_log.
flush	It means the flush log buffer.
lineno [w]	It means the total lines for displaying message. w - Available value ranges from 100 to 50000.
level[x]	It determines the level of data displayed. x - Available value ranges from 0 to 12. The larger the number is, the detailed the data is displayed.
feature [on/off][y]	It is used to specify the function of the log. Supported features include SYS and DSL (Case-Insensitive). Default setting is "on" for "DSL".
voip_feature [on/off][vf_name]	It means VoIP feature. Type on to enable the feature or type off to disable the feature.
	vf_name: available settings include DRVTAPI, DRVVMMC, DRVMPS, DRVFXO, DRVHAL, PSMPHONE, PSMSUPP, PSM, FXO, PSMISDN, DTMFPSER, CALLERID (Case-Insensitive).
log	It means the dump log buffer.

```
> sys diag_log status
Status:
diag_log is Enabled.
lineno : 10000.
level : 3.
Enabled feature: SYS DSL
> sys diag_log log
0:00:02 [DSL] Current modem firmware: AnnexA_548006_544401
0:00:02 [DSL] Modem firmware feature: 5, ADSL_A, VDSL2
0:00:02 [DSL] xtseCfg=04 00 04 00 0c 01 00 07
0:00:02 [DSL] don't have last showtime mode!! set next mode to VDSL!!
0:00:02 [DSL] Status has changed: Stopped(0) -> FwWait(3)
0:00:02 [DSL] Status has changed: FwWait(3) -> Starting(1)
0:00:02 [DSL] Status has changed: Starting(1) -> Running(2)
0:00:02 [DSL] Status was switched: firmwareReady(3) to Init(5)
0:00:02
         [DSL] Status was switched: Init(5) to Restart(10)
0:00:02 [DSL] Status was switched: Restart(10) to
FirmwareRequest(1)
         [DSL] Line state has changed: 00000000 -> 000000FF
0:00:02
0:00:02 [DSL] Entering VDSL2 mode
```

```
0:00:03
         [DSL] modem code: [05-04-08-00-00-06]
0:00:05
          [DSL] Status was switched: FirmwareRequest(1) to
firmwareReady(3)
0:00:05
         [DSL] Status was switched: firmwareReady(3) to Init(5)
        [DSL] >> nXtseA=0d, nXtseB=00, nXtseV=07, nFwFeatures=5
0:00:05
0:00:05 [DSL] >> nHsToneGroupMode=0, nHsToneGroup=106,
nToneSet=43, nCamState
=2
0:00:05
        [DSL] Line state has changed: 000000FF -> 00000100
        [DSL] Line state has changed: 00000100 -> 00000200
0:00:05
0:00:05
         [DSL] Status was switched: Init(5) to Train(6)
```

# **Telnet Command: testmail**

This command is used to display current settings for sending test mail.

#### Example

```
> testmail
Send out test mail
Mail Alert:[Disable]
SMTP_Server:[0.0.0.0]
Mail to:[]
Return-Path:[]
```

## Telnet Command: upnp off

This command can close UPnP function.

#### Example

>upnp off UPNP say bye-bye

### Telnet Command: upnp on

This command can enable UPnP function.

#### Example

```
>upnp on
UPNP start.
```

## Telnet Command: upnp nat

This command can display IGD NAT status.

```
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapLeaseDuration >>0<<, PortMapEnabled >>0<<
Ftp Example [MICROSOFT]
((1))
InternalClient >>0.0.0.0<<, RemoteHost >>0.0.0.0<<
InternalPort >>0<<, ExternalPort >>0<<
PortMapProtocol >><NULL><<
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapLeaseDuration >>0<<, PortMapEnabled >>0<<
PortMapProtocol >><NULL><<
The tmpvirtual server index >>0<<
PortMapProtocol >><NULL><<</pre>
```

# Telnet Command: upnp service

This command can display the information of the UPnP service. UPnP service must be enabled first.

### Example

```
> upnp on
UPNP start.
> upnp service
>>>> SERVICE TABLE1 <<<<<
 serviceType urn:schemas-microsoft-com:service:OSInfo:1
 serviceId urn:microsoft-com:serviceId:OSInfo1
 SCPDURL
            /upnp/OSInfo.xml
 controlURL /OSInfol
 eventURL
           /OSInfoEvent1
 UDN
           uuid:774e9bbe-7386-4128-b627-001daa843464
>>>> SERVICE TABLE2 <<<<<
 serviceType
urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:WANCommonInterfaceConfig:1
 serviceId urn:upnp-org:serviceId:WANCommonIFC1
 SCPDURL
            /upnp/WComIFCX.xml
 controlURL /upnp?control=WANCommonIFC1
 eventURL
            /upnp?event=WANCommonIFC1
 UDN
           uuid:2608d902-03e2-46a5-9968-4a54ca499148
```

## Telnet Command: upnp subscribe

This command can show all UPnP services subscribed.

## Example

> upnp on
UPNP start.
> upnp subscribe

```
Vigor> upnp subscribe
>>>> (1) serviceType urn:schemas-microsoft-com:service:OSInfo:1
----- Subscribtion1 ------
sid = 7a2bbdd0-0047-4fc8-b870-4597b34da7fb
eventKey =1, ToSendEventKey = 1
expireTime =6926
active =1
DeliveryURLs
=<http://192.168.1.113:2869/upnp/eventing/twtnpnsiun>
>>>> (2) serviceType
urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:WANCommonInterfaceConfig:1
----- Subscribtion1 ------
sid = d9cd47a5-d9c9-4d3d-8043-d03a82f27983
eventKey =1, ToSendEventKey = 1
.
.
```

## Telnet Command: upnp tmpvs

This command can display current status of temp Virtual Server of your router.

```
Vigor> upnp tmpvs
((0))
real_addr >>192.168.1.10<<, pseudo_addr >>172.16.3.229<<
real_port >>0<<, pseudo_port >>0<<</pre>
hit_portmap_index >>0<<</pre>
The protocol >>TCP<<
time >>0<<
((1))
real_addr >>0.0.0.0<<, pseudo_addr >>0.0.0.0<<
real_port >>0<<, pseudo_port >>0<<</pre>
hit_portmap_index >>0<<</pre>
The protocol >>0<<
time >>0<<
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page]
_ _ _
```

# Telnet Command: upnp wan

This command is used to specify WAN interface to apply UPnP.

#### Syntax

upnp wan [n]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
n	It means to specify WAN interface to apply UPnP. n=0, it means to auto-select WAN interface.
	n=1, WAN1
	n=2, WAN2

#### Example

> upnp wan 1
use wan1 now.

# Telnet Command: usb list

This command is use to display the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

> usb lis	t ?		
Brand	Module	Standard	
	Aiko 83D	3.5G	Y
	Bandluxe C170	3.5G	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C270	3.5G	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C321	3.5G	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C330	3.5G	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C331	3.5G	Y
BandRich	Bandluxe C502	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E169u	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E220	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E303D	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E392	3.5G	Y
Huawei	Huawei E398	3.5G	Y
Sony Eric	s Sony Ericsson MD30	3.5G	Y
TP-LINK	TP-LINK MA180	3.5G	Y
TP-LINK	TP-LINK MA260	3.5G	Y
Vodafone	Vodafone K3765-Z	3.5G	Y
Vodafone	Vodafone K4605	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF626	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF627 plus	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF633	3.5G	Y
ZTE	ZTE MF636	3.5G	Y
SpinCom	SpinCom GPRS Modem	3.5G	Y

- MORE - ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] -

# Telnet Command: vigbrg on

This command can make the router to be regarded as a modem but not a router.

#### Example

```
> vigbrg on
%Enable Vigor Bridge Function!
```

# Telnet Command: vigbrg off

This command can disable vigor bridge function.

#### Example

```
> vigbrg off
%Disable Vigor Bridge Function!
```

# Telnet Command: vigbrg status

This command can show whether the Vigor Bridge Function is enabled or disabled.

```
> vigbrg status
%Vigor Bridge Function is enable!
```

```
%Wan1 management is disable!
```

# Telnet Command: vigbrg cfgip

This command allows users to transfer a bridge modem into ADSL router by accessing into and adjusting specified IP address. Users can access into Web UI of the router to manage the router through the IP address configured here.

## Syntax

vigbrg cfgip [IP Address]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
IP Address	It means to type an IP address for users to manage the router.

#### Example

```
> vigbrg cfgip 192.168.1.15
> vigbrg cfgip ?
% Vigor Bridge Config IP,
% Now: 192.168.1.15
```

# Telnet Command: vigbrg wan1on

This command is used to enable the bridge WAN1 management.

# Example

```
> vigbrg wanlon
%Enable Vigor Bridge Wanl management!
```

# Telnet Command: vigbrg wan1off

This command is used to disable the bridge WAN1 management.

## Example

> vigbrg wanloff %Disable Vigor Bridge Wanl management!

# Telnet Command: fullbrg

The command is used to enable Full Bridge Mode so that the router will work as a bridge modem which is able to forward incoming packets with VLAN tags.

## Syntax

fullbrg status

fullbrg set -i [WAN index] -n [Subnet index] -b [Bridge mode]

Parameter	Description
-I [WAN index]	WAN index: Ranges from 1 to 10. 1: WAN1, 2: WAN2,etc., In which, WAN3 and WAN 4 are USB WAN.
-n[Subnet index]	Subnet index: Ranges from 1 to 8.

	1: Subnet 1, 2: Subnet 2,etc.
-b[Bridge mode]	It means to enable / disable Bridge mode.
	0: OFF
	1: ON

```
> fullbrg status ?
Show gConfig setting of full bridge
WAN 1 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 2 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 5 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 6 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 7 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 8 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 9 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN10 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
> fullbrg set -i 2 -n 5 -b 1
Configure OK! Please reboot device to make it effective.
> sys reboot
> fullbrg status
Show gConfig setting of full bridge
WAN 1 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 2 full bridge to LAN 5, mode=ON.
WAN 5 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 6 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 7 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 8 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN 9 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
WAN10 full bridge to LAN 1, mode=OFF.
```

## Telnet Command: voip debug

This command can display debug message on the screen.

#### Syntax

voip debug [flush] voip debug [showmsg]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
flush	It means to clear current log.
showmsg	It means to show current log.

```
> voip debug showmsg
-->Send Message to 192.168.1.2:5060 <02:35:16>
INVITE sip:192.168.1.2 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.1.1:5060;branch=z9hG4bK-YMa-3630;rport
From: <sip:change_me@192.168.1.1>;tag=WLJ-11782
To: <sip:192.168.1.2>
```

```
Call-ID: PbU-25312@192.168.1.1

CSeq: 1 INVITE

Contact: <sip:change_me@192.168.1.1>

Max-Forwards: 70

supported: 100rel, replaces

User-Agent: DrayTek UA-1.2.3 DrayTek Vigor2910

Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, OPTIONS, BYE, INFO, REFER, NOTIFY, PRACK

Content-Type: application/sdp

Content-Length: 264

v=0

o=change_me 5972727 56415 IN IP4 192.168.1.1
```

# Telnet Command: voip dialplan

This command allows users to set phone book settings.

### Syntax

voip dialplan block n [-<command><parameter>]
voip dialplan phonebook n [-<command><parameter>]
voip dialplan region [-<command><parameter>]
voip dialplan local [1/0]

Parameter	Description
voip dialplan block	
n	It means the index number of the VoIP settings. n=1 ~ 20
- <command/> <parameter></parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
-m 0/1	It means to enable or disable the block mode. 0 - Disable 1 - Enable
-p <path></path>	Determines the block path. 1:in_url, 2:in_number 3:out_url, 4:out_number 5:(in & out)_url, 6:(in & out)_number))
-n <number></number>	Determines the block number (maximum 29 characters).
-d <domain></domain>	Block the specified domain.
-i <inf></inf>	Block the specified interface(s) or All interfaces.
-s <schedule></schedule>	Specify schedule profiles by indicating the index number of the schedule profile. Four schedule profiles can be used at one time.
-W	Delete the selected entry. N=null (clear all)
-V	List current settings.
voip dialplan phonebook	·
n	It means the index number of the VoIP settings. n=1 ~ 60

- <command/> <parameter></parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
-d <number></number>	Specify the speed dial number.
-c <url></url>	Contact SIP URL I(max. 59 characters)
-n <name></name>	Contact name (max. 23 characters)
-a <enable></enable>	Enable/disable the specify entry.
-m <mode></mode>	Specify backup number mode.
	0 - none
	2 - PSTN
-b <number></number>	Spedify the backup number.
-0 <acc num=""></acc>	Specify the dial out account. 0 - default
	1 - acc1, 2 - acc2 ~ 12:=acc12
-z <enable></enable>	Enable/disable ZRTP/SRTP VoIP security.
	1 - enable
	0 - disable
-1	Delete the specify entry.
-V	List current VoIP settings.
voip dialplan region	
-е	Dnable or disable the regional function.
	1 - enable 0 - disable
mumbar	
-m <number></number>	Return the last miss call.
-I <number></number>	Return the last incoming call.
-o <number> -F <number></number></number>	Return the last outgoing call.
	Hotkey to enable call forwarding (all) function.
-f <number></number>	Hotkey to enable call forwarding (busy) function.
-C <number></number>	Hotkey to enable call forwarding (no answer) function.
-c <number></number>	Hotkey to disable call forwarding function.
-W <number></number>	Hotkey to enable call waiting function.
-w <number></number>	Hotkey to disable call waiting function.
-H <number></number>	Hotkey to enable hide caller ID function.
-h <number></number>	Hotkey to disable hide caller ID function.
-D <number></number>	Hotkey to enable DND function.
-d <number></number>	Hotkey to disable DND function.
-A <number></number>	Hotkey to enable block anonymous calls function.
-a <number></number>	Hotkey to disable block anonymous calls function.
-U <number></number>	Hotkey to enable block unknow domain calls function.
-u <number></number>	Hotkey to disable block unknow domain calls function.
-P <number></number>	Hotkey to disable block IP calls function.
	Hotkey to disable block IP calls function.
-p <number></number>	
-p <number> -I <number></number></number>	Hotkey to block last incoming call. List current status for Regional settings.

enable/disable	Enable or disable the local calls.
	1 - enable
	0 - disable

```
> voip dialplan phonebook 1 -d 1125
> voip dialplan region -1 8
> voip dialplan region -v
Your Setting for Regional
Regional Function is: Enable
Return the Last Miss Call: 20
Return the Last Incoming Call: *12
Return the Last Outgoing Call: 1
Hotkey to enable call forwarding (all) function: 0
Hotkey to enable call forwarding (busy) function: *90
Hotkey to enable call forwarding (no answer) function: *92
Hotkey to disable call forwarding function: 12
Hotkey to Enable Call Waiting Function: *56
Hotkey to Disable Call Waiting Function: *57
Hotkey to Enable Hide Caller ID Function: *67
Hotkey to Disable Hide Caller ID Function: *68
Hotkey to Enable DND Function: *78
Hotkey to Disable DND Function: *79
Hotkey to Enable Block Anonymous Calls Function: *77
Hotkey to Disable Block Anonymous Calls Function: *87
Hotkey to Enable Block Unknow Domain Calls Function: *40
Hotkey to Disable Block Unknow Domain Calls Function: *04
Hotkey to Enable Block IP Calls Function: *50
Hotkey to Disable Block IP Calls Function: *05
Hotkey to Disable Block The Last Incoming Call Function: 8
```

## Telnet Command: voip dsp

#### Syntax

voip dsp countrytone [channel] [value] voip dsp dialtonepwr [channel] [AbsoluteValue] voip dsp EchoCanceller [type] [w_size] [nlp] voip dsp cidtype [channel] [value] voip dsp micgain [channel] [value/(1~10)] voip dsp spkgain [channel] [value/(1~10)] voip dsp jitterBuffer [port] [mode] [value] voip dsp dtmfDetset [nLevel] [nTwist] voip dsp dtmftonepwr [Level] voip dsp cwtonepwr [ch] [value] voip dsp pstnringfxs [1/2] [on/off] voip dsp relaydbounce [on/off] voip dsp setRingPat [ring_pattern_index] [patten_num] voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel -I [value] voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel -h [value] voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel -r 0 voip dsp cidplusdigit [1/0] [channel] [value]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
voip dsp countrytone	· ·
[channel] [value]	This command allows users to set the region for the tone settings. Different regions usually need different tone settings.
	Channel - 1 or 2.
	Value - displayed as follows:
	[2] UK, [3] USA, [4] Denmark, [5] Italy, [6] Germany,
	[7] Netherlands, [8] Portugal, [9] Sweden, [10] Australia,
	[11] Slovenia, [12] Czech, [13] Slovakia, [14] Hungary,
	[15] Switzerland , [16] France , [17] Malta
voip dsp dialtonepwr	
channel	This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the dial tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the dial tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.
	Channel - Available channel number: 1 - 2
AbsoluteValue	AbsoluteValue - In -1 dB increments, with 1 corresponding to 6 dBm
	Range - 1 to 30
voip dsp EchoCanceler	
type	This command is used to set the type of echo reduction.
51	0 - Disable the LEC processing.
	1 - Cancel using the fixed window.
	2 - Cancel using the fixed and moving window.
	3 - Cancel using fixed window + Echo Suppressor.
w_size	The Line Echo Canceller (LEC) window size is 4, 6, 8 or 16 (ms).
nlp	NIp - Non-linear processing (NLP) for more smooth transitions.
	1 - disable
	0 - enable
voip dsp cidtype	
channel	Set the caller ID type for FXS 1 (Channel 1) or FXS 2 (Channel 2).
	1 - FXS 1
	2 - FXS 2
value	Each number (1 to 6) represents different type.
	1 - FSK_ETSI
	2 - FSK_ETSI(UK)
	3 - FSK_BELLCORE(US/AU)
	4 - DTMF
	5 - DTMF(Dk)
	6 - DTMF(SE,NL,FIN)
	For example :
	Vigor> voip dsp cidtype 2 6
	channel=2, current cidType: 6
	That means the caller ID type for FXS2 (Channel2) is DTMF (SE, NL FIN).

voip dsp micgain

channel	Adjust the volume of microphone by entering number from 1-10 for FXS 1 or FXS 2.
	1 - FXS 1
	2 - FXS 2
value/(1~10)	The larger the number is, the louder the volume will be.
voip dsp spkgain	
channel	Adjust the volume of speaker by entering number from 1-10 for FXS 1 or FXS 2. 1 - FXS 1
	2 - FXS 2
value/(1~10)	The larger the number is, the louder the volume will be.
voip dsp jb	
port	Set the size of jitter buffer.
	Available settings are 0 (FXS1) and 1 (FXS2).
mode	Available settings are Fixed and Adaptive (default setting).
value	Available settings are 1 ~ 180 (unit: msec).
	e.g.,
	Vigor> voip dsp jb 1 FIXED 100
voip dsp timer	
[Timer]	Set the waiting time for dialing out.
	It means to set the timer settings. The unit is mini-second. The range is from 1 to 255. Value "1" is corresponding to 500ms. That is to say, Value "6" is corresponding 3000ms (i.e., 3 seconds)
	Timer: 1 ~ 20.
	Vigor> voip dsp timer 20 Set the timer:20
Voin den debugMeg	Jet the thier.20
Voip dsp debugMsg	
?	Avaible settings include: clrev - clear phone hook status.
	getev - get phone hook status.
	clrfskcid - clear fsk data for caller-ID from PSTN line.
	getfskcid - get fsk data for caller-ID from PSTN line.
	clrdtmfcid - clear dtmf data for caller-ID from PSTN line.
	getdtmfcid - get dtmf data for caller-ID from PSTN line.
	voicebuf - get message for available voice buffer pool.
	clrint - clear status for interrupt.
	getint - get status for interrupt.
	Vigor> voip dsp debugMsg getint
	the interrupt status for ad0 = 21
	the interrupt status for ad1 = 0
	the interrupt status for vc = 0
voip dsp dtmfDetset	
nLevel	Set minimal signal level in dB, for DTMF detection.
	Range - (-96 ~ -1)
nTwist	Maximum allowed signal twist in dB, for DTMF detection.
	Range - (0 ~ 12)
voip dsp dtmftonepwr	
Level	Set power level for DTMF frequency.
	Level - 0 ~ 100. Power level for dtmf frequency in 0.3 dB steps.

	0 map to 0dB
	1 map to -0.3dB 100 map to -30dB
voip dsp cwtonepwr	
ch	Set the call waiting tone power level.
	1 - FXS 1 2 - FXS 2.
value	1 ~ 30, in -1 dB increments, with 1 corresponding to 8 dBm.
voip dsp pstnringfxs	
1/2	Enable or disable PSTN ring on FXS 1/FXS 2. 1 meansFXS1; 2 means FXS2.
on/off	On means enable; off means disable.
voip dsp relaydbounce	
on/off	on: Enable relay filter noise. But it maybe ignore the caller-id!!! off: Disable relay filter noise. But the noise will cause the relay to switch to PSTN!!!
voip dsp setRingPat	
ring_pattern_index	This command can change the ring pattern at Index(2)~Index(6). ring_pattern_index - Index (1) was locked for your country.
patten_num	It's the ring pattern number (1~12) for a country.
	patten_num=1 Australia Ring Pattern:
	cadenceOneOn=400, cadenceOneOff=200
	cadenceTwoOn=400, cadenceTwoOff=2000
	patten_num=2
voip dsp setFaxECmode -s	<u> </u>
ch	Set the FAX error correction mode. ch : range (0 ~ 1)
mode	mode : EC(error correction) ch(x) mode(0) : REDUNDANCY EC(error correction) ch(x) mode(1) : FEC
voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel	-I / voip dsp setDtmfCidlevel -h [value] -r 0
value	"setDtmfCidLevel" is used to configure the signal strength for transferring to FXS DTMF caller ID.
	value - 0 ~ 64
	voip dsp setDtmfCidLevel -I [value]
	voip dsp setDtmfCidLevel -h [value] voip dsp setDtmfCidLevel -r 0/1
	r - reset low/high DTNF level to default setting. 0 means Disable; means Enable.
	Note: This function is supported only by special mode.
voip dsp setfxoCY	
value	It is used to apply FXO country settings. 0: "use system country" 1: "Taiwan" 2: "Germany" 3: "Sweden" 4: "France" 5: "Switzerland"

	<ul> <li>6: "Holland"</li> <li>7: "Finland"</li> <li>8: "Denmark"</li> <li>9: "UK"</li> <li>10: "Australia"</li> <li>12: "Italy"</li> <li>14: "Red_China"</li> <li>15: "Singapore"</li> <li>17: "Spain"</li> <li>18: "Portugal"</li> <li>20: "Poland"</li> <li>21: "Czech"</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>22: "Hungary"</li> <li>23: "Slovenia"</li> <li>25: "Slovakia"</li> <li>37: "Brasil"</li> <li>61: "US"</li> </ul>
voip dsp setfxoringl	
value	It is used to configure detection ring voltage threshold to apply to FXO.
	Available setting include:
	0 : use driver default value
	1 : Minimum voltage threshold: 25V
	2 : Minimum voltage threshold: 35V
	3 : Minimum voltage threshold: 45V
	Note: This function is supported only by special mode.
voip dsp setfxoCid	
value	Set FXO detect caller ID type.
	It is available only for the model with FXO port.
voip dsp cidplusdigit	
[1/0] [channel] [value]	Set the substitution (0~9) for '+' digit in caller ID.
	1 - enable the substitution.
	0 - disable the substitution.
	channel - 0 (FXS 1) -1 (FXS 2)
	value - 0 - 9
voip dsp setRingThres	
port	Set the threshold for ring signal.
	Port setting is "0" only.
value	Available settings 0-250. Unit is ms.
	The time is an approximate value.
voip dsp setCidDetGain	
tx/rx gain	Set the gain value of caller ID detected.
	Tx gain - Available settings -24 ~ 12. Default is 0.
	Rx gain - Available settings -24 ~ 12. Default is -6.

```
> voip dsp countrytone ?
VoIP has been disable. Please enable VoIP first.
> voip sip misc -D 0
System reboot now!
> voip dsp countrytone ?
> Vigor> voip dsp countrytone?
usage:
```

```
voip dsp countrytone [channel][value]
[channel]: 1-2
[value]: ([2] UK, [3] USA, [4] Denmark, [5] Italy, [6] Germany, [7] Netherland
s, [8] Portugal, [9] Sweden, [10] Australia, [11] Slovenia, [12] Czech, [13]
Slovakia, [14] Hungary, [15] Switzerland , [16] France , [17] Malta)
current country tone: user defined
----- ( Dial tone ) -----
Feq1=425, Feq2=0, OneOn=0, Off=0, TwoOn=0, TwoOff=0
----- ( Ringing tone ) ------
Feq1=425, Feq2=0, OneOn=1500, OneOff=3000, TwoOn=0, TwoOff=0
----- ( Busy tone ) -----
Feq1=425, Feq2=0, OneOn=200, OneOff=200, TwoOn=0, TwoOff=0
current country tone: user defined
> voip dsp dialtonepwr 1 20
Current power level of dialtone:20 (-13 db), channel=1
> voip dsp setCidDetGain tx 1
Current CID Detect Tx Gain [1], Rx Gain [-6]
> voip dsp setCidDetGain rx 3
Current CID Detect Tx Gain [1], Rx Gain [3]
```

# Telnet Command: voip rtp

#### Syntax

voip rtp codec [sip acc index][type|size|vad|one][value] voip rtp dtmf [index] [mode|payloadtype][value] voip rtp port [start/end] [value] voip rtp symmetric [value] voip rtp tos ?

Parameter	Description
voip rtp codec	
[sip acc index][type size vad one][v alue]	Set the voice coding. sip acc index -SIP account index number. Available number, 1 ~ 12. type - Available settings include 0. G.711MU 1. G.711A 2. G.729A/B 3. G.723 4. G.726_32 size - Five options, 0 means 10ms 1 means 20ms 2 means 30ms 3 means 40ms 5 means 60ms Vad - 0 means to Disable the function of Voice Active Detector

	(vad); 1 means to Enable the function of Voice Active Detector (vad).
	One - 0 means to Disable the function of single codec; 1 means to Enable the function of single codec.
voip rtp dtmf	
[index] [mode	Set the DTMF mode and Payload type for DTMF.
payloadtype][value]	Index - SIP account index number. Available number, 1 ~ 12.
	Mode - Four options to be selected.
	0. Inband
	1. Outband
	2. SIP INFO (cisco)
	3. SIP INFO (nortel)
	Payloadtype - Available settings 96~127.
	Value - Type 0~3 or 96~127 based on the mode specified.
	For example,
	> voip rtp dtmf 1 mode 1
voip rtp port	
start/end	Specifies the start/end port for RTP stream.
value	The default value is 10050/15000.
voip rtp symmetric	
value	Make the data transmission going through on both ends of local router and remote router not misleading due to IP lost.
	1 - Enable
	0 - Disable
voip rtp tos	
value	Set the type of service (TOS) setting for RTP packets.
	For example,
	> voip rtp tos 0x899
	Set TOS: 0x899

```
> voip rtp codec 1 type 3
> voip rtp dtmf 2 mode 3
> voip rtp port start 10070 end 14400
Set start port: 10070
> voip rtp port end 14400
Set end port: 14400
> voip rtp symmetric 1
Set symmetric rtp to Enable
```

# Telnet Command: voip sip

This command allows users to set SIP account.

# Syntax

```
voip sip acc n [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]
voip sip calllog
voip sip ep n [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]
```

voip sip misc[-<command> <parameter> / ... ]
voip sip nat [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description
voip sip acc - Allows	users to set SIP account.
п	n = 1 to 12
	It means the index number of the VoIP settings.
-P [profile]	It means the name of the account profile (maximum 11 characters).
-r [reg mode]	Set registration mode for SIP account. 0 - none 1 - auto 2 - wan1 only 3 - wan2 only 4 - lan/vpn 5 - PVC 6 - wan3 only 7 - wan4 only 8 - wan1 first 9 - wan2 first 10 - wan3 first 11 - wan4 first
-o [port]	Set the port number for sending/receiving SIP message for building a session. The default value is 5060.
-d [domain]	Set the domain name or IP address of the SIP Registrar server. The maximum is 63 characters.
-y [proxy]	Set domain name or IP address of SIP proxy server. The maximum is 63 characters.
-b [enable]	Enable / disable outbound proxy by SIP account. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-s [enable]	Enable / disable to locate SIP server (rfc 3263). 0 - disable 1 - enable
-N [name]	Set SIP account display name. Name - max. 23 characters.
-n [number]	Set SIP account number. Number - max. 63 characters.
-a [id]	Set SIP authentication ID. Id - max. 63 characters.
-A [enable]	Enable /disable to use SIP authentication ID. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-p [passwd]	Set SIP account password (max. 63 characters).
-e [sec]	Set expiry time (default 3600) for SIP account.
-w [enable]	Enable to make phone call without registering.
-m [mode]	Set NAT traversal mode. 0 - disable 1 - stun 2 - manual

	3 - nortel
-F [mode]	Set call forwarding mode.
	0 - disable
	1 - always
	2 - busy
	3 - no answer
	4 - busy or no answer
-u [url]	Set SIP URL for call forwarding (max. 63 characters).
-t [sec]	Set call forwarding timer. For example, voip sip acc 1 -t 30
-g [port]	Set the ring port for incoming call. For example, Port - r1 means FXS1; r2 means FXS2.
-z [pattern]	Set account ring pattern (1 ~ 6).
-i [enable]	Remove all bindings while they are un-registered. 0 means Disable; and 1 means Enable.
-B <enable></enable>	Enable / disable the function of Broadsoft Call Control.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-S [idx]	Enable and use alias IP to register.
	idx - 1 to 31. If 0 is used, such function will be disabled.
-k [num1 num2]	Set backup wan list (first wan, second wan).
	range: 1 to 4.
- <i>V</i>	View current status for account settings.
Voip sip calllog	Display current status for SIP call log.
voip sip ep	
п	The index number of the VoIP settings.
	n - 1, 2.
-o [acc]	Available dial out account (1 ~ 12).
-L [url]	Set SIP URL (max. 63 characters) for hot line.
-I [enable]	Enable / disable the function of hot line.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-W [enable]	Enable / disable the function of warm line.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-w [enable]	Enable / disable the function of call waiting enable.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-E [enable]	Enable / disable the function of call waiting enable but only remind
_ [0.0000]	one time.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-x <enable></enable>	Enable / disable the function of call transfer.
	0 - disable
	1 - enable
-d [enable]	Enable / disable the function of DND (Do Not Disturb)
	0 - disable

	1 - enable
-s [id]	Indicate DND schedule. Id - s1, s2, s3, s4 (max. 4 schedule)
-h [enable]	Enable / disable the function of calling line identification restriction (CLIR). 0 - disable 1 - enable
-u [mode]	Set CLIR mode. 0 - means "draft-ietf-sip-privacy" 1 - means "rfc 3323/3325)"
-z [enable]	Enable / disable playing dial tone when registered on sip server. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-n [enable]	Enable / disable session timer. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-m [sec]	Set the value for session timer (unit: sec).
-R [min,max]	Set the flash hook time range 100~2000 (unit: ms).
-8 [enable]	Enable or disable T.38 fax relay feature. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-V	View current settings.
voip sip misc - Allows us	sers to set miscellaneous settings for the device.
-c [enable]	Enable compact header to shorten the packet (0: disable, 1: enable).
-s [enable]	Change "#" into digit number. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-e [enable]	Enable Europe style flash hook operation mode. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-h [enable]	Enable/disable call hold mode based on protocol RFC2543 (0: disable, 1:enable).
-i [enable]	Enable CODEC change without Re-INVITE. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-p [enable]	Enable PRACK message. 0 - Not support PRACK. 1 - Support PRACK.
-P [enable]	Enable IP Call. 0 - Disable IP call. 1 - Enable IP call.
-H [enable]	SIP INFO packet will be sent out when encounting hook flash event. 0 - disable 1 - enable
-t [val]	Set the mode of User-Agent (e.g., phone, software, and device) for SIP packet. 0 - Hide SIP header "User-Agent".

	1 - Show SIP header "User-Agent".
	2 - Use default "User-Agent" value.
_	3 - Use user-defined "User-Agent" value.
-u UAValue	For every SIP user agent identifies itself with a string, this command allows you to set the value (e.g, IP address, phone number, e-mail address) of User-Agent. The length of the string must be less than 64 characters.
-D [disable]	Disable VoIP Service.
	1 - disable VoIP service.
	0 - enable VoIP service.
	System will automatic reboot to activate voip service
-V	View current status for miscellaneous settings.
voip sip nat - Allows users to set NAT Traversal Setting.	
-s [server]	Set the IP address for STUN server.
-t [sec]	Set ping interval for SIP account.
	Sec - 6 ~ 600
-i [ip]	Indicate external IP address.
- <i>V</i>	View current settings for SIP NAT.

```
> voip sip misc -t 1
includes User-Agent header
> voip sip misc -u 91704688carrie
user-defined User-Agent:91704688carrie
> voip sip acc 1 -P carrie_1 -r 1 -d 172.16.3.133
> voip sip acc 1 -t 30
> voip sip misc -h 1
> voip sip acc 1 -v
        : 1
index
profile
         : carrie 1
reg mode : 1 | reg. [No]
alias_ip_idx : 0
             :
backup list
domain : 172.16.3.133
         : | outbound [No] | DNS-SRV [No]
proxy
noreg call : No
disp. Name :
acc number : ---
auth. ID : | [disable]
        : 3600
expiry
NAT mode : 0
ring ports : 0
ring pat. : 1
call fwd mode : 0
call fwd url
              :
call fwd timer : 30
Broadsoft : disable
Italian ITSP modification: disable
```

# Telnet Command: voip secure

This command allows users to enable or disable secure phone feature, and SAS voice prompt.

### Syntax

voip secure general [-<command> <parameter> | ... ]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
voip secure general -e	Enable / disable secure phone feature. 0 - disable 1 - enable
voip secure general -p	Enable /disable SAS voice prompt. 0 - disable 1 - enable
voip secure general -v	view only secure phone general settings

# Example

```
> voip secure general -v
secure phone feature is disabled
SAS voice prompt is enabled
> voip secure general -p 0
SAS voice prompt is disabled
```

# Telnet Command: vpn I2Iset

This command allows users to set advanced parameters for LAN to LAN function.

## Syntax

vpn l2lset [list index] peerid [peerid] vpn l2lset [list index] localid [localid] vpn l2lset [list index]main [auto/proposal index] vpn l2lset [list index] aggressive [g1/g2] vpn l2lset [list index]pfs [on/off] vpn l2lset [list index] phase1[lifetime] vpn l2lset [list index] phase2[lifetime]

Parameter	Description
list index	It means the index number of L2L (LAN to LAN) profile.
peerid	It means the peer identity for aggressive mode.
localid	It means the local identity for aggressive mode.
main	It means to choose proposal for main mode.
auto index	It means to choose default proposals.
proposal index	It means to choose specified proposal.

aggressive	It means the chosen DH group for aggressive mode
pfs	It means "perfect forward secrete".
on/off	It means to turn on or off the PFS function.
phase1	It means phase 1 of IKE.
lifetime	It means the lifetime value (in second) for phase 1 and phase 2.
phase2	It means phase 2 of IKE.

```
> VPN 121set 1 peerid 10226
```

# Telnet Command: vpn I2IDrop

This command allows users to terminate current LAN to LAN VPN connection.

### Example

> vpn l2lDrop >

# Telnet Command: vpn dinset

This command allows users to configure setting for remote dial-in VPN profile.

## Syntax

vpn dinset <list index>
vpn dinset <list index> <on/off>
vpn dinset <list index> motp <on/off>
vpn dinset <list index> pin_secret <pin> <secret>

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<list index=""></list>	It means the index number of the profile.
<on off=""></on>	It means to enable or disable the profile. on - Enable. off - Disable.
motp <on off=""></on>	It means to enable or disable the authentication with mOTP function. on - Enable. off - Disable.
pin_secret <pin> <secret></secret></pin>	It means to set PIN code with secret. <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>

## Example

```
> vpn dinset 1
```

Dial-in profile index 1

```
Profile Name: ???
Status: Deactive
Mobile OTP: Disabled
Password:
Idle Timeout: 300 sec
> vpn dinset 1 on
% set profile active
> vpn dinset 1 motp on
% Enable Mobile OTP mode!>
> vpn dinset 1 pin_secret 1234 e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6
> vpn dinset 1
Dial-in profile index 1
Profile Name: ???
Status: Active
Mobile OTP: Enabled
PIN: 1234
Secret: e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6
Idle Timeout: 300 sec
```

# Telnet Command: vpn subnet

This command allows users to specify a subnet selection for the specified remote dial-in VPN profile.

#### Syntax

vpn subnet [index] [1/2/3/4/5/6]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<index></index>	It means the index number of the VPN profile.
<1/2/3/4/5/6>	<ol> <li>1 - it means LAN1</li> <li>2 - it means LAN2.</li> <li>3 - it means LAN3</li> <li>4 - it means LAN4.</li> <li>5 - it means LAN51</li> <li>6 - it means LAN6.</li> </ol>

```
> vpn subnet 1 2
>
```

# Telnet Command: vpn setup

This command allows users to setup VPN for different types.

## Syntax

Command of PPTP Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> pptp_out <ip> <usr> <pwd> <nip> <nmask>

Command of IPSec Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> ipsec_out <ip> <key> <nip> <nmask>

Command of L2Tp Dial-Out

vpn setup <index> <name> l2tp_out <ip> <usr> <pwd> <nip> <nmask>

#### Command of Dial-In

vpn setup <index> <name> dialin <ip> <usr> <pwd> <key> <nip> <nmask>

Parameter	Description		
For PPTP Dial-Out			
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.		
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.		
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.		
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the PPTP connection.		
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.		
	e.g., vpn setup 1 name1 pptp_out 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0		
For IPsec Dial-Out	For IPsec Dial-Out		
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.		
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.		
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.		
<key></key>	It means the value of IPsec Pre-Shared Key.		
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.		
	e.g.,		
	vpn setup 1 name1 ipsec_out 1.2.3.4 1234 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0		
For L2TP Dial-Out			
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.		
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.		
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address to dial to.		
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the L2TP connection.		
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask.		
	e.g.,, vpn setup 1 name1 l2tp_out 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 192.168.1.0		

	255.255.255.0
For Dial-In	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
<name></name>	It means the name of the profile.
<ip></ip>	It means the IP address allowed to dial in.
<usr> <pwd></pwd></usr>	It means the user and the password required for the PPTP/L2TP connection.
<key></key>	It means the value of IPsec Pre-Shared Key.
<nip> <nmask></nmask></nip>	It means the remote network IP and the mask. e.g., vpn setup 1 name1 dialin 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 abc 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

```
> vpn setup 1 namel dialin 1.2.3.4 vigor 1234 abc 192.168.1.0
255.255.255.0
% Profile Change Log ...
% Profile Index : 1
% Profile Name : name1
% Username : vigor
% Password : 1234
% Pre-share Key : abc
% Call Direction : Dial-In
% Type of Server : ISDN PPTP IPSec L2TP
% Dial from : 1.2.3.4
% Remote NEtwork IP : 192.168.1.0
% Remote NEtwork Mask : 255.255.255.0
>
```

# Telnet Command: vpn option

This command allows users to configure settings for LAN to LAN profile.

#### Syntax

```
vpn option <index> <cmd1>=<param1> [<cmd2>=<para2> / ... ]
```

Parameter	Description
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
	Available index numbers:
	1 ~ 32
For Common Settings	
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile.
pname	It means the name of the profile.
ena	It means to enable or disable the profile.
	on - Enable
	off - Disable

thr	It means the way that VPN connection passes through. Available settings are wlf, wlo, w2f, and w2o.
	w1f - WAN1 First.
	w1o - WAN1 Only.
	w2f - WAN2 First.
	w2o - WAN2 Only.
nnpkt	It means the NetBios Naming Packet.
	on - Enable the function to pass the packet.
	off - Disable the function to block the packet.
dir	It means the call direction. Available settings are b, o and i.
	b - Both
	o - Dial-Out
	i - Dial-In.
idle=[value]	It means Always on and Idle Time out.
	Available values include:
	-1 - it means always on for dial-out.
	0 - it means always on for dial-in.
	Other numbers (e.g., idle=200, idle=300, idle=500) mean the route will be idle after the interval (seconds) configured here.
palive	It means to enable PING to keep alive.
	-1 - disable the function.
	1,2,3,4 - Enable the function and PING IP 1.2.3.4 to keep alive.
For Dial-Out Settings	
ctype	It means "Type of Server I am calling".
	"ctype=t" means PPTP.
	"ctype=s" means IPSec.
	"ctype= I" means L2TP(IPSec Policy None).
	"ctype= 11" means L2TP(IPSec Policy Nice to Have).
	"ctype= I2" means L2TP(IPSec Policy Must).
dialto	It means Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89).
Itype	It means Link Type.
	"Itype=0" means "Disable".
	"Itype=1" means "64kbps".
	"Itype=2" means "128kbps".
	"Itype=3" means "BOD".
oname	It means Dial-Out Username.
	"oname=admin" means to set Username = admin.
opwd	It means Dial-Out Password
	"opwd=1234" means to set Password = 1234.
pauth	It means PPP Authentication.
	"pauth=pc" means to set PPP Authentication = PAP&CHAP.
	"pauth=p" means to set PPP Authentication = PAP Only
ovi	It means VJ Compression.
ovj	It means VJ Compression. "ovj=on/off" means to enable/disable VJ Compression.
-	"ovj=on/off" means to enable/disable VJ Compression.
ovj okey	"ovj=on/off" means to enable/disable VJ Compression. It means IKE Pre-Shared Key.
-	"ovj=on/off" means to enable/disable VJ Compression.

	"ometh=espd/espda/" means ESP DES without/with
	Authentication.
	"ometh=esp3/esp3a/" means ESP 3DES without/with Authentication.
	"ometh=espa/espaa" means ESP AES without/with Authentication.
sch	It means Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup. sch=1,3,5,7 Set schedule 1->3->5->7
rcallb	It means Require Remote to Callback. "rcallb=on/off" means to enable/disable Set Require Remote to Callback.
ikeid	It means IKE Local ID. "ikeid=vigor" means Set Local ID = vigor.
For Dial-In Settings	
itype	It means Allowed Dial-In Type. Available settings include: "itype=t" means PPTP. "itype=s" means IPSec. "itype=L1" means L2TP (None). "itype=L1" means L2TP(Nice to Have). "itype=l2" means L2TP(Must).
peer	It means specify Peer VPN Server IP for Remote VPN Gateway.
	Type "203.12.23.48" means to allow VPN dial-in with IP address of 203.12.23.48. Type "off" means any remote IP is allowed to dial in.
peerid	It means the peer ID for Remote VPN Gateway.
peend	Type "draytek" means the word is used as local ID.
iname	It means Dial-in Username. "iname=admin" means to set username as "admin".
ipwd	It means Dial-in Password. "ipwd=1234" means to set password as "1234".
ivj	It means VJ Compression. "ivj=on/off" means to enable /disable VJ Compression.
ikey	It means IKE Pre-Shared Key. "ikey=abcd" means to set IKE Pre-Shared Key = abcd.
imeth	It means IPSec Security Method "imeth=h" means "Allow AH". "imeth=d" means "Allow DES". "imeth=3" means "Allow 3DES". "imeth=4" means "Allow 3DES".
For TCP/IP Settings	"imeth=a" means "Allow AES.
-	It means My WAN ID
туwip	It means My WAN IP. "mywip=1.2.3.4" means to set My WAN IP as "1.2.3.4".
rgip	It means Remote Gateway IP. "rgip=1.2.3.4" means to set Remote Gateway IP as "1.2.3.4".
rnip	It means Remote Network IP. "rnip=1.2.3.0" means to set Remote Network IP as "1.2.3.0".
rnmask	It means Remote Network Mask. "rnmask=255.255.255.0" means to set Remote Network Mask as "255.255.255.0".

rip	It means RIP Direction. "rip=d" means to set RIP Direction as "Disable". "rip=t" means to set RIP Direction as "TX". "rip=r" means to set RIP Direction as "RX". "rip=b" means to set RIP Direction as "Both".
mode	It means the option of "From first subnet to remote network, you have to do". "mode=r" means to set Route mode. "mode=n" means to set NAT mode.
droute	It means to Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this). droute=on/off means to enable/disable the function.

```
> vpn option 1 idle=250
% Change Log..
% Idle Timeout = 250
```

# Telnet Command: vpn mroute

This command allows users to list, add or delete static routes for a certain LAN to LAN VPN profile.

### Syntax

vpn mroute <index> list

vpn mroute <index> add <network ip>/<mask>

vpn mroute <index> del <network ip>/<mask>

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
list	It means to display all of the route settings.
add	It means to add a new route.
del	It means to delete specified route.
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile. Available index numbers: 1 ~ 32
<network ip="">/<mask></mask></network>	Type the IP address with the network mask address.

### Example

```
> vpn mroute 1 add 192.168.5.0/24
% 192.168.5.0/24
% Add new route 192.168.5.0/24 to profile 1
```

# Telnet Command: vpn list

This command allows users to view LAN to LAN VPN profiles.

# Syntax

vpn list *<index>* all vpn list *<index>*com vpn list*<index>*out vpn list *<index>* in vpn list*<index>*net

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
all	It means to list configuration of the specified profile.
com	It means to list common settings of the specified profile.
out	It means to list dial-out settings of the specified profile.
in	It means to list dial-in settings of the specified profile.
net	It means to list Network Settings of the specified profile.
<index></index>	It means the index number of the profile. Available index numbers: 1 ~ 32

```
> vpn list 32 all
% Common Settings
% Profile Name
% Profile Status
                          : ???
% Profile Status
                          : Disable
% Netbios Naming Packet : Pass
% Call Direction : Both
% Idle Timeout
                          : 300
% PING to keep alive : off
% Dial-out Settings
% Type of Server
% Link Type:
                          : PPTP
                           : 64k bps
% Username
                          : ???
% Password
                          :
% Passworu
% PPP Authentication : PAP/CHAP
% V.T Compression : on
% VJ Compression
% Pre-Shared Key
% Pre-Shared Key
                          :
% IPSec Security Method : AH
% Schedule : 0,0,0,0
% Remote Callback : off
% Provide ISDN Number : off
% IKE phase 1 mode : Main mode
% IKE Local ID
                          :
% Dial-In Settings
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] ---
> vpn list 1 com
% Common Settings
```

```
% Profile Name : ???
% Profile Status : Disable
% Netbios Naming Packet : Pass
% Call Direction : Both
% Idle Timeout : 300
% PING to keep alive : off
>
```

# Telnet Command: vpn remote

This command allows users to enable or disable PPTP/IPSec/L2TP VPN service.

# Syntax

vpn remote [PPTP/IPSec/L2TP] [on/off]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
PPTP/IPSec/L2TP	There are four types to be selected.
on/off	on - enable VPN remote setting. off - disable VPN remote setting.

## Example

```
> vpn remote PPTP on
Set PPTP VPN Service : On
Please restart the router!!
```

# Telnet Command: vpn 2ndsubnet

This command allows users to enable second subnet IP as VPN server IP.

# Syntax

vpn 2ndsubnet on

vpn 2ndsubnet off

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable second subnet.

## Example

```
> vpn 2ndsubnet on
%Enable second subnet IP as VPN server IP!
```

# Telnet Command: vpn NetBios

This command allows users to enable or disable NetBios for Remote Access User Accounts or LAN-to-LAN Profile.

### Syntax

vpn NetBios set <H2I/L2I> <index> <Block/Pass>

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<h2i l2i=""></h2i>	H2I means Remote Access User Accounts. L2I means LAN-to-LAN Profile. Specify which one will be applied by NetBios.
<index></index>	The index number of the profile.
<block pass=""></block>	Pass - Have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
	<b>Block</b> - When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, set it block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.

#### Example

```
> vpn NetBios set H2l 1 Pass
% Remote Dial In Profile Index [1] :
% NetBios Block/Pass: [PASS]
```

# Telnet Command: vpn mss

This command allows users to configure the maximum segment size (MSS) for different TCP types.

## Syntax

vpn mss show

vpn mss default

vpn mss set <connection type> <TCP maximum segment size range>

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display current setting status.
default	TCP maximum segment size for all the VPN connection will be set as 1360 bytes.
set	Use it to specify the connection type and value of MSS.
<connection type=""></connection>	1~4 represent various type. 1 - PPTP 2 - L2TP 3 - IPSec 4 - L2TP over IPSec
<i><tcp maximum="" range="" segment="" size=""></tcp></i>	Each type has different segment size range. PPTP - 1 ~ 1412 L2TP - 1 ~ 1408 IPSec - 1 ~ 1381

L2TP over IPSec - 1 ~ 1361

### Example

```
>vpn mss set 1 1400
% VPN TCP maximum segment size (MSS) :
    PPTP = 1400
    L2TP = 1360
    IPSec = 1360
    L2TP over IPSec = 1360
>vpn mss show
    VPN TCP maximum segment size (MSS) :
    PPTP = 1400
    L2TP = 1360
    IPSec = 1360
    L2TP over IPSec = 1360
```

### Telnet Command: vpn ike

This command is used to display IKE memory status and leakage list.

#### Syntax

vpn ike -q

#### Example

```
> vpn ike -q
IKE Memory Status and Leakage List
# of free L-Buffer=95, minimum=94, leak=1
# of free M-Buffer=529, minimum=529 leak=3
# of free S-Buffer=1199, minimum=1198, leak=1
# of free Msgid-Buffer=1024, minimum=1024
```

### Telnet Command: vpn Multicast

This command allows users to pass or block the multi-cast packet via VPN.

#### Syntax

vpn Multicast set <H2I/L2I> <index> <Block/Pass>

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<h2i l2i=""></h2i>	H2I means Host to LAN (Remote Access User Accounts). L2I means LAN-to-LAN Profile.
<index></index>	The index number of the profile.
<block pass=""></block>	Set Block/Pass the Multicast Packets. The default is Block.

```
> vpn Multicast set L2l 1 Pass
% Lan to Lan Profile Index [1] :
% Status Block/Pass: [PASS]
```

## Telnet Command: vpn pass2nd

This command allows users to determine if the packets coming from the second subnet passing through current used VPN tunnel.

### Syntax

vpn pass2nd[on]

vpn pass2nd [off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	on - the packets can pass through NAT.
	off - the packets cannot pass through NAT.

#### Example

```
> vpn pass2nd on
% 2nd subnet is allowed to pass VPN tunnel!
```

## Telnet Command: vpn pass2nat

This command allows users to determine if the packets passing through by NAT or not when the VPN tunnel disconnects.

#### Syntax

vpn pass2nat [on]

vpn pass2nat [off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	on - the packets can pass through NAT.
	off - the packets cannot pass through NAT.

#### Example

```
> vpn pass2nat on
% Packets would go through by NAT when VPN disconnect!!
```

## Telnet Command: wan ppp_mru

This command allows users to adjust the size of PPP LCP MRU. It is used for specific network.

#### Syntax

wan ppp_mru <WAN interface number> <MRU size >

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
<wan interface="" number=""></wan>	Type a number to represent the physical interface. For Vigor130, the number is 1 (which means WAN1).
<mru size=""></mru>	It means the number of PPP LCP MRU. The available range is from 1400 to 1600.

## Example

```
>wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1492
> wan ppp_mru 1 1490
>
> wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1490
> wan ppp_mru 1 1492
> wan ppp_mru 1 ?
% Now: 1492
```

# Telnet Command: wan mtu / wan mtu2

This command allows users to adjust the size of MTU for WAN1/WAN2.

## Syntax

wan mtu *[value]* wan mtu2 *[value]* 

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
value	It means the number of MTU for PPP. The available range is from 1000 to 1500.
	For Static IP/DHCP, the maximum number will be 1500.
	For PPPoE, the maximum number will be 1492.
	For PPTP/L2TP, the maximum number will be 1460.

## Example

```
> wan mtu 1100
> wan mtu ?
Static IP/DHCP (Max MSS: 1500)
PPPoE(Max MSS: 1492)
PPTP/L2TP(Max MSS: 1460)
% wan ppp_mss <MSS size: 1000 ~ 1500>
% Now: 1100
```

# Telnet Command: wan DF_check

This command allows you to enable or disable the function of DF (Don't fragment)

## Syntax

wan DF_check [on] wan DF_check [off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable DF.

#### Example

```
> wan DF_check on
%DF bit check enable!
> wan DF_check off
%DF bit check disable (reset DF bit)!
```

### Telnet Command: wan disable

This command allows you to disable WAN connection.

#### Example

> wan disable WAN
%WAN disabled.

#### Telnet Command: wan enable

This command allows you to disable wan connection.

#### Example

> wan enable WAN
%WAN1 enabled.

### Telnet Command: wan forward

This command allows you to enable or disable the function of WAN forwarding. The packets are allowed to be transmitted between different WANs.

#### Syntax

wan forward [on]

wan forward [off]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
on/off	It means to enable or disable WAN forward.

#### Example

```
> wan forward ?
%WAN forwarding is Disable!
> wan forward on
%WAN forwarding is enable!
```

### Telnet Command: wan status

This command allows you to display the status of WAN connection, including connection mode, TX/RX packets, DNS settings and IP address.

```
> wan status
WAN1: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
Primary DNS=0.0.0.0, Secondary DNS=0.0.0.0
PVC WAN3: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
PVC_WAN4: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
PVC_WAN5: Offline, stall=N
Mode: ---, Up Time=00:00:00
IP=---, GW IP=---
TX Packets=0, TX Rate(Bps)=0, RX Packets=0, RX Rate(Bps)=0
```

#### Telnet Command: wan modem / wan modem2

This command, wan modem, allows you to configure 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode) of WAN3.

The command, wan modem2, allows you to configure 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode) of WAN4.

#### Syntax

wan modem [init/init2/dial/pin][string]
wan modem paponly [on/off]
wan modem backup_wait [value]
wan modem pipe [Int][Din][Dout] (for USB WAN3 only)
wan modem wakeup [on/off/value] (for USB WAN3 only)
wan modem vid [id]
wan modem pid [id]

wan modem status

Parameter	Description
init	Set initial modem AT command (default value is "AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0").
Init2	Set the second initial modem AT command.
dial	Set dial modem AT command (default value is "ATDT*99#").
pin	Set PIN code for SIM card. "0":disable
paponly	It means PAP Only. Set the PPP authentication of the USB WAN.

	on: None. off: PAP or CHAP.
backup_wait	Set waiting time after boot if USB WAN is in backup mode. This waiting time is reserved for the dial of main WANs so that the backup USB WAN will not go up first.
	Available setting is from 1 to 255. Unit is second.
pipe	It is for RD debug only. Please don't use it without our advice.
wakeup [on/off]	It is for RD debug only. Please don't use it without our advice.
vid	Set VID of VID/PID match to bind the USB modem to specify WAN interface. By default, this match is not set (0x0/0x0) and the router specifies WAN interface by USB port.
pid	Set PID of VID/PID match to bind the USB modem to specify WAN interface. By default, this match is not set (0x0/0x0) and the router specifies WAN interface by USB port.
status	Display current status of USB modem.

```
> wan modem pin 0000
> wan modem status
Modem Link Speed=0
Current Signal Strength=0
Last Fail Message:
Current Connect Stage:
```

### Telnet Command: wan vdsl

This command allows you to configure display current VDSL status and configure the fallback mode for WAN connection.

#### Syntax

wan vdsl [show basic]

wan vdsl[fbk_mode]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show basic	It means to display current VDSL status.
fbk_mode	It means to display current status of Fallback Mode used. Available modes to be set as fallback mode include, Auto Vdsl_only Adsl_only

```
> wan vdsl show basic
ADSL
Link Status: TRAINING
Firmware Version: 05-04-04-00-01
ADSL Profile:
Basic Status Upstream Downstream Unit
```

```
Actual Data Rate: 0 0 Kb/s

SNR: 0 0 0.1dB

> wan vdsl fbk_mode vdsl_only

Set VDSL fallback mode to VDSL ONLY

Reboot system to take effect

>
```

# Telnet Command: wan Ite

This command allows you to configure LTE WAN (for L model only).

# Syntax

wan Ite auth [0/1]
wan Ite band
wan Ite del [index #/all]
wan Ite pass [string]
wan Ite quota [- <command/> <parameter>I]</parameter>
wan Ite read [index #/all]
wan Ite reboot [- <command/> <parameter>I]</parameter>
wan Ite reply [- <command/> <parameter>1]</parameter>
wan Ite send [number][message]
wan Ite stus
wan Ite tag [index #/all]
wan Ite user [string]
<pre>wan Ite wms [send[cdma/gwpp]/recv[cdma/gwgw]/setting]</pre>

Parameter	Description
auth [0/1]	Set PPP authentication of LTE WAN. 0: None. 1: PAP or CHAP.
band	Display working band information for LTE network connection.
del [index #/all]	Delete an SMS from the LTE SIM card by specifying the index number. Use "all" to delete all.
pass	Set the password of LTE WAN.
quota [- <command/> <parameter>I ]</parameter>	Set settings of SMS Quota Limit function. Available commands with parameter are listed below: [] means that you can type in several commands in one line. -a <0/1>: Set whether to send an e-mail alert when SMS quota exceeded. (0: no 1: yes) -c <cycle>: Set the order of today in refresh cycle. -d <day>: Set the refresh day. -e &lt;0/1&gt;: Enable or disable SMS Quota Limit function. (0: disable 1: enable) -h <hour>: Set the refresh hour. -m &lt;0/1/2&gt;: Set SMS quota refresh mode. (0: None 1: monthly 2: periodically)</hour></day></cycle>

	-n <number>: Set SMS quota. The avaible number is between 1 and 1000000.</number>
	-s <0/1>: Set whether to stop sending SMS after SMS quota exceeded. (0: no 1: yes)
read	Display information of an SMS in the LTE SIM card by specifying the index number. Use "all" to display all.
reboot	Set settings of Reboot on SMS Message function.
	<command/> <parameter>  </parameter>
	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
	-a <0/1>: Enable or disable Access Control List. (0: disable 1: enable)
	-e <0/1>: Enable or disable Reboot on SMS Message function. (0: disable 1: enable)
	-p <password>: Set the Password / PIN. This setting is necessary if this function is enabled.</password>
	-x <number>: Set the first phone number in Access Control List.</number>
	-y <number>: Set the second phone number in Access Control List.</number>
	-z <number>: Set the third phone number in Access Control List.</number>
reply	Set settings of Reply with Router Status Message function.
	<command/> <parameter>  </parameter>
	The available commands with parameters are listed below.
	[] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
	-a <0/1>: Enable or disable Access Control List. (0: disable 1: enable)
	-c <0/1>: Set whether to reply with MAC address. (0: no 1: yes)
	-e <0/1>: Enable or disable Reboot on SMS Message function. (0: disable 1: enable)
	-f <0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN1 IP address. (0: no 1: yes
	-g <0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN2 IP address. (0: no 1: ye
	-h <0/1>: Set whether to reply with LTE WAN IP address. (0: no 1: yes)
	-i <0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN4 IP address. (0: no 1: yes
	-j <0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN1 data usage. (0: no 1: ye
	-k <0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN2 data usage. (0: no 1: ye -l <0/1>: Set whether to reply with LTE WAN data usage. (0: no 1:
	yes)
	-m < 0/1>: Set whether to reply with WAN4 data usage. (0: no 1: ye
	<ul> <li>-n &lt;0/1&gt;: Set whether to reply with Router name. (0: no 1: yes)</li> <li>-p <password>: Set the Password / PIN. This setting is necessary if this function is enabled.</password></li> </ul>
	-u < 0/1>: Set whether to reply with Router system uptime. (0: no
	yes) -v <0/1>: Set whether to reply with Router firmware version. (0: r 1: yes)
	-x <number>: Set the first phone number in Access Control List.</number>
	-y <number>: Set the second phone number in Access Control List</number>
	-z <number>: Set the third phone number in Access Control List.</number>
send	Send an SMS message to the specified phone number through the LTE SIM card.
stus	Display status of LTE connection.
tag	Set an SMS in the LTE SIM card as read state by specifying the inde
C C	number. Use "all" to set all SMS as read state.

wms

This command is for RD debug only. We use it to test new USB modems. Please don't use it without our advice.

#### Example

```
> wan lte band
Access technology : LTE
Access band information : E-UTRA Op Band 3
Interfere with 2.4G WLAN : NO
Active channel: 1725
>wan lte stus
Status: Operational. (Online)
Access Tech: LTE
Band: E-UTRA Op Band 3
ISP: Chunghwa
MCC: 466, MNC: 92, LAC: 65534, Cell ID: 81023501
Max Channel TX Rate: 5000000 bps
Max Channel RX Rate: 10000000 bps
IMEI: 356318040749422
IMSI: 466924200859808
RSSI: -61 dBm
Unread SMS: 4
SMSC address: +886932400821
SMS service status : Ready
Number of SMS sent : 0
```

## Telnet Command: wan detect

This command allows you to configure WAN connection detection. When Ping Detection is enabled (for Static IP or DHCP or PPPoE mode), Router pings specified IP addresses to detect the WAN connection.

### Syntax

wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4][on/off/always_on]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] target [ip addr]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] target2[ip addr]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] target_gw [1/0]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] ttl [value]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] interval [interval]
wan detect [wan1/wan2/wan3/wan4] retry [retry]
wan detect status

Parameter	Description
on	Enable ping detection. The IP address of the target shall be set.
off	Enable ARP detection (default).
always_on	Disable link detect, always connected(only support static IP)
target	Set the ping target.
Target2	Set the secondary ping target.

Target_gw	Set whether to use gateway as ping target. (1: yes 0: no) Note that USB WAN (PPP mode) cannot support PING gateway
ip addr	It means the IP address used for detection. Type an IP address in this field.
ttl	It means to set the ping TTL value (work as trace route) If you do not set any value for ttl here or just type 0 here, the system will use default setting (255) as the ttl value.
interval [interval]	Set the interval between each ping operation. Available setting is between 1 and 3600. The unit is second. <i>[interval]:</i> Type a value.
retry [retry]	Set how many ping operations are retried before the Router judges that the WAN connection is disconnected. Available setting is between 1 and 255. The unit is times. [retry] : Type a number.
status	It means to show the current status.

```
> wan detect status
WAN1: always on
WAN2: off
WAN3: off
WAN4: off
WAN5: off
> wan detect wan1 target 192.168.1.78
Set OK
> wan detect wan1 on
Set OK
> wan detect status
WAN1: on, Target=192.168.1.78, TTL=255
WAN2: off
WAN3: off
WAN4: off
WAN5: off
>
```

# Telnet Command: wan Ib

This command allows you to Enable/Disable for each WAN to join auto load balance member.

### Syntax

wan lb [wan1/wan2/...] on
wan lb [wan1/wan2/...] off
wan lb status

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wan1/wan2	Specify which WAN will be applied with load balance.
on	Make WAN interface as the member of load balance.
off	Cancel WAN interface as the member of load balance.
status	Show the current status.

### Example

```
> wan lb status
WAN1: on
WAN2: on
WAN3: on
WAN4: on
WAN5: on
WAN6: on
WAN6: on
WAN7: on
```

# Telnet Command: wan mvlan

This command allows you to configure multi-VLAN for WAN and LAN. It supports pure bridge mode (modem mode) between Ethernet WAN and LAN port 2~4.

# Syntax

wan mvlan [pvc_no/status/save/enable/disable] [on/off/clear/tag tag_no] [service type/vlan priority] [px ... ]

wan mvlan keeptag[pvc_no][on/off]

Parameter	Description
pvc_no	It means index number of PVC. There are 10 PVC, 0(Channel-1) to 9(Channel-9) allowed to be configured.
	However, bridge mode can be set on PVC number 2 to 9.
status	It means to display the whole Bridge status.
save	It means to save the configuration into flash of Vigor router.
enable/disable	It means to enable/disable the Multi-VLAN function.
on/off	It means to turn on/off bridge mode for the specific channel.
clear	It means to turn off/clear the port.
tag tag_no	It means to tag a number for the VLAN.

	<ul><li>-1: No need to add tag number.</li><li>1-4095: Available setting numbers used as tagged number.</li></ul>	
service type	It means to specify the service type for VLAN. 0: Normal. 1: IGMP.	
vlan priority	It means to specify the priority for the VALN setting. Range is from 0 to 7.	
рх	It means LAN port. Available setting number is from 2 to 4. Port number 1 is locked for NAT usage.	
keeptag	It means Multi-VLAN packets will keep their VLAN headers to LAN.	

PVC 7 will map to LAN port 2/3/4 in bridge mode; service type is Normal. No tag added.

# Telnet Command: wan multifno

This command allows you to specify a channel (in Multi-PVC/VLAN) to make bridge connection to a specified WAN interface.

### Syntax

wan multifno [channel #] [WAN interface #]

wan multifno status

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
channel #	There are 4 (?) channels including VLAN and PVC. Available settings are: 1=Channel 1 3=Channel 3 4=Channel 4 5=Channel 5	
WAN interface #	Type a number to indicate the WAN interface. 1=WAN1 2=WAN2	
status	It means to display current bridge status.	

```
> wan multifno 5 1
% Configured channel 5 uplink to WAN1
> wan multifno status
% Channel 3 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 4 uplink ifno: 3
```

```
% Channel 5 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 6 uplink ifno: 3
% Channel 7 uplink ifno: 3
>
```

## Telnet Command: wan vlan

This command allows you to configure the VLAN tag of WAN1 or WAN2.

### Syntax

```
wan vlan wan [#] tag [value]
wan vlan wan [#] [enable/disable]
wan vlan stat
```

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
wan [#]	Specify which WAN interface will be tagged.	
tag [value]	Type a number for tagging on WAN interface.	
enable/disable	Enable: Specified WAN interface will be tagged.	
	Disable: Disable the function of tagging on WAN interface.	
stat	Display current VLAN status.	

#### Example

# Telnet Command: wan budget

This command allows you determine the data *traffic volume* for each WAN interface respectively to prevent from overcharges for data transmission by the ISP.

#### Syntax

wan budget wan [#] rdate [day] [hour]
wan budget wan [#] [enable/disable]
wan budget wan [#] thres [budget limit (MB)]
wan budget wan [#] gthres [budget limit (GB)]
wan budget wan [#] mode [monthly/periodic/none]
wan budget wan [#] psday [th day in periodic]
wan budget wan [#] action [action bitmap]
wan budget status

Parameter	Description	
wan[#]	Specify the WAN interface.	

	1	
rdate	Specify the WAN budget refresh time.	
	day - Available settings are from 1 to 30.	
	hour - Available settings are from 1 to 23.	
	E.g., wan budget wan 1 rdate 5 10	
	If monthy mode is selected: WAN budget will be refreshed on 5th day at 10:00 in each month	
	If periodic mode is selected: WAN budget will be refreshed every 5 days and 10 hours	
enable/disable	enable - Enable the function of wan budget. disable - Disable the function of wan budget.	
thres [budget limit (MB)]	Specify the maximum value for WAN budget limit. (Unit: MB) budget limit - Type a number.	
gthres [budget limit (GB)]	Specify the maximum value of wan budget limit. (Unit: GB) budget limit - Type a number.	
mode [monthly/periodic/none]	Specify the calculation mode (monthly, periodically, or none) for WAN budget.	
psday [th day in periodic]	It is used only when mode is set with "periodic". Specify the order of "today" in the cycle.	
	E.g., wan budget wan 5 $psday \rightarrow$ It means "today" is the 5 th day in the billing cycle.	
action [action bitmap]	Determine the action to be performed when it reaches the WAN budget limit. <i>action bitmap</i> - Type a total number of actions to be executed. Different numbers represent different actions. 1: shotdown wan 2: send mail alert 4: send sms alert For example, if you type "5" (5=1+4), the system will send SMS alert when WAN shotdown is detected.	
status	Display current configuration status of WAN budget.	

> wan budget wan 1 action 5
% WAN 1 budget action set to 5
> wan budget wan 1 gthres 10
% WAN 1 budget limit set to 10 GB

## Telnet Command: wan detect_mtu

This command allows you to run a WAN MTU Discovery. The user can specify an IPv4 target to ping and find the suitable MTU size of the WAN interface.

### Syntax

wan detect_mtu -w [number] -i [Host/IP address] -s [base_size] -d [decrease_size] (-c
[count])

Parameter	Description	
-w [number]	Specify the WAN interface. Value: Type the number of WAN interface. 1: WAN1; 2:WAN2and etc.	
-I [Host/IP address]	Specify the IPv4 target to detect. If can be an IPv4 address or domain name. Host/IP address: Type the IP address/domain name of the target.	
-s [base_size]	Set the MTU size base for Discovery. base_size: Available setting is 1000 ~ 1500.	
-d [decrease size]	Set the MTU size to decrease between detections. decrease size: Available setting is 1 ~ 100.	
-c [count]	Set the maximum times of ping failure during a Discovery.	

count: Available settings are 1 ~ 10. Default value is 3.

#### Example

```
> wan detect_mtu -w 2 -i 8.8.8.8 -s 1500 -d 30 -c 10
detecting mtu size:1500!!!
```

```
mtu size:1470!!!
```

### Telnet Command: wan detect_mtu6

This command allows you to run a WAN MTU Discovery. The user can specify an IPv6 target to ping and find the suitable MTU size of the WAN interface.

#### Syntax

wan detect_mtu6 -w [number] -i [IPv6 address] -s [base_size]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
-w [number]	Specify the WAN interface number: Type the number of WAN interface. 1: WAN1; 2:WAN2and etc.	
-I [IPv6 address]	Specify the IPv6 target to detect. It must be an IPv6 IP address. IPv6 address: Type the IPv6 address of the target.	
-s [base_size]	Specify the size of MTU. base_size: Available setting is 1000 ~ 1500.	

#### Example

```
> wan detect_mtu6 -w 2 -i 2404:6800:4008:c06::5e -s 1500
>
```

# **Telnet Command: hsportal**

This command is used to configure a profile (Hotspot Web Portal) with specified URL for accessing into or display a message when a wireless/LAN user connects to Internet through this router.

#### Syntax

hsportal setup -p <profile> [-I <lan>] [-s <ssid>] ...

hsportal setup -p <profile> -c

Parameter	Description
-р	Indicate available profile to be configured. Number of profile: 1 /2 /3 / 4.
-/	Apply to LAN interfaces. E.g., apply LAN1 and LAN2: -I 1, 2.
-\$	Apply to WLAN interfaces. E.g., apply SSID1 and SSID2: -s 1, 2.
-a	Apply to WLAN5G interfaces. E.g., apply SSID1 and SSID2: -s 1, 2.
- <i>m</i>	Select login mode.

	0:skip	
	1:click	
	2:social	
	3:pin	
	4:social or pin	
-f	Configure facebook login.	
	0: disable.	
	1: enable.	
-g	Configure google login.	
	0: disable.	
	1: enable.	
-h	Enable HTTPS redirection.	
	0: disable.	
	1: enable.	
-V	Enable portal detection.	
	0: disable.	
	1: enable.	
-i	Configure APP id.	
	For example, to configure facebook APP id, you can type:	
	>hsportal -p 1 -f -i this_is_app_id	
	Profile 1 set facebook login disabled [OK]	
-k	Configure app key.	
	For example, to configure google APP key, you can type:	
	> hsportal -p 1 -g -i this_is_app_key	
	Profile 1 set google login disabled [OK]	
-r	Configure landing page mode.	
	0: fixed URL.	
	1: user request.	
	2: bulletin.	
	E.g.	
	> hsportal -p 1 -r 0	
	Profile 1 set landing page mode 0 [OK]	
-е	Enable the specified profile.	
-d	Disable the specified profile.	
- <i>C</i>	Reset the specified profile.	
	Number of profile: 1 /2 /3 / 4.	
-0	Clear profiles for all clients.	

```
> hsportal setup -p 1 -c
Reset profile 1 ... [OK]
> hsportal setup -p 1 -r 0
Profile 1 set landing page mode 0 ... [OK]
> hsportal setup -p 2 -g 1 -k app_key_google
Profile 2 set google login enabled ... [OK]
Profile 2 set API KEY ... [OK]
>
```

### Telnet Command: wl acl

This command allows the user to configure wireless access control settings.

### Syntax

wl acl enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] wl acl disable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]

wl acl add [MAC] [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [isolate]

wl acl del [MAC]

wl acl mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]

wl acl show

wl acl showmode

wl acl clean

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to enable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.	
disable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to disable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.	
add [MAC] [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [isolate]	It means to associate a MAC address to certain SSID interfaces' access control settings. The isolate setting will limit the wireless client's network capabilities to accessing the wireless LAN only.	
	[MAC] format: xx-xx-xx-xx-xx	
	OF XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	
	OF XX.XX.XX.XX.XX	
del [MAC]	It means to delete a MAC address entry defined in the access control list.	
mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]	It means to set white/black list for each SSID.	
wl acl show	It means to show access control status.	
wl acl showmode	It means to show the mode for each SSID.	
wl acl clean	It means to clean all access control setting.	

```
> > wl acl showmode
ssid1: none
ssid2: none
ssid3: none
ssid4: none
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70
Set Done !!
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70 ssid1 ssid2 isolate
Set Done !!
> wl acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-70 ssid1 ssid2 isolate
Set Done !!
> wl acl show
------Enable Mac Address Filter------
ssid1: dis ssid2: dis ssid3: dis ssid4: dis
-----MAC Address Filter------
```

```
Index Attribute MAC Address Associated SSIDs

0 00:50:70:ff:12:70 ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4

1 s 00:50:70:ff:12:70 ssid1 ssid2

s: Isolate the station from LAN

>
```

# Telnet Command: wl config

This command allows users to configure general settings and security settings for wireless connection.

## Syntax

wl config mode [value]
wl config mode show
wl config channel [number]
wl config preamble [enable]
wl config txburst [enable]
wl config ssid [ssid_num enable ssid_name [hidden_ssid]]
wl config ssid [ssid_num enable ssid_name [hidden_ssid]]

wl config security [SSID_NUMBER] [mode]

wl config ratectl [ssid_num enable upload download ]

wl config isolate [ssid_num lan member]

Parameter	Description	
mode[value]	It means to select connection mode for wireless connection. Available settings are: "11bgn", "11gn", "11n", "11bg", "11g", or "11b".	
mode show	It means to display what the current wireless mode is.	
channel [number]	It means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The available settings are 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12 and 13. number=0, means Auto number=1, means Channel 1  number=13, means Channel 13.	
preamble [enable]	<ul> <li>It means to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet.</li> <li>Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble.</li> <li>0: disable to use long preamble.</li> <li>1: enable to use long preamble.</li> </ul>	
txburst [enable]	<ul> <li>It means to enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by enabling Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time.</li> <li>0: disable the function.</li> <li>1: enable the function.</li> </ul>	
ssid[ssid_num enable ssid_name [hidden_ssid]]	It means to set the name of the SSID, hide the SSID if required. <i>ssid_num:</i> Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. <i>ssid_name</i> : Give a name for the specified SSID.	

	hidden_ssid: Type 0 to hide the SSID or 1 to display the SSID		
Security [SSID_NUMBER] [mode][key][index]	It means to configure security settings for the wirelesss connection. <i>SSID_NUMBER</i> : Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.		
	<i>mode</i> : Available settings are:		
	disable:	No security.	
	wpa1x:	WPA/802.1x Only	
	wpa21x:	WPA2/802.1x Only	
	wpamix1x:	Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only)	
	wep1x:	WEP/802.1x Only	
	wpapsk:	WPA/PSK	
	wpa2psk:	WPA2/PSK	
	wpamixpsk:	Mixed (WPA+WPA2)/PSK	
	wep:	WEP	
	<i>key, index</i> : Moreover, you have to add keys for <i>wpapsk, wpa2psk, wpamixpsk</i> and <i>wep</i> , and specify index number of schedule profiles to be followed by the wireless connection.		
		be in 5/13 ASCII text string or 10/26 Hexadecimal PA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII text string or 64 git format.	
ratectl [ssid_num enable	It means to set	the rate control for the specified SSID.	
upload download]	ssid_num: Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.		
	<i>enable</i> : It means to enable the function of the rate control for the specified SSID. 0: disable and 1:enable.		
	<i>upload</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data upload. The unit is kbps.		
	<i>download</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data download. The unit is kbps.		
isolate [ssid_num lan	It means to isolate the wireless connection for LAN and/or Member.		
member]	<i>Ian</i> - It can make the wireless clients (stations) with remote-dial and LAN to LAN users not accessing for each other.		
	<i>member</i> - It can make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other.		

```
> wl config mode 11bgn
Current mode is 11bgn
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the channel
> wl config channel 13
Current channel is 13
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the channel.
> wl config preamble 1
Long preamble is enabled
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl config ssid 1 enable dray
SSID Enable Hide_SSID Name
1
      1
             0
                      dray
\ <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl config security 1 wpalx
%% Configured Wlan Security Setting:
% SSID1
%% Mode: wpalx
%% Wireless card must be reset for configurations to take effect
```

%% (Telnet Command: wl restart)

### Telnet Command: wl set

This command allows users to configure basic wireless settings.

### Syntax

wl set [SSID] [CHAN[En]]

wl set txburst [enable]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
SSID	It means to type the SSID for the router. The maximum character that you can use is 32.
CHAN[En]	It means to specify required channel for the router. <i>CHAN:</i> The range for the number is between 1 ~ 13. <i>En:</i> type <i>on</i> to enable the function; type <i>off</i> to disable the function.
txburst [enable]	<ul> <li>It means to enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by enabling Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time.</li> <li>0: disable the function.</li> <li>1: enable the function.</li> </ul>

### Example

```
> wl set MKT 2 on
% New Wlan Setting is:
% SSID=MKT
% Chan=2
% Wl is Enable
```

# Telnet Command: wl act

This command allows users to activate wireless settings.

### Syntax

wl act [En]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
En	It means to enable or disable the function of VPN isolation.
	0: diable
	1: enable

### Example

> wl act on % Set Wlan to Enable.

# Telnet Command: wl scan

This command allows users to perform AP scanning.

### Syntax

wl scan [start] wl scan set [wlist/blist/stime][MAC] wl scan del [wlist/blist] [MAC] wl scan filter [ssid/channel/mac] wl scan show [0/1/2/3]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
start	It means to start AP scanning.
set [wlist/blist/stime] [MAC]	Set white list/block list/scan time. <i>wlist</i> - It means to set white list for passing. MAC address must be added in the end. e.g., <i>wl scan set wlist 001122aabbcc</i> <i>blist</i> - It means to set black list for blocking. MAC address must be added in the end.
	<i>stime</i> - It means to set scanning time. Time value (2~5 second) must be added in the end. e.g., <i>wl scan set time 5</i>
del	Remove white list/block list. e.g., wl scan del wlist 001122aabbcc
filter	Set which filter you want. ssid - scanning the AP based on SSID setting. channel - scanning the AP based on channel setting. mac - scanning the AP based on MAC address setting
show [0/1/2/3]	It is used to show AP list. 0 - display white list 1 - display block list, 2 - display gray/unknown list, 3 - display all list

### Example

```
> wl scan set wlist 001122aabbcc
> wl scan start
> wl scan show 3
>
```

# Telnet Command: wl stamgt

This command is used to configure connection time and reconnection time for each SSID that wireless client used for accessing into Internet.

### Syntax

wl stamgt [enable/disable] [ssid_num].

- wl stamgt [show] [ssid_num].
- wl stamgt set [ssid_num] [c] [r]
- wl stamgt reset [ssid_num].

Parameter	Description
enable/disable	It means to enable/disable the station management control.
ssid_num	It means channel selection. Available channel for 2.4G: 0/1/2/3 Available channel for 5G: 4/5/6/7.
show	It means to display status or configuration of the selected channel.
C	It means connection time. The unit is minute.
r	It means reconnection time. The unit is minute.

```
> wl stamgt enable 1
% Station Management Status: enabled
> wl stamgt set 1 60 60
> wl stamgt show 1
NO. SSID BSSID Connect time Reconnect time
1. Draytek 00:11:22:aa:bb:cc 0d:0:58:26 0d:0:0
```

# Telnet Command: wl iso_vpn

This command allows users to activate the function of VPN isolation.

## Syntax

wl iso_vpn [ssid] [En]

Parameter	Description
ssid	It means the number of SSID. 1: SSID1 2: SSID2 3: SSID3 4: SSID4
En	It means to enable or disable the function of VPN isolation. 0: disable 1: enable

### Syntax Description

### Example

```
> wl iso_vpn 1 on
% ssid: 1 isolate vpn on :1
```

# Telnet Command: wl wpa

This command allows you to configure WPA wireless settings.

### Syntax

wl wpa 1/2/3

Parameter	Description
wl wpa	Type 1/2/3 to represent different WPA modes.

1 - means WPA+WPA2
2 - means WPA2 Only
3 - means WPA Only

> wl wpa 1 >

# Telnet Command: wl wmm

This command allows users to set WMM for wireless connection. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs).

#### Syntax

wl wmm ap *Queldx Aifsn Cwmin Cwmax Txop ACM* wl wmm bss *Queldx Aifsn Cwmin Cwmax Txop ACM* 

wI wmm ack Que0_Ack Que1_Ack Que2_Ack Que3_Ack

wl wmm enable SSID0 SSID1 SSID2 SSID3

wl wmm apsd value

wl wmm show

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
ар	It means to set WMM for access point.
bss	It means to set WMM for wireless clients.
ack	It means to map to the Ack policy settings of AP WMM.
enable	It means to enable the WMM for each SSID. 0: disable 1: enable
Apsd [value]	It means to enable / disable the ASPD(automatic power-save delivery) function. 0: disable 1: enable
show	It displays current status of WMM.
Queldx	It means the number of the queue which the WMM settings will be applied to. There are four queues, best effort, background, voice, and video.
Aifsn	It controls how long the client waits for each data transmission.
Cwmin/ Cwmax	<b>CWMin</b> means contention Window-Min and <b>CWMax</b> means contention Window-Max. Specify the value ranging from 1 to 15.
Тхор	It means transmission opportunity. Specify the value ranging from 0 to 65535.
ACM	It can restrict stations from using specific category class if it is enabled. 0: disable 1: enable

```
> wl wmm ap 0 3 4 6 0 0
QueIdx=0: APAifsn=3, APCwmin=4, APCwmax=6, APTxop=0, APACM=0
> wl wmm enable 1 0 1 0
WMM_SSID0 =1, WMM_SSID1 =0, WMM_SSID2 =1, WMM_SSID3 =0
> wl wmm show
Enable WMM: SSID0 =1, SSID1 =0,SSID2 =1,SSID3 =0
APSD=0
QueIdx=0: APAifsn=3, APCwmin=4, APCwmax=6, APTxop=0, APACM=0
QueIdx=1: APAifsn=7,APCwmin=4,APCwmax=10, APTxop=0,APACM=0
QueIdx=2: APAifsn=1,APCwmin=3,APCwmax=4, APTxop=94,APACM=0
QueIdx=3: APAifsn=1, APCwmin=2, APCwmax=3, APTxop=47, APACM=0
QueIdx=0: BSSAifsn=3,BSSCwmin=4,BSSCwmax=10, BSSTxop=0,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=1: BSSAifsn=7,BSSCwmin=4,BSSCwmax=10, BSSTxop=0,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=2: BSSAifsn=2,BSSCwmin=3,BSSCwmax=4, BSSTxop=94,BSSACM=0
QueIdx=3: BSSAifsn=2,BSSCwmin=2,BSSCwmax=3, BSSTxop=47,BSSACM=0
AckPolicy[0]=0: AckPolicy[1]=0,AckPolicy[2]=0,AckPolicy[3]=0
```

## Telnet Command: wl ht

This command allows you to configure wireless settings.

### Syntax

wl ht bw value

wl ht gi value

wl ht badecline value

- wl ht autoba value
- wl ht rdg value
- wl ht msdu value

wl ht txpower value

wl ht antenna value

wl ht greenfield value

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
wl ht bw value	The value you can type is 0 (for BW_20) and 1 (for BW_40).
wl ht gi value	The value you can type is 0 (for GI_800) and 1 (for GI_4001)
wl ht badecline value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht autoba value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht rdg value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht msdu value	The value you can type is 0 (for disabling) and 1 (for enabling).
wl ht txpower value	The value you can type ranges from 1 - 6 (level).
wl ht antenna value	The value you can type ranges from 0-3. 0: 2T3R 1: 2T2R 2: 1T2R 3: 1T1R
wl ht greenfield value	The value you can type is 0 (for mixed mode) and 1 (for green field).

```
> wl ht bw value 1
BW=0
<Note> Please restart wireless after you set new parameters.
> wl restart
Wireless restart.....
```

# Telnet Command: wl restart

This command allows you to restart wireless setting.

### Example

```
> wl restart
Wireless restart.....
```

# Telnet Command: wl wds

This command allows you to configure WDS settings.

### Syntax

- wl wds mode [value] wl wds security [value]
- wl wds ap [value]
- wl wds hello [value]
- wl wds status
- wl wds show
- wl wds mac [value]

wl wds flush

Parameter	Description
mode [value]	It means to specify connection mode for WDS. [value]: Available settings are : d: Disable b: Bridge r: Repeapter
security [value]	It means to configure security mode with encrypted keys for WDS. mode: Available settings are: disable: No security. wep: WEP wpapsk [key]: WPA/PSK wpa2psk [key]: WPA2/PSK key: Moreover, you have to add keys for wpapsk, wpa2psk, and wep, and specify index number of schedule profiles to be followed by the wireless connection. WEP keys must be in 5/13 ASCII text string or 10/26 Hexadecimal digit format; WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII text string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format. e.g., w1 dual wds security disable w1 dual wds security wep 12345 w1 dual wds security wpa2psk 12345678
ap [value]	It means to enable or disable the AP function. Value: 1 - enable the function. 0 - disable the function.
hello [value]	It means to send hello message to remote end (peer). Value: 1 - enable the function.

	0 - disable the function.
status	It means to display WDS link status for 2.4GHz connection.
show	It means to display current WDS settings.
mac add [index addr]	add [index addr] - Add the peer MAC entry in Repeater/Bridge WDS MAC table.
mac clear/disable/enable [index/all]	clear/disable/enable [index/all]- Clear, disable, enable the specifed or all MAC entries in Repeater/Bridge WDS MAC table. e.g, wl dual wds mac enable 1
flush	It means to reset all WDS setting.

```
> wl wds status
Please enable WDS hello function first.
> wl wds hello 1
% <Note> Please restart router after you set the parameters.
> wl wds status
```

# Telnet Command: wl apcli

This command allows users to configure AP client mode for wireless connection (2.4GHz).

### Syntax

wl apcli show wl apcli enable [1/0] wl apcli security [mode]

wl apcli ssid [ssid_name]

wl apcli bssid [mac address]

Parameter	Description
show	Display current status of wireless AP client.
enable [1/0]	It means to enable wireless 2.4GHz AP client mode. 1 - enable 0 - disable
security [mode]	There are several modes to be selected: Disable - disable the security settings. wpapsk [key] - WPA Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format. wpa2psk [key] - WPA2 Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format. wpamixpsk [key] - WPA Mixed Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8-63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format. wep [key] [index] - WEP key will be used. You need to type the key string and specify the index number of the profile to be applied.

	WEP keys must be in 5/13 ASCII string or 10/26 Hexadecimal digit format.
ssid [ssid_name]	Specify the SSID for wireless 2.4GHz AP client.
bssid	Type the MAC address for wireless 2.4GHz AP client.

```
> wl apcli enable 1
Wireless AP-Clinet is enabled
> wl apcli show
% Wireless AP-Clinet is enabled
% Current SSID is test
%% Security Mode: disable
% Wireless client is disconnected
%% data rate=---, mode=---, signal=0%
```

## Telnet Command: wl btnctl

This command allows you to enable or disable wireless button control.

#### Syntax

wl btnctl [value]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
value	0: disable 1: enable

### Example

```
> wl btnctl 1
Enable wireless botton control
Current wireless botton control is on
>
```

### Telnet Command: wl iwpriv

This command is reserved for RD debug. Do not use them.

### Telnet Command: wl stalist

This command is used to display the wireless station which accessing Internet via Vigor router.

#### Syntax

wl stalist

```
> wl stalist
wl stalist show : show station list
wl stalist num : show number of stations
wl stalist neighbor : show neighbor station list
```

# Telnet Command: wl set8021x

This command allows you to configure the external or internal server used by Vigor router for wireless authentication.

### Syntax

wl set8021x -t [0/1]

wl set8021x -v

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
- <i>t</i>	Specify the type (external or internal) of wireless authentication server.
	0 - Indicate the external RADIUS server.
	1- Indicate the local 802.1x server.
- <i>V</i>	View the settings of 802.1x.

### Example

```
> wl set8021x -t 1
% <Note> Please restart wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl set8021x -v
802.1X type is : Local 802.1X
>
```

# Telnet Command: wl bndstrg

This command allows users to configure settings for Band Steering (2.4GHz).

### Syntax

```
wl bndstrg show
wl bndstrg enable [1/0]
```

wl bndstrg chk_time [value]

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	Display current status for Band Steering function.
enable [1/0]	It means to enable wireless 2.4GHz AP client mode. 1 - enable
	0 - disable
chk_time [value]	If the wireless station does not have the capability of 5GHz network connection, the system shall wait and check for several seconds (15 seconds, in default) to make the 2.4GHz network connection. Specify the time limit for Vigor router to detect the wireless client. <i>[value] - 1 to 60 seconds.</i>

```
> wl bndstrg show
band steering: disable
chk_time: 15 sec
```

```
>wl bndstrg chk_time 50 30
argv[0]:chk_time, argv[1]:50, argv[2]:30
%% Wireless card must be reset for configurations to take effect
%% (Telnet Command: wl restart)
```

# Telnet Command: wl artfns

This command allows users to configure airtime fairness function for wireless (2.4GHz) connection.

#### Syntax

wl artfns enable [value]

wl artfns trg_num [value]

wl artfns show

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable [value]	It means to enable wireless airtime fairness function. 1 - enable 0 - disable
Trg_num [value]	Set a threshold when the active station number achieves this number, the airtime fairness function will be applied. Available values will be 2 to 64.
show	Display current status (enable or disable) and triggering client number for airtime fairness function.

### Example

```
> wl artfns enable 1
> wl artfns trg_num 3
> wl artfns show
airtime fairness: enable
trg_num: 3
>
```

# Telnet Command: wl drayrs

This command allows the user to configure settings for Roaming for wireless clients.

# Syntax

wl drayrs set [mode] [rs_low] [rs_low_security] [delta]

wl drayrs restart

wl drayrs show

Parameter	Description
<i>set [mode] [rs_low] [rs_low_security] [delta]</i>	Select a mode for roaming. 0 - disable 1 - Strictly Minimum RSSI 2 - Minimum RSSI rs_low - Set a value of Strictly Minimum RSSI (62~86).

rs_low_security - Set a value of Minimum RSSI (62~86). delta - Set a value of Adjacent AP RSSI (1~20).	
restart	Restart to activate roaming function.
show	Dispaly current configuration of roaming function.

>	wl drayrs show		
%	Mode : Disable		
00	rs_low		-73
00	rs_low_secure		-66
00	delta		5
>			

# Telnet Command: wl_dual acl

This command allows the user to configure wireless (5GHz) access control settings.

## Syntax

wl dual acl enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]
wl dual acl disable[ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]
wl dual acl add [MAC][ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4][isolate]
wl dual acl del [MAC]
wl dual acl mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]
wl dual acl show
wl dual acl showmode
wl dual acl clear

Parameter	Description
enable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to enable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.
disable [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4]	It means to disable the settings for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.
add [MAC] [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [isolate]	It means to associate a MAC address to certain SSID interfaces' access control settings. The isolate setting will limit the wireless client's network capabilities to accessing the wireless LAN only. [MAC] format: xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx or xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx.xx.xx.xx.xx
isolate	It means to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client (identified with the MAC address) from LAN.
del[MAC]	It means to delete a MAC address entry defined in the access control list. [MAC] format: xx-xx-xx-xx-xx or xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx.xx.xx.xx.xx.xx
mode [ssid1 ssid2 ssid3 ssid4] [white/black]	It means to set white/black list for each SSID.
show	It means to display current status of access control.
showmode	It means to show the mode for each SSID.

It means to clear all of the access control settings.

#### Example

```
> wl_dual acl showmode
SSID1: None
SSID2: None
SSID3: None
SSID4: None
> wl_dual acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-80
> wl_acl add 00-50-70-ff-12-80 ssid1 ssid2 isolate
Set Done !!
> wl_acl show
-----Enable Mac Address Filter-----
ssid1: dis ssid2: dis ssid3: dis ssid4: dis
-----MAC Address Filter-----
Index Attribute MAC Address Associated SSIDs
                   00:50:70:ff:12:80 ssid1 ssid2
  0
         s
s: Isolate the station from LAN
```

#### Telnet Command: wl_dual apscan

This command is used to scan Access Point installed near the location of Vigor router.

#### Syntax

wl_dual apscan start

wl_dual apscan show

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
start	It means to execute the AP scanning.
show	It means to display the content of the AP list.

### Example

```
> wl_dual apscan start
> wl_dual apscan show
AP scan is ongoing.
> wl_dual apscan ?
% wl_dual apscan [start/show]
% start: do AP scan
% show: show AP list
> wl_dual apscan show
5G Access Point List :
BSSID Channel SSID
```

clear

# Telnet Command: wl_dual cardmac

## Example

```
> wl_dual cardmac
Card MAC: 54:2a:a2:37:00:ef
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual config

This command allows users to configure general settings and security settings for wireless connection (5GHz). wl_dual config enable [value] wl dual config enable show wl_dual config mode [value] wl_dual config mode show wl_dual config channel [number] wl_dual config channel show wl_dual config preamble [enable] wl_dual config preamble show wl_dual config ssid [ssid_num enable ssid_name] wl_dual config ssid hide [ssid_num enable] wl_dual config ssid show wl_dual config ratectl [ssid_num enable upload download] wl_dual config ratectl show wl_dual config isolate lan [ssid_num enable] wl_dual config isolate member [ssid_num enable] wl_dual config isolate vpn [ssid_num enable] wl_dual config isolate show

Parameter	Description
enable[value]	It means to enable/disable the 5GHz wireless function. 1: enable 0: disable
show	It means to display if 5G wireless function is enabled or not.
mode[value]	It means to select connection mode for wireless connection. Available settings are: "11a", "11n_5g", "11n" and "11an".
mode show	It means to display what the current wireless mode is.
channel [number]	It means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The available settings are: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136 and 140. number=0, means Auto number=36, means Channel 36  Number=52, means Channel 52.
channel show	It means to display what the current channel is.
preamble [enable]	It means to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet.

	Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync	
	field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble.	
	0: disable to use long preamble.	
	1: enable to use long preamble.	
preamble show	It means to display if preamble is enabled or not.	
ssid[ssid_num enable ssid_name]	It means to set the name of the SSID, hide the SSID if required. <i>ssid_num:</i> Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. <i>ssid_name</i> : Give a name for the specified SSID.	
ssid hide [ssid_num enab le]	It means to hide the name of the SSID if required. <i>ssid_num:</i> Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. enable: Type 0 to hide the SSID or 1 to display the SSID.	
ssid show	It means to display a table of SSID configuration.	
ratectl [ssid_num enable upload download]	It means to set the rate control for the specified SSID. <i>ssid_num:</i> Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. <i>enable:</i> It means to enable the function of the rate control for the specified SSID. 0: disable and 1:enable.	
	<i>upload</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data upload. The unit is kbps. <i>download</i> : It means to configure the rate control for data	
	download. The unit is kbps.	
	(example:wl dual config ratectl 1 1 25 25)	
ratectl show	It means to display the data transmission rate (upload and download) for SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 and SSID4.	
isolate lan [ssid_num	It means to isolate the wireless connection from LAN.	
enable]	It can make the wireless clients (stations) with remote-dial and LAN to LAN users not accessing for each other.	
	<ul> <li>ssid_num: Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.</li> <li>enable: It means to enable such function.</li> <li>0: disable and 1:enable</li> </ul>	
isolate member [ssid_num enable]	It means to isolate the wireless connection from Member. It can make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other. <i>ssid_num:</i> Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. <i>enable</i> : It means to enable such function. 0: disable and 1:enable.	
isolate vpn [ssid_num enable]	It means to isolate the wireless connection from VPN. ssid_num: Choose 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4. enable: It means to enable such function. 0: disable and 1:enable.	

```
> wl_dual config mode 11a
Current mode is 11a
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the channel
> wl_dual config channel 60
Current channel is 60
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the channel.
> wl_dual config preamble 1
Long preamble is enabled
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the parameters.
```

```
> wl_dual config ssid 1 enable dray
SSID Enable Hide_SSID Name
1
     1
           0
                    dray
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl_dual config ssid show
SSID Enable Hide_SSID Name
1
    1 0
                  dray
2
    0
           0
                  DrayTek_5G_Guest
3
     0
          0
4
     0
           0
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual restart

This command allows you to restart wireless setting (5GHz).

### Example

```
> wl_dual restart
5G wireless restart.....
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual security

This command allows users to configure security settings for the wireless connection (5GHz).

### Syntax

wl_dual security[SSID_NUMBER] [mode][key][index]

wl_dual security show

Parameter	Description
Security [SSID_NUMBER] [mode][key][index]	<i>SSID_NUMBER</i> : Type 1, 2, 3 or 4 to specify SSID1, SSID2, SSID3 or SSID4.
	<i>mode</i> : Available settings are:
	disable: No security.
	wpa1x: WPA/802.1x Only
	wpa21x: WPA2/802.1x Only
	wpamix1x: Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only)
	wep1x: WEP/802.1x Only
	wpapsk: WPA/PSK
	wpa2psk: WPA2/PSK
	wpamixpsk: Mixed (WPA+WPA2)/PSK
	wep: WEP
	<i>key, index</i> : Moreover, you have to add keys for <i>wpapsk, wpa2psk, wpamixpsk</i> and <i>wep</i> , and specify index number of schedule profiles to be followed by the wireless connection.
	WEP keys must be in 5/13 ASCII text string or 10/26 Hexadecimal digit format; WPA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII text string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format.
show	It means to display current mode selection for each SSID.

```
> wl_dual security 1 wpa2psk 123456789e
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl_dual security show
%% 5G Wireless LAN Security Settings:
% SSID1
%% Mode: WPA2/PSK
% SSID2
%% Mode: Disable
% SSID3
%% Mode: Disable
% SSID4
%% Mode: Disable
```

#### Telnet Command: wl_dual stalist

This command is used to display the wireless station which accessing Internet via Vigor router.

#### Syntax

wl dual stalist

#### Example

```
> wl_dual stalist
5G Wireless Station List :
Index Status IP Address MAC Address Associated with
Status Codes :
C: Connected, No encryption.
E: Connected, WEP.
P: Connected, WEP.
P: Connected, WPA.
A: Connected, WPA2.
B: Blocked by Access Control.
N: Connecting.
F: Fail to pass WPA/PSK authentication.
```

#### Telnet Command: wl_dual wds

This command allows users to configure WDS for wireless connection (5GHz).

#### Syntax

wl_dual wds mode [value] wl_dual wds security [value] wl_dual wds ap [value] wl_dual wds hello [value] wl_dual wds status wl_dual wds show

wl_dual wds mac add [index addr]

wl_dual wds mac clear/disable/enable [index/all]

wl_dual wds flush

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
mode [value]	It means to specify connection mode for WDS.
	[value]: Available settings are :
	d: Disable
	b: Bridge
	r: Repeapter
security [value]	It means to configure security mode with encrypted keys for WDS.
	mode: Available settings are:
	disable: No security.
	wep: WEP
	wpapsk [key]: WPA/PSK
	wpa2psk [key]: WPA2/PSK
	<i>key</i> : Moreover, you have to add keys for <i>wpapsk, wpa2psk,</i> and <i>wep,</i> and specify index number of schedule profiles to be followed by the wireless connection.
	WEP keys must be in 5/13 ASCII text string or 10/26 Hexadecimal digit format; WPA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII text string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format.
	e.g.,
	wl_dual wds security disable
	wl_dual wds security wep 12345
	wl_dual wds security wpa2psk 12345678
ap [value]	It means to enable or disable the AP function.
	Value: 1 - enable the function.
	0 - disable the function.
hello [value]	It means to send hello message to remote end (peer).
	Value: 1 - enable the function.
	0 - disable the function.
status	It means to display WDS link status for 5GHz connection.
show	It means to display current WDS settings.
mac add [index addr]	add [index addr] - Add the peer MAC entry in Repeater/Bridge WDS MAC table.
mac clear/disable/enable [index/all]	<pre>clear/disable/enable [index/all]- Clear, disable, enable the specifed or all MAC entries in Repeater/Bridge WDS MAC table. e.g, wl_dual wds mac enable 1</pre>
flush	It means to reset all WDS setting.

```
> wl_dual wds status
Please enable WDS hello function first.
> wl_dual wds hello 1
% <Note> Please restart router after you set the parameters.
> wl dual wds mode b
> wl dual wds security wep
```

```
>
>
> wl_dual wds show
5G Wireless WDS Setting
Mode : Bridge
Security : WEP
AP Function : Enable
Send Hello Function : Enable
Bridge :
Index Enable MAC Address
 1
       0 00:00:00:00:00:00
 2
      0
          00:00:00:00:00:00
      0 00:00:00:00:00:00
 3
 4
       0 00:00:00:00:00:00
Repeater :
Index Enable MAC Address
 5
     0 00:00:00:00:00:00
 6
      0 00:00:00:00:00:00
         00:00:00:00:00:00
 7
      0
           00:00:00:00:00:00
      0
 8
> wl_dual wds wep 12345
% <Note> Please restart router after you set the parameters.
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual wps

This command allows users to configure WPS for wireless connection (5GHz).

#### Syntax

wl_dual wps enable [value]

wl dual wps pbc

wl_dual wps pin [code]

wl_dual wps show

### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
enable [value]	It means to enable WPS. 1 - enable 0 - disable
pbc	It means to start WPS by pressing the WLAN ON/OFF WPS button on Vigor router.
pin [code]	It means to start WPS by using client PIN code. [code]: Client PIN code (digit number).
show	It means to display current WPS settings.

```
> wl_dual wps enable 1
WPS is enabled.
```

```
> wl_dual wps pin 88563337
WPS has triggered by PIN code.
The AP will wait for WPS request from your client for 2 minutes...
```

## Telnet Command: wl_dual set8021x

This command allows you to configure the external or internal server used by Vigor router for wireless authentication (5GHz).

### Syntax

wl_dual set8021x -t [0/1]

wWI_dual set8021x -v

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
- <i>t</i>	Specify the type (external or internal) of wireless authentication server. 0 - Indicate the external RADIUS server.
	1- Indicate the local 802.1x server.
-V	View the settings of 802.1x.

### Example

```
> wl_dual set8021x -t 1
% <Note> Please restart 5G wireless after you set the parameters.
> wl_dual set8021x -v
   802.1X type is : Local 802.1X
>
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual apcli

This command allows users to configure AP client mode for wireless connection (5GHz).

### Syntax

wl_dual apcli show

wl_dual apcli enable [value]

wl_dual apcli security [mode]

wl_dual apcli ssid [ssid_name]

wl_dual apcli bssid

Parameter	Description
show	Display current status of wireless AP client.
enable [value]	It means to enable wireless 5GHz AP client mode. 1 - enable 0 - disable
Security [mode]	There are several modes to be selected: Disable - disable the security settings. wpapsk [key] - WPA Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys

	must be in 8~63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format.
	wpa2psk [key] - WPA2 Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format.
	wpamixpsk [key] - WPA Mixed Pre-shared Key will be used. Keys must start with 0x to be identified as a Hexadecimal number key. WPA keys must be in 8~63 ASCII string or 64 Hexadecimal digit format.
	wep [key] [index] - WEP key will be used. You need to type the key string and specify the index number of the profile to be applied.
	WEP keys must be in 5/13 ASCII string or 10/26 Hexadecimal digit format.
ssid [ssid_name]	Specify the SSID for wireless 5GHz AP client.
bssid	Type the MAC address for wireless 5GHz AP client.

```
> wl_dual apcli enable 1
Wireless 5G AP-Clinet is enabled
Vigor> wl_dual apcli show
% Wireless 5G AP-Clinet is enabled
% Current SSID is
%% Security Mode: disable
% Wireless 5G client is disconnected
%% data rate=---, mode=---, signal=0%
> wl_dual apcli ssid carrie
% <Note> Please restart wireless 5g after you set the parameters.
Current SSID is carrie
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual artfns

This command allows users to configure airtime fairness function for wireless (5GHz) connection.

#### Syntax

wl_dual artfns enable [value]

wl_dual artfns trg_num [value]

wl_dual artfns show

wl_dual artfns status

Parameter	Description	
enable [value]	It means to enable wireless airtime fairness function. 1 - enable 0 - disable	
Trg_num [value]	Set a threshold when the active station number achieves this number, the airtime fairness function will be applied. Available values will be 2 to 64.	
show	Display current status (enable or disable) and triggering client number for airtime fairness function.	
status	Display whether the function of airtime fairness is enabled or disabled.	

```
> wl_dual artfns show
airtime fairness for 5G: disable
trg_num: 2
> wl_dual artfns status
airtime fairness for 5G is disabled !!!
> wl_dual artfns enable 0
> wl_dual artfns trg_num 2
> wl_dual artfns show
airtime fairness for 5G: disable
trg_num: 2
> wl_dual artfns status
airtime fairness for 5G is disabled !!!
```

# Telnet Command: wl_dual drayrs

This command allows the user to configure settings for Roaming for wireless clients.

#### Syntax

wl_dual drayrs set [mode] [rs_low] [rs_low_security] [delta]

wl_dual drayrs restart

wl_dual drayrs show

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
set [mode] [rs_low] [rs_low_security] [delta]	Select a mode for roaming. 0 - disable 1 - Strictly Minimum RSSI 2 - Minimum RSSI rs_low - Set a value of Strictly Minimum RSSI (62~86). rs_low_security - Set a value of Minimum RSSI (62~86). delta - Set a value of Adjacent AP RSSI (1~20).
restart	Restart to activate roaming function.
show	Dispaly current configuration of roaming function.

#### Example

```
> wl_dual drayrs show
% Mode : Disable
% rs_low : -73
% rs_low_secure : -66
% delta : 5
> wl_dual drayrs set 1 68 66 2
> wl_dual drayrs show
% Mode : Strictly Minimun RSSI
% rs_low : -68
% rs_low_secure : -66
% delta : 2
```

# **Telnet Command: radius**

This command allows you to configure detailed settings for RADIUS server

## Syntax

radius enable [0/1]
radius authport [port number]
radius set_auth_method [method idx]
radius client [add] [idx] -i [address] -m [mask] -p [prefix] -I [length] -s [secret]
radius client [del] [idx]
radius show
radius set_dot1x_phase1 -e [method_idx]
radius set_dot1x_phase2 -e [method_idx]
radius set_dot1x_phase2 -d [method_idx]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
enable[0/1]	Enable (1) or disable (0) the RADIUS server.	
authport [port number]	Configure the port number for authentication. Port number: Available range is from 0 to 65535. Default value is "1812".	
set_auth_method [method idx]	Specify which method will be used for authentication. Method idx: "0" is "Only PAP"; "1" is "PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2".	
client add	Specify a client to be authenticated by RADIUS server by typing required information as follows: -i [address]: client IPv4 address(domain) -m [mask]: client IPv4 mask -p [prefix]: client IPv6 prefix -I [length]: client IPv6 prefix length -s [secret]: shared secret ex: radius client add 1 -i 192.168.1.1 -m 255.255.255.0 -s 123	
client [del] [idx]	<i>del</i> - Delete related settings for selected client. <i>Idx</i> - Specify the index number of client profiles.	
show	Display the status of RADIUS server.	
enable_dot1x [0/1]	Enable (1) or disable (0) the 802.1X Authentication function of RADIUS Server. Default is disabled.	
set_dot1x_phase1 [method_idx]	Set the phase1 method for 802.1X authentication of RADIUS server. <i>method_idx</i> - Specify which method will be used. At present, dot1x_phase1 can only support PEAP now. So only "1" can be used for it.	
set_dot1x_phase2 [method_idx]	Set the phase2 method for 802.1X authentication of RADIUS server. <i>method_idx</i> - Specify which method will be used. Dot1x_phase2 can only support MS-CHAPv2 now. So only "1" can be used for it.	
-е	Set method for dot1x_phase1 or dot1x_phase2.	
-d	Delete method for dot1x_phase1 or dot1x_phase2.	

## Example

> radius client add 1 -i 192.168.1.1 -m 255.255.255.0 -s 123

```
This setting will take effect after rebooting.
Please use "sys reboot" command to reboot the router.
```

# Telnet Command: local_8021x

The command is used to configure general settings for Local 802.1X server built in Vigor router.

## Syntax

local_8021x enable [0/1]

local_8021x set_localdot1x_phase1 options...

local_8021x set_localdot1x_phase2 options...

local_8021x show

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
enable	Enable or disable the configuration.	
	0: disable.	
	1: enable.	
set_localdot1x_phase1	Only support PEAP now. The method_idx for such phase1 is "1".	
set_localdot1x_phase2	Only support MS-CHAPv2 now. The method_idx for such phase2 is "1".	
options	-e [method_idx]: set method.	
	e.g, local_8021x set_localdot1x_phase1 -e 1	
	-d: delete mehod.	
	e.g, local_8021x set_localdot1x_phase1 -d	
show	Display current settings of local 802.1x server.	

# Example

```
> local_8021x show
% Local 802.1X enable: enable
% phase1 support method: [PEAP]
% phase2 support method: [None]
```

# **Telnet Command: wol**

This command allows Administrator to set the white list of WAN IP addresses/Subnets, that the magic packet from these IP addresses/Subnets will be eligible to pass through NAT and wake up the LAN client. You also need to set NAT rule for LAN client.

# Syntax

wol up [MAC Address]/[IP Address]
wol fromWan [on/off/any]
wol fromWan_Setting [idx][ip address][mask]

Parameter	Description
MAC Address	It means the MAC address of the host.
IP address	It means the LAN IP address of the host. If you want to wake up LAN host by using IP address, be sure that that IP address has been bound with the MAC address (IP BindMAC).
on/off/any	It means to enable or disable the function of WOL from WAN. on: enable off: disable any: It means any source IP address can pass through NAT and wake up the LAN client. This command will allow the user to choose whether WoL packets can be passed from the Internet to the LAN network from a specific WAN interface.
[idx][ip address] [mask]	It means the index number (from 1 to 4). These commands will allow the user to configure the LAN clients that the user may wake up from the Internet through the use of the WoL packet. <i>ip address</i> - It means the WAN IP address. <i>mask</i> - It means the mask of the IP address.

```
> wol fromWan on
```

> wol fromWan_Setting 1 192.168.1.45 255.255.255.0

>

# Telnet Command: user

The command is used to create new user account profiles.

# Syntax

sser set [-e/-d/-c/-l/-o/-a/-r/-b]user edit  $[PROFILE_IDX]$  [-e/-d/-n/-p/-t/-u/-i/-q/-r/-w/-s/-m/-x/-v]user account  $[USER_NAME]$  [-t/-d/-q/-r/-w]

Parameter Description		
set	It means to configure general setup for the user management.	
edit	It means to modify the selected user profile.	
account	It means to set time and data quota for specified user account.	
User Set		
-е	Enable User management function.	
-d	Disable User management function.	
-a[Profile idx][User name][IP_Address]	It means to pass an IP Address. <i>Profile idx-</i> type the index number of the selected profile. <i>User name-</i> type the user name that you want it to pass. <i>IP_Address-</i> type the IP address that you want it to pass.	
-I all -I userI -I ip	Show online user. <i>all</i> - all of the users will be displayed on the screen. <i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to view on the screen. <i>ip</i> - type the IP address that you want to view on the screen.	
-0	It means to show user account information. e.g., -o	
-c[user name] -c all	Clear the user record. <i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to get clear corresponding record. <i>all</i> - all of the records will be removed.	
-buser [user name] -b ip [ ip address]	Block specifies user or IP address. <i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to block. <i>ip address</i> type the IP address that you want to block.	
-u user [user name] -u ip [ ip address]	Unblock specifies user or IP address. <i>user name</i> - type the user name that you want to unblock. <i>ip address</i> type the IP address that you want to unblock.	
-r [user name   all]	Remove the user record. <i>user name</i> - type the name of the user profile. <i>all</i> - all of the user profile settings will be removed.	
- <i>q</i>	It means to trigger the alert tool to do authentication.	
-\$	It means to set login service. 0:HTTPS 1:HTTP e.g.,-s 1	
User edit		

PROFILE_IDX	Type the index number of the profile that you want to edit.	
-е	Enable User profile function.	
-d	Disable User profile function.	
-n	It means to set a user name for a profile. e.g.,- <i>n fortest</i>	
-p	It means to configure user password. e.g., -p 60fortest	
- <i>t</i>	It means to enable /disable time quota limitation for user profile 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-И	It means to enable /disable data quota limitation for user profile 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-i	It means to set idle time. e.g., - <i>i 60</i>	
-q	set time quota It means to set time quota of the user profile. e.g., -q 200	
-r	It means to set data quota. e.g., -r 1000	
-W	It means to specify the data quota unit (MB/GB). e.g., -w MB	
-S	It means to set schedule index. Available settings are" sch_idx1,sch_idx2,sch_idx3, and sch_idx4.	
-m	It means to set the maximum login user number. e.g., -m 200	
- <i>X</i>	It means to set external server authentication 0: None 1: LDAP 2: Radius 3: TACAS e.g., -x 2	
-V	It means to view user profile(s).	
User account		
USER_NAME	It means to type a name of the user account.	
-d	It means to enable /disable data quota limitation for user account. 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-q	It means to set account time quota. e.g., -q 200	
-٢	It means to set account data quota. e.g., -r 1000	
-t	It means to enable /disable time quota limitation for user account. 0:Disable 1:Enable	
-W	It means to set data quota unit (MB/GB).	

```
> user account admin -d 1
Enable the [admin] data quota limited
```

#### **Telnet Command: appqos**

The command is used to configure QoS for APP.

#### Syntax

appqos view

appqos enable [0/1]

appqos traceable [-v / -e AP_INDEX CLASS / -d AP_INDEX]

appqos untraceable [-v | -e AP_INDEX CLASS | -d AP_INDEX]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
view	It means to display current status of APP QoS.	
enable[0/1]	It means to enable or disable the function of APP QoS.	
traceable/ untraceable	The APPs are divided into traceable and untraceable based on their properties.	
- <i>V</i>	It means to view the content of all traceable APs. Use "appqos traceable -v" to display all of the traceable APS with speficed index number. Use "appqos untraceable -v" to display all of the untraceable APS with speficed index number.	
-е	It menas to enable QoS for application(s) and assign QoS class.	
AP_INDEX	Each index number represents one application. Index number: 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 58, 60, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68 are used for 13 traceabel APPs. Index number: 0~49, 55~59, 61, 67, 69, and 70~123 are used for 125 untraceable AP.	
CLASS	Specifies the QoS class of the application, from 1 to 4 1:Class 1, 2:Class 2, 3:Class 3, 4:Other Class	
-d	It means to disable QoS for application(s).	

## Example

```
> appqos enable 1
APP QoS set to Enable.
> appqos traceable -e 68 2
TELNET: ENABLED, QoS Class 2.
```

# Telnet Command: nand bad /nand usage

"NAND usage" is used to display NAND Flash usage; "nand bad" is used to display NAND Flash bad blocks.

#### **Syntax**

nand bad

#### nand usage

# Example

>nand usage					
Show N	Show NAND Flash Usage:				
Partit	ion Total	Used	Available	Use%	
cfg	4194304	7920	4186384	0 %	
bin_we	b 3355443	2 11869493	21684939	35%	
cfg-bal	k 4194304	7920	4186384	0%	
bin_web-bak 33554432		2 11869493	21684939	35%	
> nand	bad				
Show N	AND Flash Bad	Blocks:			
Block	Address	Partition			
1020	0x07f80000	unused			
1021 0x07fa0000 unused					
1022	0x07fc0000	unused			
1023	0x07fe0000	unused			

# Telnet Command: apm show /clear/discover/query

The apm command(s) is use to display, remove, discover or query the information of VigorAP registered to Vigor2862.

#### Syntax

apm show

apm clear

apm discover

apm query

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
show	It displays current information of APM profile.	
clear	t is used to remove all of the APM profile.	
discover	It is used to search VigorAP on LAN.	
query	It is used to query any VigorAP which has been registered to APM (Central AP Management) in Vigor2862. Information related to the registered AP will be send back to Vigor2862 for updating the web page of Central AP Management.	

## Example

```
> apm clear ?
Clear all clients ... done
```

# Telnet Command: apm profile

This command allows to configure wireless profiles to be used in Central AP Management.

#### Syntax

apm profile clone [from index][to index][[new name]

apm profile del [index] apm profile reset apm profile summary apm profile [show [profile index]] apm profile apply [profile index] [client index1 [index2 .. index5]]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description	
clone	It is used to copy the same parameters settings from one profile to another APM profile.	
del	It is used to delete a specified APM profile. The default (index #1) should not be deleted.	
reset	It is used to reset to factory settings for WLAN profile.	
summary	It is used to list all of the APM profiles with required information.	
show	It is used to display specified APM profile.	
apply	It is used to apply the selected APM profile onto specified VigorAP.	
from index	Type an index number in this field. It is the original APM profile to be cloned to other APM profile.	
to index	Type an index number in this file. It is the target profile which will clone the parameters settings from an existed APM profile.	
new name	Type a name for a new APM profile.	
profile index	Type the index number of existed profile.	
client index1/2/3/4/5	It is useful for applying the selected APM profile to the specified VigorAP.	

#### Example

```
> apm profile clone 1 2 forcarrie
(Done)
> apm profile summary
                        Security ACL RateCtrl(U/D)
# Name
       SSID
- ----- ----- ------ ------ ------
           DrayTek-LAN-A WPA+WPA2/PSK x
0 Default
                                            - /
           DrayTek-LAN-B WPA+WPA2/PSK x
                                             - /
1 -
                        _
2 forcarrie
            DrayTek
                        Disable
                                   х
3 –
             _
                        _
                                 _
4 -
```

# Telnet Command: apm cache

This command is used to display or remove the information of registered VigorAP, including MAC address, name, and authentication. Up to 30 entries of registered information can be stored and displayed.

# Syntax

apm cache [show]

apm cache clear

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	It means to display the information related to VigorAP registered Vigor2862.
clear	It means to remove the information related to VigorAP registered Vigor2862.

# Example

# Telnet Command: apm lbcfg

This command allows to set parameters related to AP management control.

# Syntax

apm lbcfg [set] [value] apm lbcfg[show]

Parameter	Description
set	It means to set the load balance configuration file for APM.
Show	It shows the configuration value.
[value]	You need to type 10 numbers in this field. Each number represents different setting value.
	[1] - The first number means the load balance function. Type
	1 - enable load balance,
	0 - disable load balance.
	[2] - The second number means the station limit function. Type
	1 -enable station limit,
	0 - disable station limit.
	[3] - The third number means the traffic limit function. Type
	1 - enable traffic limit,
	0 - disable traffic limit.
	<ul><li>[4] - The forth number means the limit num of station. Available range is 3-64.</li></ul>
	[5] - The fifth number means the upload limit function. Type
	1 - enable upload limit,
	0 - disable upload limit.
	<ul><li>[6] - The sixth number means the download limit function. Type</li></ul>
	1 - enable download limit,
	0 - disable download limit.
	<ul><li>[7] - The seventh number means disassociation by idle time. Type</li></ul>

1 - enable disassociation,
0 - disable disassociation.
[8] - The eighth number means to enable or disable disassociation by signal strength. Type
1 - enable disassociation,
0 - disable disassociation.
<ul><li>[9] - The ninth number means to determine the unit of traffic limit (for upload)</li></ul>
1 - Mbps
0 – kbps
[10] - The tenth number means to determine the unit of traffic limit (for download)
1 - Mbps
0 - kbps

```
> apm lbcfg show
apm LoadBalance Config :
1. Enable LoadBalance : 0
2. Enable station limit : 0
3. Enable traffic limit : 0
4. limit Number : 64
5. Upload limit : 0
6. Download limit : 0
7. Enable disassociation by idle time : 0
8. Enable disassociation by Signal strength : 0
9. Traffic limit unit (upload)
                                 : 0
10.Traffic limit unit (download) : 0
flag : 0
> apm lbcfg set 1 1 0 15 0 0 0 0 1 1
> apm lbcfg show
apm LoadBalance Config :
1. Enable LoadBalance : 1
2. Enable station limit : 1
3. Enable traffic limit : 0
4. limit Number : 15
5. Upload limit : 0
6. Download limit : 0
7. Enable disassociation by idle time : 0
8. Enable disassociation by Signal strength : 0
9. Traffic limit unit (upload)
                                 : 1
10.Traffic limit unit (download) : 1
flag : 49
```

# Telnet Command: apm napdetect

This command is used to enable/disable AP detection function.

# Syntax

```
apm napdetect [get]
apm napdetect [set] [enable/disable AP Detection 1/0][Refresh Time].
```

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
get	It is used to get AP detection data from VigorAP (e.g., AP900).
set	It allows to set detect configuration to VigorAP.
enable/disable AP Detection 1/0	It is used to enable or disable the AP detection function. 0 - disable the function. 1 - enable the function.
Refresh Time	Available values are 1, 3 or 5 (minutes).

#### Example

Note: To check the scanning result of AP detection, use the command of "wl scan show".

```
> apm napdetect set 1 1
> wl scan show 3
Sta Ch SSID BSSID BssType Security Siganl(%) Beacon
Period First Detected Last Detected
11 DrayTek-LAN-B 02:1d:aa:4c:bd:a8 AP Mixed 26 100
11 DrayTek-LAN-A 00:1d:aa:4f:bd:a8 AP Mixed 42 100
Dec 09,10:35:44 Dec 09,10:35:44
```

# Telnet Command: apm apsyslog

This command is used to display the AP syslog data coming form VigorAP.

#### Syntax

apm apsyslog [AP_Index]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
AP_Index	Specify the index number which represents VigorAP.

#### Example

> apm apsys	log 1	
8d 02:46:09	syslog:	[APM] Send Rogue AP Detection data.
8d 02:53:04	syslog:	[APM] Run AP Detection / Discovery.
8d 02:56:09	syslog:	[APM] Send Rogue AP Detection data.
8d 03:00:42	kernel:	60:fa:cd:55:f5:ea had disassociated.
8d 03:03:12	syslog:	[APM] Run AP Detection / Discovery.
8d 03:06:09	syslog:	[APM] Send Rogue AP Detection data.
8d 03:13:21	syslog:	[APM] Run AP Detection / Discovery.
8d 03:16:10	syslog:	[APM] Send Rogue AP Detection data.
8d 03:16:41	kernel:	60:fa:cd:55:f5:ea had associated successfully
8d 03:16:55	kernel:	60:fa:cd:55:f5:ea had disassociated.

# Telnet Command: apm syslog

This command is used to display related syslog data from central AP management.

#### Syntax

apm syslog

```
> apm syslog
"2015-11-04 12:24:21", "[APM] [VigorAP900_01daa902080] Get Rogue AP Detection
Data from AP"
2015-11-04 12:24:56", "[APM] [VigorAP900_01daa902080] Get Rogue AP Detection
Data from AP Success"
2015-11-04 12:34:21", "[APM] [VigorAP900_01daa902080] Get Rogue AP Detection
Data from AP"
2015-11-04 12:34:57", "[APM] [VigorAP900_01daa902080] Get Rogue AP Detection
Data from AP
```

## Telnet Command: apm stanum

This command is used to display the total number of the wireless clients, no matter what mode of wireless connection (2.4G WLAN or 5G WLAN) used by wireless clients to access into Internet through VigorAP.

#### Syntax

apm stanum [AP_Index]

## Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
AP_Index	Specify the index number which represents VigorAP.

## Example

> apm stanum
% Show the APM AP Station Number data. % apm stanum AP_Index.
<pre>% ex : apm stanum 1</pre>
% Idx Nearby(2.4/5G) Conn(2.4/5G)
% <u>1 2 5</u> 0 0
% <u>2 2 5 1 0</u>
8 3 2 5 1 0

# Telnet Command: ha set

This command can be used to configure HA settings for Vigor routers.

# Syntax

ha set [-<command> <parameter> / ... ]

Parameter	Description
[ <command/> <parameter> ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several parameters in one line.
-e <1/0>	<ol> <li>Enable the function of High Availability (HA).</li> <li>Disable the function of High Availability (HA).</li> </ol>
-I <1/0>	<ol> <li>Enable the function of recording the operation record of HA in Syslog.</li> <li>Disable the function of recording the operation record of HA in Syslog.</li> </ol>
-M <1/0>	Specify the Redundancy Method for HA.

	1: Active-Standby
	0: Hot-Standby
-v <1-255>	Specify the group ID (VHID)
V <1 2002	1- 255: Setting range.
R	Set HA settings to Factory Default.
-p <1-30>	Specify the Priority ID. 1-30: Setting range.
-k <key></key>	Specify the Authentication Key.
	Key: Max. 31 Characters.
-u <1/0>	Enable or disable the function of Update DDNS. 1: Enable. When a router changes HA status to primary, it will update DDNS automatically.
	0: Disable.
-m <interface></interface>	Specify the management interface. Interface: LAN1 ~ LAN6, DMZ.
-S	It means to get the newest status of other router (except the local router).
-у	It means sync local config to other router. Primary can executes this command. Secondary can not execute this commad.
-c <1/0>	Enable or disable the function of Config Sync. 1: Enable. 0: Disable.
-I -[M/H/D] <interval></interval>	Set the Config Sync Interval for HA. Minimum interval is 15 minutes. -M: Minute. Setting range is 0/15/30/45. (e.g., ha set -I -M 30) -H: Hour. Setting range is from 0 to 23. (e.g., ha set -I -H 12) -D: Day. Setting range is from 0 to 30. (e.g., ha set -I -D 15)
-h -<4/6> <subnet> [<virtual IP&gt;]</virtual </subnet>	Enable and set virtual IP to the subnet. 4: IPv4; 6: IPv6. Subnet: LAN1 to LAN6, DMZ. Virtual IP: The type format shall be "xxx.xxx.xxx". (e.g, 192.168.1.0) For example, to enable a virtual IP to the sunet, simply type: ha set -h LAN1 192.168.1.5
-d -<4/6> <subnet></subnet>	Disable a virtual IP to the subnet. 4: IPv4; 6: IPv6. Subnet: LAN1 to LAN6, DMZ. For example, to disable a virtual IP to the subnet, just type: ha set -h LAN1
-0 <1/0>	Run DARP protocol on IPv4 or IPv6. 0: IPv4 1: IPv6

```
> > ha set -h -4 LAN1 192.168.1.1
% Enable IPv4 Virtual IP on LAN1
% Virtual IP can not be same as router IP (192.168.1.1)!!!
>
```

# Telnet Command: ha show

This command can be used to show the *settings information* about config sync and general setup.

# Syntax

ha show -c

ha show -g

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-C	Show the settings of config sync.
- <i>g</i>	Show the settings of general setup.

# Example

> ha show -g
% High Availability : Disable
% Redundancy Method : Active-Standby
% Group ID : 1
<pre>% Priority ID : 10</pre>
<pre>% Preempt Mode : Enable</pre>
% Update DDNS : Disable
% Management Interface : LAN1
% Authentication Key : draytek
% Syslog : OFF
8
% [ Index   Enable   Virtual IP ]
% LAN1 On 192.168.1.0
% LAN2 - 0.0.0.0
% LAN3 - 0.0.0.0
% LAN4 - 0.0.0.0
% LAN5 - 0.0.0.0
% LAN6 - 0.0.0.0
% DMZ - 0.0.0.0
% [ Index   Enable   Virtual IPv6 ]
<pre>% LAN1 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101</pre>
<pre>% LAN2 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101</pre>
<pre>% LAN3 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101</pre>
<pre>% LAN4 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101</pre>
& LAN5 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
% LAN6 On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
% DMZ On FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
>

# Telnet Command: ha status

This command is used to display HA status information.

# Syntax

ha status -a [Detail Level] ha status -m [Detail Level]

# Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
-а	Show the status for all of the routers in HA group.
- <i>m</i>	Show the status of local router only.
Detail Level	<ul><li>0: Important status.</li><li>1: Important status, plus some information.</li><li>2: Show settings</li></ul>

# Example

```
> ha status -m 2
% [Local Router] DrayTek
% IP : 192.168.1.1 (FE80::21D:AAFF:FEC6:4C50)
% Status : !
```

010	High Availability : ! Disable
90	Redundancy Method : Active-Standby
90	Group ID : 1
90	Priority ID : 10
00	Update DDNS : Disable
90	Protocol : IPv4
90	Management Interface: LAN1
00	Authentication Key : draytek
00	Virtual IP: (Max. 7 Virtual IPs)
010	ON LAN1 192.168.1.0
90	Virtual IPv6: (Max. 7 Virtual IPv6s)
010	ON LAN1 FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
90	ON LAN2 FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
90	ON LAN3 FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
8	ON LAN4 FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
8	ON LAN5 FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
00	ON LANG FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
90	ON DMZ FE80::200:5EFF:FE00:101
90	Config Sync : Disable
8	Config Sync Interval : 0 Day 0 Hour 15 Minute
90	Cached Time : 0 (s)
>	

#### Telnet Command: swm show

This command is used to display general setting of of VigorSwitch which connecting to Vigor router in LAN.

#### Syntax

swm show [LAN_port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
LAN_port	Specify the LAN port number (1 to 6).

#### Example

```
> swm show
** If you connected a VigorSwitch but does not display here.
** Please check the LLDP is enabled and VLAN ID is matched on VigorSwitch.
++++
LAN Port Model Name MAC IP Address Con Port
------
1 G1241 00507FF105FD 192.168.1.10 23
Internal VLAN is [Enable]
Only show P1 related VLAN settings here.
VLAN Subn Tag VID Pri LAN WLAN(2.4G) WLAN(5G)
_____
0 LAN1 Off 0 0 P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 none none
1 LAN1 On 20 0 \texttt{P1},\texttt{P2},\texttt{P3},\texttt{P4},\texttt{P5},\texttt{P6} none none
2 LAN1 On 100 0 P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 none none
```

# Telnet Command: swm get

This command is used to get configuration information of VigorSwitch which connecting to Vigor router in LAN. Before using such command, make sure VigorSwitch has been managed under Vigor router (refer to Telnet Command: swm profile for adding a VigorSwitch device onto Vigor router).

#### Syntax

swm get [LAN_port]

Parameter	Description
LAN_port	Specify the LAN port number (1 to 6).

```
> swm get 1
Start get cfg from LAN (1) external switch
Please wait a few seconds...
Result: [OK].
>
```

## Telnet Command: swm post

This command is used to transfer switch configuration to VigorSwitch which connecting to Vigor router in LAN.

#### Syntax

swm post [LAN_port]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
LAN_port	Specify the LAN port number (1 to 6).

#### Example

```
> swm post 1
Start post cfg to LAN (1) external switch with currect settings.
Please wait a few seconds...
Result: [OK]
```

## Telnet Command: swm auth

This command is used to display or remove the authentication record for external switch.

#### Syntax

swm auth [show/clear]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
show	Display recorded external switch MAC address list.
clear	Clear specific index of authentication record table. Index range: (1 - 30)

#### Example

# Telnet Command: swm extvlan

This command is used to configure port VLAN of VigorSwitch.

#### Syntax

swm extvlan [LAN_Port][VLAN_idx][Port_Description]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
LAN_Port	Setting range is from 1 to 6.
VLAN_idx	Index number range for VLAN is from 0 to 7.
Port_Description	Setting range is from 1 to 24.

#### Example

```
> swm extvlan 1 1 13
Set OK.
> swm post 1
Start post cfg to LAN (1) external switch with currect settings.//post cfg
Please wait a few seconds...
Result: [OK].
```

System will cover the original VLAN settings on your VigorSwitch. Please backup the configuration file before you run this function.

System also will select the physical connect port as trunk port and let it join each VLAN group.

Before using such command, please use [swm show] to check valid VLAN index firstly.

#### Telnet Command: backupmode

This command is used to backup the firmware to the router. The firmware will be retrieved for rebooting Vigor router after it crashes over three times.

#### Syntax

backupmode [<command><parameter>/...]

#### Syntax Description

Parameter	Description
[ <command/> <parameter>/ ]</parameter>	The available commands with parameters are listed below. [] means that you can type in several commands in one line.
-t n	Set the backup time. n : 1 ~ 168 hours
-m n	Set the firmware backup mode. 1: Backup after timeout. 0: Backup after upgrade.
-b	Backup the firmware manually and immediately.

#### Example

```
> backupmode -b
Do Firmware backup now!!!.
```

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